Dear Senators PATRICK, Souza, Ward-Engelking, and Representatives DIXON, Furniss, Berch:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Department of Insurance:

IDAPA 18.00.00 - Notice of Omnibus Rulemaking - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0000-2100).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 01/03/2022. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules' analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 01/31/2022.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4854, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below.



Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Serving Idaho's Citizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Commerce & Human Resources Committee and the

House Business Committee

FROM: Principal Legislative Drafting Attorney - Elizabeth Bowen

DATE: December 15, 2021

SUBJECT: Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.00.00 - Notice of Omnibus Rulemaking - Proposed Rule (Docket No. 18-0000-2100)

Summary and Stated Reasons for the Rule

This proposed omnibus rulemaking re-promulgates rules that have already been reviewed by the Legislature.

Negotiated Rulemaking / Fiscal Impact

Negotiated rulemaking was not conducted, as this is a re-promulgation of existing rules. There is no anticipated negative fiscal impact on the state general fund.

Statutory Authority

The Department appears to have statutory authority to promulgate these rules.

cc: Department of Insurance Pamela Murray

*** PLEASE NOTE ***

Per the Idaho Constitution, all administrative rules may be reviewed by the Legislature during the next legislative session. The Legislature has 3 options with this rulemaking docket: 1) Approve the docket in its entirety; 2) Reject the docket in its entirety; or 3) Reject the docket in part.

Paul Headlee, Deputy Director Kristin Ford, Manager **Legislative Services Office**

Keith Bybee, Manager April Renfro, Manager Research & Legislation Budget & Policy Analysis

Legislative Audits

Glenn Harris, Manager **Information Technology**

Tel: 208-334-2475 legislature.idaho.gov

IDAPA 18 - DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

DOCKET NO. 18-0000-2100

NOTICE OF OMNIBUS RULEMAKING - PROPOSED RULEMAKING

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking procedures. The action is authorized pursuant to Sections 41-211 and 41-254, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Oral comment concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled in accordance with Section 67-5222, Idaho Code.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

This proposed rulemaking publishes the following rule chapters previously submitted to and reviewed by the Idaho Legislature under IDAPA 18, rules of the Department of Insurance:

IDAPA 18

All Lines:

• 18.01.01, Rule to Implement the Privacy of Consumer Financial Information.

Property, Casualty, Automobile Insurance:

- 18.02.02, Automobile Insurance Policies; and
- 18.02.03, Certificate of Liability Insurance for Motor Vehicles.

Life & Annuity:

- 18.03.02, *Life Settlements*;
- 18.03.03, Variable Contracts; and
- 18.03.04, Replacement of Life Insurance and Annuities.

Health & Disability Insurance:

- 18.04.03, Ådvertisement of Disability (Accident and Sickness) Insurance;
- 18.04.04, The Managed Care Reform Act Rule;
- 18.04.05, Self-Funded Health Care Plans Rule;
- 18.04.06, Governmental Self-Funded Employee Health Care Plans Rule;
- 18.04.08, Individual and Group Supplementary Disability Insurance Minimum Standards Rule;
- 18.04.11, Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards;
- 18.04.12, The Small Employer Health Insurance and Availability Act;
- 18.04.13, The Individual Health Insurance Availability Act;
- 18.04.14, Coordination of Benefits; and
- 18.04.15, Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage.

Title Insurance:

• 18.05.01, Rules for Title Insurance Regulation.

Agents & Licensing:

- 18.06.01, Rules Pertaining to Bail Agents;
- 18.06.02, Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds;
- 18.06.03, Rules Governing Disclosure Requirements for Insurance Producers When Charging Fees;
- 18.06.05, Managing General Agents; and
- 18.06.06, *Surplus Line Rules*.

Company Operations & Solvency:

- 18.07.01, Rules Pertaining to Acquisitions of Control, Insurance Holding Company Systems and Mutual Insurance Holding Companies;
- 18.07.02, Reserve Liabilities and Minimum Valuations for Annuities and Pure Endowment Contracts;
- 18.07.03, Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Use of Select Mortality Factors;
- 18.07.04, Annual Financial Reporting;

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE IDAPA 18

Docket No. 18-0000-2100 Omnibus Notice – Proposed Rulemaking

- 18.07.05, Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Financial Condition;
- 18.07.06, Rules Governing Life and Health Reinsurance Agreements;
- 18.07.08, Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule;
- 18.07.09, Life and Health Acutarial Opinion and Memorandum Rule; and
- 18.07.10, Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure.

State Fire Marshal:

• 18.08.01, Adoption of the International Fire Code.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: None.

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year: This rulemaking is not anticipated to have any fiscal impact on the state general fund because the FY2022 budget has already been set by the Legislature, and approved by the Governor, anticipating the existence of the rule(s) being reauthorized by this rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not feasible because engaging in negotiated rulemaking for all previously existing rules will inhibit the agency from carrying out its ability to serve the citizens of Idaho and to protect their health, safety, and welfare.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, incorporated material may be obtained or electronically accessed as provided in the text of the proposed rules attached hereto.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the proposed rules, contact Weston Trexler, (208) 334-4214, weston.trexler@doi.idaho.gov.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered within twenty-one (21) days after publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin. Oral presentation of comments may be requested pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, and must be delivered to the undersigned within fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice in the Idaho Administrative Bulletin.

DATED this October 20, 2021.

Dean L. Cameron, Director Idaho Department of Insurance 700 W. State Street, 3rd Floor P.O. Box 83720, Boise, ID 83720-0043

Phone: (208) 334-4250 Fax: (208) 334-4398

IDAPA 18 – IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

18.01.01 - RULE TO IMPLEMENT THE PRIVACY OF CONSUMER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

000. Title 41		AUTHORITY. 13, Section 41-1334, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.01.01, "Rule to Implement the Privacy of Consumer Financial Information	n." ()
financia individu	02. l informatellists to pre-	Scope . This rule describes the conditions under which a licensee may disclose nonpublic pation about individuals to affiliates and nonaffiliated third parties and provides methorent a licensee from disclosing that information.		
licensee	s. This ru	Applicability . This rule applies to nonpublic personal financial information about individual eneficiaries of products or services primarily for personal, family, or household purposale does not apply to information about companies or individuals who obtain products or servicial, or agricultural purposes.	es fr	om
002 (009.	(RESERVED)		
	s defined	ITIONS. I in Title 41, Chapters 1 and 13, Idaho Code, that are used in this rule have the same meaning. In addition, the following terms are defined as used in this chapter.	as u	sed
	01.	Clear and Conspicuous.	()
of the in	a. iformation	A notice is reasonably understandable and designed to call attention to the nature and sign in the notice if it:	ificaı (nce)
	i.	Presents the information in clear, concise sentences, paragraphs, and sections;	()
	ii.	Uses short explanatory sentences or bullet lists whenever possible;	()
	iii.	Uses definite, concrete, everyday words and active voice whenever possible;	()
	iv.	Avoids multiple negatives;	()
	v.	Avoids legal and highly technical business terminology whenever possible;	()
	vi.	Avoids explanations that are imprecise and readily subject to different interpretations.	()
	vii.	Uses an easy-to-read typeface and type size, and uses boldface or italics for key words; and	1 ()
size, sty	viii. le, and gi	When in a form that combines the licensee's notice with other information, uses distinct raphic devices.	ive ty	ype)
		If a licensee provides a notice on a web page, the notice needs to call attention to the name information in the notice and place the notice on a screen that consumers frequently access that connects directly to the notice.		
individu	02. ial or by i	Collect . To obtain information that the licensee organizes or can retrieve by the name identifying number, symbol or other identifiers assigned to the individual.	e of	an)
associat	03.	Company . A corporation, limited liability company, business trust, general or limited part proprietorship, or similar organization.	nersł (nip,
	04.	Consumer. An individual who seeks to obtain, obtains, or has obtained an insurance pro-	oduct	or

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.01.01 Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

service from a lic	sensee used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes. Examples:	()
a. insurance product relationship.	An individual who provides nonpublic personal information to a licensee in connection vet or service is a consumer regardless of whether the licensee establishes an ongoing account of the contract of the co	with a dvisor (ın ry)
b. because the licen	An individual who is a consumer of another financial institution is not a licensee's consumer see is acting as agent for or provides processing or other services to the financial institution.	sole	ly)
licensee does not	If the licensee provides the initial, annual, and revised notices under Sections 100, 150, and clan sponsor, group or blanket insurance policyholder, or group annuity contract holder, and disclose to a nonaffiliated third party nonpublic personal financial information about an induitted under Sections 450, 451, and 452 of this rule, an individual is not the consumer of the lie is:	d if th ividu	ne al
i. for which the lice	A participant or a beneficiary of an employee benefit plan the licensee administers or sponensee acts as a trustee, insurer, or fiduciary; or	sors (or)
ii.	Covered under a group or blanket insurance policy or group annuity contract issued by the lie	cense (e.)
iii.	A beneficiary in a workers' compensation plan.	()
d.	An individual is not a licensee's consumer solely because he is:	()
i.	A beneficiary of a trust for which the licensee is a trustee; or	()
ii.	Designated the licensee as trustee for a trust.	()
05. Credit Reporting	Consumer Reporting Agency. Is the same meaning as found in Section 603(f) of the feder Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a(f)).	ral Fa (ir)
06.	Control:	()
a. of any class of vo	Ownership, control, or power to vote twenty-five percent (25%) or more of the outstanding security of the company, directly or indirectly, or acting through one (1) or more other percent (25%).		
b. (or individuals ex	Control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors, trustees, or general p exercising similar functions) of the company; or	artne (rs)
c. policies of the co	The power to exercise, directly or indirectly, a controlling influence over the management of the director determines.	nent (or)
07.	Customer. A consumer who has a customer relationship with a licensee.	()
	Customer Relationship. A continuing relationship between a consumer and a licensee provides one (1) or more insurance products or services to the consumer to be used prima or household purposes.		
a.	A consumer does not have a continuing relationship with a licensee if:	()
i.	The licensee sells the consumer travel insurance in an isolated transaction;	()
ii. insurance service	The individual is no longer a current policyholder of an insurance product or no longer as with or through the licensee;	obtair (1S)

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iii. choosing either a licensee;	The consumer is a beneficiary or claimant under a policy and has submitted a claim under a policy and has submitted a claim under a policy and beneficiary or claimant under a policy and has submitted a claim under a policy and has submitted a	
iv. is not the policyh	The individual is an insured or an annuitant under an insurance policy or annuity, respectively, older or owner of the insurance policy or annuity; or	but)
09. institution does n	Financial Institution . Any institution engaging in activities that are financial in nature. Financial include:	cial
a. Commodity Futu	Any person or entity with respect to any financial activity that is subject to the jurisdiction of res Trading Commission under the Commodity Exchange Act (7 U.S.C. 1 et seq.);	the)
b. Credit Act of 197	The Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation or any entity charged and operating under the Federal U.S.C. 2001 et seq.); or	arm)
	Institutions chartered by Congress specifically to engage in securitizations, secondary market so of servicing rights) or similar transactions related to a transaction of a consumer, as long as at sell or transfer nonpublic personal information to a nonaffiliated third party.	
	Financial Product or Service . A product or service that a financial holding company could oncial institution's evaluation or brokerage of information that the financial institution collects a request or an application from a consumer for a financial product or service.	offer s in)
11.	Licensee. ()
a. information set for principal") and:	A licensee is not subject to the notice and opt out requirements for nonpublic personal finan orth in this rule if the licensee is an employee, agent, or other representative of another licensee (
i.	The principal complies with, and provides the notices prescribed by this rule; and ()
ii. principal or its af	The licensee does not disclose any nonpublic personal information to any person other than filiates in a manner permitted by this rule.	the
b. surplus lines bro Chapter 12, Idaho	A licensee also includes an unauthorized insurer that accepts business placed through a licenseer in this state, but only in regard to the surplus lines placements placed pursuant to Title Code.	
12.	Nonpublic Personal Information. ()
a. grouping of cons publicly available	Means personally identifiable financial information; including any list, description or obsumers (see archived 18.01.48) derived using any personally identifiable financial information is:	
b.	Nonpublic personal financial information does not include: ()
i.	Health information; ()
ii. this rule; or	Publicly available information, except as included on a list described in Subparagraph 010.11.a. (., of)
iii. identifiable finan	Any list, description or other grouping of consumers derived without using any person cial information that is not publicly available.	ally

Opt Out. A direction by the consumer that the licensee not disclose nonpublic personal financial

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13.

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IDAPA 18.01.01 Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

information about the consumer to a nonaffiliated third party. ()		
	14.	Personally Identifiable Financial Information.	()
	a.	Any information:	()
	i.	A consumer provides to a licensee to obtain an insurance product or service from the license	e; ()
licensee	ii. and a co	About a consumer resulting from a transaction involving an insurance product or service betonsumer.	ween	a)
	b.	Examples of personally identifiable financial information:	()
	i.	Account balance information and payment history;	()
insuran	ii. ce produc	The fact that an individual is or has been one (1) of the licensee's customers or has obtained to reservice from the licensee;	ined a	an)
is or has	iii. s been the	Information about the licensee's consumer if it is disclosed in a manner that indicates the inde licensee's consumer;	lividu (al)
connect	iv. ion with	Information provided by a consumer to a licensee or that the licensee or its agent obtcollecting on a loan or servicing a loan;	ains i	in)
a web s	v. erver); an	Information the licensee collects through an Internet cookie (an information-collecting deviced	ce from	m)
	vi.	Information from a consumer report.	()
	c.	Personally identifiable financial information does not include:	()
	i.	Health information;	()
	ii.	A list of names and addresses of customers of an entity of a non-financial institution; and	()
not con	iii. tain perso	Information that does not identify a consumer, such as aggregate information or blind data the onal identifiers such as account numbers, names or addresses.	at do	es)
	15.	Publicly Available Information.	()
general	a. public.	Any information that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe is lawfully made available	e to th	ne)
011 (099.	(RESERVED)		
100.	INITIA	L PRIVACY NOTICE TO CONSUMERS.		
reflects	01. its privac	Initial Notice Requirement . A licensee will provide a clear and conspicuous notice that accept policies and practices to:	urate	ly)
in Subse	a. ection 10	A customer no later than when the licensee establishes a customer relationship, except as pr 0.03 of this rule; and	rovide (ed)
consum	b. er to any	A consumer, before the licensee discloses any nonpublic personal financial information ab nonaffiliated third party, if the licensee makes a disclosure other than as authorized by Section		

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IDAPA 18.01.01 Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

-7			
and 452			(
requirer was acc	nents of surate wi	Existing Customers. When an existing customer obtains a new insurance product or service is used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, the licensee satisfies the initial Subsection 100.01 of this rule if the notice that the licensee most recently provided to that ce the respect to the new insurance product or service, the licensee does not need to provide ander Subsection 100.01 of this rule.	al notic ustome
prescrib relation		Exceptions Allowing Subsequent Delivery of Notice . A licensee may provide the initial aragraph 100.01.a. of this rule in a reasonable time after the licensee establishes a contract of the	
	a.	Establishing the customer relationship is not at the customer's election; or	(
the noti	b. ce at a lat	It would avoid substantially delaying the customer's transaction and the customer agrees to ter time.	receiv
101 1	149.	(RESERVED)	
150.	ANNU	AL PRIVACY NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS.	
reflects	01. its privac	General Rule . A licensee will provide a clear and conspicuous notice to customers that acrey policies and practices not less than annually during the continuation of the customer relationships the customer relationships are continuation of the customer relationships.	
	02.	Exceptions: Termination of Customer Relationship and Duplicate Notices.	(
an indiv	a. ridual wit	A licensee is not obligated to provide an annual notice to a former customer. A former custom a licensee no longer has a customer relationship.	tomer i (
licensee	has con	In the case of providing real estate settlement services, at the time the customer condocuments related to the real estate closing, payment for those services has been received appleted all of its responsibilities with respect to the settlement, including filing documents hichever is later.	l, or th
to a cur	c.	Notwithstanding Subsection 150.01, a licensee is not obligated to provide the annual privacomer if the licensee:	y notic
Section	i. s 450, 45	Provides nonpublic personal information to nonaffiliated third parties only in accordan 1, and 452; and	ce with
		Has not changed its policies and practices with regard to disclosing nonpublic personal info and practices that were disclosed in the most recent disclosure sent to consumers in accordance tion 150.	rmation nce with (
151 1	199.	(RESERVED)	
200. The init each of	ial, annua	AMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN PRIVACY NOTICES. al and revised privacy notices a licensee provides, under Sections 100, 150, and 300, needs to wing items of information, in addition to any other information the licensee wishes to provide	include:
informa	01. tion the l	Information Licensee Collects or Discloses . The categories of nonpublic personal ficensee collects or discloses.	inancia (

02. Parties to Whom Licensee Discloses. The categories of third parties to whom the licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information, other than those parties to whom the licensee discloses

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IDAPA 18.01.01 Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

		<u> </u>	
informa	tion unde	er Sections 451 and 452.	(
to whon	n the lice	Disclosures of Information About Former Customers. The categories of nonpublication about the licensee's former customers the licensee discloses, and the categories of the unsee discloses nonpublic personal financial information about the licensee's former customs to whom the licensee discloses information under Sections 451 and 452.	ird parties
disclosu	ire), a sep	Disclosures Under Section 450 . If a licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information party under Section 450 (and no other exception in Sections 451 and 452 appliparate description of the categories of information the licensee discloses and the categories in the licensee has contracted is to provided.	ies to tha
		Explanation of Right to Opt Out . An explanation of the consumer's right under stof the disclosure of nonpublic personal financial information to nonaffiliated third parties, which the consumer may exercise their right at that time.	
ability to	o opt out	Disclosures Under Federal Law . Any disclosures the licensee makes unde of the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681a(d)(2)(A)(iii)) (notices reg of disclosures of information among affiliates); and the licensee's policies and practices w confidentiality and security of nonpublic personal information.	arding the
licensee 150. Wh	ensee dis is not ob nen descr	RIPTION OF PARTIES SUBJECT TO EXCEPTIONS. scloses nonpublic personal financial information as authorized under Sections 451 and obligated to list those exceptions in the initial or annual privacy notices prescribed by Section ribing the categories of parties to whom disclosure is made, the licensee will state only that the third parties.	ns 100 and
202.	SATISI	FYING THE PRIVACY NOTICE INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.	
		Categories of Nonpublic Personal Financial Information That the Licensee C the requirement to categorize the nonpublic personal financial information it collects if the cording to the source of the information, as applicable:	
	a.	Information from the consumer;	(
	b.	Information about the consumer's transactions with the licensee, its affiliates, or third par	rties;
	c.	Information from a consumer reporting agency.	(
	02.	Categories of Nonpublic Personal Financial Information a Licensee Discloses.	(
disclose provides	a. es if the less a few ex	A licensee satisfies the requirement to categorize nonpublic personal financial infolicensee categorizes it according to the source, as described in Subsection 202.01 of this xamples to illustrate the types of information in each category.	
		If a licensee reserves the right to disclose all of the nonpublic personal financial informat collects, the licensee may simply state that fact without describing the categories or exalt information the licensee discloses.	
financia of busin	l informa	Categories of Affiliates and Nonaffiliated Third Parties to Whom the Licensee Distriction about consumers if the licensee identifies the types of businesses in which they engage by the described by general terms only if the licensee uses a few illustrative examples of second consumers.	c persona age. Type:

Disclosures Under Exception for Service Providers and Joint Marketers. If a licensee discloses

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04.

IDAPA 18.01.01 Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

product	s or servi	all financial information under the exception in Section 450 to a nonaffiliated third party to ces it offers alone or jointly with another financial institution, the licensee satisfies the disubsection 200.04 of this rule if it:	marke closure (
categori	a. ies and ex	Lists the categories of nonpublic personal financial information it discloses, using the amples the licensee used to meet the requirements of Subsection 200.01 of this rule; and	e same
	b.	States whether the third party is:	(
licensee	i. and anot	A service provider that performs marketing services on the licensee's behalf or on behalf ther financial institution; or	f of the
	ii.	A financial institution with whom the licensee has a joint marketing agreement.	(
under S	ections 4:	Simplified Notices . If a licensee does not disclose and does not wish to reserve the right to cal financial information about customers or former customers to third parties except as aut 51 and 452, the licensee may simply state that fact, in addition to the information it provide 01, 200.07, and Section 201 of this rule.	horized
protecti	06. ng the con	Confidentiality and Security. A licensee describes its policies and practices with resulting and security of nonpublic personal financial information if it does both of the following	
	a.	Describes in general terms who is authorized to have access to the information; and	(
confide	b. ntiality of	States whether the licensee has security practices and procedures in place to ensure the information in accordance with the licensee's policy.	are the
203.	SHORT	F-FORM INITIAL NOTICE WITH OPT OUT NOTICE FOR NON-CUSTOMERS.	
		Short-Form Initial Notice Allowed . A licensee may satisfy the initial notice requiremen not a customer, by providing a short-form initial notice at the same time the licensee delivers scribed in Section 250.	
	02.	Short-Form Initial Notice Requirements. A short-form initial notice will:	(
	a.	Be clear and conspicuous;	(
	b.	State that the licensee's privacy notice is available upon request; and	(
	c.	Explain a reasonable means by which the consumer may obtain the notice.	(
notice.	If a consu	Delivery of Short-Form Initial Notice . The licensee is not obligated to deliver its privacy rm initial notice but may simply provide the consumer a reasonable means to obtain its mer who receives the licensee's short-form notice requests the licensee's privacy notice, the livacy notice according to Section 350.	privacy
consum	04. er may ol	Examples of Obtaining Privacy Notice . The licensee provides a reasonable means by votain a copy of its privacy notice if the licensee:	which a
	a.	Provides a toll-free telephone number the consumer may call to request the notice;	(
immedi	b. ately upor	Maintains copies of the notice on hand at the licensee's office and provides it to the con request; or	nsume
	c.	Posts it on their website.	(

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204. -- 249. (RESERVED)

250.	FORM OF	OPT OUT	NOTICE TO	CONSUMERS.

		Opt Out Notice Form . If a licensee is prescribed to provide an opt out notice under Subovide a clear and conspicuous notice to each of its consumers that accurately explains the right 400. The notice will state:	osection of to o	on pt)
about it	a. s consum	The licensee discloses or reserves the right to disclose nonpublic personal financial informer to a nonaffiliated third party;	rmatio	on)
	b.	The consumer has the right to opt out of that disclosure; and	()
	c.	A reasonable means by which the consumer may exercise the opt out right.	()
the disc	02. closure of	Adequate Opt Out Notice. A licensee provides adequate notice that the consumer can op nonpublic personal financial information to a nonaffiliated third party if the licensee:	ot out	of)
reserve informa	a. s the right ation, and	Identifies all of the categories of nonpublic personal financial information that it disclet to disclose, and all of the categories of nonaffiliated third parties to which the licensee disclestates that the consumer can opt out of the disclosure of that information; and		
the opt	b. out direct	Identifies the insurance products or services that the consumer obtains from the licensee to ion would apply.	o whic	ch)
exercis	03. e an opt o	Reasonable Means to Exercise an Opt Out Right. A licensee provides a reasonable mut right if it:	neans	to)
	a.	Designates check-off boxes in a prominent position on the relevant forms with the opt out n	otice;)
	b.	Includes a reply form together with the opt out notice;	()
informa	c.	Provides an electronic means to opt out, if the consumer agrees to the electronic deli	very (of)
	d.	Provides a toll-free telephone number that consumers may call to opt out.	()
251. DIREC	PROVI	DING OPT OUT NOTICE TO CONSUMERS AND COMPLYING WITH OPT	r o u	Т
		Joint Relationships . If two (2) or more consumers jointly obtain an insurance product or the licensee may provide a single opt out notice providing any of the joint consumers to exer The licensee may either:		
or	a.	Treat an opt out direction by a joint consumer as applying to all of the associated joint con	sumei (:s;
	b.	Permit each joint consumer to opt out separately.	()
	c.	A licensee cannot require all joint consumers to opt out before it implements any opt out dir	rection	ı.)
soon as	02. reasonab	Time to Comply with Opt Out. A licensee will comply with a consumer's opt out directly practicable after the licensee receives it.	ction (as)
	03.	Continuing Right to Opt Out. A consumer may exercise the right to opt out at any time.		

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IDAPA 18.01.01 Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

			()
	04.	Duration of Consumer's Opt Out Direction.	()
revokes	a. it in writ	A consumer's direction to opt out under Sections 250 and 251 is effective until the coing or, if the consumer agrees, electronically.	nsum (er
directio	b. n that app	If the individual subsequently establishes a new customer relationship with the licensee, the blied to the former relationship does not apply to the new relationship.	opt o	ut)
will del	05. iver it acc	Delivery . When a licensee is prescribed to deliver an opt out notice by Section 250, the learning to Section 350.	icens (ee)
252 2	299.	(RESERVED)		
300.	REVIS	ED PRIVACY NOTICES.		
as desci	01. ribed in th	General Rule . A licensee will not disclose any nonpublic personal financial information othe initial notice that the licensee provided to that consumer under Section 100, unless:	er th	an)
describe	a. es its poli	The licensee has provided to the consumer a clear and conspicuous revised notice that accies and practices;	urate (ly)
	b.	The licensee has provided to the consumer a new opt out notice;	()
informa	c. ition to th	The licensee has given the consumer a reasonable opportunity, before the licensee disclose nonaffiliated third party, to opt out of the disclosure; and	ses t	he)
	d.	The consumer does not opt out.	()
301 3	349.	(RESERVED)		
350.	DELIV	ERY.		
each co		How to Provide Notices. A licensee will make available any notices that this rule requires can reasonably be expected to receive actual notice in writing or, if the consumer		
actual n	02. notice if the	Reasonable Expectation of Notice . A licensee may reasonably expect that a consumer will ne licensee:	recei	ve)
	a.	Hand-delivers a printed copy of the notice to the consumer;	()
policy,	b. billing or	Mails a printed copy of the notice to the last known address of the consumer separately, other written communication; or	or in	а)
on the e	electronic	For a consumer who conducts transactions electronically, or an isolated transaction as the licensee providing an insurance quote or selling the consumer travel insurance, posts the site and requires the consumer to acknowledge receipt of the notice as a necessary step to obtain product or service.	e noti	ce
of the li	03.	Annual Notices Only. A licensee may reasonably expect that a customer will receive actual annual privacy notice if:	l noti (ce)
		The customer uses the licensee's web site to access insurance products and services electroneive notices at the web site and the licensee posts its current privacy notice continuously in manner on the web site; or		

Section 300 Page 2791

austama				
custome	b. r relation	The customer has requested that the licensee refrain from sending any information regard ship, and the licensee's current privacy notice remains available to the customer upon requesting the		he)
rule sole	04. ely by ora	Oral Description of Notice Insufficient . A licensee cannot provide any notice prescribed lly explaining the notice.	by tl (his)
	05.	Retention or Accessibility of Notices for Customers.	()
them lat	a. er in writ	For customers only, a licensee will provide all notices so that the customer can retain them or ing or, if the customer agrees, electronically.	r obta (ain)
the custo	b. omer can	Examples of retention or accessibility. A licensee provides a privacy notice to the customer retain it or obtain it later if the licensee:	so th	nat)
	i.	Hand-delivers a printed copy of the notice to the customer;	()
	ii.	Mails a printed copy of the notice to the last known address of the customer; or	()
custome	iii. r who ob	Makes its current privacy notice available on a web site (or a link to another web site) tains an insurance product or service electronically and agrees to receive the notice at the we		
notice is	s accurate	Joint Notice with Other Financial Institutions . A licensee may provide a joint notice from (1) or more of its affiliates or other financial institutions, as identified in the notice, as long with respect to the licensee and the other institutions. A licensee also may provide a notifinancial institution.	g as t	he
351 3	399.	(RESERVED)		
400. NONAI		S ON DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION ED THIRD PARTIES.	N T	O
		ED THIRD TAKTIES.		
	01.	Conditions for Disclosure.	()
nonpubl	a.		(ose a () ny
nonpubl	a.	Conditions for Disclosure. Except as authorized in this rule, a licensee will not, directly or through any affiliate, disclosure.	() ny)
nonpubl	a. ic person	Conditions for Disclosure. Except as authorized in this rule, a licensee will not, directly or through any affiliate, disclosure al financial information about a consumer to a nonaffiliated third party unless:	;)
•	a. ic person i. ii.	Conditions for Disclosure. Except as authorized in this rule, a licensee will not, directly or through any affiliate, disclosure al financial information about a consumer to a nonaffiliated third party unless: The licensee has provided to the consumer an initial notice as prescribed under Section 100.	(; (and 25) 51;)
•	a. ic person i. ii.	Conditions for Disclosure. Except as authorized in this rule, a licensee will not, directly or through any affiliate, disclosure all financial information about a consumer to a nonaffiliated third party unless: The licensee has provided to the consumer an initial notice as prescribed under Section 100. The licensee has provided to the consumer an opt out notice as prescribed in Sections 250 at the licensee has given the consumer a reasonable opportunity to opt out of the disclosure by	(; (and 25) 51;)
disclose	a. ic person i. ii. iii. s the info iv. b.	Conditions for Disclosure. Except as authorized in this rule, a licensee will not, directly or through any affiliate, disclosure all financial information about a consumer to a nonaffiliated third party unless: The licensee has provided to the consumer an initial notice as prescribed under Section 100. The licensee has provided to the consumer an opt out notice as prescribed in Sections 250 at the licensee has given the consumer a reasonable opportunity to opt out of the disclosure by the rmation to the nonaffiliated third party; and	(; (md 25 (eefore) 51;) e it)

Section 400 Page 2792

i.

ii.

)

Dopar amont of	Thousand Through the Conference Through the C
02.	Application of Opt Out to All Consumers and All Nonpublic Personal Financial Information.
a. established a cus	A licensee will comply with Section 400, regardless of whether the licensee and the consumer have tomer relationship.
b. financial information before or after re	Unless a licensee complies with Section 400, the licensee will not disclose any nonpublic personal ation about a consumer that the licensee has collected, regardless of whether the licensee collected it ceiving the direction to opt out from the consumer.
03. information or ce	Partial Opt Out. A licensee may allow a consumer to select certain nonpublic personal financial ertain nonaffiliated third parties with respect to which the consumer wishes to opt out.
401. LIMIT	S ON REDISCLOSURE AND REUSE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL FINANCIAL N.
01. personal financia only:	Information the Licensee Receives Under an Exception. If a licensee receives nonpublical information from a nonaffiliated financial institution, the licensee may disclose the information ()
а.	To the affiliates of the financial institution from which the licensee received the information; and $()$
b. licensee may disc	To its affiliates, but its affiliates may, in turn, disclose the information only to the extent that the close the information.
02. financial informa	Information a Licensee Discloses Under an Exception . If a licensee discloses nonpublic personal ation to a nonaffiliated third party, the third party may disclose that information only:
a.	To the licensee's affiliates; ()
b. only to the extender	To the third party's affiliates, but the third party's affiliates, in turn, may disclose the information the third party can disclose the information; and
c.	To any other person, if the disclosure would be lawful if the licensee made it directly to that person.
A licensee will number or simil	S ON SHARING ACCOUNT NUMBER INFORMATION FOR MARKETING PURPOSES. not, directly or through an affiliate, disclose, other than to a consumer reporting agency, a policy ar form of access number or access code for a consumer's policy or transaction account to any d party for use in telemarketing, direct mail marketing or other marketing through electronic mail to
403 449.	(RESERVED)
450. EXCEI FINANCIAL IN	PTION TO OPT OUT REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSURE OF NONPUBLIC PERSONAL IFORMATION FOR SERVICE PROVIDERS AND JOINT MARKETING.
01.	General Rule. ()
	The opt out requirements in Sections 250, 251 and 400 do not apply when a licensee provides nal financial information to a nonaffiliated third party to perform services for the licensee or licensee's behalf, if the licensee:

Section 401 Page 2793

Enters into a contractual agreement with the third party that prohibits the third party from

Provides the initial notice in accordance with Section 100; and

disclosing or using the information other than to carry out the purposes for which the licensee disclosed the information, including use under an exception in Section 451 or 452 in the ordinary course of business to carry out those purposes.

451.	EXCE	PTIONS	TO	NOTICE	AND	OPT	OUT	REQUIR	EMENTS	FOR	DISCI	LOSURE	OF
NONPU	JBLIC	PERSO	NAL	FINANCI	[AL]	INFOR	MATIO	N FOR	PROCES	SING	AND	SERVIC	ING
TRANS	ACTIO	NS											

NONPUBLIC TRANSACTIO	PERSONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR PROCESSING AND S NS.	ERVICIN	NG
nonpublic person	Exceptions . The requirements for initial notice in Paragraph 100.01.b., the opt out in S and service providers and joint marketing in Section 450 do not apply if the licens all financial information as necessary to effect, administer or enforce a transaction that rizes, or in connection with:	see disclo	ses
a.	Servicing or processing an insurance product or service that a consumer requests or au	thorizes;)
b. private label cred	Maintaining or servicing the consumer's account with a licensee, or with another entity lit card program or other extension of credit on behalf of such entity;	y as part o	of a
c. similar transactio	A proposed or actual securitization, secondary market sale (including sales of servicion related to a transaction of the consumer; or	ng rights) (or)
d.	Reinsurance or stop loss or excess loss insurance.	()
	R EXCEPTIONS TO NOTICE AND OPT OUT REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLERSONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION.	OSURE (OF
01. Paragraph 100.01 450 do not apply	Exceptions to Opt Out Requirements. The requirements for initial notice to c l.b., the opt out in Sections 250, 251, and 400, and service providers and joint marketing when a licensee discloses nonpublic personal financial information:	onsumers ng in Secti	in ion)
a.	With the consent or at the direction of the consumer;	()
b. product or transa	To protect the confidentiality or security of a licensee's records pertaining to the consuction;	mer, servi (ice,
c.	To protect against or prevent actual or potential fraud or unauthorized transactions;	()
d.	For prescribed institutional risk control or for resolving consumer disputes or inquiries	; ()
e.	To persons holding a legal or beneficial interest relating to the consumer; or	()
f.	To persons acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity on behalf of the consumer;	()
	To provide information to insurance rate advisory organizations, guaranty funds a licensee, persons assessing the licensee's compliance with industry standards, and that and auditors;		
(including the F Corporation, Off	To the extent specifically permitted or prescribed under other provisions of law and in Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.), to law enforcem rederal Reserve Board, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Federal Deposition of Thrift Supervision, National Credit Union Administration, the Securities are Secretary of the Treasury, and the Federal Trade Commission), with respect to 31 U.S.	ent agenc sit Insurar nd Exchar	nce nge

53, Subchapter II (Records and Reports on Monetary Instruments and Transactions) and 12 U.S.C. Chapter 21 (Financial Recordkeeping), a state insurance authority, self-regulatory organizations or for an investigation on a

Section 451 Page 2794

matter related to public safety;

IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.01.01 Privacy of Consumer Financial Information

501 999.	(RESERVED)
A licensee will r	ISCRIMINATION. not unfairly discriminate against any consumer or customer because that consumer or customer has ne disclosure of their nonpublic personal financial information pursuant to the provisions of this rule.
453 499.	(RESERVED)
m. 33, Title 41, Idah	With the consent of or at the direction of a liquidator or rehabilitator appointed pursuant to Chapter to Code.
l. welfare plan or a	For purposes related to the replacement of a group benefit plan, a group health plan, a group workers' compensation plan; or
state or local au	To comply with federal, state or local laws, rules, and other applicable legal requirements; to roperly authorized civil, criminal, or regulatory investigation, or subpoena or summons by federal, thorities; or to respond to judicial process or government regulatory authorities having jurisdiction or examination, compliance, or other purposes as authorized by law;
j. business or operathe business or u	In connection with a proposed or actual sale, merger, transfer, or exchange of all or a portion of a ating unit if the disclosure of nonpublic personal financial information concerns solely consumers of nit;
i. U.S.C. 1681 et se	To a consumer reporting agency in accordance with the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 eq.); or from a consumer report reported by a consumer reporting agency;

Section 501 Page 2795

18.02.02 - AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE POLICIES

000. Title 41	LEGAL AUTHORITY. 1, Chapter 25, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE AND SCOPE.		
	01. Title . IDAPA 18.02.02, "Automobile Insurance Policies."	()
followin	02. Purpose . Provides guidelines to assist in the implementation and uniform interpretation ng Sections 41-2502, 41-2506, 41-2507, 41-2508, and 41-2509 of the Idaho Code.	of the	e)
002	009. (RESERVED)		
	DEFINITIONS. The Department of Insurance adopts the definitions set forth in Title 41, Chapter 25, Idaho Code. In accowing terms are defined as used in this chapter.	ddition (ı,)
41-2500	01. The Act . For the purpose of this Rule, the term "the Act," unless otherwise noted, refers to S 6, 41-2507, 41-2508, 41-2509, 41-2510, 41-2511, 41-2512, Idaho Code.	Section (s)
the first Nothing the agree constru- insurer policy p	Non-Payment of Premium . The time and date of cancellation of a policy for non-payment will be no earlier than ten (10) days after the date such notice was mailed or delivered, the date of material day and the tenth day ends at midnight, standard time, at the last known address of the named it is construed to permit any agent or other representative of the insurer to cancel any policy remement of the insurer or for any private debt between the agent and the insured. Also, nothing in the seed to prohibit a policy from being canceled effective as of any date mutually acceptable to the insured and the lienholder, if any. Furthermore, a prior existing policy will terminate on the effective date of any procured by the insured with respect to any automobile designated in both policies and containing duce coverage.	nsured withousection i red, the	s l. it e
may de of cancella cancella	O3. Sixty-Day Period . Should an insurer, after the sixty-day (60) period referred to in Section 4 Code, find that after investigation of a particular risk, conclude that it does not wish to remain on the cline to continue such policy in force. Therefore, an insurer may deliver notice of cancellation or mai rellation concerning any new automobile policy on or before the sixtieth (60th) day after the effective icy. The policy will remain in force from the date the notice of cancellation is mailed to the usual cation is effective as prescribed by the terms and conditions of the policy, without the policy being su visions of the Act.	risk, i l notice date o date the bject to	it e of e
011.	ERRORS OR MISREPRESENTATIONS IN THE APPLICATION.		
materia insurer	01. Material Misrepresentation . An insurer may cancel or refuse to renew a policy after give proper notice if the insurer has evidence the named insured, or legal representative, made fraudual misrepresentations, omissions, concealment of facts or incorrect statements in obtaining the policy are in good faith would not have issued the policy or provided coverage with respect to a particular hazaretts had been made known to the insurer as prescribed in the application.	alent ond if the color of the c	e e
	02. Prohibitions . Nothing in this rule is construed to allow the insurer to void the policy backed date or rescind coverage under the policy to prevent a recovery under the policy in the event of ise insured by the policy.	k to it f a los (s s)
012.	ALLOWABLE CONVICTIONS FOR TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS.		
	01. Grounds and Requests for Cancellation Due to Traffic Violation Convictions. For purp 41-2507, Idaho Code, the term "conviction" means a final conviction by any court having contion over violations of laws regulating the operation of motor vehicles.	oses onpeten	f it
conside	02. Conviction Exception. For the purposes of the Act, an overtime parking violation	is no	ر ا

NOTICE OF PREMIUM DUE AS WILLINGNESS OF INSURER TO RENEW.

Mailing by the insurer of the renewal premium notice constitutes willingness by the insurer to renew. If the insured fails to pay the renewal premium when due, the policy will terminate in accordance with its terms. No further notice

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.02.02 Automobile Insurance Policies

to the insured by the insurer of an intention not to renew for non-payment of premium is necessary.

014. ACCEPTABLE FORMS FOR NOTICE OF CANCELLATION, REFUSAL TO RENEW, AND AVAILABILITY OF IDAHO AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE PLAN.

- **01. Notice Forms.** The insurer will prepare forms of notice to use and submit to the Director for approval.
- **02.** Acceptable Language. As a guide, the Department may accept the following language, or language substantially similar, as satisfying the indicated notice requirements of the Act:
- a. Right of Insured to Request Reasons for Cancellation by Insurer: Upon your written request, mailed or delivered to (Name of Insurer) not less than ten (10) days prior to the effective date of this cancellation, (Name of Insurer) will supply to you the reason or reasons why your policy has been canceled."
- **b.** Right of Insured to Request Reasons for Refusal to Renew by Insurer: Upon your written request, mailed or delivered to (Name of Insurer) not less than fifteen (15) days prior to the expiration date of your policy, which is the date coverage ceases under your policy unless it is renewed, the (Name of Insurer) will supply to you the reason or reasons why your policy will not be renewed."
- c. Notification to Insured of Coverage Available Under Idaho Automobile Insurance Plan: "Should you experience difficulty in obtaining automobile liability insurance, please contact your agent or company representative for full particulars concerning your possible eligibility for insurance through the Idaho Automobile Insurance Plan."

015. STANDARD STATEMENT REGARDING UNINSURED AND UNDERINSURED MOTORIST COVERAGE.

The form set forth on the Department's website is the standard statement approved by the Director pursuant to Section 41-2502, Idaho Code, and carriers are to use the form for all new policies and those existing policies where UM or UIM coverage is added or removed. Carriers may make non-substantive changes to this form, for example, including inserting company letterhead, and carriers need to file their standard statement forms with the Director prior to use. This rule does not create new requirements for the types of UIM coverage carriers offer beyond what existed as of the effective date of this rulemaking.

016. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.02.03 - CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR MOTOR VEHICLES

000. Title 41		AUTHORITY. 49, Sections 49-1229, 49-1231, and 49-1608A, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.02.03, "Certificate of Liability Insurance for Motor Vehicles."	()
to Section	02. ons 49-12	Scope . To identify requirements for a certificate of liability insurance for motor vehicles 229, 49-1231 and 49-1608A, Idaho Code.	pursua (nt)
002 (010.	(RESERVED)		
against person of describe also der certificatissued by qualifier	ANCE. ginal con- loss result caused by ed, in an amonstrate of liab by an insurance as a co-	tract of liability insurance, or a copy, that demonstrates the current existence of liability in ting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death or damage to property suffered accident and arising out of the operation, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle or motor amount not less than prescribed by Sections 49-117(20), 49-1212, and 49-1608A, Idaho Costs the current existence of any other coverage prescribed by Title 41, Idaho Code, is a foolility insurance prescribed as such by the Director, provided said contract of liability insurance or surety authorized to do business in this state. For the purpose of this rule a writte ntract of liability insurance provided it binds coverage in an amount not less than prescribely, Idaho Code, and demonstrates the existence of any other coverage prescribed by this rule.	nsurand by an vehicle ode, an orm of arance on bind ribed	ce ny es nd a is
A document or a cope	ONTRAC ment that ce in a for by, demon	IUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE IN L. CT OF INSURANCE, OR A COPY. It meets the minimum specifications provided in this rule is considered a certificate of m prescribed by the Director, which is acceptable in lieu of an original contract of liability instrating the current existence of liability insurance as described in Section 011 of this rements of a document considered a certificate of liability insurance, or a copy are:	liabili nsuran	ity
	01.	Individual-Owned Motor Vehicles.	()
	a.	The document identifies the insurer or surety company authorized to do business in this sta	ite.)
	b.	The document provides the name and address of the owner of the insured motor vehicle.	()
the vehi	c. cle identi	The document describes the motor vehicle including identification number, the last three ification number, or the words "all owned vehicles" if more than one vehicle is insured.	digits (of)
	d.	The document shows the effective date the liability insurance coverage begins.	()
Card."	e. Γhe word	The document may show "Certificate of Liability Insurance" or "Liability Insurance Idents "State of Idaho" may be added to the title at the insurer's option.	ificatio	on)
beyond period,	f. or "not va	The document may show the date the liability insurance coverage ceases, or may state "1," provided the phrase is completed to indicate termination of coverage at the end of alid for more than one year," or "continuous until cancelled."	ot val f a fix	id ed)
	g.	The number of the insurance policy or the document is suggested, but optional.	()
suggeste	h. ed, but op	The sentence "KEEP THIS CERTIFICATE IN YOUR AUTOMOBILE AT ALL TINitional.	MES"	is)
	02.	Dealer and Manufacturer Vehicles.	()
	a.	The document identifies the insurer or surety company authorized to do business in this sta	ate.	`

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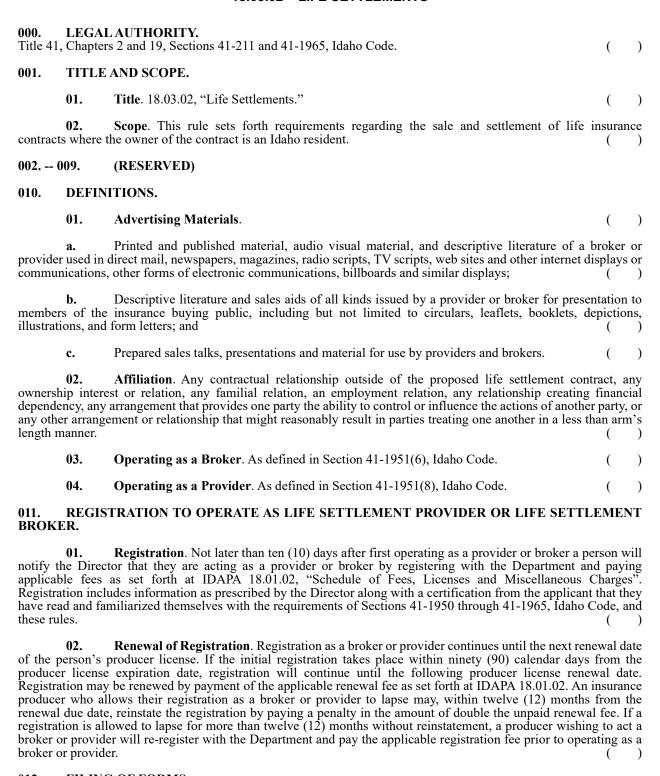
IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.02.03 – Certificate of Liability Insurance for Motor Vehicles

of dealer,		The document provides the name and address of the dealership and identifies the owner(s) (not so, corporation or LLC members) of the insured motor vehicle.	ame(s)				
c		The document shows the effective date the liability insurance coverage begins.	()				
d Card." Th		The document may show "Certificate of Liability Insurance" or "Liability Insurance Identificate of Idaho" may be added to the title.	ication				
beyond period, or		The document shows the date the liability insurance coverage ceases or may state "not," provided the phrase is completed to indicate termination of coverage at the end of a lid for more than one year," or "continuous until cancelled."	t valid a fixed ()				
f	•	The number of the insurance policy or the document is suggested, but optional.	()				
Examples	of a no	PLES OF A NONEXCLUSIVE FORMAT FOR A DOCUMENT. nexclusive format for a document that meets the requirements of a certificate of liability insided by the Director may be found on the Department website.	urance				
DIRECTO The Directory	014. EXAMPLE OF CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE TO BE ISSUED BY THE DIRECTOR MAY BE FOUND ON THE DEPARTMENT WEBSITE. The Director will issue a certificate of liability insurance to the owner(s) of a motor vehicle who posts an indemnity bond in a form approved by the Director pursuant to Section 49-1229(2), Idaho Code.						
015 99	9.	(RESERVED)					

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18.03.02 - LIFE SETTLEMENTS



012. FILING OF FORMS.

01. Filing of Life Settlement Contracts and Disclosure Forms. No person may use a life settlement contract or disclosure form in Idaho unless the form is first filed with the Department along with a certification that the form meets the requirements of Sections 41-1950 through 41-1965, Idaho Code. The certification will be in the form as prescribed by the Director and signed by a person registered as a provider or broker. ()

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	02.											promoting o	
												s are first file	
with the	Departn	nent. If th	e advertisi	ing is r	not in writte	n forr	n, a writ	ten sc	ript w	vill be filed.	All adverti	sing relating to	ر
the busin	ness of	life settle	ements wil	l have	a unique i	dentif	fying for	rm nu	ımber	in the low	er left-hand	d corner of the	3
advertisii	ng piece	and need	ds to comp	ly the	following st	andaı	rds:					()

- a. Be truthful and not misleading in fact and implication. All information is set out conspicuously and in close conjunction with the statements and will not be minimized, rendered obscure, ambiguous, or intermingled with the context of the advertisement so as to be confusing or misleading.
- **b.** Reference the complete form number of any life settlement contract being advertised and clearly identify the full and complete name of the provider or broker using the promotional material. Advertising materials cannot use a trade name, any insurance group designation, name of the parent company of the provider or broker, name of a particular division of the provider or broker, service mark, slogan, symbol or other device which would have the capacity and tendency to mislead or deceive as to the true identity of the provider or broker without disclosing the name of the actual provider or broker using the advertising material.
- c. No advertisement will omit information or use words, phrases, statements, references or illustrations if the omission of such information or use of such words, phrases, statements, references or illustrations has the capacity, tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving sellers or prospective sellers as to the nature or extent of any policy benefit payable. The fact that the contract offered is made available to a prospective seller for inspection prior to consummation of the sale or an offer is made to rescind the life settlement contract if the seller is not satisfied, does not remedy misleading statements.
- d. Advertising materials cannot use words or phrases in a manner which exaggerates any benefits beyond the terms of the life settlement contract and fairly and accurately describe the negative features as well as the positive features of the life settlement contract and life settlement program. An advertisement cannot represent or imply that life settlements by the provider are "liberal" or "generous," or use words of similar import, or that benefits of a life settlement are or will be beyond the actual terms of the life settlement contract.
- **e.** Advertising materials cannot be designed to encourage or promote the purchase of life insurance for the purpose of transferring ownership to third party investors who lack an insurable interest in the in the life of the insured.
- **f.** An advertisement cannot create the impression directly or indirectly that a provider, a broker, its financial condition or status, a life settlement contract or program, or the payment of life settlement benefits is approved, endorsed, or accredited by any division or agency of this state or the United States Government. ()
- g. Testimonials used in advertisements needs to be genuine, represent the current opinion of the author, be applicable to the life settlement contract advertised and be accurately reproduced. A provider or broker using a testimonial makes as its own all of the statements contained therein, and the advertisement, including such statement, is subject to all the provisions of these rules. If the person making a testimonial, an endorsement or an appraisal has a financial interest in the provider or broker, or a related entity as a stockholder, director, officer, employee, or otherwise, such fact is disclosed in the advertisement. If a person is compensated for making a testimonial, endorsement or appraisal, such fact will be disclosed in the advertisement by language substantially as follows: "Paid Endorsement."
 - **h.** The source of any statistics used in an advertisement are identified in the advertisement. ()
- **03. Font Size for Printed Materials.** Pertinent text of all printed materials needs to be filed with the director under the Life Settlement Act, including, but not limited to, notices, disclosure forms, contract forms, and advertising material, is to be formatted using at least a twelve (12) point font. Signature blocks, footnotes or text not relevant to the understanding of the printed material may be printed in a smaller font, but in no case smaller than a ten (10) point font.
 - **04. Disapproval of Noncompliant Forms**. The Director may disapprove any form needed to be filed

Section 012 Page 2801

pursuant to this Section if, the form does not comply with any part of Title 41, Idaho Code, or these rules, or the form is unreasonable in its terms, contrary to the interests of the public, misleading to the public, unfair to the owner, or is printed or provided in a manner making any part of the form substantially illegible.

013. ANNUAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

All persons registered with the Director as a provider will file an annual statement with the Director, on or before March 1st of each year. An annual report is needed regardless of whether any life settlement contracts with Idaho owners were executed during the year.

014. EXAMINATION AND RECORDS.

Brokers and providers are subject to examination by the Director in accordance with Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code, and pay, at the direction of the Director, the actual travel expenses, reasonable living expense allowance, and reasonable compensation incurred on account of the examination upon presentation of a detailed account of the charges and expenses.

015. DISCLOSURES TO OWNER.

- **O1. Disclosure to Owner Upon Application.** A broker or provider will not provide an owner with an application for a life settlement contract unless the owner has also been provided a disclosure form containing all the information requisite by Idaho Code, 41-1956 and in substantially the same form as the sample form found on the Department website. The disclosures are provided in a separate document in at least twelve (12) point font. Each page of the disclosure document is initialed by the owner indicating that it has been received and read by the owner, and the final page is dated and signed by the owner and the broker or provider that delivered the disclosure document to the owner.
- **O2. Disclosures to Owner by Provider Upon Settlement.** Prior to the time an owner signs a life settlement contract, the provider will provide the owner a disclosure form containing all the information prescribed by Idaho Code 41-1957 and in substantially the same form as the sample form found on the Department website. The disclosures may be made by a separate document or included as a part of the life settlement contract. If the disclosures are included in the life settlement contract, they are conspicuously displayed in the contract by segregating the disclosures from the rest of the contract on a separate page or as a separate section using at least twelve (12) point font and with a heading in bold font stating: "Important Disclosures Required by Law." Each disclosure page of the life settlement contract is initialed by the owner indicating that the owner has read the page. If the disclosures are provided in a separate document, each page of the document will be initialed by the owner and the final page needs to be dated and signed by the owner and the provider.
- **Oscillary Observe to Owner by Broker Upon Settlement**. Prior to the time an owner signs a life settlement contract, the broker will provide the owner a disclosure form containing all the information prescribed in Idaho Code 41-1958 and in substantially the same form as the sample form found on the Department website. The disclosures may be made by a separate document or included as a part of the life settlement contract. If the disclosures are included in the life settlement contract, they are conspicuously displayed in the contract by segregating the disclosures from the rest of the contract on a separate page or as a separate section using at least twelve (12) point font, and a heading in bold font stating: "Important Disclosures Required by Law." Each disclosure page of the life settlement contract is initialed by the owner indicating that the owner has read the page. If the disclosures are provided in a separate document, each page of the document needs to be initialed by the owner and the final page dated and signed by the owner and the broker.
- **04. Affiliations Disclosed.** As a part of the disclosures in this Section, a provider discloses in writing to the owner any affiliation between the provider and the issuer of the insurance policy to be settled, and a broker discloses in writing any affiliation or contractual arrangement between the broker and any person making an offer in connection with a proposed life settlement contract.

016. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.

01. Owner's Statement.

a. Prior to entering into a life settlement contract, the provider obtains from each owner a written

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statement in substantially the following form: "I, [owners name], have freely and voluntarily consented to the life settlement contract that accompanies this statement. I have carefully read my insurance policy that is the subject of the life settlement contract and I understand the benefits that are available under the policy. I further understand that by entering into the life settlement contract, the right to benefits under the insurance policy will be sold to another party and I, my heirs or former beneficiaries will no longer have any right to receive those policy benefits."

b. If the owner has a terminal or chronic illness, the following wording is also to be included in the owner's statement: "I am currently suffering from a terminal or chronic illness that was not diagnosed until after the policy that is the subject of the life settlement contract was issued."

c. The statement of the owner needs to also be acknowledged by a notary public.

02. Owner's Right to Rescind Life Settlement Contract.

a. The life settlement contract is to conspicuously inform the owner in bold type of at least twelve (12) point font that the owner has an absolute right to rescind a life settlement contract within twenty (20) calendar days of the date the contract is executed and sets forth the manner in which notice is given.

- **b.** Upon being informed of the owner's intention or desire to rescind a life settlement contract, the provider immediately provides the owner with a full accounting of the amount that will be repaid by the owner in to rescind the policy. The amount due includes only amounts actually paid to and received by the owner pursuant to the terms of the life settlement contract along with any premiums, loans and loan interest paid by or on behalf of the provider in connection with or as a direct consequence of the life settlement contract. An owner is not obligated to pay any financial penalties, liquidated damages or other punitive fees or charges in connection with rescission of a life settlement contract.
- c. Until the owner receives from the provider an accounting of the full and correct repayment amount needed to rescind the life settlement contract, a tender of payment by the owner of amounts actually received and reasonably believed to be due upon rescission will be deemed in substantial compliance with the requirement of notice and repayment of proceeds within the twenty (20) day rescission period.

03. Life Settlements Occurring Within Two Years of Policy Origination. (

a. No broker or provider may solicit, arrange for, or enter into a life settlement contract within two (2) years of the date of issuance of the life insurance policy or certificate being settled unless one (1) or more of the conditions identified in Section 41-1961, Idaho Code, applies. If one (1) or more of the conditions is present, the provider obtains from the owner a written statement sworn before a notary public setting forth in detail the circumstances permitting the early settlement of the contract. The sworn statement also includes the following or substantially similar wording: "I hereby affirm that there was no plan or arrangement in place or under discussion, or any promises made, regarding the settlement of this life insurance policy at the time the policy was purchased."

b. In addition to the sworn statement, the provider will obtain and retain as a part of its records independent documentation of the circumstances permitting early settlement of the life insurance policy along with all documentation relating to any premium financing arrangements made in connection with the policy being settled.

c. The sworn statement and copies of all supporting documentation will be provided to the insurer at the time a request for verification of coverage is submitted to the insurer. A request for verification of coverage relating to a policy or certificate that has been in effect for two (2) years or less will be considered incomplete if it is not accompanied by the owner's sworn statement and supporting documentation. An insurer that determines a request for verification of coverage is incomplete will immediately inform the broker or provider in writing that the verification is incomplete and identify all items needed to complete the request.

017. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.03.03 - VARIABLE CONTRACTS

000. Title 41		LAUTHORITY. 19, Idaho Code.	()
variable approva of agen	e basis; for al of polic ts and oth	pose. Imprehensive plan: for the qualification and licensing of insurers to write policies or contract or establishment of separate accounts and the investment of assets contained therein; for the filipsy and contract forms; for reports to contract holders; for the qualification, examination and lice er persons; providing for the establishment and preservation of certain records and the establists pertaining to the offering and sale of such contracts.	ng and ensing	3
002	009.	(RESERVED).		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
	01. cording to or contrac	Variable Contracts. Any policy or contract that provides for insurance or annuity benefits the investment experience of any separate account or accounts maintained by the insurer as t.		
is licens	02. sed as a li	Agent . Any person, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity which under the laws of the insurance agent.	is state ())
	03.	Variable Contract Agent. An agent who sells or offers to sell any contract on a variable bas	is. ()
	04. ation that ive exami	Satisfactory Alternative Examination . Part I of the written examination includes any sect is declared by the Director to be an equivalent examination. The following are satisfinations:		
for Qua	a. lification	The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), Examination for Principals, or Examinas a Registered Representative;	nation	1)
Exchan	b. ge, or the	The various securities examinations needed by the New York Stock Exchange, the American Pacific Coast Stock Exchange;	Stock	()
Exchan	c. ge Act of	The Securities and Exchange Commission test given pursuant to Section 15(b)(8) of the Sec 1934, as amended;	uritie: (s)
		The examination recommended for the testing of variable contract agents by the Nasurance Commissioners, when adopted by the Insurance Department of any State or Territory dapproved for use by such Department by the Securities and Exchange Commission; and		
	e.	Any State Securities Sales Examination accepted by the Securities and Exchange Commission	on.)
011.	QUALI	FICATIONS OF INSURANCE COMPANIES TO ISSUE VARIABLE CONTRACTS.		
insuran	01. iated throce in this ons hereof	Parent or Affiliated Insurer. An insurer that issues variable contracts and that is a subsidiate common management or ownership with, another life insurer authorized to transact state meets the provisions of this Section if either it or the parent or affiliated insurer meets.	t sucl	1
submit	02. to the Dir	Delivery . Before any insurer delivers or issues for delivery variable contracts in this state, sector a general description of the kinds of variable contracts it intends to issue;	it wil	1
012.	SEPAR	ATE ACCOUNTS.		
	01. e separate	Domestic Life Insurer . A domestic life insurer issuing variable contracts and establishing contracts pursuant to Sections 41-1936 and 41-734 of the Idaho Insurance Code is subject ions:		

To the extent that the company's reserve liability with regard to: (a) benefits guaranteed as to dollar

Section 000 Page 2804

a.

amount and duration, and (b) funds guaranteed as to principal amount or stated rate of interest is maintained in any separate account, a portion of the assets of such separate account at least equal to such reserve liability are invested in accordance with the laws of this state governing the investments of life insurance companies.

- With respect to seventy-five percent (75%) of the market value of the total assets in a separate account no insurer may purchase or otherwise acquire the securities of any issuer, other than securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, if immediately after such purchase or acquisition the market value of such investment, together with prior investments of such separate account in such security taken at market value, would exceed ten percent (10%) of the market value of the assets of said separate account. The Director may waive such limitation if such waiver will not render the operation of such separate account hazardous to the public or the policyholders in this state.
- Unless otherwise permitted by law or approved by the Director, no insurer may purchase or acquire for its separate accounts the voting securities of any issuer if as a result of such acquisition the insurance company and its separate accounts, in the aggregate, will own more than ten percent (10%) of the total issued and outstanding voting securities of such issuer. The foregoing does not apply with respect to securities held in separate accounts with voting rights exercisable only in accordance with instructions from persons having interests in such accounts.
- The limitations provided in Subsections 012.01.b. and 012.01.c. above do not apply to the investment with respect to a separate account in the securities of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the investments of such investment company comply in substance with Subsections 012.01.b. and 012.01.c.
- Chargeability of Assets with Liabilities. That portion of the assets of any such separate account equal to the reserves and other contract liabilities with respect to such account is not chargeable with liabilities arising out of any other business the insurer may conduct. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law an insurer may:
- With respect to any separate account registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a unit investment trust, exercise voting rights in connection with any securities of a regulated investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and held in such separate accounts in accordance with instructions from persons having interests in such accounts ratably as determined by the insurer, or
- With respect to any separate account registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a management investment company, establish for such account a committee, board, or other body, the members of which may or cannot be affiliated with such company and may be elected to such membership by the vote of persons having interests in such account ratably as determined by the insurer. Such committee, board or other body may have the power, exercisable alone or in conjunction with others, to manage such separate account and the investment of its assets. An insurer, committee, board or other body, may make such other provisions in respect to any such separate account which are appropriate to facilitate compliance with requirements of any Federal or State law, provided that the Director approves such provisions as not hazardous to the public or the company's policyholders in this state.
- Assets Equal to Reserves and Liabilities. The company will maintain in each such separate account assets with a value at least equal to the reserves and other contract liabilities with respect to such account.
- Officers and Directors. Rules under any provision of the Insurance Law of this state of any rule applicable to the officers and directors of insurance companies with respect to conflicts of interest also apply to members of any separate account's committee, board or other similar body. No officer or director of such company nor any member of the committee, board or body of a separate account will receive directly or indirectly any commission or any other compensation with respect to the purchase or sale of assets of such separate account.)

FILING OF CONTRACTS.

Each insurer will submit to the Director a copy of each prospectus adopted by it for use in conjunction with the sale of

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.03.03 Variable Contracts

any contract offered for sale in this state.	`
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014. CONTRACTS PROVIDING FOR VARIABLE BENEFITS.

- **01. Illustrations**. Illustrations of benefits payable under any variable contract providing benefits payable in variable amounts cannot include projections of past investment experience into the future or attempted predictions of future investment experience.
- **02.** Payment of Periodic Stipulated Payments. No individual variable annuity contract calling for the payment of periodic stipulated payments will be delivered or issued for delivery unless it contains in substance the following provisions or provisions which are more favorable to the holders of such contracts:

 ()
- a. The grace period is for one (1) month, but not less than thirty (30) days, in which any stipulated payment to the insurer falling due after the first may be made, during which period of grace the contract will continue in force. The contract may include a statement of the basis for determining the date that any such payment received during the period of grace is applied to produce the values under the contract;
- b. At any time within one (1) year from the date of default in making periodic stipulated payments to the insurer during the life of the annuitant, unless the cash surrender value has been paid, the contract may be reinstated upon payment to the insurer of such overdue payments as prescribed by the contract, and payment or reinstatement of all indebtedness to the insurer on the contract, including interest. The contract may include a statement of the basis for determining the date which the amount to cover such overdue payments and indebtedness is applied to produce the values under the contract;
- c. Specifying the options available in the event of default in a periodic stipulated payment, which may include an option to surrender the contract for a cash value as determined by the contract, and will include an option to receive a paid-up annuity if the contract is not surrendered for cash, the amount of such paid-up annuity being determined by applying the value of the contract at the annuity commencement date in accordance with the terms of the contract.
- **03. Investment Increment Factor**. Any individual variable annuity contract delivered or issued for delivery in this state will stipulate the investment increment factor to be used in computing the dollar amount of variable benefits or other contractual payments or values thereunder, and may guarantee that expense and/or mortality results do not adversely affect such dollar amounts. If not guaranteed, the expense and mortality factors are also to be stipulated in the contract. In computing the dollar amount of variable benefits or other contractual payments or values under an individual variable contract:
- **a.** The annual net investment increment assumption will not exceed five percent (5%), except with the approval of the Director.
- **b.** To the extent that the level of benefits may be affected by future mortality results, the mortality factor is to be determined from the Annuity Mortality Table for 1949, Ultimate, or any modification of that table not having a higher mortality rate at any age, or, if approved by the Director, from another table.
 - **c.** "Expense," as used in this subsection, may exclude part or all taxes, as stipulated in the contract.
- **04.** Reserve Liability. The reserve liability for variable contracts is to be established pursuant to the requirements of the standard valuation law in accordance with actuarial procedures that recognize the variable nature of the benefits provided, and any mortality guarantees.

015. REQUISITE REPORTS.

01. Statement Reporting the Investments. Any insurer issuing individual variable contracts providing benefits in variable amounts will mail to the contract holder at least once in each contract year after the first at the last address known to the company, a statement or statements reporting the investments held in the separate account and, in the case of contracts under which payments have not yet commenced, a statement reporting as of a

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IDAPA 18.03.03 Variable Contracts

date not more than four (4) months previous to the date of mailing, (a) the number of accumulation units credited to such contracts and the dollar value of a unit, or (b) the value of the contract holder's account.

02. Statement of Business to Director. The insurer will submit annually to the Insurance Director a statement of the business of its separate account or accounts in such form as may be prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

016. FOREIGN INSURERS.

If the law or rule in the place of domicile of a foreign insurer provides a degree of protection to the policyholders and the public which is substantially equal to that provided by these rules, the Director, at their discretion, may consider compliance with such law or rule as compliance with these rules.

017. -- 999. (RESERVED).

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18.03.04 - REPLACEMENT OF LIFE INSURANCE AND ANNUITIES

		13, Sections 1305 and 1327, Idaho Code. ()
	le regulat	AND SCOPE. tes the activities of insurers, agents and brokers with respect to the replacement of existin nuities, and establishes minimum standards of conduct.	ıg lif	îe)
002 (009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
		Conservation . Any attempt by the existing insurer or its agent or broker to dissuade a policy of ment of existing life insurance or annuity. Conservation does not include such routine administ as late payment reminders, late payment offers or reinstatement offers.		
agent in	02.	Direct-Response Sales . Any sale of life insurance or annuity where the insurer does not util or delivery of the policy.	ize a	n)
a manne	03. er as desc	Existing Insurer . The insurance company whose policy is or will be changed or terminated in ribed in the definition of "replacement."	1 suc	h)
insurance period.	04. See under a	Existing Life Insurance or Annuity. Any life insurance or annuity in force, includin a binding or conditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt of a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that it is in an unconditional receipt or a life insurance policy or annuity that it is in a life insurance policy		
		Replacement . Any transaction by which new life insurance or a new annuity is to be purely or should be known to the proposing agent or broker, or to the proposing insurer if there is no insurance or an annuity has been or is to be:		
	a.	Termination. Lapsed, forfeited, surrendered, or otherwise terminated.)
insuranc	b. ce, or redu	Conversion or Continuance. Converted to reduced paid-up insurance, continued as extended uced in value by the use of nonforfeiture benefits or other policy values.	l terr	n)
coverag	c. e would r	Amendment. Amended so as to effect either a reduction in benefits or in the term for remain in force or for which benefits would be paid.	whic	h)
	d.	Reissuance. Reissued with any reduction in cash value.	,)
		Loans. Pledged as collateral or subjected to borrowing, whether in a single loan or under a scher a period of time for amounts in the aggregate exceeding twenty-five percent (25%) of the policy.		
contract	06. which is	Replacing Insurer . The insurance company that issues or proposes to issue a new polica replacement of existing life insurance or annuity.	icy c	or)
011. Unless s		PTIONS. ly included, this rule does not apply to transactions involving: ()
	01.	Credit Life Insurance.)
	02.	Group Life Insurance or Group Annuities.)
contract	03. ual chang	Existing Insurer . An application to the insurer that issued the existing life insurance ge or conversion privilege being exercised;	and	a)
replace	04. life insura	Binding or Conditional Receipt Issued by Same Company. Proposed life insurance that ance under a binding or conditional receipt issued by the same company.	t is t	0
insurer a	05. are the sa	Common Ownership or Control . Transactions where the replacing insurer and the exme, or are subsidiaries or affiliates under common ownership or control. Provided, however, a		

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.03.04 Replacement of Life Insurance & Annuities

or brol	cers propo	sing replacement will comply with the requirements of Subsection 012.01.	()
012.	DUTIE	S OF AGENTS AND BROKERS.		
insureı	01. to which	Statement Submitted to Insurer . Each agent or broker who initiates the application submit an application for life insurance or annuity is presented, with or as part of each application:	ts to t	he)
is invo	a. lved in the	A statement signed by the applicant as to whether replacement of existing life insurance or transaction; and	annui (ty)
the tra	b. nsaction.	A signed statement as to whether the agent or broker knows replacement is or may be invo	olved (in)
	02.	Notice to Applicant. Where a replacement is involved, the agent or broker will:	()
		Present to the applicant, not later than at the time of taking the application, a "Notice Rea the form as described on the DOI website, or other substantially similar form approved tice is signed by both the applicant and the agent or broker and left with the applicant.	gardii l by ti (ng he)
replace been a	b. ed and prossigned by	Obtain with or as part of each application a list of all existing life insurance and/or a perly identified by name of insurer, the insured and contract number. If a contract number the existing insurer, alternative identification, such as an application or receipt number, is list.	has n	
presen	c. tation to th	Leave with the applicant the original or a copy of written or printed communications use applicant.	ised f	or)
pursua	d. nt to Subs	Submit to the replacing insurer with the application a copy of the replacement notice pection 012.02.a.	rovid (ed)
will le	03. ave with the	Conservation . Each agent or broker who uses written or printed communications in a conservation the original or a copy of such materials used.	ervatio	on)
013. Each i	DUTIE nsurer will	S OF ALL INSURERS.	()
for cor	01. npliance w	Notice to Representatives of Rule . Informs its field representatives or other personnel respectith this rule of the requirements of this rule.	onsib (ole)
	02. ment sign	Application . Requires with or as a part of each completed application for life insurance or ed by the applicant as to whether such proposed insurance or annuity will replace exist uity.	annui ing li (ty fe)
014. Each i		S OF INSURERS THAT USE AGENTS OR BROKERS. uses an agent or broker in a life insurance or annuity sale:	()
	01. y, obtains ansaction.	Statement by Agent or Broker. With or as part of each completed application for life insura statement signed by the agent or broker as to whether he or she knows if replacement is involved.		
	02.	Replacement Notice and List of Existing Insurance. Where a replacement is involved:	()
	a.	With the application for life insurance or annuity, obtains a list of all of the applicant's exis	ting li	fe

insurance or annuities replaced and a copy of the replacement notice provided the applicant pursuant to Section 012. Such existing life insurance or annuity is identified by name of insurer, insured and contract number. If a number has not been assigned by the existing insurer, alternative identification, such as an application or receipt number, is listed.

Section 012 Page 2809

	-	
		()
ledger statemen insurance solicit equivalent level communication	Send to each existing insurer a written communication advising of the replacement or pd the identification information obtained pursuant to Subsection 014.02.a. and a policy sum to containing policy data on the proposed life insurance or annuity as prescribed by the matation rule and/or the model annuity and deposit fund disclosure rule. Life insurance cost in annual dividend figures need not be included in the policy summary or ledger statement. This is made in five (5) working days of the date the application is received in the replacing in all office, or the date the proposed policy or contract is issued, whichever is sooner.	nmary or odel life ndex and s written
policy and/or an Subsections 01- accordance with from the currer outstanding ind information that dividend figures is requisite in a	Each existing insurer, agent, or broker that undertakes a conservation furnishes the policity description of the existing life insurance or a ledger statement containing policy data on the unuity within twenty (20) days from the date the written communication and the materials description and 014.02.b. are received. Such policy summary or ledger statement is comparison relating to premiums, cash values, death benefits and dividends, if any, and is contractly year of the existing life insurance. The policy summary includes the amount debtedness, the sum of any dividend accumulations or additions, and may include at it is not in violation of any rule or statute. Life insurance cost index and equivalent levers and not be included in the policy summary. When annuities are involved, the disclosure information in the policy summary under the annuity and deposit fund disclosure rule. The replacing insurance in the policy in the summaries in the policy of the summaries.	existing cribed in olleted in omputed to f any other annual ormation
cross indexed, le policy summarion were met are ma	Maintenance of Records. The replacing insurer maintains evidence of the "Notice Reche policy summary, the contract summary and any ledger statements used, and a replacement by replacing agent and existing insurer to be replaced. The existing insurer maintains evides, contract summaries or ledger statements used in any conservation. Evidence that all requaintained for at least three (3) years or until the conclusion of the next succeeding regular example department of its state of domicile, whichever is later.	register dence of irements
	Refund . The replacing insurer provides in its policy or in a separate written notice when policy that the applicant has a right to an unconditional refund of all premiums paid, when in a period of twenty (20) days commencing from the date of delivery of the policy.	which is ich right
015. DUTII	ES OF INSURERS WITH RESPECT TO DIRECT RESPONSE SALES.	
	Insurer Did Not Propose Replacement . If in the solicitation of a direct response sale, the replacement, and a replacement is involved, the insurer will propose to send to the applicular comment Notice as described on the DOI website or other substantially similar form approved	ant with
02.	Insurer Proposed Replacement. If the insurer proposed the replacement it will:	()
a. notice as describ	Provide to applicants or prospective applicants with or as part of the application a reploed on the DOI website or other substantially similar form approved by the Director.	acement
b. annuities replace	Request from the applicant with or as part of the application, a list of all existing life insured and properly identified by name of insurer and insured.	rance or
c. existing insurers	Comply with the requirements of Subsection 014.02.b., if the applicant furnishes the names, and the requirements of Subsection 014.03, except that it need not maintain a replacement	es of the register.

Failure by an insurer, agent, representative, officer, or employee of such insurer to comply with the requirements of this rule is subject to such penalties as may be appropriate under the Idaho Code, including Section 41-1327, Idaho

017. -- 999. (RESERVED)

PENALTIES.

016.

Code.

18.04.03 - ADVERTISEMENT OF DISABILITY (ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS) INSURANCE

000. Title 41,		LAUTHORITY. rs 2 and 13, Idaho Code.	()			
001.	TITLE AND SCOPE.						
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.03, "Advertisement of Disability (Accident and Sickness) Insurance."	()			
and sick certain insurance	mess inst minimur ce in a m	Scope . To protect consumers by assuring truthful and adequate disclosure of all materation in the advertising of accident and sickness insurance, including Medicare supplement a transce and long-term care insurance. This is accomplished by the establishment of, and adherm standards and guidelines of conduct in the advertising of disability (accident and sinanner that prevents unfair competition among insurers and promotes an accurate presentate insurance buying public.	ence to ckness	t),			
002.	APPLI	CABILITY.					
term is	defined	Disability and Medicare Supplement Insurance . Any disability (accident and si rtisement," including Medicare supplement and long-term care insurance "advertisement,", intended for presentation, distribution or dissemination in this state when such prese issemination is made either directly or indirectly by or on behalf of an insurer or producer.	as tha	ίt			
		Control over Advertisement . Every insurer will establish and at all times maintain a sy e content, form and method of dissemination of all advertisements of its policies. A created, designed or presented, are the responsibility of the insurer whose policies are so advertised.	ll sucl	h			
003 0	009.	(RESERVED)					
010.	DEFIN	IITIONS.					
	01.	Advertisement. Includes:	()			
		Printed and published material, audio visual material, and descriptive literature of an insurnewspapers, magazines, radio scripts, TV scripts, web sites and other internet disp, other forms of electronic communications, billboards and similar displays;		r			
member	b. es of the	Descriptive literature and sales aids of all kinds issued by an insurer or producer for present insurance buying public; and	ation to)			
insurer o	c. or the pro	Prepared sales talks, presentations and material for use by producers whether prepared oducer.	by the	e)			
an inder	mnity, rece other are	Policy . Any policy, plan, certificate, contract, agreement, statement of coverage, r t provides accident or sickness benefits, or medical, surgical or hospital expense benefits, who eimbursement, service or prepaid basis, except when issued in connection with another than life, and except disability, waiver of premium and double indemnity benefits included muity contracts. The term includes contracts for Medicare supplement insurance and long-te	ether or kind o d in life	n f			
	" in the	Insurer . Includes any individual, corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal exchanging fraternal benefit society, health maintenance organization, and any other legal entity define Insurance Code of this state and is engaged in the advertisement of a policy as "policy" is	ed as ai	n			
it is a sta	04. atement	Exception . Any provision in a policy where coverage for a specified hazard is entirely elin of a risk not assumed under the policy.	ninated (;)			
payment		Reduction . Any provision that reduces the amount of the benefit; a risk of loss is assurate occurrence of such loss is limited to some amount or period less than would be payable here used.					

Section 000 Page 2811

reduction	06. on.	Limitation. Any provision that restrict	s coverage under the p	policy other than a	n exception or a
stateme minimi	ormation in ents to what zed, rend	DD OF DISCLOSURE OF REQUISIT needed to be disclosed by these rules will ich such information relates or under appered obscure or presented in an ambigas to be confusing or misleading.	l be set out conspicuous propriate captions of s	such prominence tl	hat it will not be
	mat and c	AND CONTENT OF ADVERTISEME ontent of an advertisement of an accident nd clear to avoid deception.		policy will be suffi	ciently complete.
013. PAYAE		TISEMENTS OF BENEFITS PA	YABLE, LOSSES	COVERED OF	R PREMIUMS
	01.	Prohibitions . Deceptive words, phrases	or illustrations banned	:	()
policy v	will help:	No advertisement will contain or use; "unlimited"; "up to"; "as high as"; "this ill some of the gaps that Medicare and yme" or similar words and phrases, in a m	policy will help pay your present insurance	our hospital and sur leave out"; "this po	gical bills"; "this olicy will help to
policy	limitation	An advertisement will not contain des ive manner to imply that it is a benefit. We so, exceptions and reductions should faintions and reductions of the policy offered	ords and phrases used: Iy and accurately des	in an advertisement	t to describe such
similar believir	c. facility was that the	No advertisement of a benefit for which vill use words or phrases that have the policy advertised will, in some way, ena	capacity, tendency or e	effect of misleading	g the public into
pro - ra	ta basis re	No advertisement of a hospital or other on a monthly or weekly basis when, in f lating to the number of days of confinement ded, such limit needs to appear in the ad-	act, the amount of the bent. When the policy co	enefit payable is ba	ased upon a daily
coverag	e. ge beyond	No advertisement of a policy covering of the terms of the policy.	nly one (1) disease or a	list of specified di	seases will imply
will be	in langua;	An advertisement for a policy providi ill clearly and conspicuously in prominer ge identical to, or substantially similar to LY POLICY"; "THIS IS AN AUTOMOB	nt type, state the limited the following: "THIS I	I nature of the polic S A LIMITED POI	cy. The statement
agent w	g. vill call an	No advertisement of a direct response d no commissions will be paid to agents"			
"Medig unless t	h. cap"; "this he policy	No advertisement will contain or us policy will help fill some of the gaps is issued in compliance with IDAPA 18.0	that Medicare leaves of		
	i.	An advertisement will clearly state the t	ype of insurance covera	ige being offered.	()

Section 011 Page 2812

)

02. Exceptions, Reductions and Limitations. ()

- a. When an advertisement refers to either a dollar amount, or a period of time for which any benefit is payable, or the cost of the policy, or specific policy benefit, or the loss for which such benefit is payable, it will also disclose those exceptions, reductions and limitations affecting the basic provisions of the policy.
- **b.** When a policy contains a waiting, elimination, probationary or similar time period between the effective date of the policy and the effective date of coverage under the policy or a time period between the date a loss occurs and the date benefits begin to accrue for such loss, an advertisement that is subject to the requirements of the preceding paragraph will disclose the existence of such periods.
- **c.** An advertisement will not use the words "only"; "just"; "merely"; "minimum"; or similar words or phrases to describe the applicability of any exceptions and reductions.

03. Pre-Existing Conditions. (

- a. An advertisement subject to the requirements of Subsection 013.02 will, in negative terms, disclose the extent to which any loss is not covered if the cause of such loss is traceable to a condition existing prior to the effective date of the policy. The term "pre-existing condition" without an appropriate definition or description will not be used.
- **b.** When a policy does not cover losses resulting from pre-existing conditions, no advertisement of the policy will state or imply that the applicant's physical condition or medical history will not affect the issuance of the policy or payment of a claim thereunder. This rule does not prohibit explaining "automatic issue." If an insurer requires a medical examination for a specified policy, the advertisement will disclose that a medical examination is needed.
- c. When an advertisement contains an application form to be completed by the applicant and returned by mail for a direct response insurance product, such application form will contain a question or statement that reflects the pre-existing condition provisions of the policy immediately preceding the blank space for the applicant's signature.

014. NECESSITY FOR DISCLOSING POLICY PROVISIONS RELATING TO RENEWABILITY, CANCELLATION AND TERMINATION.

When an advertisement refers to either a dollar amount or a period of time for which any benefit is payable, or the cost of the policy, or specific policy benefit, or the loss for which such benefit is payable, it will disclose the provisions relating to renewability, cancellation and termination and any modification of benefits, losses covered or premiums because of age or for other reasons, in a manner that will not minimize or render obscure the qualifying conditions.

015. TESTIMONIALS OR ENDORSEMENTS BY THIRD PARTIES.

- **01. Testimonials**. Testimonials used in advertisements will be genuine, represent the current opinion of the author, be applicable to the policy advertised and be accurately reproduced. The insurer, in using a testimonial, makes as its own all of the statements contained therein, and the advertisement, including such statement, is subject to all the provisions of this chapter.
- **O2. Disclosure of Financial Interest**. If the person making a testimonial, an endorsement or an appraisal has a financial interest in the insurer or a related entity as a stockholder, director, officer, employee, or otherwise, such fact will be disclosed in the advertisement. If a person is compensated for making a testimonial, endorsement or appraisal, such fact will be disclosed in the advertisement by language substantially as follows: "Paid Endorsement." This chapter does not require disclosure of union "scale" wages set by union rules if the payment is actually for such "scale" for TV or radio performances. The payment of substantial amounts, directly or indirectly, for "travel and entertainment" for filming or recording of TV or radio advertisements requires disclosure of such compensation.

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.04.03 – Advertisement of Disability (Accident & Sickness) Insurance

		Limitations and							
		ed or endorsed by							
unless s	uch is the	e fact, and unless	any proprietary	relationship b	etween an org	anization an	d the insurer	is disclosed.	. If
the enti-	ty makin	g the endorsemen	t or testimonial	has been fo	rmed by the ir	surer or is	owned or co	ntrolled by t	he
insurer	or the per	rson or persons w	no own or contro	ol the insurer	, such fact will	be disclose	d in the adve	ertisement.	
	-	-						,	`

Q4. Retention of Data. When a testimonial refers to benefits received under a policy, the specific claim data, including claim number, date of loss, and other pertinent information is retained by the insurer for inspection for a period of four (4) years or until the filing of the next regular report on examination of the insurer, whichever is the longer period of time.

016. USE OF STATISTICS.

- **01.** Requests for Use of Statistical Information. An advertisement relating to the dollar amounts of claims paid, the number of persons insured, or similar statistical information relating to any insurer or policy cannot use irrelevant facts, and cannot be used unless it accurately reflects all relevant facts. Such an advertisement will not imply that such statistics are derived from the policy advertised unless such is the fact, and when applicable to other policies or plans will specifically so state.
- **02. Restrictions on Representations.** An advertisement will not represent or imply that claim settlements by the insurer are "liberal" or "generous," or use words of similar import, or that claim settlements are or will be beyond the actual terms of the contract. An unusual amount paid for a unique claim for the policy advertised is misleading and cannot be used.
- **O3.** Source of Statistics. The source of any statistics used in an advertisement will be identified in such advertisement.

017. IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN OR NUMBER OF POLICIES.

- **01. Disclosure Requirements.** When a choice of the amount of benefits is referred to, an advertisement will disclose that the amount of benefits provided depends upon the plan selected and that the premium will vary with the amount of the benefits selected.
- **O2. Disclosure Based on Combination of Policies.** When an advertisement refers to various benefits that may be contained in two (2) or more policies, other than group master policies, the advertisement will disclose that such benefits are provided only through a combination of such policies.

018. DISPARAGING COMPARISONS AND STATEMENTS.

An advertisement will not directly or indirectly make unfair or incomplete comparisons of policies or benefits or comparisons of non-comparable policies of other insurers, and will not disparage competitors, their policies, services or business methods, and will not disparage or unfairly minimize competing methods of marketing insurance.

019. JURISDICTION LICENSING AND STATUS OF INSURER.

- **01. Restrictions on Licensing Jurisdiction**. An advertisement intended to be seen or heard beyond the limits of the jurisdiction in which the insurer is licensed will not imply licensing beyond those limits. ()
- **02. Restrictions on Endorsements.** An advertisement will not create the impression directly or indirectly that the insurer, its financial condition or status, or the payment of its claims, or the merits, desirability, or advisability of its policy forms or kinds or plans of insurance are approved, endorsed, or accredited by any division or agency of this state or the United States Government.

020. IDENTITY OF INSURER.

101. Name of Insurer to Be Identified. The name of the actual insurer is clearly identified and the

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IDAPA 18.04.03 – Advertisement of Disability (Accident & Sickness) Insurance

policy or policies advertised is identified by form number or otherwise described. An advertisement will not use a trade name, any insurance group designation, name of the parent company of the insurer, name of a particular division of the insurer, service mark, slogan, symbol or other device that, without disclosing the name of the actual insurer.

02. Identity of Insurer Not to Be Misrepresented. No advertisement can use any combination of words, symbols, or physical materials that by their content, phraseology, shape, color or other characteristics are so similar to combinations of words, symbols, or physical materials used by agencies of the federal government or of this state, or appear to be of such a nature that it tends to confuse or mislead prospective insureds into believing that the solicitation is in some manner connected with an agency of the municipal, state, or federal government. ()

021. GROUP OR QUASI-GROUP IMPLICATIONS.

An advertisement of a particular policy will not state or imply that prospective insureds become group or quasi-group members covered under a group policy and as such enjoy special rates or underwriting privileges, unless such is the fact.

022. INTRODUCTORY, INITIAL OR SPECIAL OFFERS.

01. Restrictions on Introductory, Initial or Special Offers.

- **a.** An advertisement of an individual policy will not represent that a contract or combination of contracts is an introductory, initial or special offer, or that applicants will receive substantial advantages not available at a later date, or that the offer is available only to a specified group of individuals, unless such is the fact. An advertisement cannot contain phrases describing an enrollment period as "special," "limited," or similar words.
- **b.** An enrollment period during which a particular insurance product may be purchased on an individual basis cannot be offered within this state unless there has been a lapse of not less than three (3) months between the close of the immediately preceding enrollment period for the same product and the opening of the new enrollment period. The advertisement will indicate the date by which the applicant need mail the application, which is not less than ten (10) days and not more than forty (40) days from the date that such enrollment period is advertised for the first time. This chapter applies to all advertising media, i.e., mail, newspapers, radio, television, magazines and periodicals, by any one (1) insurer. It is inapplicable to solicitations of employees or members of a particular group or association that would be eligible under specific provisions of the Insurance Code for group, blanket or franchise insurance. The phrase "any one (1) insurer" includes all the affiliated companies of a group of insurance companies under common management or control.
- c. This chapter prohibits any statement or implication to the effect that only a specific number of policies will be sold, or that a time is fixed for the discontinuance of the sale of the particular policy advertised because of special advantages available in the policy, unless such is the fact.
- **d.** The phrase "a particular insurance product" in paragraph(s) of this Section means an insurance policy that provides substantially different benefits than those contained in any other policy. Different terms of renewability; and increase or decrease in the dollar amounts of benefits; and increase or decrease in any elimination period or waiting period from those available during an enrollment period for another policy will not be sufficient to constitute the product being offered as a different product eligible for concurrent or overlapping enrollment periods.
- **02. Restrictions on Reduced Initial Premium.** When an insurer charges an initial premium that differs in amount from the amount of the renewal premium payable on the same mode, the advertisement will not display the amount of the reduced initial premium either more frequently or more prominently than the renewal premium.
- **03. Restriction on Special Awards**. Special awards, such as a "safe drivers' award" will not be used in connection with advertisements of accident or accident and sickness insurance.

023. STATEMENTS ABOUT AN INSURER.

IDAPA 18.04.03 – Advertisement of Disability (Accident & Sickness) Insurance

An advertisement will not contain statements that are untrue in fact, or by implication misleading, with respect to the assets, corporate structure, financial standing, age or relative position of the insurer in the insurance business. An advertisement will not contain a recommendation by any commercial rating system unless it clearly indicates the purpose of the recommendation and the limitations of the scope and extent of the recommendation.

024. ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES.

Each insurer will maintain at its home or principal office a complete file containing every printed, published or prepared advertisement of its individual policies and typical printed, published or prepared advertisements of its blanket, franchise and group policies hereafter disseminated in this or any other state whether or not licensed in such other state, with a notation attached to each such advertisement that will indicate the manner and extent of distribution and the form number of any policy advertised. Such file is subject to regular and periodical inspection by this Department. All such advertisements will be maintained in said file for a period of either four (4) years or until the filing of the next regular report on examination of the insurer, whichever period is longer.

025. FILING FOR PRIOR REVIEW.

The Director may, at their discretion, require the filing of any accident and sickness insurance advertising material for review prior to use.

026. -- 999. (RESERVED)

18.04.04 - THE MANAGED CARE REFORM ACT RULE

Title 41		39, Idaho Code.	()			
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.					
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.04, "The Managed Care Reform Act Rule."	()			
Manage	02. d Care O	Scope . The Act and this chapter define procedures to be followed in establishing and operganization.	rating (a)			
002 (009.	(RESERVED)					
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.					
		Balance Billing . The practice whereby a provider bills an individual covered under the benefit between the amount the provider normally charges for a service and the amount the plan, posses as the allowable charge or negotiated price for the service delivered.					
	02.	MCO. Managed Care Organizations is abbreviated to MCO in this rule.	()			
		MCO Provider . MCO provider means any provider owned, managed, employed by, o MCO to provide health care services to MCO members. An MCO provider includes a phyperson licensed or authorized to furnish health care services.					
011.	APPLI	CATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.					
		Certificate of Authority. Any person offering a managed care plan on a predetermine transacting the business of insurance and needs to be authorized under a Certificate of American of Insurance.					
41-3906	02. Application Requirements . The application for a Certificate of Authority will include the affidavits, statements, and other information as enumerated in Idaho Code, Sections 41-319, 41-3904, 41-3905, and 41-3906. After receiving these completed documents, the Director has the authority to request any supplemental information before final approval or disapproval is given.						
	03.	Capital Surplus and Deposit Requirements.	()			
3905(8)	a. , Idaho C	The Director has established the following minimum capital fund requirements as per Sectode, based on the number of enrolled members:	tion 41	1-			

Enrolled Members	Capital Funds
0-100	\$200,000
101-300	\$300,000
301-500	\$400,000
501-700	\$500,000
701-1,000	\$1,000,000
1,001-2,000	\$1,500,000
2,001-3,000	\$2,000,000

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b. In no event will the organization's capital funds be less than the following:

	* 4 . 0 0 0 0 0 0
One year after the organization becomes subject to the Act	\$1,000,000
Two years after the date the organization becomes subject to the Act	\$1,500,000
Three years after the date the organization becomes subject to the Act	\$2,000,000

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c. Immediately upon becoming subject to the Act, the MCO's minimum statutory deposit requirements is calculated as fifty percent (50%) of the amount of the organization's Capital funds as calculated above up to a maximum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000), but not less than two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000). The amount of the deposit so held by the Department is adjusted based on the organization's December 31st and June 30th financial statement filings each year. In no event will the minimum prescribed statutory deposit amount be reduced. Upon notification by the Department of the necessary increase in the deposit amount, the organization will have no more than thirty (30) days to come into compliance with the prescribed amount. Failure to increase the deposit as prescribed will subject the organization to suspension or revocation of its certificate of authority pursuant to Section 41-326, Idaho Code.

012. SOLICITATION PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY.

01.	Permission	for Solici	itation Requ	i site . In	accordance	with S	ection	41-3904,	Idaho	Code,	a
	O, after filing its						t permi	ission fron	the D	irector	to
inform poten	tial enrollees con	cerning its	proposed ma	naged ca	re services.		•			()

- **802. Solicitation Materials.** Before contacting potential enrollees or subscribers, the proposed MCO will submit its request for permission to the Director in writing, with copies of brochures, advertising or solicitation materials, sales talks or any other procedures or methods to be used.
- **03. Methods of Solicitation**. Advertising and solicitation materials used by a proposed MCO need to meet the following minimum requirements:
 - a. The prospective enrollee will clearly be advised that:
 - i. The proposed MCO is not as yet authorized to offer health care services in this state; ()
 - ii. Coverage for health care services is not being provided at the time of the solicitation; (
 - iii. The solicitation is not a guarantee that any services will be provided at a future date.
- **b.** The format and content of any material offered will conform with the MCO Act. Such material will contain but not be limited to the following information:
- i. Complete description of the proposed MCO services and other benefits to which the enrollee would be entitled:
- ii. The location of all facilities, the hours of operation, and the services which would be provided in each facility;
 - iii. The predetermined periodic rate of payment for the proposed services; ()
- iv. All exclusions and limitations on the proposed services, including any copayment feature, and all restrictions relating to pre-existing conditions.
- **c.** No person will solicit enrollment or inform prospective enrollees concerning proposed MCO services unless compensated solely as a salaried employee of the proposed MCO.

013. ANNUAL DISCLOSURE, FILING WITH DIRECTOR.

The annual disclosure material prescribed to be filed with the Director pursuant to Section 41-3914, Idaho Code, is filed with the reports to the Director on or before March 1 each year.

014. ANNUAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR.

In accordance with Sections 41-3910 and 41-335, Idaho Code, every managed care organization will annually on or before the first day of March, file with the Director a full and true statement of its financial condition, transactions and affairs as of the preceding December 31. Unless otherwise prescribed by the Director, the statement is to be

IDAPA 18.04.04 The Managed Care Reform Act Rule

prepared in accordance with the annual statement instructions and the accounting practices and procedures manual adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) and is to be submitted on the NAIC annual convention blank form. The managed care organization will also file its annual audited financial report in accordance with IDAPA 18.07.04, "Annual Audited Financial Reports."

015. PERSONNEL AND FACILITIES LISTING.

- **01. Current Listing**. The MCO will at all times keep a current list of all personnel, providers and facilities employed, retained or under contract to furnish health care services to enrollees. This list is to be made available to the Director upon request.
- **O2.** Allowable Expense -- No Balance Billing. No MCO provider or other provider accepting a referral from an MCO, who treats or provides services to an individual covered by the MCO, may charge to or collect from any member or other beneficiary any amount in excess of that amount of compensation determined or allowed for a particular service by the MCO or by the administrator for the MCO. Nothing in this section prevents the collection of any copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles allowed for in the plan design.
- **O3.** Procedures for Basic Care and Referrals. The MCO will provide basic health care to enrollees through an organized system of health care providers. In plans in which referrals to specialty physicians and ancillary services are prescribed, the MCO provider or the MCO will initiate the referrals. The MCO will inform its providers of their responsibility to provide written referrals and any specific procedures that need to be followed in providing referrals, including prohibition of balance billing.
- **04. Health Care Services to Be Accessible**. The MCO, either directly or through its organized system of health care providers, will arrange for covered health care services, including referrals to providers within the organized system of health care providers and noncontracting providers, to be accessible to enrollees on a timely basis in accordance with medically appropriate guidelines consistent with generally accepted practice parameters.
- **05. Out of Network Services**. In the case of provider care which is delivered outside of the organized system of health care providers or defined referral system, the MCO will alert those covered under health benefit plans to the fact that providers which are not MCO providers, or have not accepted written referrals, may balance bill the customer for amounts above the MCO's maximum allowance. Consumers should be encouraged to discuss the issue with their providers

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016. -- 999. (RESERVED)

18.04.05 - SELF-FUNDED HEALTH CARE PLANS RULE

000. Title 41		AUTHORITY. 2, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.05, "Self-Funded Health Care Plans Rule."	()
Health	02. Care Plan	Scope . This rule supplements the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 40, Idaho Code, Self-us.	Funde	:d (
002	009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
period o	01. of time fo	"All Contributions to Be Paid in Advance." All contributions are to be paid in advance which the contribution is made.	e of th	ne)
accorda	02. nce with	"Deposited in and Disbursed from a Trust Fund." All contributions based on calculated Section 028 of this rule are deposited into the trust fund and all expenses are paid out of t		
011 0	020.	(RESERVED)		
between purpose	for a planthe the emperor of proven	FICATION OF PLAN. In to qualify under Title 41, Chapter 40, Idaho Code, the plan's trust will be established by agriculture or employers or a postsecondary education institution and the trustee of the trust, for riding health care benefits to employees of the employer or employers or to students ducational institution.	the so	le
022.	REGIS	TRATION.		
		Registration Requisite . No self-funded plan, unless exempted from registration by Secte, will be organized and permitted to operate in the state of Idaho without securing a Certification the Director.		
the effe employ in order	ctive con ers utilizi to avoid	Specific Plans. Any plans covering the employees of a common employer are a single emption for registration allowed in Section 41-4003, Idaho Code. Any combinations of planterol of a single administrator, trustee, and/or employer, or group of administrators, trustees ng or attempting to utilize the exempt dollar amounts permitted under Section 41-4003, Idah registration of any such plans are deemed to be contrary to the intent of Title 41, Chapter 40 pressly banned by this rule.	s under and/one	er or le
or resid	03.	Beneficiary Within State . Registration is mandatory of plans that cover any beneficiary on this state, unless the plans are otherwise exempted by Section 41-4003(2), Idaho Code.	workir (ıg)
023.	(RESE	RVED)		
examin	rector ma ation spec	TIGATION OF PROPOSED APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION. ay make an investigation of matters accompanying the application for registration includified in Section 41-4013, Idaho Code. Costs of any investigation or examination, or both, t fund of the plan.	ding a will b	nn be
		RIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE. nay take credit in any financial statement for contributions receivable which are not in expast due.	cess (of)

026. TRUST FUND RESERVES AND SURPLUS.

01. Reserve Requirements. The trust fund of the plan is to continuously maintain reserves sufficient, as certified by a qualified actuary as being necessary, to fully fund payment of all benefits in effect at the time a claim arises. This reserve needs to adequately provide for all reasonably estimated future claim payments, adjustment

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will be in a form acceptable to the Director.

IDAPA 18.04.05 Self-Funded Health Care Plans Rule

expenses, and litigation expenses on claims which have arisen, including claims incurred but not reported, extended benefits and maternity benefits, if any.

- O2. Reserves for Disability Income Benefits. Reserves established for disability income benefits cannot be less than the Minimum Reserve Standards for Group Health Insurance Contracts set forth the in the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual unless it can be proven to the satisfaction of the Director that a lower reserve can be actuarially justified.

 O3. Certification by Actuary. Reserves needs to be certified annually by a qualified actuary. Such certification needs to be accompanied by a statement describing bases used in reserve determination. The certification
- **04. Insolvent Condition.** If determination of surplus reveals a deficiency in surplus, the Director may allow the plan up to ninety (90) days to accumulate prescribed surplus. The plan is deemed insolvent when it is either unable to pay its obligations or its assets do not exceed all its liabilities, including prescribed reserves.

027. BONDING.

- **01. Certified Copy of Bond**. The plan will submit to the Director a certified copy of the fidelity bond or equivalent coverage, as prescribed under Section 41-4014(3), Idaho Code.
- **02. Scope of Coverage**. The fidelity bond or equivalent coverage will cover every trustee, officer, director, and employee of the plan.
- **03.** Cancellation of Bond Requirements. The fidelity bond or equivalent coverage needs to contain language stating that it is noncancellable except upon not less than thirty (30) days advance notice in writing to the trustee and the Director. A copy of any notice cancelling a bond prescribed under Title 41, Chapter 40, Idaho Code, is to be forwarded to the Director by the surety at the same time it is forwarded to the trustee.
- **04.** Third Party Administrator. Any party that provides any one of the following services to the plan needs to be licensed as a third party administrator:
 - a. Directly or indirectly underwrites; ()
 - **b.** Collects or handles charges or contributions; or
 - c. Adjusts or settles claims on members or beneficiaries of the plan.

028. CONTRIBUTION RATES.

- **01. Contribution Rate Calculation**. Contribution rates will be calculated at least annually by a qualified actuary. The contribution rate calculations should break down and designate the rate for the employer and the rate per employee, or the rate for the postsecondary educational institution and the rate per student.
- **02. Employer Contributions**. Employer contributions will be based on filed rates, paid in advance on a periodic basis during the period of coverage or at the beginning of the period of coverage.
- **03. Annual Filing of Rates**. The annual filing of rates with the Director will include a breakdown as prescribed under Subsection 028.01.

029. CONTRACTS AND SERVICES.

01. Affiliated Contracts. All contracts for goods or services provided to the plan by any plan sponsor, employer, third party administrator, or other affiliated entity or employee or agent thereof, will be in writing, setting forth in detail the rights and duties of each party to the writing; regardless of whether compensation, fees, or other consideration is paid or exchanged directly or indirectly.

IDAPA 18.04.05 Self-Funded Health Care Plans Rule

02.	Contracts for Serv	ices. All contrac	ets for services	directly affec	ting the plan	including,	but not
limited to, accou	inting services, legal	services, custod	lial agreements	, and agreeme	nts for lease,	rent, or in	surance
coverage to be pe	erformed or entered in	ito on behalf of t	he plan will be	agreed to by th	e board of tru	stees and tl	he other
party.			-				()

- **03.** Recordkeeping and Writing. Contracts and agreements valued at greater than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) entered into by the plan, will be in writing and approved by resolution of the board of trustees, and placed in the minutes and records of the plan.
- **04.** Fiduciary Duty. By entering into contracts and agreements, the trustees are not permitted to transfer or avoid their statutory fiduciary responsibilities.

030. RECORDS.

- **01. Board Actions.** Any and all acts, resolutions, appointments, or delegations, or other decisions of the board of trustees will be in writing and placed in the minutes and records of the plan.
- **02. Complete Records.** The full and accurate records and accounts of the plan include, but are not limited to, minutes of the meetings of the board of trustees that document the acts, resolutions, appointments or delegations of the trustees; any and all correspondence between the board of trustees and contractors; accounting and actuarial records; and any and all records, correspondence, minutes, or statements as prescribed by law or the trust agreement.

031. ANNUAL STATEMENT.

The trustee will file an annual statement within ninety (90) days after the close of each fiscal year of the Plan and at such other time as may be determined by the Director. A quarterly statement will be filed with the Director within sixty (60) days of the end of each quarter in a form acceptable to the Director.

032. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.04.06 - GOVERNMENTAL SELF-FUNDED EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE PLANS RULE

000. Title 41,		AUTHORITY. 2, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE .	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.06, "Governmental Self-Funded Employee Health Care Plans Rule."	()
Joint Pu	02. blic Agen	Scope . The purpose of this rule is to supplement the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 41, Idaho acy Self-Funded Health Care Plans by providing:	Cod (le,
	a.	Dates of application for registration;	()
	b.	Requirements for application for registration;	()
	c.	Rules regarding investigation of applications;	()
	d.	Definition of needed liabilities; and establishment of reserve bases; and	()
	e.	To provide an effective date.	()
002 0	20.	(RESERVED)		
between	to qualit	FICATION OF PLAN. fy under Title 41, Chapter 41, Idaho Code, the plan's trust needs to be established by agrelic agency employers or joint powers entity and the trustee of the trust, for the sole purposer benefits to employees of the public agency employer or employers.		
022.	REGIST	TRATION.		
		Registration Requisite . No joint public agency self-funded plan, unless exempted action 41-4103, Idaho Code, will be organized and permitted to operate in the state of Idaho vertee of registration from the Director of insurance.		
or residi	02. ng within	Beneficiary Within State . Registration is mandatory of plans that cover any beneficiary we this state, unless the plans are exempted by Section 41-4103, Idaho Code.	orkii (ng)
023.	APPLIC	CATION FOR REGISTRATION.		
needs to by a des	be certifi scription	Application . The application needs to include each of the requirements set out in Section 41 projected income and disbursement statement referenced in Section 41-4105(2)(d), Idaho ed by an actuary meeting the qualifications of Section 41-4105(2)(d), Idaho Code, and accomo assumptions used in projecting income and disbursements together with bases used to earlier for claims.	Cod pani	de, ed
23, Idah	he extent	Joint Powers Agreement . The joint powers agreement needs to comply with Title 41, Chan not in conflict with Title 41, the joint powers agreement needs to also comply with Title 67, Che joint powers agreement needs to contain, at a minimum, the conditions set forth in Section.	Chapt	ter
	03.	Trust Agreement.	()
		The trust agreement will comply with Title 41, Chapter 41, Idaho Code, and, to the extent e 41, the trust agreement needs to also comply with Title 68, Idaho Code, and Title 15, Chatrust agreement will contain, at a minimum, the conditions set forth in Section 41-4104, Idaho	pter	7,
		The term irrevocable as used in Section 41-4104(1), Idaho Code, means that the plan sower to alter, amend, revoke or terminate the transfer in trust. The trustee may, pursuant to the ment, amend the terms of the trust agreement for the purpose of complying with applicable la	e terr	

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IDAPA 18.04.06 – Governmental Self-Funded Employee Health Care Plans

Departmen	t of Insurance Self-Funded Employee Health Care Plans
04. each trustee	Biographical Affidavit . The application needs to be accompanied by a biographical affidavit for a form acceptable to Director.
The Directo	VESTIGATION OF PROPOSED APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION. r may make an investigation of matters accompanying the application for registration as deeme cluding an examination specified in Section 41-4113, Idaho Code. (
The trust fu	NTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE. Indicate the statement of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions are contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions receivable which are not in excess of the contributions received by the contribution of the con
026. TR	UST FUND RESERVES.
a claim aris	Reserve Requirements. The trust fund of a plan needs to continuously maintain reserves, pursual 4110, Idaho Code, from inception of the plan, sufficient to fully fund payment of all benefits at the times. This reserve needs to adequately provide for all reasonably estimated future claim payment expenses, and litigation expenses on claims which have arisen, including claims incurred but not reported the fits and maternity benefits, if any.
forth the in t	Reserves for Disability Income Benefits. Reserves established for disability income benefits than reserves determined by the Minimum Reserve Standards for Group Health Insurance Contracts she NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual unless it can be proven to the satisfaction of the a lower reserve can be actuarially justified.
	Certification by Actuary. Reserves needs to be certified annually by an actuary who meets the of Section 41-4105(2)(d), Idaho Code, and such certification needs to be accompanied by a statement asses used in reserve determination. The certification will be in a form acceptable to the Director.
04.	Insolvent Condition. (
a. admitted ass	Insolvency means that the plan is unable to pay its obligations when they are due, or when i ets do not exceed its liabilities, including needed reserves.
b. period of tin	If the determination of reserves reveals an insolvent condition, the Director may allow the plan the not exceeding ninety (90) days to accumulate needed reserves.
027. BO	NDING OR DISHONESTY INSURANCE.
01. under Sectio	Certified Copy of Bond . A certified copy of the fidelity bond or dishonesty policy, as prescribe n 41-4114(3), Idaho Code, will be furnished to the Director by the plan.
trustee and t	Cancellation of Bond Requirements. The bond or dishonesty policy will contain language stating or policy is noncancellable except upon not less than thirty (30) days advance notice in writing to the Director. A copy of any notice cancelling a bond or dishonesty policy prescribed under Chapter 41 ded to the Director by the surety or policy provider at the same time it is forwarded to the board.
The trustee such other ti	NUAL STATEMENT. will file an annual statement within ninety (90) days after the close of each fiscal year of the plan and a may be determined by the Director. A quarterly statement will be filed with the Director within year of the end of each quarter in a form acceptable to the Director.

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029. -- 999. (RESERVED)

18.04.08 – INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP SUPPLEMENTARY DISABILITY INSURANCE MINIMUM STANDARDS RULE

000. Title 41		A AUTHORITY. s 2 and 42, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
Standar	01. ds Rule."	Title. IDAPA 18.04.08, "Individual and Group Supplementary Disability Insurance Mi	inimu (ım)
insuranc mislead	ce, to fac	Purpose . The purpose of this chapter is to implement Title 41, Chapters 21, 22, 34, and 42 rdize and simplify the terms and coverages of individual and group supplementary distillate public understanding and comparison of coverage, to eliminate provisions that infusing in connection with the purchase of the coverages or with the settlement of claims, is closure in the marketing and sale of such insurance.	sabili may	ity be
accident insurance	t, or limi	Applicability and Scope. This chapter applies to all individual and group policies and cert all confinement indemnity, disability income protection, accident only, specified disease, speed benefit health coverage, referred to collectively in this chapter as "supplementary died, delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state or to a resident of this state, appear.	pecifi sabili	ed ity
	a.	This chapter applies to dental plans and vision plans only as specified.	()
benefit j	b. plan, or as	This chapter applies to group supplementary plans whether issued to supplement a group sa supplementary plan that pays benefits regardless of other coverage.	heal	lth)
	c.	This chapter does not apply to:	()
certifica	i. ite.	Individual policies or contracts issued pursuant to a conversion privilege under a group po	olicy (or)
	ii.	Policies issued to employees or members as additions to franchise plans.	()
Insuranc	iii. ce Minim	Medicare supplement policies subject to Title 41, Chapter 44, Idaho Code, Medicare Supplem Standards.	oleme (ent)
Insuranc	iv. ce.	Long-term care insurance policies subject to Title 41, Chapter 46, Idaho Code, Long Term	m Ca (ire)
United S	v. States Coo	Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services, Title 10, Chapter 55, de, (CHAMPUS) supplement insurance policies.	of t	he)
	vi.	Individual or group major medical expense coverage, including short-term coverage.	()
002.	INCOR	PORATION BY REFERENCE.		
	01.	Copies. May be obtained from the Idaho Department of Insurance.	()
		Documents Incorporated by Reference . The following Outlines of Coverage and notice ference from the April 1999 version of the NAIC Model Regulation to Implement the Accide Minimum Standards Act:		
	a.	Hospital Confinement Indemnity Coverage.	()
	b.	Disability Income Protection Coverage.	()
	c.	Accident Only Coverage.	()
	d.	Specified Disease.	()
	e.	Specified Accident.	()

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	f.	Limited Benefit Health Coverage.	()
	g.	Dental Plans.	()
	h.	Vision Plans.	()
	i.	Notice to Applicant Regarding Replacement of Accident and Sickness Insurance (direct sale	es). ()
sales).	j.	Notice to Applicant Regarding Placement of Accident and Sickness Insurance (other than	n direc	:t)
003	009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
		Accident Only Coverage . "Accident Only Coverage" means a policy or certificate that p or in combination, for death, dismemberment, disability or hospital and medical care causes not provide coverage for non-accidents.		
for dent	02. tal expens	Dental Coverage . "Dental Coverage" means a policy or certificate that primarily provides bees.	oenefit (s)
		Disability Income Protection Coverage . "Disability Income Protection Coverage" means a provides for periodic payments, weekly or monthly, for a specified period during the continuing from either sickness or injury or a combination of both.		
on an i		Hospital Confinement Indemnity Coverage . "Hospital Confinement Indemnity Correctificate of accident and sickness insurance that provides daily benefits for hospital confirmation basis, meaning the benefit is a fixed dollar amount per day of confinement, regardless d.	nemen	ıt
certifica chapter.		Limited Benefit Health Coverage. "Limited Benefit Health Coverage" means a porovides benefits that are less than the minimum standards under Sections 035 through 039	olicy of of thi	r s)
acciden	06. t and sick	Major Medical Expense Coverage . "Major Medical Expense Coverage" means a potential insurance that provides hospital, medical and surgical expense coverage.	olicy o	f)
		Specified Accident Coverage . "Specified Accident Coverage" means a policy or certific ge for a specifically identified kind of accident (or accidents) for each person insured unidental death or accidental death and dismemberment combined.		
benefits	08. s only after	Specified Disease Coverage . "Specified Disease Coverage" means a policy or certificate the the diagnosis of a specifically named disease or diseases.	at pay (s)
for visio	09. on expens	Vision Coverage . "Vision Coverage" means a policy or certificate that primarily provides bees.	oenefit (s)
	as provid	Y DEFINITIONS AND TERMS. led in this chapter, an insurance policy or certificate to which this chapter applies will not restrictive than the following:	includ (e)
		Accident . "Accident," "accidental injury," and "accidental" is to employ "result" language words that establish an accidental means test or use words such as "external, violent, lar words of description or characterization.		

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	"Injury" or "injuries" means accidental bodily injury sustained by the insured persof the condition for which benefits are provided, independent of disease or bodily infirmity toccurs while the insurance is in force.	on that is the or any other	
b.	It may exclude injuries for which benefits are provided:	()	
i.	Under workers' compensation, employers' liability, or similar law; or	()	
ii. coordination o	Under a motor vehicle no-fault plan, unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan plan f benefits; or	provides for	
iii. business, emp	For injuries occurring while the insured person is engaged in any activity pertaining loyment or occupation for wage or profit.	g to a trade,	
02. nursing facilit	Convalescent Nursing Home . "Convalescent nursing home," "extended care facility, y" is to be defined in relation to its status, facility and available services.	or "skilled"	
a.	Such home or facility is to:	()	
i.	Be operated pursuant to law;	()	
ii. Medicare bene	Be approved for payment of Medicare benefits or be qualified to receive approval for effits, if so requested;	r payment of	
iii. care under the	Be primarily engaged in providing, in addition to room and board accommodations, sk supervision of a duly licensed physician;	tilled nursing	
iv. registered nur	Provide continuous twenty-four (24) hours per day nursing service by or under the supse; and	pervision of a	
v.	Maintain a daily medical record of each patient.	()	
b.	The definition of the home or facility may provide that the term will not be inclusive or	of: ()	
i.	A home, facility or part of a home or facility used primarily for rest;	()	
ii.	A home or facility for the aged or for the care of drug addicts or alcoholics; or	()	
iii. custodial or ed	A home or facility primarily used for the care and treatment of mental diseases or disclucational care.	orders, or for	
03. Medicare, or t requirements:	Home Health Care Agency . "Home health care agency" means an agency app hat is licensed to provide home health care under applicable state law, or that meets all of t	roved under the following	
a.	It is primarily engaged in providing home health care services;	()	
b. physician and	Its policies are established by a group of professional personnel (including at loone (1) registered nurse);	east one (1)	
c.	A physician or a registered nurse provides supervision of home health care services;	()	
d.	It maintains clinical records on all patients; and	()	
e.	It has a full-time administrator.	()	

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04. that provides a fo	Hospice . "Hospice" means a facility licensed, certified or registered in accordance with stormal program of care that is:	ate la	iw)
a.	For terminally ill patients whose life expectancy is less than six (6) months;	()
b.	Provided on an inpatient or outpatient basis; and	()
c.	Directed by a physician.	()
	Hospital . "Hospital" is to be defined in relation to its status, facilities and available service litation by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Accreditation of by Medicare.		
a.	The hospital may:	()
i.	Be an institution licensed to operate as a hospital pursuant to law;	()
medical, diagnos	Be primarily and continuously engaged in providing or operating, either on its premise to the hospital on a prearranged basis and under the supervision of a staff of licensed physician and major surgical facilities for the medical care and treatment of sick or injured person or which a charge is made; and	siciar	1S,
iii.	Provide twenty-four (24) hour nursing service by or under the supervision of registered nurs	ses.)
b. qualifications set	The term will not be inclusive of the following, unless the facility otherwise merforth at Paragraph 011.05.a. of this Section:	ets t	he)
i.	Convalescent homes or, convalescent, rest, or nursing facilities;	()
ii.	Facilities affording primarily custodial, educational, or rehabilitory care;	()
iii.	Facilities for the aged, drug addicts, or alcoholics; or	()
	A military or veterans' hospital, a soldiers' home or a hospital contracted for or operated nent or government agency for the treatment of members or ex-members of the armed forces, lered on an emergency basis where a legal liability for the patient exists for charges made exervices.	exce	pt
06. neurosis, psychol	Mental Disorders or Nervous Disorders. "Mental disorders" or "nervous disorders" in neurosis, psychosis, or mental or emotional disease or disorder of any kind.	nclud (es)
specific instruction who qualifies und	Nurse . "Nurse" may be restricted to a type of nurse, such as registered nurse, a licensed posed vocational nurse. If the words "nurse," "trained nurse" or "registered nurse" are used to on, then the use of these terms necessitates the insurer to recognize the services of any indicate the terminology in accordance with the applicable statutes or administrative rules of the lice of the state of Idaho.	witho lividu	ut ial
hospital occurs v	One Period of Confinement. "One (1) period of confinement" means consecutive days received as an in-patient, or successive confinements when discharge from and readmission within a period of time not more than ninety (90) days or three (3) times the maximum nural coverage provided by the policy to a maximum of one hundred eighty (180) days.	ı to t	he
	Partial Disability . "Partial disability" is in relation to the individual's inability to perform of the "major," "important" or "essential" duties of employment or occupation, or may be related worked or to a specified number of hours or to compensation.		

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10.	Preexisting Condition. "Preexisting condition" is:	()
a. care or treatr	A condition that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical advicement during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;	e, diagnosis,
b. during the si	A condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended x (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or	or received
c.	A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.	()
11. or related ser	Provider . "Provider" means a person or entity that, as necessary, is licensed to provide vices.	health care
employment A policy that needs to be or residual benefithe insurer r	Residual Disability. "Residual disability" is in relation to the individual's reduction related either to the inability to perform some part of the "major," "important," or "essentia or occupation, or to the inability to perform all usual business duties for as long as is usuall t provides for residual disability benefits may impose a qualification period, during which continuously totally disabled before residual disability benefits are payable. The qualification effits may be longer than the elimination period for total disability. In lieu of the term "residual may use "proportionate disability" or other term of similar import that in the opinion of and fairly describes the benefit.	al duties" of y necessary. the insured on period for l disability,"
	Sickness or Illness . "Sickness or illness" means sickness or disease of an insured of after the effective date of insurance and while the insurance is in force. It may exclude which benefits are provided under a worker's compensation, occupational disease, employers	sickness or
14.	Total Disability. "Total disability" is in accordance with the following limitations:	()
a. he or she is employment	The individual who is totally disabled not be engaged in any employment or occupation becomes qualified by reason of education, training or experience, and is not in fact engor occupation for wage or profit.	on for which gaged in any
b. to be based s	Total disability may be defined in relation to the inability of the person to perform duti olely upon an individual's inability to:	es but is not
i. occupation";	Perform "any occupation whatsoever," "any occupational duty," or "any and every or	duty of his
ii.	Engage in a training or rehabilitation program.	()
	An insurer may stipulate the complete inability of the person to perform all of the subject of his or her regular occupation or words of similar import. An insurer may stipulate than the insured or a member of the insured's immediate family.	
012 019.	(RESERVED)	
020. BA	NNED POLICY PROVISIONS.	

- **01. Probationary or Waiting Period**. Except as provided in Subsection 011.10 pertaining to the definition of a preexisting condition or Paragraph 038.02.e. of this chapter regarding specified disease coverage, a policy or certificate will not contain provisions establishing a probationary or waiting period during which no coverage is provided under the policy or certificate. Accident policies will not contain probationary or waiting periods.
- **02.** Additional Coverage as Dividend. A policy or rider for additional coverage will not be issued as a dividend unless an equivalent cash payment is offered as an alternative to the dividend policy or rider. A dividend

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policy or rider fo	r additional coverage will not be issued for an initial term of less than six (6) months.	()
a. that the policyhorenewal is option	The initial renewal subsequent to the issuance of a policy or rider as a dividend will clearly older is renewing the coverage that was provided as a dividend for the previous term and hal.	
premium" or "ca greater than the a policies is adequ except return of	Return of Premium or Cash Value Benefit. A disability income policy, accident only policy, specified disease policy or hospital confinement indemnity policy may contain a "resh value benefit" so long as the return of premium or cash value benefit is not reduced by an aggregate of claims paid under the policy, and the insurer demonstrates that the reserve basis ate. No other policy subject to this chapter is to provide a return of premium or cash value unearned premium upon termination or suspension of coverage, retroactive waiver of premiur payment of dividends on participating policies, or experience rating refunds.	eturn of amount s for the benefit
04. treatment or med limitations or except	Exclusions . A policy or certificate will not limit or exclude coverage by type of illness, a dical condition, except that a policy or certificate may include one (1) or more of the foclusions:	
a.	Preexisting conditions or diseases, except for congenital anomalies of a covered dependent	child;
b.	Mental or emotional disorders, alcoholism and drug addiction;	()
c.	Pregnancy, except for complications of pregnancy;	()
d.	Illness, treatment or medical condition arising out of:	()
i. service in the arm	War or act of war (whether declared or undeclared); participation in a felony, riot or insurred forces or units auxiliary to it;	ections:
ii.	Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide or intentionally self-inflicted injury;	()
iii.	Professional aviation for wage or profit; and	()
iv.	With respect to disability income protection policies, incarceration.	()
reconstructive su	Cosmetic surgery, except that "cosmetic surgery" will not include reconstructive surgery with the confollows surgery resulting from trauma, infection or other diseases of the involvingery because of congenital disease or anomaly of a covered dependent child; or involving complications related to a cosmetic procedure;	ed part
f. symptomatic con	Foot care in connection with corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot supplaints of the feet;	strain or
imbalance, distor	Care in connection with the detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of st rtion, or subluxation in the human body for purposes of removing nerve interference and the nterference is the result of or related to distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in the vertical contents of the result	e effects
liability or occup coordination of b	Benefits in excess of Medicare eligible expense, if enrolled in Medicare or other gover. Medicaid), or benefits provided under a state or federal worker's compensation law, entational disease law, or motor vehicle no-fault law unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan provenefits; services performed by a member of the covered person's immediate family; and services normally made in the absence of insurance;	nployers ides for
i.	Dental care or treatment;	()

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	j.	Eye glasses and the examination for the prescription, or fitting of them;	()
	k.	Rest cures, custodial care, transportation, and routine physical examinations;	()
	l.	Territorial limitations;	()
in cognithirty-six	tive or sp x (36) mo	Hearing aids, auditory osseointegrated (bone conduction) devices, cochlear implant or fitting of them, except for congenital or acquired hearing loss that without intervention may be each development deficits of a covered dependent child, covering not less than one (1) device on this per ear with loss and not less than forty-five (45) language/speech therapy visits during this after delivery of the covered device.	y resu ce eve	ılt ry
the police	cy or cer	Missed or canceled appointments; completion of claim forms or records copying; failure to vere the facility's established discharge hour; educational and training services except as provitificate; over the counter medical supplies, consumable or disposable supplies, including stockings, ace bandages, gauze, alcohol swabs or dressings;	ided ł	эу
acting w	o. vithin the	Treatment, services or supplies not prescribed by or upon the direction of a licensed prescope of his or her license;	rovide (er,)
provideo	p. d by an ex	Services rendered prior to the effective date of coverage or after termination of coverage, extension of benefits provision, and;	ccept :	as)
salpingo	q. plasties.	The reversal of an elective sterilization procedure, including but not limited to vasovasosto	mies (or)
	05.	Preexisting Conditions.	()
expenses		Except as provided in this subsection, a policy will not deny, exclude or limit benefits for of d more than twelve (12) months following the effective date of the coverage due to a pred		
		For policies other than disability income or specified disease, an individual carrier will not pect to an individual or dependent through riders, endorsements, or otherwise, to restrict or difficulty named preexisting diseases or conditions otherwise covered by the policy.		
021 0	29.	(RESERVED)		
030.	MINIM	IUM STANDARDS FOR BENEFITS.		
not be o minimus limited b	ffered, de m standa penefit he	Minimum Standards. The following minimum standards for benefits are prescribed rerage noted in Sections 035 through 040 of this chapter. Such an insurance policy or certific elivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state or to a resident of this state unless it merds for the specified categories or the Director finds that the policies or contracts are allowed the ealth insurance, and the outline of coverage complies with the applicable model outline of coverage. An insurer will deliver an outline of coverage to an applicant or enrollee with the specific coverage.	ate wate water the control of the co	ill he as ge
occurrer addition	nce of an , the poli	Renewability . A "noncancellable," "guaranteed renewable," or "noncancellable and guaranteed retrificate will not provide for termination of coverage of the spouse solely because event specified for termination of coverage of the insured, other than nonpayment of premicy will provide that in the event of the insured's death, the spouse of the insured, if covered unmet the insured.	e of tl	he In
		The terms "noncancellable," "guaranteed renewable," or "noncancellable and gua not be used without further explanatory language in accordance with the disclosure requirem is chapter.	rantee nents	ed of)

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- **b.** The terms "noncancellable" or "noncancellable and guaranteed renewable" may be used only in a policy that the insured has the right to continue in force by the timely payment of premiums set forth in the policy, during which period the insurer has no right to make unilaterally any change in any provision of the policy while the policy is in force.
- c. An individual accident and sickness or individual accident-only policy that provides for periodic payments, weekly or monthly, for a specified period during the continuance of disability resulting from accident or sickness may provide that the insured has the right to continue the policy only to age sixty (60) if, at age sixty (60), the insured has the right to continue the policy in force at least to age sixty-five (65) while actively and regularly employed.
- d. Except as provided in Subsection 030.02 of this chapter, (the term "guaranteed renewable" may be used only in a policy that the insured has the right to continue in force by the timely payment of premiums and, until the age of sixty-five (65) or until eligibility for Medicare and to the extent not in conflict with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), during which period the insurer has no right to make unilaterally any change in any provision of the policy while the policy is in force, except where the insurer is able to show good cause for changing the policy provisions and obtains prior written approval from the Director. The insurer may make changes in premium rates by classes.
- **03.** Age and Durational Requirements. In a policy covering both husband and wife, the age of the younger spouse will be used as the basis for meeting the age and durational requirements of the definitions of "noncancellable" or "guaranteed renewable." However, this provision will not mandate termination of coverage of the older spouse upon attainment of the stated age so long as the policy may be continued in force as to the younger spouse as the insured to the age or for the durational period as specified in the policy.
- **04.** Accidental Death and Dismemberment Coverage. When accidental death and dismemberment coverage is part of the policy coverage offered under the contract, the insured will have the option to include all insureds under the coverage.
- **05. Military Service Limitations.** If a policy contains a status-type military service exclusion or a provision that suspends coverage during military service, the policy will provide, upon receipt of written request, for refund of premiums as applicable to the person on a pro rata basis.
- **96. Pregnancy Benefit Extension**. In the event the insurer cancels or refuses to renew, policies providing pregnancy benefits will provide for an extension of benefits as to pregnancy commencing while the policy is in force and for which benefits would have been payable had the policy remained in force.
- **07.** Convalescent or Extended Care Benefits. Policies providing convalescent or extended care benefits following hospitalization will not condition the benefits upon admission to the convalescent or extended care facility within a period of less than fourteen (14) days after discharge from the hospital.
- **08.** Coverage of Dependents. A policy's coverage will continue for a dependent child who is incapable of self-sustaining employment due to intellectual disability or physical disability on the date that the child's coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy due to the attainment of a specified age for children and who is chiefly dependent on the insured for support and maintenance. The policy may stipulate that the company receives due proof of the incapacity within thirty-one (31) days of the date in order for the insured to elect to continue the policy in force with respect to the child, or that a separate converted policy be issued at the option of the insured or policyholder. Provisions relating to coverage of dependents with intellectual disabilities or physical disabilities need meet the requirements of Sections 41-2139 and 41-2203, Idaho Code.
- **09. Expenses of Live Donor**. A policy providing coverage for the recipient in a transplant operation will also provide reimbursement of any medical expenses of a live donor to the extent that benefits remain and are available under the recipient's policy or certificate, after benefits for the recipient's own expenses have been paid.
 - 10. Recurrent Disabilities. A policy may contain a provision relating to recurrent disabilities, but a

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provision relating to recurrent disabilities will not specify that a recurrent disability be separated by a period greater

than six (6) months. Accidental Death and Dismemberment. Accidental death and dismemberment benefits will be payable if the loss occurs within ninety (90) days from the date of the accident, irrespective of total disability. Disability income benefits, if provided, will not require the loss to commence less than thirty (30) days after the date of accident, nor will any policy that the insurer cancels or refuses to renew require that it be in force at the time disability commences if the accident occurred while the coverage was in force. Specific Dismemberment Benefits. Specific dismemberment benefits will not be in lieu of other benefits unless the specific benefit equals or exceeds the other benefits. **Extension of Benefits.** Termination of the policy will be without prejudice to a continuous loss that commenced while the policy or certificate was in force. Such extension of benefits beyond the period during which the policy was in force may be conditioned upon the continuous total disability of the insured, limited to the duration of the policy benefit period, if any, or payment of the maximum benefits. Fractures or Dislocations. A policy providing coverage for fractures or dislocations will not provide benefits only for "full or complete" fractures or dislocations. 031. -- 034. (RESERVED) 035. HOSPITAL CONFINEMENT INDEMNITY COVERAGE. 01. **Minimum Standards for Benefits.** The following minimum standards apply:) Provides daily benefits for hospital confinement on an indemnity basis in an amount not less than forty dollars (\$40) per day; and Provides benefits for not less than thirty-one (31) days during each period of confinement for each person insured under the policy. Benefits will be paid regardless of other coverage. 02. Banned Policy or Certificate Provisions. Policies may contain a "return of premium" or "cash value benefit" so long as the return of premium or cash value benefit is not reduced by an amount greater than the aggregate of claims paid under the policy or certificate, and the insurer demonstrates that the reserve basis for the policies is adequate. Policies providing hospital confinement indemnity coverage will not contain provisions excluding coverage because of confinement in a hospital operated by the federal government. Policies or certificates which include additional indemnity coverage on a basis other than per day of

confinement will not be considered hospital confinement coverage. 03. **Disclosure Provisions.**

All hospital confinement indemnity policies and certificates will display prominently on the first page of the policy or certificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the policy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This is a hospital

confinement indemnity (policy) (certificate). This (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."

Outlines of coverage delivered in connection with "Hospital Confinement Indemnity Coverage" to persons eligible for Medicare by reason of age will contain the following language in boldface type on the first page of the outline of coverage: "THIS IS NOT A MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT POLICY. If you are eligible for Medicare,

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review t	the 'Guid	e to Health Insurance for People with Medicare' available from the company."	()
18.04.10	c. 0, "Rule t	An insurer will deliver to persons eligible for Medicare any notice prescribed under o Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act."	IDAP	A
			()
036.	DISAB	ILITY INCOME PROTECTION COVERAGE.		
protection	01. on covera	Minimum Standards for Benefits . The following minimum standards apply to disability age:	incon (1e)
the basis	a. s of age a	Provides that periodic payments that are payable at ages after sixty-two (62) and reduced so re at least fifty percent (50%) of amounts payable immediately prior to sixty-two (62);	olely o	n)
	b.	Contains an elimination period no greater than:	()
	i.	Ninety (90) days in the case of a coverage providing a benefit of one year (1) or less;	()
year but	ii. not grea	One hundred and eighty (180) days in the case of coverage providing a benefit of more than ter than two (2) years; or	one (1)
from sic	iii. kness or	Three hundred sixty-five (365) days in all other cases during the continuance of disability reinjury;	esultir (ng)
No redu period.	c. action in b	Has a maximum period of time for which it is payable during disability of at least six (6) rependits is put into effect because of an increase in Social Security or similar benefits during a	month benef	s. fit)
	02.	Banned Policy Provisions.	()
eliminat	a. tion perio	Where a policy provides total disability benefits and partial disability benefits, only d may be applied.	one (1)
		A disability income policy may contain a "return of premium" or "cash value benefit" so mium or cash value benefit is not reduced by an amount greater than the aggregate of claim and the insurer demonstrates that the reserve basis for the policies is adequate.		
		Disability income benefits will not require the loss to commence less than thirty (30) days a nor will any policy that the insurer cancels or refuses to renew require that it be in force at tences if the accident occurred while the coverage was in force.		
benefits	d. during a	No reduction in benefits will be put into effect because of an increase in Social Security or benefit period.	simil	ar)
	e.	No policy or certificate may use activities of daily living to define partial or total disability.	()
first pag or caption	03. ge of the pons of sec	Disclosure Provisions . All disability income protection policies will display prominently policy, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for he ctions in the policy the following: "Notice to Buyer: This is a disability income protection po	eading	gs
037.	ACCID	ENT ONLY COVERAGE.		
coverag	01.	Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to accide	nt on	ly)

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one thou	a. sand doll	Accidental death and double dismemberment amounts under the policy or certificate are ars $(\$1,000)$;	at leas	st)
	b.	A single dismemberment amount is at least five hundred dollars (\$500); and	()
	c.	Benefits for disability, hospital or medical care will be as defined in the policy or certificate	. ()
waiting p	02. periods.	Banned Policy Provisions. Accident only policies or certificates will not contain probation	nary o	or)
	03.	Disclosure Provisions.	()
headings is an acc	or caption	All accident-only policies and certificates will contain a prominent statement on the first tificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size of type upons of sections in the policy or certificate, a prominent statement as follows: "Notice to Buy (policy) (certificate) and it does not pay benefits for loss from sickness. Review your (ally."	ised fo er: Th	is
	al cause	An accident-only policy or certificate providing benefits that vary according to the will prominently set forth in the outline of coverage the circumstances under which benefits than the maximum amount payable under the policy or certificate.		
contain the benefits.	c. the follow Benefits	Accident-only policies or certificates that provide coverage for hospital or medical cawing statement in addition to the Notice to Buyer: "This (policy) (certificate) provides provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."	are wi limite (ll d)
038.	SPECIF	TIED DISEASE COVERAGE.		
••••				
coverage	01. e:	Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to specified	diseas	e)
coverage	a.	Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to specified Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs aragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section.	()
coverage	a.	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs caragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0	to mee) et)
coverage the stand 01.g. of t disease (aggregat	 a. b. this section c. (or disease benefit 	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs caragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0	to med ()1.d., o () name overa) et) or) d ll
coverage the stand 01.g. of t disease (aggregat years for	a. lards of P b. this section c. (or disease benefit at least t	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs caragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0 on. Non-cancer Coverages with Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically ses) with a deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and an limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than	to med ()1.d., o () name overa) et) or) d ll
the stand 01.g. of t disease (aggregat years for	a. lards of P b. this section c. (or disease benefit at least t	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs caragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0 on. Non-cancer Coverages with Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically ses) with a deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and an limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than the following incurred expenses:	to med ()1.d., o () name overa) et) or) d ll
the stand 01.g. of the disease (aggregatyears for	a. lards of P b. this section c. (or disease benefit at least the	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs caragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0 on. Non-cancer Coverages with Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically ses) with a deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and an limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than the following incurred expenses: Hospital room and board and any other hospital furnished medical services or supplies;	to med ()1.d., o () name overa) et) or) d ll
the stand 01.g. of the disease (aggregaty ears for	a. lards of P b. this section c. (or disease benefit at least the initial init	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs caragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0 on. Non-cancer Coverages with Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically ses) with a deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and an limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than the following incurred expenses: Hospital room and board and any other hospital furnished medical services or supplies; Treatment by a legally qualified physician or surgeon;	to med ()1.d., o () name overa) et) or) d ll
the stand 01.g. of the disease (aggregaty ears for	a. lards of P b. this section c. (or disease benefit at least the initial init	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs caragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0 on. Non-cancer Coverages with Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically ses) with a deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and an limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than the following incurred expenses: Hospital room and board and any other hospital furnished medical services or supplies; Treatment by a legally qualified physician or surgeon; Private duty services of a registered nurse (R.N.);	to med ()1.d., o () name overa) et) or) d ll
the stand 01.g. of the disease (aggregatyears for	a. lards of P b. this section c. (or disease benefit at least to ii. iii. iii.	Coverage for cancer only or cancer in conjunction with other conditions or diseases needs aragraphs 01.e., 01.f., or 01.g. of this section. Coverage for specified diseases other than cancer meets the standards of Paragraphs 01.c., 0 on. Non-cancer Coverages with Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a specifically ses) with a deductible amount not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and an limit of not less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than the following incurred expenses: Hospital room and board and any other hospital furnished medical services or supplies; Treatment by a legally qualified physician or surgeon; Private duty services of a registered nurse (R.N.); X-ray, radium and other therapy procedures used in diagnosis and treatment;	to med ()1.d., o () name overa) et) or) d ll

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vi	iii.	The rental of an iron lung or similar mechanical apparatus;	()
ix of the disea		Braces, crutches, and wheel chairs deemed necessary by the attending physician for the tro	eatme:	nt)
x. insured to		Emergency transportation if in the opinion of the attending physician it is necessary to transprobably for treatment of the disease; and	port tl	he)
xi	i.	May include coverage of any other expenses necessarily incurred in the treatment of the dis	ease.)
five thousa	ease (or and dol	Non-cancer Coverages without Deductible. Coverage for each insured person for a spectral diseases) with no deductible amount, and an overall aggregate benefit limit of not less than llars (\$25,000) payable at the rate of not less than fifty dollars (\$50) a day while confine fit period of not less than five hundred (500) days.	twen	ty
supplies, c deductible	or in concare, are amound nousand	Cancer-only or Combination Expense Policies. Coverage for each insured person for cancer mbination with one (1) or more other specified diseases on an expense incurred basis for so and treatment of cancer, in amounts not in excess of the usual and customary charges, at not in excess of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), and an overall aggregate benefit limit of dollars (\$10,000) and a benefit period of not less than three (3) years for at least the foons:	ervice with not le	es, a
i.		Treatment by, or under the direction of, a legally qualified physician or surgeon;	()
ii.		X-ray, radium, chemotherapy and other therapy procedures used in diagnosis and treatment	;)
iii	i.	Hospital room and board and any other hospital furnished medical services or supplies;	()
iv	7.	Blood transfusions and their administration, including expense incurred for blood donors;	()
v.		Drugs and medicines prescribed by a physician;	()
vi	i.	Professional ambulance for local service to or from a local hospital;	()
vi	ii.	Private duty services of a registered nurse provided in a hospital;	()
vi the disease		Braces, crutches, and wheelchairs deemed necessary by the attending physician for the treat	ment (of)
ix insured to		Emergency transportation if in the opinion of the attending physician it is necessary to transprobably for treatment of the disease; and	port th	he)
treatment v	alth car will be s start.	Home health care that is necessary care and treatment provided at the insured person's residere agency or by others under arrangements made with a home health care agency. The progrescribed in writing by the insured person's attending physician, who will approve the properties that hospital confinement would be otherwise necessary. Home heapen the properties of the progression of the properties of the progression of the properties of the pr	gram (progra	of m
(1 practical n		Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing services provided by a registered nurse or a l	icense	ed)
under the s		Part-time or intermittent home health aide services that provide supportive services in th sion of a registered nurse or a physical, speech, or hearing occupational therapists;	e hon	ne)

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((3)	Physical, occupational, or speech and hearing therapy;	()
	and labo	Medical supplies, drugs, and medicines prescribed by a physician and related pharmacoratory services to the extent the charges or costs would have been covered if the insured persospital;		
X	κi.	Therapy, including physical, speech, hearing, and occupational therapy;	()
	cii. ressings	Special equipment including hospital bed, toilette, pulleys, wheelchairs, aspirator, chux, or, rubber shields, colostomy, and ileostomy appliances;	oxyge (n,)
X	ciii.	Prosthetic devices including wigs and artificial breasts;	()
Х	κiν.	Nursing home care for non-custodial services; and	()
Х	ζV.	Reconstructive surgery when deemed necessary by the attending physician.	()
f	ř.	Per Diem Cancer Coverages. Cancer coverages on a per diem indemnity basis includes:	()
for at leas		A fixed-sum payment of at least one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day of hospital configundred sixty-five (365) days;	neme (nt)
	pital out	A fixed-sum payment equal to one-half (1/2) the hospital inpatient benefit for each day of lapatient surgery, chemotherapy and radiation therapy, for at least three hundred sixty-five (36)		
	inistratio	A fixed-sum payment of at least fifty dollars (\$50) per day for blood and plasma, which is on whether received as an inpatient or outpatient for at least three hundred sixty-five (365)		
payable as of the spec	s a fixed	Lump Sum Indemnity Coverage. Lump sum indemnity coverage for any specified disease I, one-time payment made within thirty (30) days of submission to the insurer of proof of disease.		
i		Dollar benefits may only be in increments of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).	()
diseases, exception	. In the	Where coverage is advertised or otherwise represented to offer generic coverage of a distant amounts will be payable regardless of the particular subtype of the disease we case of clearly identifiable subtypes with significantly lower treatments costs, lesser amount g as the policy or certificate clearly differentiates that subtype and its benefits.	ith or	ne
will provi		Hospice Care. Hospice care is optional and does not cover non-terminally ill patients. If of	fered, (it)
i statement		Eligibility for payment of benefits when the attending physician of the insured provides a insured person has a life expectancy of six (6) months or less;	writte (en)
i	i.	A fixed-sum payment of at least fifty dollars (\$50) per day; and	()
i	ii.	A lifetime maximum benefit limit of at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).	()
care are o		Nursing Home Care. Benefits for skilled nursing home confinement or the receipt of home If offered, it will provide:	e heal	th)
i skilled nu		A fixed-sum payment equal to one-fourth (1/4) the hospital in-patient benefit for each ome confinement for at least one hundred (100) days, but no more restrictive than under Med		

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	fixed-sum payment equal to one-fourth $(1/4)$ the hospital in-patient benefit for each day of host one hundred (100) days, but no more restrictive than under Medicare; and	ome)
coverage if the care some later date (bu	enefit payments begin with the first day of care or confinement after the effective date or confinement is for a covered disease even though the diagnosis of a covered disease is mad it not retroactive more than thirty (30) days from the date of diagnosis) if the initial care r diagnosis or treatment of the covered disease.	le at
incurred basis, either	anned Policy or Certificate Provisions . Except for cancer coverage provided on an exper er as cancer-only coverage or in combination with one or more other specified diseases, ly to specified disease coverages in addition to all other requirements imposed by this chapter following govern:	the
	plicies covering a single specified disease or combination of specified diseases are not to be sther than as specified disease coverage under this Section.	sold)
	ny policy issued pursuant to this Section that conditions payment upon pathological diagnosi ill also provide that if the pathological diagnosis is medically inappropriate, a clinical diagnotead.	
to any covered perso	otwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, specified disease policies will provide benefin not only for the specified diseases but also for any other conditions or diseases, directly cause specified diseases or the treatment of the specified disease.	
d. Increnewable.	dividual accident and sickness policies containing specified disease coverage will be guarant	eed)
thirty (30) days. A	o policy issued pursuant to this Section contains a waiting or probationary period greater to specified disease policy may contain a waiting or probationary period following the issue of the policy or certificate in respect to a particular covered person before the coverage become overed person.	e or
	except for lump sum indemnity coverage, payments may be conditioned upon an insured person necessary care, given in a medically appropriate location, under a medically accepted course ent.	
g. Be	enefits will be paid regardless of other coverage. ()
the first day of care	fter the effective date of the coverage (or applicable waiting period, if any) benefits begins very or confinement if the care or confinement is for a covered disease even though the diagnosidate. The retroactive application of the coverage is not to be less than ninety (90) days prior to	is is
limited amount of ex	plicies providing expense benefits will not use the term "actual" when the policy only pays up xpenses. Instead, the term "charge" or substantially similar language should be used that does or deceptive effect of the phrase "actual charges."	
condition means a c	reexisting condition will not be defined to be more restrictive than the following: "Preexist condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or receithin the six (6) month period preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person."	
	overage for specified diseases will not be excluded due to a preexisting condition for a per (12) months following the effective date of coverage of an insured person unless the preexist ally excluded.	

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18.04.08 – Individual & Group Supplementary Disability Insurance Minimum Standards

	03.	Disclosure Provisions.	()
XIX pro	gram (M	An application or enrollment form for specified disease coverage will contain a statement all pplicant or enrollee that a person to be covered for specified disease is not also covered by a edicaid, or any similar name). The statement may be combined with any other statement for equest the applicant's or enrollee's signature.	ny Tit	le
certifica (policy)	te a pron (certifica	All specified disease policies and certificates will contain on the first page in either corace type at least equal to the size type used for headings or captions of sections in the patient statement as follows: "Notice to Buyer: This is a specified disease (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental and are not intended to a Read your (policy) (certificate) carefully with the outline of coverage."	olicy (te). Th	or is
coverage	e: "THIS	Outlines of coverage delivered in connection with "Specified Disease" to persons eligion of age will contain the following language in boldface type on the first page of the outlier IS NOT A MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT POLICY. If you are eligible for Medicare, rev. Insurance for People with Medicare' available from the company."	itline	of
18.04.10	d.), "Rule t	An insurer will deliver to persons eligible for Medicare any notice prescribed under o Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act."	IDAP	A)
039.	SPECIF	FIED ACCIDENT COVERAGE.		
coverage	01. e:	Minimum Standards for Benefits. The following minimum standards apply to specified	accide	nt)
	a.	A benefit amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for accidental death;	()
	b.	A benefit amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for double dismemberment; a	nd ()
	c.	A benefit amount not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) for single dismemberment.	()
or waitii	02. ng period	Banned Policy or Certificate Provisions . Specified accident policies will not contain probs.	ationa:	ry)
	03.	Disclosure Provisions.	()
		Specified accident policies or certificates that provide coverage for hospital or medical cwing statement in addition to the Notice to Buyer: "This (policy) (certificate) provides provided are supplemental and are not intended to cover all medical expenses."		
headings is an ac	s or capti	All specified accident policies and certificates will contain a prominent statement on the fivertificate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size of type to one of sections in the policy or certificate, a prominent statement as follows: "Notice to Buy (policy) (certificate) and it does not pay benefits for loss from sickness. Review your fully."	used for ver: Th	or is
040.	LIMITI	ED BENEFIT HEALTH COVERAGE.		
	01.	Minimum Standards.	()
this state	a. e or to a r	Limited Benefit Health Coverage will not be offered, delivered, issued for delivery, or renesident of this state unless approved by the Director prior to use.	/	in)
	b.	A policy covering a single specified disease or combination of diseases will not be offered	for sa	le

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as "limi	ted benef	ı̃t" coverage.	(
Medicar Title 41	c. re suppler , Chapter	Section 040 does not apply to policies designed to provide coverage for long-term car ment insurance, as defined in Title 41, Chapter 46, Idaho Code, "Long-Term Care Insurance 44, Idaho Code, "Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards."	
	02.	Disclosure Provisions.	(
captions (policy)	s of secti (certifica	All limited benefit health policies and certificates will display prominently on the first pagate, in either contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for head one in the policy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This is a limited benefit ate). This (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Benefits provided are supplemental over all medical expenses."	dings of t health
18.04.10	b. 0, "Rule t	An insurer will deliver to persons eligible for Medicare any notice prescribed under to Implement the NAIC Medicare Supplement Insurance Minimum Standards Model Act."	IDAPA
041.	DENTA	AL COVERAGE.	
	01.	Disclosure Provisions. Dental coverage will include the following disclosures;	(
with the	applican	All applications will contain a prominent statement in either contrasting color or in boldface size type used for the headings or captions of sections of the application and in close conjut's signature block on the application as follows: "The (policy) (certificate) provides dental for (policy) (certificate) carefully."	unction
	ons in the	All dental plan policies and certificates will display prominently on the first page of the policy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This (policy) (certificate) provides	captions
042.	VISION	N COVERAGE.	
	01.	Disclosure Provisions. Vision coverage will include the following disclosures;	(
with the	applican	All applications will contain a prominent statement in either contrasting color or in boldface size type used for the headings or captions of sections of the application and in close conjut's signature block on the application as follows: "The (policy) (certificate) provides vision for (policy) (certificate) carefully."	unction
		All vision plan policies and certificates will display prominently on the first page of the policy or contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for headings or capolicy or certificate the following: "Notice to Buyer: This (policy) (certificate) provides vision by	tions o
043. 1	100.	(RESERVED)	
101.	DISCL	OSURE PROVISIONS.	
	01.	General Rules for Disclosure Provisions.	(
captions	s of section	All applications for coverages specified in Sections 035 through 040 will contain a proper contrasting color or in boldface type at least equal to the size type used for the head ons of the application and in close conjunction with the applicant's signature block on the app (policy) (certificate) provides limited benefits. Review your (policy) (certificate) carefully."	lings of

i.

may be exercised; and

b. Each policy or certificate subject to this chapter will include a renewal, continuation or nonrenewal provision. The language or specification of the provision needs to be consistent with the type of contract to be issued. The provision will be appropriately captioned, will appear on the first page of the policy or certificate, and will clearly state the duration, where limited, of renewability and the duration of the term of coverage for which the policy is issued and for which it may be renewed.
c. Except for riders or endorsements by which the insurer effectuates a request made in writing by the policyholder or exercises a specifically reserved right under the policy, all riders or endorsements added to a policy after date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the policy will necessitate signed acceptance by the policyholder. After date of policy issue, any rider or endorsement that increases benefits or coverage with a commensurable increase in premium during the policy term is to be agreed to in writing signed by the policyholder, except if the increased benefits or coverage is prescribed by law. The signature requirements in this paragraph apply to group supplemental health insurance certificates only where the certificate holder also pays the insurance premium.
d. Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits provided in connection with riders or endorsements, the premium charge will be set forth in the policy or certificate.
e. A policy or certificate that provides for the payment of benefits based on standards described as "usual and customary," "reasonable and customary," or words of similar import will include a definition of the terms and an explanation of the terms in its accompanying outline of coverage.
f. If a policy or certificate contains any limitations with respect to preexisting conditions, the limitations will appear as a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate and be labeled as "Preexisting Condition Limitations."
g. All policies and certificates, will have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or certificate stating in substance that the policyholder or certificate holder will have the right to return the policy or certificate within ten (10) days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, the policyholder or certificate holder is not satisfied for any reason.
h. If age is to be used as a determining factor for reducing the maximum aggregate benefits made available in the policy or certificate as originally issued, that fact will be prominently set forth in the outline of coverage.
i. If a policy or certificate contains a conversion privilege, it will comply, in substance, with the following:

iii. The provision will specify the benefits to be provided on conversion or may state that the converted coverage will be as provided on a policy form then being used by the insurer for that purpose.

conversion privilege, including any limitations on the conversion, and the person by whom the conversion privilege

The caption of the provision will be "Conversion Privilege" or words of similar import.

The provision will indicate the persons eligible for conversion, the circumstances applicable to the

02. Outline of Coverage Requirements. Outlines of coverage prescribed under this chapter will conform to the model outlines of coverage incorporated herein in Section 002 of this chapter, and set forth at the Idaho Department of Insurance website.

a. An insurer will deliver an outline of coverage to an applicant or enrollee in the sale of individual accident and sickness insurance, group supplemental health insurance, dental plans and vision plans as prescribed by Section 41-4205, Idaho Code. If an application is made by electronic means, an insurer will deliver an outline of coverage on the next working day the completed application is received, and delivery may be made by the following methods regardless of the form of application:

Department of		.08 – Individual & Group Supplementa Disability Insurance Minimum Standard	
i.	E-mail;	()
ii.	Website link;	()
iii.	Facsimile;	()
iv.	First class mail; or	()
v.	Any other method permitted by the Director.	()
properly describe the following s "NOTICE: Res	If an outline of coverage was delivered at the time sued on a basis which would necessitate revision of bing the policy or certificate will accompany the policy tatement in no less than twelve (12) boldface point and this outline of coverage carefully. It is not identificated that the coverage originally applied for	the outline, a substitute outline of covera y or certificate when it is delivered and conta type, immediately above the company nameal to the outline of coverage provided upon	ige ain ne:
c. the policy or cer	In any case where the prescribed outline of coverage tificate, an alternate outline of coverage will be filed v		by)
102 200.	(RESERVED)		
201. REQUINSURANCE.	IREMENTS FOR REPLACEMENT OF IND	IVIDUAL ACCIDENT AND SICKNES	SS
01. whether the insu A supplementar	Application Form . An application form will include trance to be issued is intended to replace any other acc y application or other form to be signed by the application or other form to be signed by the application.	ident and sickness insurance presently in force	
website. Upon oprior to issuand Sickness Insura	Prescribed Notice . Notices prescribed under this coorated herein in Section 002 of this chapter, and sedetermining that a sale will involve replacement, an ere or delivery of the policy, the "Notice To Applicance," taking into consideration the requirement for distinsurer will deliver to the applicant upon issuance of the	it forth at the Idaho Department of Insuran insurer, or its agent will furnish the applica ant Regarding Replacement Of Accident A frect response or other than direct response.	nt, nd A

202. -- 999. (RESERVED)

18.04.11 - LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE MINIMUM STANDARDS

000. Title 41,		AUTHORITY. s 2 and 46, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.11, "Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards."	()
deceptiv	term care e sales or	Purpose . The purpose of this chapter is to promote the public interest, to promote the avainsurance coverage, to protect applicants for long-term care insurance, as defined, from understanding and comparison of long-term care instructed facilitate flexibility and innovation in the development of long-term care insurance.	nfair	or
benefits to qualif	e policies for long- fied long-	Scope and Applicability. Except as specifically provided, this chapter applies to all long-test including qualified long-term care insurance contracts and life insurance policies that accepter care delivered or issued for delivery in this state; certain provisions of this chapter appeterm care insurance. Additionally, this chapter is intended to apply to policies having increased by activities of daily living and sold as disability income insurance, if:	celera ly on	ate ily
receipt o		The benefits of the disability income policy are dependent upon or vary in amount based rm care services;	on t	he)
services		The disability income policy is advertised, marketed or offered as insurance for long-ten	rm ca	ire)
		Benefits under the policy may commence after the policyholder has reached Social Set age unless benefits are designed to replace lost income or pay for specific expenses otherwices.		
002.	INCOR	PORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE.		
Insuranc	01. se website	Forms. Documents incorporated by reference may be obtained from the Idaho Departre.	ment (of)
	nts, apper ire Model	Documents Incorporated by Reference . This chapter incorporates by reference the foldices, and attachments of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Regulation. The Model Regulation is available from the NAIC and from the Idaho Departs	Lon	ıg-
	a.	Rescission Reporting Form for Long-Term Care, Appendix A.	()
	b.	Personal Worksheet, Appendix B.	()
	c.	Things You Should Know Before You Buy Long-Term Care Insurance, Appendix C.	()
	d.	Suitability Letter, Appendix D.	()
	e.	Claims Denial Reporting Form, Appendix E.	()
	f.	Instructions, Appendix F.	()
	g.	Replacement and Lapse Reporting Form, Appendix G.	()
	h.	Outline of Coverage.	()
Care Ins	i. urance, A	Notice to Applicant Regarding Replacement of Individual Accident and Sickness or Lonattachment I.	g-Tei (rm)
	e, Attach		n Ca (ire)
003 0	09.	(RESERVED)		

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010.	DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this rule, the following definitions apply in addition to those found in Title 41, Chapter 46, Idaho Code.

- **01. Exceptional Increase.** Means only those increases filed by an insurer as exceptional for which the director determines the need for the premium rate increase is justified due to changes in Idaho laws or rules applicable to long-term care coverage, or due to increased and unexpected utilization that affects the majority of insurers of similar products.
- **a.** Except as provided in Section 025, Premium Rate Schedule Increases, exceptional increases are subject to the same requirements as other premium rate schedule increases.
- **b.** The director may request a review by an independent actuary or a professional actuarial body of the basis for a request that an increase be considered an exceptional increase.
- **c.** The director, in determining that the necessary basis for an exceptional increase exists, will determine any potential offsets to higher claims costs.
- **02. Incidental.** As used in Subsection 025.10, the value of the long-term care benefits provided is less than ten percent (10%) of the total value of the benefits provided over the life of the policy. These values are measured as of the date of issue.
 - **Qualified Actuary**. Means a member in good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries.

011. POLICY DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this rule, no long-term care insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state may use the terms set forth below, unless the terms are defined in the policy. In relation to the Qualified Long-Term Care plans, such definitions are to satisfy definitions as amended by the U.S. Treasury Department and the following requirements.

- **01.** Activities of Daily Living. At least bathing, continence, dressing, eating, toileting, and transferring.
- **02. Acute Condition**. The individual is medically unstable. Such an individual requires frequent monitoring by medical professionals, such as physicians and registered nurses, to maintain the individual's health status.
- **03.** Adult Day Care. A program for six (6) or more individuals, of social and health-related services provided during the day in a community group setting for the purpose of supporting frail, impaired elderly or other disabled adults who can benefit from care in a group setting outside the home.
- **04. Bathing.** Washing oneself by sponge bath; or in either a tub or shower, including the task of getting into or out of the tub or shower.
- **05. Cognitive Impairment.** A deficiency in a person's short or long-term memory, orientation as to person, place and time, deductive or abstract reasoning, or judgment as it relates to safety awareness. ()
- **06.** Continence. The ability to maintain control of bowel and bladder function; or, when unable to maintain control of bowel or bladder function, the ability to perform associated personal hygiene (including caring for catheter or colostomy bag).
- **07. Dressing**. Putting on and taking off all items of clothing and any necessary braces, fasteners, or artificial limbs.
 - **08. Eating.** Feeding oneself by getting food into the body from a receptacle (such as a plate, cup, or

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table) or by a fee	eding tube or intravenously.	()
09. individual would	Hands-On Assistance . Physical assistance (minimal, moderate, or maximal) without I not be able to perform the activity of daily living.	which t	he
10. infirm persons in living, and respit	Home Health Care Services . Medical and non-medical services, provided to ill, do their residences. Such services may include homemaker services, assistance with activities care services.		
11. mental or emotion	Mental or Nervous Disorder . Limited to neurosis, psychoneurosis, psychopathy, psonal disease or disorder.	ychosis,	or)
12. living.	Personal Care. The provision of hands-on services to assist an individual with activity	ies of da	ily
that meet the desissued as long-to	Similar Policy Forms. Means all of the long-term care insurance policies and certificate same long-term care benefit classification as the policy form being considered. Certificate finition in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, are not considered similar to certificates erm care insurance, but are similar to other comparable certificates with the same long ations. For purposes of determining similar policy forms, long-term care benefit classificates:	es of grou or polici g-term ca	ips ies are
a.	Institutional long-term care benefits only;	()
b.	Non-institutional long-term care benefits only; or	()
c.	Comprehensive long-term care benefits.	()
14. Other Services. need be delivered	Skilled Nursing Care, Personal Care, Home Care, Specialized Care, Assisted Living Defined in relation to the level of skill prescribed, the nature of the care and the setting in d.		
15. personal hygiene	Toileting . Getting to and from the toilet, getting on and off the toilet, and performing	associat (ed
16.	Transferring. Moving into or out of a bed, chair, or wheelchair.	()
Assisted Living available and the When the defini requirements a p is to be furnished	All Providers of Services. All providers of services including but not limited to Skill ed Care Facility, Convalescent Nursing Home, Personal Care Facility, Specialized Care Facility, and Home Care Agency is defined in relation to the services and facilities presce licensure, certification, registration or degree status of those providing or supervising the tion requires that the provider be appropriately licensed, certified or registered, it also revider need meet in lieu of licensure, certification or registration when the state in which does not require a provider of these services to be licensed, certified or registered, or which is or registers the provider of services under another name.	Provide cribed to ne service states whether the servi-	rs, be es, hat
012. POLIC	Y PRACTICES AND PROVISIONS.		
	Renewability . The terms "guaranteed renewable" and "noncancellable" cannot be uterm care insurance policy without further explanatory language in accordance with the Section 014 of this rule.		
a. renewable" or "n	A policy issued to an individual cannot contain renewal provisions other than "noncancellable."	ʻguarante (ed
b.	The term "guaranteed renewable" may be used only when the insured has the right to c		

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make any change in any provision of the policy or rider while the insurance is in force, and cannot decline to renew, except that rates may be revised by the insurer on a class basis.

except that rates	may be revised by the insurer on a class basis.	()
	The term "noncancellable" may be used only when the insured has the right to continue nce in force by the timely payment of premiums during which period the insurer has reany change in any provision of the insurance or in the premium rate.		
d. premium for a sp	The term "level premium" may only be used when the insurer does not have the right to decified period for the life of the policy.	change (the)
e. contract is guara 1986 as amended	In addition to the other requirements of Subsection 011.01, a qualified long-term care inteed renewable, within the meaning of Section 7702B(b)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenul.		
02. long-term care in accident, except	Limitations and Exclusions . A policy cannot be delivered or issued for delivery in the assurance if the policy limits or excludes coverage by type of illness, treatment, medical coast follows:		
a.	Preexisting conditions or diseases;	()
b. the basis of Alzh	Mental or nervous disorders; however, this does not permit exclusion or limitation of beimer's Disease;	enefits	on)
c.	Alcoholism and drug addiction;	()
d.	Illness, treatment, or medical condition arising out of:	()
i.	War or act of war (whether declared or undeclared);	()
ii.	Participation in a felony, riot, or insurrection;	()
iii.	Service in the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto;	()
iv.	Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide, or intentionally self-inflicted injury; or	()
V.	Aviation (this exclusion applies only to non-fare-paying passengers).	()
e. Treatment provided in a government facility (unless prescribed by law), services for which benefits are available under Medicare or other governmental program (except Medicaid), any state or federal workers' compensation, employer's liability or occupational disease law, or any motor vehicle no-fault law, services provided by a member of the covered person's immediate family, and services for which no charge is normally made in the absence of insurance;			
f. insurance policy	Expenses for services or items available or paid under another long-term care insurance; or	e or hea	lth)
	In the case of a qualified long-term care insurance contract, expenses for services or its expenses are reimbursable under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act or would be so releation of a deductible or coinsurance amount.		
	Subsection 011.02 is not intended to prohibit exclusions and limitations by type of g-term care issuer may deny a claim because services are provided in a state other than the the following conditions:		
i. or registration pr in lieu of licensu	When the state other than the state of policy issue does not have the provider licensing, consecribed in the policy, but where the provider satisfies the policy requirements outlined for re, certification or registration; or		

	When the state other than the state of policy issue licenses, certifies or registers the provide For purposes of this Subsection 011.02.h. "state of policy issue" means the state in we yor certificate was originally issued.		
iii.	Subsection 011.02 is not intended to prohibit territorial limitations.	()
force and conting care insurance w	Extension of Benefits . Termination of long-term care insurance is without prejudice for institutionalization if the institutionalization began while the long-term care insurance we without interruption after termination. The extension of benefits beyond the period the logar in force may be limited to the duration of the benefit period, if any, or to payment of the may be subject to any policy waiting period, and all other applicable provisions of the policy.	e was	in rm
04.	Continuation or Conversion.	()
a. provides covered	Group long-term care insurance issued in this state on or after the effective date of Sec d individuals with a basis for continuation or conversion of coverage.	tion 0	11(
subject only to the and services to, substantially equivalent and non-manage	For the purposes of Section 011, "a basis for continuation of coverage" means a policy proverage under the existing group policy when the coverage would otherwise terminate and the continued timely payment of premium when due. Group policies that restrict provision of or contain incentives to use certain providers or facilities, may provide continuation benefits a divalent to the benefits of the existing group policy. The director makes a determination a valency of benefits, and in doing so, takes into consideration the differences between manary of care plans, including, but not limited to, provider system arrangements, service availability instrative complexity.	which benef that a as to t ged ca	is is fits are the are
reason, including been continuous immediately prior	For the purposes of Section 011, "a basis for conversion of coverage" means a policy provides coverage under the group policy would otherwise terminate or has been terminated g discontinuance of the group policy in its entirety or with respect to an insured class, and ly insured under the group policy (and any group policy which it replaced) for at least six (6) or to termination, is entitled to the issuance of a converted policy by the insurer under who is covered, without evidence of insurability.	for a who l mon	iny nas ths
excess of those p conversion is man facilities, the direction the differences by	For the purposes of Section 011, "converted policy" means an individual policy of long-triang benefits identical to or benefits determined by the director to be substantially equivalent provided under the group policy from which conversion is made. Where the group policy from ade restricts provision of benefits and services to, or contains incentives to use certain provector, in making a determination as to the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits, takes into consideration and the substantial equivalency of benefits and the substantial equivalency of	t to or m whi viders iderati	ich or ion
	Written application for the converted policy is made and the first premium due, if any, is insurer not later than thirty-one (31) days after termination of coverage under the group policy is issued effective on the day following the termination of coverage under the group policy.	licy. T	he
group policy fro previous group	Unless the group policy from which conversion is made replaced previous group cover converted policy is calculated on the basis of the insured's age at inception of coverage upon which conversion is made. Where the group policy from which conversion is made coverage, the premium for the converted policy is calculated on the basis of the insured erage under the group policy replaced.	nder t replac	the ed
g.	Continuation of coverage or issuance of a converted policy is mandatory, except where:	()
i. payment of pren	Termination of group coverage resulted from an individual's failure to make any praisum or contribution when due; or	escrib	ed

ii. coverage effectiv	The terminating coverage is replaced not later than thirty-one (31) days after termination, by the on the day following the termination of coverage:	grou (р)
(1) to or in excess of	Providing benefits identical to or benefits determined by the director to be substantially equentiated by the terminating coverage; and	ivaleı (nt)
011.04.f. (2)	The premium for which is calculated in a manner consistent with the requirements of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution (Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Constitution of Substantial Cons	sectio	n)
h. at the time of cor incurred expense under the addition payment of more	Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 011, a converted policy issued to an individual exercion is covered by another long-term care insurance policy that provides benefits on the best, may contain a provision that results in a reduction of benefits payable if the benefits provided coverage, together with the full benefits provided by the converted policy, would reset than one hundred percent (100%) of incurred expenses. The provision is only included if the converted policy also provides for a premium decrease or refund which reflects the received.	oasis o ovide sult i in th	of ed in ne
	The converted policy may provide that the benefits payable under the converted policy, to payable under the group policy from which conversion is made, cannot exceed those that le had the individual's coverage under the group policy remained in force and effect.		
	Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 011, an insured individual whose eligibil care coverage is based upon the individual's relationship to another person is entitled to continer the group policy upon termination of the qualifying relationship by death or dissolutions.	nuatio	n
k. arrangement desi of specific provid	For the purposes of Section 011 a "managed-care plan" is a health care or assisted gned to coordinate patient care or control costs through utilization review, case management der networks.		
under the previou	Discontinuance and Replacement . If a group long-term care policy is replaced by another olicy issued to the same policyholder, the succeeding insurer offers coverage to all persons cas group policy on its date of termination. Coverage provided or offered to individuals by the sarged to persons under the new group policy:	overe	d
a. group policy beir	Will not result in an exclusion for preexisting conditions that would have been covered una replaced; and	der th	ie)
b. long-term care se	Cannot vary or depend on the individual's health or disability status, claim experience or ervices.	use (of)
06.	Premium Changes.	()
a.	The premium charged to an insured cannot increase due to either:	()
i.	The increasing age of the insured at ages beyond sixty-five (65); or	()
ii.	The duration the insured has been covered under the policy.	()
b. the calculation p added to and con	The purchase of additional coverage is not considered a premium rate increase, but for purperescribed under Section 032, the portion of the premium attributable to the additional coversidered part of the initial annual premium.		
c. prescribed under	A reduction in benefits is not considered a premium change, but for purpose of the calc Section 032, the initial annual premium is based on the reduced benefits.	ulatio (n)

	07.	Electronic Enrollment for Group Policies.	()
signatur	a. e of an in	In the case of a group defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, any requirement asured be obtained by a producer or insurer is satisfied if:	that	a)
A verifi		The consent is obtained by telephonic or electronic enrollment by the group policyholder or enrollment information is provided to the enrollee;	insure (r.)
accurac	ii. y, retentio	The telephonic or electronic enrollment provides necessary and reasonable safeguards to asson, and prompt retrieval of records; and	sure th	ie)
that the	iii. confident	The telephonic or electronic enrollment provides necessary and reasonable safeguards to tiality of individually identifiable information, "privileged information," is maintained.		
insurer'	b. s ability t	The insurer makes available, upon request of the director, records that will demonstrate o confirm enrollment and coverage amounts.	ate th	ie)
013	TINITNIE	ENTRONAL LABOR		

013. UNINTENTIONAL LAPSE.

- **01. Notice Before Lapse or Termination**. Each insurer offering long-term care insurance, as a protection against unintentional lapse, complies with the following:
- a. No individual long-term care policy or certificate is issued until the insurer has received from the applicant either a written designation of at least one (1) person, in addition to the applicant, who is to receive notice of lapse or termination of the policy or certificate for nonpayment of premium, or a written waiver dated and signed by the applicant electing not to designate additional persons to receive notice. The applicant has the right to designate at least one (1) person who is to receive the notice of termination, in addition to the insured. Designation cannot constitute acceptance of any liability on the third party for services provided to the insured. The form used for the written designation will provide space clearly designated for listing at least one (1) person. The designation includes each person's full name and home address. In the case of an applicant who elects not to designate an additional person, the waiver states: "Protection against unintended lapse. I understand that I have the right to designate at least one (1) person other than myself to receive notice of lapse or termination of this long-term care insurance policy for nonpayment of premium. I understand that notice will not be given until thirty (30) days after a premium is due and unpaid. I elect NOT to designate a person to receive this notice." The insurer notifies the insured of the right to change this written designation, no less often than once every two (2) years.
- **b.** When the policyholder or certificate holder pays premium for a long-term care insurance policy or certificate through a payroll or pension deduction plan, the requirements contained in Subsection 013.01.a. need not be met until sixty (60) days after the policyholder or certificate holder is no longer on such a payment plan. The application or enrollment form for such policies or certificates clearly indicates the payment plan selected by the applicant.
- c. Lapse or termination for nonpayment of premium. No individual long-term care policy or certificate can lapse or be terminated for nonpayment of premium unless the insurer, at least thirty (30) days before the effective date of the lapse or termination, has given notice to the insured and to those persons designated pursuant to Subsection 013.01.a., at the address provided by the insured for purposes of receiving notice of lapse or termination. Notice is given by first class United States mail, postage prepaid; and notice cannot be given until thirty (30) days after a premium is due and unpaid. Notice is deemed to have been given as of five (5) days after the date of mailing.
- **Q2.** Reinstatement. In addition to the requirement in Subsection 013.01, a long-term care insurance policy or certificate includes a provision that provides for reinstatement of coverage, in the event of lapse if the insurer is provided proof that the policyholder or certificate holder was cognitively impaired or had a loss of functional capacity before the grace period contained in the policy expired. This option is available to the insured if requested within five (5) months after termination and allows for the collection of past due premium, where appropriate. The standard of proof of cognitive impairment or loss of functional capacity cannot be more stringent than the benefit eligibility criteria on cognitive impairment or the loss of functional capacity contained in the policy

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and certificate.

014. REQUISITE DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.

- **01. Renewability.** Individual long-term care insurance policies will contain a renewability provision.
- a. The provision is appropriately captioned, appears on the first page of the policy, and clearly states that the coverage is guaranteed renewable or noncancellable. This provision cannot apply to policies that do not contain a renewability provision, and under which the right to nonrenew is reserved solely to the policyholder.
- **b.** A long-term care insurance policy or certificate, other than one where the insurer does not have the right to change the premium, includes a statement that the premium rates may change.
- **Riders and Endorsements.** Except for riders or endorsements by which the insurer effectuates a request made in writing by the insured under an individual long-term care insurance policy, all riders or endorsements added to an individual long-term care insurance policy after date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the policy requires signed acceptance by the individual insured. After the date of policy issue, any rider or endorsement that increases benefits or coverage with a concomitant increase in premium during the policy term is agreed to in writing signed by the insured, except if the increased benefits or coverage are prescribed by law. Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits provided in connection with riders or endorsements, the premium charge is set forth in the policy, rider or endorsement.
- **03.** Payment of Benefits. A long-term care insurance policy that provides for the payment of benefits based on standards described as "usual and customary," "reasonable and customary," or words of similar import includes a definition of these terms and an explanation of the terms in its accompanying outline of coverage.
- **04. Limitations.** If a long-term care insurance policy or certificate contains any limitations with respect to preexisting conditions, the limitations appears as a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate and is labeled as "Preexisting Condition Limitations."
- 05. Other Limitations or Conditions on Eligibility for Benefits. A long-term care insurance policy or certificate containing any limitations or conditions for eligibility other than those banned in Section 41-4605(4)(b)(i), Idaho Code, sets forth a description of the limitations or conditions, including any prescribed number of days of confinement, in a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate and labels such paragraph "Limitations or Conditions on Eligibility for Benefits."
- **Of.** Disclosure of Tax Consequences. With regard to life insurance policies that provide an accelerated benefit for long-term care, a disclosure statement is prescribed at the time of application for the policy or rider and at the time the accelerated benefit payment request is submitted that receipt of these accelerated benefits may be taxable, and that assistance should be sought from a personal tax advisor. The disclosure statement is prominently displayed on the first page of the policy or rider and any other related documents. Subsection 014.06 cannot apply to qualified long-term care insurance contracts.
- **O7. Benefit Triggers.** Activities of daily living and cognitive impairment is used to measure an insured's need for long-term care and is described in the policy or certificate in a separate paragraph and is labeled "Eligibility for the Payment of Benefits." Any additional benefit triggers need to be explained. If these triggers differ for different benefits, explanation of the trigger accompanies each benefit description. If an attending physician or other specified person needs to certify a certain level of functional dependency to be eligible for benefits, this too needs to be specified.
- **08. Qualified Contracts.** A qualified long-term care insurance contract includes a disclosure statement in the policy and in the outline of coverage as contained in Section 035 that the policy is intended to be a qualified long-term care insurance contract under Section 7702B (b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

	Non-Qualified Contracts . A non-qualified long-term care insurance contract includes a policy and in the outline of coverage as contained in Section 035 that the policy is not interterm care insurance contract.		
10.	Requisite Disclosure of Rating Practices to Consumers.	()
a.	Subsection 014.10 applies as follows:	()
i. policy or certifica	Except as provided in Subsection 014.10.a.ii., Subsection 014.10 applies to any longate issued in this state on or after July 1, 2001.	term ca	are)
	For certificates issued on or after the effective date of this amended rule under a group olicy as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, which policy was in force at the exame effective, the provisions of Subsection 014.10 applies on the policy anniversary	time tl	his
enrollment, unles	Other than policies for which no applicable premium rate or rate schedule increases can all of the information listed in Subsection 014.10.b. to the applicant at the time of application state that time are the time of application listed in Subsection 014.10.b. to the applicant no later than at the time of deliverate.	ication an insu	or rer
i.	A statement that the policy may be subject to rate increases in the future;	()
ii. certificateholder'	An explanation of potential future premium rate revisions, and the policyho's option in the event of a premium rate revision;	lder's (or)
iii. made for an incre	The premium rate or rate schedules applicable to the applicant that will be in effect until a ease; and	request (is)
billing date, etc.)	A general explanation for applying premium rate or rate schedule adjustments that i hen premium rate or rate schedule adjustments will be effective (e.g., next anniversary); and the right to a revised premium rate or rate schedule as provided in Subsection 014. For rate schedule is changed.	date, ne	ext
c. past ten (10) year	Information regarding each premium rate increase on this policy form or similar forms for this state or any other state that, at a minimum, identifies:	over t	he)
i.	The policy forms for which premium rates have been increased;	()
ii.	The calendar years when the form was available for purchase; and	()
	The amount or percent of each increase. The percentage may be expressed as a percentage to the increase, and may also be expressed as minimum and maximum percentages to be by rating characteristics.		
d. increases.	The insurer may, in a fair manner, provide additional explanatory information related t	o the ra	ate)
	An insurer has the right to exclude from the disclosure premium rate increases that only ess acquired from other nonaffiliated insurers or the long-term care policies acquired formers when those increases occurred prior to acquisition.		
	If an acquiring insurer files for a rate increase on a long-term care policy form acquirers or a block of policy forms acquired from nonaffiliated insurers on or before the last Subsection 014.10 or the end of a twenty-four (24) month period following the acquisit	iter of t	he

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Subsection 014.10.f.

block of policies, the acquiring insurer may exclude that rate increase from the disclosure. However, the nonaffiliated selling company includes the disclosure of that rate increase in accordance with Subsection 014.10.c. ()

g. If the acquiring insurer in Subsection 014.10.f. above files for a subsequent rate increase, even within the twenty-four (24) month period, on the same policy form acquired from nonaffiliated insurers or block of policy forms acquired from insurers referenced in Subsection 014.10.f., the acquiring insurer will make all

disclosures prescribed by Subsection 014,10.c., including disclosure of the earlier rate increase referenced in

- h. An applicant signs an acknowledgment at the time of application, unless the method of application does not allow for signature at that time, that the insurer made the disclosure prescribed under Subsections 014.10.b. and 014.10.c. If because of the method of application the applicant cannot sign an acknowledgment at the time of application, the applicant signs no later than at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate.
- i. An insurer uses the forms in Appendices B and F to comply with the disclosure requirements of Subsection 014.10.b. and Subsection 014.10.h.
- **j.** An insurer provides notice of an upcoming premium rate schedule increase to all policyholders or certificateholders, if applicable, at least thirty (30) days prior to the implementation of the premium rate schedule increase by the insurer. The notice includes the information prescribed by Subsection 014.10.b., when the increase is implemented.

015. PROHIBITION AGAINST POST-CLAIMS UNDERWRITING.

- **01. Health Conditions.** All applications for long-term care insurance policies or certificates except those that are guaranteed issue contains clear and unambiguous questions designed to ascertain the health condition of the applicant.
- **Medication**. If an application for long-term care insurance contains a question that asks whether the applicant has had medication prescribed by a physician, it will also ask the applicant to list the medication that has been prescribed. If the medications listed in the application were known by the insurer, or should have been known at the time of application, to be directly related to a medical condition for which coverage would be denied, then the policy or certificate cannot be rescinded for that condition.
 - **03. Non-Guaranteed Issue**. Except for policies or certificates which are guaranteed issue:
- **a.** The following language is set out conspicuously and in close conjunction with the applicant's signature block on an application for a long-term care insurance policy or certificate: Caution: If your answers on this application are incorrect or untrue, (company) has the right to deny benefits or rescind your policy.
- b. The following language, or language substantially similar to the following, is set out conspicuously on the long-term care insurance policy or certificate at the time of delivery: "Caution: The issuance of this long-term care insurance (policy) (certificate) is based upon your responses to the questions on your application. A copy of your (application) (enrollment form) (is enclosed) (was retained by you when you applied). If your answers are incorrect or untrue, the company has the right to deny benefits or rescind your policy. The best time to clear up any questions is now, before a claim arises! If, for any reason, any of your answers are incorrect, contact the company at this address: (insert address)."

c.	Prior to issuance	of a long-term	care policy of	or certificate to	an applicant ag	e eighty (80)	or older,
the insurer obtain	ns one (1) of the fo	ollowing:					()

		/ \
1.	A report of a physical examination;	()

ii. An assessment of functional capacity; ()

iii. An attending physician's statement; or ()

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	iv.	Copies of medical records.	()
		Delivery of Application or Enrollment and Form . A copy of the completed applica (whichever is applicable) is delivered to the insured no later than at the time of delivery of the case it was retained by the applicant at the time of application.		
insured	voluntari	Record of Rescissions . Every insurer or other entity selling or issuing long-term care in a record of all policy or certificate rescissions, both state and countrywide, except those ally effectuated and annually furnishes this information to the insurance director in the National Association of Insurance Commissioners in Appendix A.	that th	ıe
016. LONG-		UM STANDARDS FOR HOME HEALTH AND COMMUNITY CARE BENEFICARE INSURANCE POLICIES.	TS I	N
benefits	01. for home	Limitations or Exclusions . A long-term care insurance policy or certificate cannot, if it pe health care or community care services, limit or exclude benefits:	rovide (es)
health c	a. are servic	By requiring that the insured or claimant would need care in a skilled nursing facility it were not provided;	f hon	ne)
services	b. , or both,	By requiring that the insured or claimant first or simultaneously receive nursing or ther in a home, community, or institutional setting before home health care services are covered;		ic)
	c.	By limiting eligible services to services provided by registered nurses or licensed practical r	nurses (;
a home certifica		By requiring that a nurse or therapist provide services covered by the policy that can be provide, or other licensed or certified home care worker acting within the scope of their licensed.	rided b sure (y or)
	e.	By excluding coverage for personal care services provided by a home health aide;	()
licensur	f. e greater	By requiring that the provision of home health care services be at a level of certification that prescribed by the eligible service;	ition (or)
are cove	g. ered;	By requiring that the insured or claimant have an acute condition before home health care s	service (es)
	h.	By limiting benefits to services provided by Medicare-certified agencies or providers; or	()
	i.	By excluding coverage for adult day care services.	()
equivale certifica	ent to at le te, at the	Coverage Equivalency. A long-term care insurance policy or certificate, if it provides for nity care services, provides total home health or community care coverage that is a dollar east one-half (1/2) of one (1) year's coverage available for nursing home benefits under the putime covered home health or community care services are being received. This requirement or certificates issued to residents of continuing care retirement communities.	amou olicy	nt or
benefits certifica		Maximum Coverage . Home health care coverage may be applied to the non-home heal in the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the terms of the policy or certificate when determining maximum coverage under the coverage when the policy or certificate when the coverage when the cover		
017	DEOIII	DEMENT TO OFFED INELATION PROTECTION		

01. Inflation Protection Offer. No insurer may offer a long-term care insurance policy unless the insurer also offers to the policyholder in addition to any other inflation protection the option to purchase a policy that

provides for benefit levels to increase with benefit maximums or reasonable durations which are meaningful to account for reasonably anticipated increases in the costs of long-term care services covered by the policy. Insurers will offer to each policyholder, at the time of purchase, the option to purchase a policy with an inflation protection

- feature no less favorable than one (1) of the following: Increases benefit levels annually in a manner so that the increases are compounded annually at a rate not less than five percent (5%); Guarantees the insured individual the right to periodically increase benefit levels without providing evidence of insurability or health status as long as the option for the previous period has not been declined. The amount of the additional benefit is no less than the difference between the existing policy benefit and that benefit compounded annually at a rate of at least five percent (5%) for the period beginning with the purchase of the existing benefit and extending until the year in which the offer is made; or Covers a specified percentage of actual or reasonable charges and does not include a maximum specified indemnity amount or limit. With respect to inflation protection for a Partnership policy only: d. i. If the policy is sold to an individual who has not attained age sixty-one (61) as of the date of purchase, the policy will provide some level of automatic compound annual inflation protection; If the policy is sold to an individual who has attained age sixty-one (61) but has not attained age 76 as of the date of purchase, the policy will provide some level of automatic annual inflation protection; and If the policy is sold to an individual who has attained age seventy-six (76) as of the date of purchase, the policy may (but is not prescribed to) provide some level of inflation protection. **Group Offer.** Where the policy is issued to a group, the prescribed offer in Subsection 017.01 is made to the group policyholder; except, if the policy is issued to a group defined in Section 41-4603(4)(d), Idaho Code, other than to a continuing care retirement community, the offering is made to each proposed certificateholder. Requirements for Life Insurance Policies. The offer in Subsection 017.01 above is not prescribed 03. of life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits. Outline of Coverage. Insurers include the following information in or with the outline of coverage: 04. A graphic comparison of the benefit levels of a policy that increases benefits over the policy period with a policy that does not increase benefits. The graphic comparison shows benefit levels over at least a twenty (20) year period. Any expected premium increases or additional premiums to pay for automatic or optional benefit h. increases. An insurer may use a reasonable hypothetical, or a graphic demonstration, for the purposes of this disclosure. Continuation of Inflation Protection. Inflation protection benefit increases under a policy which contains these benefits continue without regard to an insured's age, claim status or claim history, or the length of time
- the person has been insured under the policy.
- Premium Disclosures. An offer of inflation protection that provides for automatic benefit increases includes an offer of a premium which the insurer expects to remain constant. The offer discloses in a conspicuous manner that the premium may change in the future unless the premium is guaranteed to remain constant

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prescribed in Sub considered a part the benefits and	Rejection of Offer . Inflation protection as provided in Subsection 017.01 is included in a nee policy unless an insurer obtains a rejection of inflation protection signed by the policyho esection 017.07. The rejection may be either in the application or on a separate form. The reject of the application and states: "I have reviewed the outline of coverage and the graphs that corpremiums of this policy with and without inflation protection. Specifically, I have reviewed tect inflation protection (signature line:)."	lder a ction ompa	as is re
018. REQUI	REMENTS FOR APPLICATION FORMS AND REPLACEMENT COVERAGE.		
or certificate in f sickness or long- signed by the app may be used. Wi following question	Application Forms . Application forms include the following questions designed to whether, as of the date of the application, the applicant has another long-term care insurance force or whether a long-term care policy or certificate is intended to replace any other accide term care policy or certificate presently in force. A supplementary application or other form policant and producer, except where the coverage is sold without a producer, containing the question to a replacement policy issued to a group defined by Section 41-4603(a), Idaho Coons may be modified only to the extent necessary to elicit information about health or long-terms other than the group policy being replaced, provided that the certificateholder has been not	policent are to lestion to lestion de, the transfer of transfer of the transfer of	nd be ns he re
a. Fraternal Benefit	Do you have another long-term care insurance policy or certificate in force (including insurance Societies, Managed Care Organization) or other similar organizations?	uranc (e,)
b. (12) months?	Did you have another long-term care insurance policy or certificate in force during the last	twelv (/e)
i.	If so, with which company?	()
ii.	If that policy lapsed, when did it lapse?	()
c.	Are you covered by Medicaid?	()
d. (certificate)?	Do you intend to replace any of your medical or health insurance coverage with this	polio (;y)
02. applicant.	Other Policy Disclosures. Producers list any other health insurance policies they have sold	l to tl (ne)
a.	List policies sold that are still in force.	()
b.	List policies sold in the past five (5) years that are no longer in force.	()
applicant, prior replacement of a applicant and an	Solicitations Other Than Direct Response. Upon determining that a sale will insurer, other than an insurer using direct response solicitation methods, or its producer furnish to issuance or delivery of the individual long-term care insurance policy, a notice regracident and sickness or long-term care coverage. One (1) copy of the notice is retained additional copy signed by the applicant is retained by the insurer. The prescribed notice is in IC Model Regulation Attachment I.	hes tl gardir by tl	ne ng ne
	Direct Response Solicitations . Insurers using direct response solicitation methods deliver a ement of accident and sickness or long-term care coverage to the applicant upon issuance tribed notice is in a form based on the NAIC Model Regulation Attachment II.		
and policy numb	Notice of Replacement . Where replacement is intended, the replacing insurer notifies, in we rer of the proposed replacement. The existing policy is identified by the insurer, name of the interior or address including zip code. Notice is made within five (5) working days from the deeived by the insurer or the date the policy is issued, whichever is sooner.	insure	ed

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Life Insurance Policy Replacement. Life insurance policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care comply with Section 018 if the policy being replaced is a long-term care insurance policy. If the policy being replaced is a life insurance policy, the insurer complies with the replacement requirements of IDAPA 18.03.04, "Replacement of Life Insurance and Annuities." If a life insurance policy that accelerates benefits for long-term care is replaced by another such policy, the replacing insurer complies with both the long-term care and the life insurance replacement requirements. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. 019. Maintenance of Producer Records. Every insurer maintains records for each producer of that producer's amount of replacement sales as a percent of the producer's total annual sales and the number of lapses of long-term care insurance policies sold by the producer as a percent of the producer's total annual sales, in the format of Appendix G. Producers Experiencing Lapses and Replacements. Every insurer reports annually by June 30 the ten percent (10%) of its producers with the greatest percentages of lapses and replacements as measured by Subsection 019.01. Purpose of Reports. Reported replacement and lapse rates do not alone constitute a violation of insurance laws or necessarily imply wrongdoing. The reports are for the purpose of reviewing more closely producer activities regarding the sale of long-term care insurance. Lapsed Policies. Every insurer reports annually by June 30 the number of lapsed policies as a percent of its total annual sales and as a percent of its total number of policies in force as of the end of the preceding calendar year. Replacement Policies. Every insurer reports annually by June 30 the number of replacement policies sold as a percent of its total annual sales and as a percent of its total number of policies in force as of the preceding calendar year. Claims Denied. Every insurer reports annually by June 30, for qualified long-term care insurance contracts, the number of claims denied for each class of business, expressed as a percentage of claims denied, other than claims denied for failure to meet the waiting period or because of an applicable preexisting condition, in the format of Appendix E. Policies and Reports. For purposes of Section 019, "policy" means only long-term care insurance and "report" means on a statewide basis. Policy means only long-term care insurance; a. Claim means any request for payment of benefits under a policy regardless of whether the benefit claimed is covered under the policy or any terms or conditions of the policy have been met; Denied means the insurer refused to pay a claim for any reason; and c. d. Report means on a statewide basis.

020. LICENSING.

08.

No producer is authorized to sell, solicit, or negotiate with respect to long-term care insurance except as authorized by Title 41, Chapter 10, Producer Licensing.

Filing. Reports prescribed under Section 019 are filed with the Director.

021. DISCRETIONARY POWERS OF DIRECTOR.

The director may upon written request and after an administrative hearing, issue an order to modify or suspend a specific provision or provisions of this rule with respect to a specific long-term care insurance policy or certificate

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upon a v	written fir	nding that:	()
suspensi	ion; and	General Requirement. The modification or suspension would be in the best interest poses to be achieved could not be effectively or efficiently achieved without the modification or suspension is necessary to the development of an innovative and reading long-term care; or	ation o	or
		Residential Care Community. The policy or certificate is to be issued to residents of a life retirement community or some other residential community for the elderly and the modification sonably related to the special needs or nature of such a community; or		
insuranc	03.	Other Insurance Products. The modification or suspension is necessary to permit long-te old as part of, or in conjunction with, another insurance product.	rm cai	re)
022.	RESER	EVE STANDARDS.		
benefits	are deter	Acceleration of Benefits Under Life Policies. When long-term care benefits are provided to benefits under group or individual life policies or riders to such policies, policy reserves rmined in accordance with Section 41-612, Idaho Code, Standard Valuation Law – Life Insvill also be established in the case when the policy or rider is in claim status.	for th	ie
approxii conserva benefits	mations a ative, or i due to th and the li	Decrement Models. Reserves for policies and riders subject to Section 022 should be based and model utilizing all relevant decrements except for voluntary termination rates. Single decre acceptable if the calculation produces essentially similar reserves, if the reserve is clearly if the reserve is immaterial. The calculations may take into account the reduction in life in the payment of long-term care benefits. However, in no event can the reserves for the long-term in the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming no longer than the reserves for the life insurance benefit assuming the reserves for the life insurance benefit as th	cremently mon surance orm can ng-tern	nt re ce re
develop: applicab	ment and ole policy	Considerations Impacting Projected Claim Costs. Any applicable valuation morbidity opriate as a statutory valuation table by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries a calculation of reserves for policies and riders subject to Section 022, due regard is given provisions, marketing methods, administrative procedures and all other considerations which jected claim costs, including, but not limited to, the following:	i. In th n to th	ne ne
	a.	Definition of insured events;	()
	b.	Covered long-term care facilities;	()
	c.	Existence of home convalescence care coverage;	()
	d.	Definition of facilities;	()
	e.	Existence or absence of barriers to eligibility;	()
	f.	Premium waiver provision;	()
	g.	Renewability;	()
	h.	Ability to raise premiums;	()
	i.	Marketing method;	()
	j.	Underwriting procedures;	()
	k.	Claims adjustment procedures;	()

	DMINISTRATIVE CODE ent of Insurance	IDAPA 18.04.11 – Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards
l.	Waiting period;	()
m	Maximum benefit;	()
n	. Availability of eligible facilities;	()
0.	Margins in claim costs;	()
p.	Optional nature of benefit;	()
q	Delay in eligibility for benefit;	()
r.	Inflation protection provisions; and	()
s.	Guaranteed insurability option.	()
		en long-term care benefits are provided other than as in dance with Section 41-608, Idaho Code, "Reserve for ()
Section 02	OSS RATIO. 23 applies to all (group and individual) long-terrader Sections 024 and 025 of this chapter.	n care insurance policies or certificates except those
for adequa	ns provided the expected loss ratio is at least sixty	g-term care insurance policies are reasonable in relation percent (60%), calculated in a manner which provides evaluating the expected loss ratio, due consideration is
a.	Statistical credibility of incurred claims exp	erience and earned premiums; ()
b	The period for which rates are computed to	provide coverage; ()
c.	Experienced and projected trends;	()
d.	. Concentration of experience within early po	olicy duration; ()
e.	Expected claim fluctuation;	()
f.	Experience refunds, adjustments or dividence	ds; ()
g.	Renewability features;	()
h.	All appropriate expense factors;	()
i.	Interest;	()
j.	Experimental nature of the coverage;	()
k.	Policy reserves;	()
l.	Mix of business by risk classification; and	()
m	Product features such as long elimination po	eriods, high deductibles and high maximum limits.
02	2. Policies That Accelerate Benefits. Subsec	tion 023.01 cannot apply to life insurance policies that

accelerate benefits for long-term care. A life insurance policy that funds long-term care benefits entirely by

	death benefit is considered to provide reasonable benefits in relation to premiums paid, if the of the following provisions:	e polic (y)
	The interest credited internally to determine cash value accumulations, including long-term red not to be less than the minimum guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations at forth in the policy;		
b. of Section 41-192	The portion of the policy that provides life insurance benefits meets the nonforfeiture require 27, Idaho Code, Standard Nonforfeiture Law – Life Insurance.	remen	ts)
c. 4605(11), Idaho (The policy meets the disclosure requirements of Sections 41-4605(9), 41-4605(10), a Code.	and 41	i -)
i. Illustrations Mod	Any policy illustration that meets the applicable requirements of the NAIC Life In lel Regulation.	suranc	:е)
d.	An actuarial memorandum is filed with the insurance department that includes:	()
i.	A description of the basis on which the long-term care rates were determined;	()
ii.	A description of the basis for the reserves;	()
iii. ages of issuance;	A summary of the type of policy, benefits, renewability, general marketing method, and li	mits o	n)
iv. percent of premit	A description and a table of each actuarial assumption used. For expenses, an insurer will am dollars per policy and dollars per unit of benefits, if any;	includ (le)
v. each future year	A description and a table of the anticipated policy reserves and additional reserves to be for active lives;	held i	n)
vi.	The estimated average annual premium per policy and the average issue age;	()
underwriting use	A statement as to whether underwriting is performed at the time of application. The statement underwriting is used and, if used, the statement includes a description of the type or td, such as medical underwriting or functional assessment underwriting. Concerning a group dicates whether the enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten and when underwriting	ypes o	of y,
viii. nonforfeiture val care claim status.	A description of the effect of the long-term care policy provision on the prescribed pre- ues and reserves on the underlying life insurance policy, both for active lives and those in lo		
Prior to an insure to Section 41-46 director evidence	GREQUIREMENT. er or similar organization offering group long-term care insurance to a resident of this state p 04, Idaho Code, Extraterritorial Jurisdiction – Group Long-Term Care Insurance, it files to that the group policy or certificate thereunder has been approved by a state having statu erm care insurance requirements substantially similar to those adopted in this state.	with th	ıe
01.	Initial Filing Requirements.	()
a.	Subsection 024.01 applies to any long-term care policy issued in this state on or after July 1	, 2001	
b. prior to making the	An insurer will provide the information listed in Subsection 024.01 to the director thirty (3 he long-term care insurance form available for sale.	60) day (/S)

	c.	A copy of the disclosure documents prescribed in Section 014.	()
	d.	An actuarial certification consisting of at least the following:	()
		A statement that the initial premium rate schedule is sufficient to cover anticipated cost se experience and that the premium rate schedule is reasonably expected to be sustainable with no future premium increases anticipated;		
consider	ii. ation;	A statement that the policy design and coverage provided have been reviewed and take	ken in	to)
into cons	iii. sideration	A statement that the underwriting and claims adjudication processes have been reviewed and	nd take	en)
form, to	e. include:	A complete description of the basis for contract reserves that are anticipated to be held un	nder th (ne)
amounts	i. to be hel	Sufficient detail or sample calculations provided so as to have a complete depiction of the ld;	reserv (/e)
experien	ii. ice;	A statement that the assumptions used for reserves contain reasonable margins for	advers	se)
attained-	iii. age ratin	A statement that the net valuation premium for renewal years does not increase (exc g where permitted; and	cept fo	or)
		A statement that the difference between the gross premium and the net valuation premsufficient to cover expected renewal expenses; or if such a statement cannot be made, a constituations where this does not occur;		
premiun	v. ns mainta	An aggregate distribution of anticipated issues may be used as long as the underlyin in a reasonably consistent relationship;	g gros	ss)
director	vi. may requ	If the gross premiums for certain age groups appear to be inconsistent with this requirement a demonstration under Subsection 024.02 based on a standard age distribution; and	ent, th	ne)
similar p	vii. policy for	A statement that the premium rate schedule is not less than the premium rate schedule for ms also available from the insurer except for reasonable differences attributable to benefits;		ng)
the insur		A comparison of the premium schedules for similar policy forms that are currently available explanation of the differences.	ole from	m)
		Actuarial Demonstration . The director may request an actuarial demonstration that bendation to premiums. The actuarial demonstration includes either premium and claim experims, adjusted for any premium or benefit differences, relevant and credible data from other	ence c	on
		In the event the director requests additional information under this provision, the period ref 4.01.b. of this section does not include the period of time during which the insurer is preparation.		

01. Premium Rate Increase Notice. An insurer provides notice of a pending premium rate schedule increase, including an exceptional increase, to the director at least thirty (30) days prior to the notice to the

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PREMIUM RATE SCHEDULE INCREASES.

025.

IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE IDAPA 18.04.11 - Long-Term Care Department of Insurance Insurance Minimum Standards policyholders and includes: Information prescribed by Section 014. b. Certification by a qualified actuary that: If the requested premium rate schedule increase is implemented and the underlying assumptions, which reflect moderately adverse conditions, are realized, no further premium rate schedule increases are anticipated; ii. The premium rate filing is in compliance with the provisions of this Section 025.) 02. Actuarial Memorandum. The actuarial memorandum justifying the rate schedule change request includes: Lifetime projections of earned premiums and incurred claims based on the filed premium rate schedule increase; and the method of assumptions used in determining the projected values, including reflection of any assumptions that deviate from those used for pricing other forms currently available for sale: Annual values for the past five (5) years preceding and the three (3) years following the valuation date are provided separately; The projections include the development of the lifetime loss ratio, unless the rate of increase is an exceptional increase; iii. The projections demonstrate compliance with Subsection 025.03; and) iv. For exceptional increases; The projected experience should be limited to the increases in claims expenses attributable to the (1) approved reasons for the exceptional increase; and In the event the director determines as provided in Subsection 010.09.c. that offsets may exist, the insurer uses appropriate net projected experience. Disclosure of how reserves have been incorporated in this rate increase will trigger contingent b. benefit upon lapse. Disclosure of the analysis performed to determine why a rate adjustment is necessary, which pricing assumptions were not realized and why, and what other actions taken by the company have been relied on by the actuary. A statement that policy design, underwriting and claims adjudication practices have been taken into consideration; and in the event that it is necessary to maintain consistent premium rates for new certificates and certificates receiving a rate increase, the insurer will need to file composite rates reflecting projections of new

a. Exceptional increases provide that seventy percent (70%) of the present value of projected additional premiums from the exceptional increase will be returned to policyholders in benefits.

schedules except for differences attributable to benefits, unless sufficient justification is provided to the director; and

sufficient information for review of the premium rate schedule increase by the director.

A statement that renewal premium rate schedules are not greater than new business premium rate

Premium Rate Schedule Increases. All premium rate schedule increases are determined in

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accordance with the following requirements:

certificates.

	Premium rate schedule increases are calculated such that the sum of the accumulated val without the inclusion of active life reserves, and the present value of future projected inche inclusion of active life reserves, will not be less than the sum of the following:	
i.	The accumulated value of the initial earned premium times fifty eight percent (58%); ()
ii. earned basis;	Eighty-five percent (85%) of the accumulated value of prior premium rate schedule increases (on an
iii.	The present value of future projected initial earned premiums times fifty-eight percent (58%);	and
iv. 025.03.b.iii. on a	Eighty-five percent (85%) of the present value of future projected premiums not in Subsemearned basis.	ection)
c. 025.03.b.ii. and (In the event that a policy form has both exceptional and other increases, the values in Subsect 025.03.b.iv., will also include seventy percent (70%) for exceptional rate increase amounts.	etions
	All present and accumulated values used to determine rate increases use the maximum value contract reserves as specified in IDAPA 18.07.07, "Minimum Reserve Standards For Individua surance Contracts," Appendix A, IIA. The actuary discloses as part of the actuarial memorandu priate averages.	l And
years and includ than three (3) y insurance policie	Projections Filed for Review. For each rate increase that is implemented, the insurer file rector updated projections, as defined in Subsection 025.02.a., annually for the following three a comparison of actual results to projected values. The director may extend the period to greats if actual results are not consistent with projected values from prior projections. For a set that meet the conditions in Subsection 025.13, the projections prescribed by this Subsection 0. The policyholder in lieu of filing with the director.	ee (3) reater group
Subsection 025.0 period in Subse	Revised Premium Rate . If any premium rate in the revised premium rate schedule is greater 0%) of the comparable rate in the initial premium schedule, lifetime projections, as defin 02.a., are filed for review by the director every five (5) years following the end of the presection 025.04. For group insurance policies that meet the conditions in Subsection 025.13 cribed by Subsection 025.05 are provided to the policyholder in lieu of filing with the director.	ed in cribed
moderately adver	Actual and Projected Experience . If the director has determined that the actual experience does not adequately match the projected experience and that the current projections are conditions demonstrate that incurred claims will not exceed proportions of the premium spectors, the director may require the insurer to implement any of the following:	under
a.	Premium rate schedule adjustments; or ()
i.	Other measures to reduce the difference between the projected and actual experience. ()
b. consideration sho	In determining whether the actual experience adequately matches the projected experiently be given to Subsection 025.02.d. and 025.02.e., if applicable.	ience,
07. is applicable are	Contingent Benefit upon Lapse. If the majority of the policies or certificates to which the ince eligible for the contingent benefit upon lapse, the insurer files:	rease
or both, or to de	A plan, subject to director approval, for improved administration or claims processing designmental for further deterioration of the policy form requiring further premium rate schedule increamonstrate that appropriate administration and claims processing have been implemented or actor should determine that such appropriate administration and claims processing functions have	eases, are in

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been addressed, p	provisions of Subsection 025.08 may be applied; and	()
	The original anticipated lifetime loss ratio, and the premium rate schedule increase that wou ccording to Subsection 025.03 had the greater of the original anticipated lifetime loss ratio (%) been used in the calculations described in Subsections 025.03.b.i. and 025.03.b.iii.	
	Additional Rate Increase Filings. For a rate increase filing that meets the following crite for all policies included in the filing, the projected lapse rates and past lapse rates during the wing each increase to determine if significant adverse lapse has occurred or is anticipated:	
		()
a.	The rate increase is not the first rate increase requested for the specific policy form or forms	s; ()
b.	The rate increase is not an exceptional increase; and	()
c. contingent benefi	The majority of the policies or certificates to which the increase is applicable are eligible tupon lapse.	for the
the director may may require the i	In the event significant adverse lapse has occurred, is anticipated in the filing or is evidenced presented in the updated projections provided by the insurer following the requested rate in determine that a rate spiral exists. Following the determination that a rate spiral exists, the consurer to offer, without underwriting, to all in force insureds subject to the rate increase of coverage with one or more reasonably comparable products being offered by the insured for will;	ncrease, director otion to
i.	Be subject to the approval of the director;	()
ii.	Be based on actuarially sound principles, but not be based on attained age; and	()
iii. comparable bene	Provide that the maximum benefits under any new policy accepted by an insured is redufits already paid under the existing policy.	iced by
e. of insureds origin increase is limited	The insurer maintains the experience of all the replacement insureds separate from the expally issued the policy forms. In the event of a request for a rate increase on the policy form, and to the lesser of:	
i.	The maximum rate increase determined based on the combined experience; and	()
ii. issued the form p	The maximum rate increase determined based only on the experience of the insureds or lust en percent (10%) .	iginally ()
09. exhibited a persimay, in addition following:	Persistent Practice of Inadequate Rate Filings. If the director determines that the insustent practice of filing inadequate initial premium rates for long-term care insurance, the to the provisions of Subsection 025.08 of this section, prohibit the insurer from either	director
a.	Filing and marketing comparable coverage for a period of up to five (5) years; or	()
b. subject to recent j	Offering all other similar coverages and limiting marketing of new applications to the premium rate schedule increases.	roducts
10. benefits provided following provisi	Exceptions . Subsection 025.01 and 025.09 does not apply to policies for which the long-tent by the policy are incidental, as defined in Subsection 010.12, if the policy complies with all ons:	

The interest credited internally to determine cash value accumulations, including long-term care, if

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a.

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	ed not to be less than the minimum guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations v t forth in the policy;	withou (
b. the nonforfeiture	The portion of the policy that provides insurance benefits other than long-term care coverage requirements as applicable in any of the following:	e meet (
i.	Section 41-1927, Idaho Code, Standard Nonforfeiture Law-Life Insurance;	(
ii.	Section 41-1927A, Idaho Code, Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Individual Deferred Annuit	ies;
iii.	IDAPA 18.03.03, Subsection 018.02, "Variable Contracts."	(
	Exceptions for Disclosure and Performance Standards . The policy meets the disc Sections 41-4605(9), 41-4605(10) and 41-4605(11), Idaho Code, pertaining to the Disclosurdards for Long-term Care Coverage.	
12. memorandum is t	Exception If Actuarial Memorandum Filed Which Includes Defined Information. An actiled with the Department of Insurance that includes:	ctuaria (
a.	A description of the basis on which the long-term care rates were determined;	(
b.	A description of the basis for the reserves;	(
c. ages of issuance;	A summary of the type of policy, benefits, renewability, general marketing method, and lir	mits oi (
d. percent of premiu	A description and a table of each actuarial assumption used. For expenses, an insurer will im dollars per policy and dollars per unit of benefits, if any;	include (
e. each future year t	A description and a table of the anticipated policy reserves and additional reserves to be for active lives;	held ii (
f.	The estimated average annual premium per policy and the average issue age;	(
underwriting use	A statement as to whether underwriting is performed at the time of application. The star underwriting is used and, if used, the statement includes a description of the type or tyd, such as medical underwriting or functional assessment underwriting. Concerning a group licates whether the enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten and when underwriting of	pes o
h. nonforfeiture valu claims status.	A description of the effect of the long-term care policy provision on the prescribed preduces and reserves on the underlying insurance policy, both for active lives and those in long-terms.	
13. 025.08 cannot ap	Exceptions for Association Plans . Premium Rate Schedule Increases Subsections 025.0 ply to group insurance policies as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, where:	06 and (
a. (5,000) or more e	The policies insure two hundred fifty (250) or more persons and the policyholder has five the eligible employees of a single employer; or	ousand (
b. cannot be less the rate increase is fi	The policyholder, and not the certificateholders, pay a material portion of the premium, an twenty percent (20%) of the total premium for the group in the calendar year prior to the led.	

Section 026 Page 2864

026.

FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR ADVERTISING.

Department	of Insurance	Insurance Minimum Star	ndards
term care insur to the Director retained by the	Filing and Retention . Every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit rganization providing long-term care insurance or benefits ance advertisement intended for use in this state whether the of Insurance of this state for review and approval by the D insurer or other entity for at least five (5) years from the date next regular report of examination of the insurer, whichever	in this state provides a copy of an rough written, radio, or television referector. In addition, all advertisement was first used;	y long nediun ents are
02. when, in the di	Exemptions . The director may exempt from these requirector's opinion, this requirement cannot be reasonably applications.		nateria (
027. STAN	DARDS FOR MARKETING AND PRODUCER TRAIN	NING.	
01. similar organiz	General Provisions . Every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit Socation marketing long-term care insurance coverage in this st	ciety, Managed Care Organization (ate, directly or through its produce	or others, will
a. activities, inclu	Establish marketing procedures and producer training rading any comparison of policies by its producers will be fai		rketing (
b.	Establish marketing procedures to assure excessive insur	ance is not sold or issued.	(
c. coverage and p term care incu limitations."	Display prominently by type, stamp or other appropriate policy the following: "Notice to buyer: This policy cannot corred by the buyer during the period of coverage. The buyer	over all of the costs associated wit	th long
d.	Provide copies of the disclosure forms prescribed in Sub-	section 014.10.	(
	Provide an explanation of contingent benefit upon lapse ple, the additional contingent benefit upon lapse provided to Subsection 032.04.c.		
any such insura	Inquire and make every reasonable effort to identify whe insurance already has accident and sickness or long-term carence, except that in the case of qualified long-term care insurance has accident or enrollee for long-term care insurance has accident	re insurance and the types and amourance contracts, an inquiry into where	ounts of nether a
g.	Establish auditable procedures for verifying compliance	with Subsection 027.01.	(
h. Senior Health number of the	At solicitation, provide written notice to the prospective Insurance Benefits Advisors/SHIBA the program is available program.		
i. premium" only	For long-term care insurance policies and certificates, when the policy or certificate conforms to Subsection 011.0		r "leve (
02.	Banned Practices. In addition to the practices banned in	n Title 41. Chapter 13. Idaho Code	e. Trade

b. High Pressure Tactics. Employing any method of marketing having the effect of or tending to induce the purchase of insurance through force, fright, threat, whether explicit or implied, or undue pressure to

a. Twisting. Knowingly making any misleading representation or incomplete or fraudulent comparison of any insurance policies or insurers for the purpose of inducing, or tending to induce, any person to lapse, forfeit, surrender, terminate, retain, pledge, assign, borrow on or convert any insurance policy, or to take out a

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Practices and Frauds, the following acts and practices are banned:

policy of insurance with another insurer.

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purchase or reco	mmend the purchase of insurance.	()
	Cold Lead Advertising. Making use directly or indirectly of any method of marketing which aspicuous manner that a purpose of the method of marketing is solicitation of insurance ande by an insurance producer or insurance company.		
d. insurance policy.	Misrepresentation. Misrepresenting a material fact in selling or offering to sell a long-t	erm (care
make informed of certificates endor	Associations. With respect to the obligations set forth in Subsection 027.03, the an association, as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(b), Idaho Code, when endorsing or sellince is to educate its members concerning long-term care issues in general so that its membersions. Associations provide objective information regarding long-term care insurance persed or sold by such associations to ensure that members of such associations receive a bala action of the features in the policies or certificates that are being endorsed or sold.	ng lobers olicie	ong- can es or
a.	The insurer files with the insurance department the following material:	()
i.	The policy and certificate;	()
ii.	A corresponding outline of coverage; and	()
iii.	All advertisements to be utilized.	()
b.	The association discloses in any long-term care insurance solicitation:	()
i. commissions, ac endorsement or s	The specific nature and amount of the compensation arrangements (including dministrative fees and other forms of financial support) that the association receivale of the policy or certificate to its members; and		
ii. selected.	A brief description of the process under which the policies and the insurer issuing the policies	cies v (were
c. association discl	If the association and the insurer have interlocking directorates or trustee arrangem oses that fact to its members.	ents,	the
d. certificates revie insurer.	The board of directors of associations selling or endorsing long-term care insurance pows and approves the insurance policies as well as the compensation arrangements made		
e.	The association also will:	()
	At the time of the association's decision to endorse, engage the services of a person with e insurance not affiliated with the insurer to conduct an examination of the policies, incl., and rates, and update the examination thereafter in the event of material change;		
ii.	Actively monitor the marketing efforts of the insurer and its producers; and	()
iii. sales or sent to m	Review and approve all marketing materials or other insurance communications used to nembers regarding the policies or certificates.	pror (note)
iv. contracts.	Subsections 027.03.e.i. through 027.03.e.iii. cannot apply to qualified long-term care i	nsura (ance
f. insurer files with	No group long-term care insurance policy or certificate may be issued to an association up the state insurance department the information prescribed in Section 027.	nless (s the

policies	01. that acce	Life Insurance Policies That Accelerate Benefits. Section 028 cannot apply to life in elerate benefits for long-term care.	surance
028.	SUITAI	BILITY.	
state.	e.	The satisfaction of these training requirements in any state satisfy the training requirements	s of this
products the direct distribute assurance 027.04 a public at	s, maintain etor upon ion of it se to the and that p nd priva	Insurers subject to this rule obtain verification that a producer receives training present of the state in producer is permitted to sell, solicit or negotiate the insurer's long-term care in in records subject to the state's record retention requirements, and make that verification avairance request. An insurer maintains records with respect to the training of its producers concernt to long-term care Partnership policies that will allow the Department of Insurance to Division of Medicaid that the producers have received the training as prescribed by Subproducers have demonstrated an understanding of the Partnership policies and their relation the coverage of long-term care including Medicaid in this state. These records are maintain the state's record retention requirements and made available to the director upon request.	surance lable to ning the provide psection aship to
materials	c . s, or train	The training prescribed by Subsection 027.04. cannot include any sales or marketing inforning, other than those prescribed by state and federal law.	mation.
	vi.	Consumer suitability standards and guidelines.	()
	v.	The effect of inflation on benefits and the importance of inflation protection; and	()
	iv.	Alternatives to the purchase of private long-term care insurance;	(
	iii.	Changes or improvements in long-term care services or providers;	(
	ii.	Available long-term care services and providers;	()
term care Medicaio		State and federal regulations and requirements and the relationship between qualified state partnership programs and other public and private coverage of long-term care services, in	te long- cluding
insuranc not limit		The training prescribed under Subsection 027.04.a. consists of topics related to long-term care services and qualified state long-term care insurance partnership program, include	
		The one-time training course prescribed by this section is no less than eight (8) hours. In addining course, an individual who sells, solicits, or negotiates long-term care insurance complementaries by this Subsection 027.04, which is no less than four (4) hours every twenty for	etes the
insuranc thereafte	e) and l er. The tra	Producer Training Requirements. An individual cannot sell, solicit or negotiate long-teached individual is licensed as an insurance producer for life and disability (accident and has completed a one-time training course and ongoing training every twenty-four (24) aining meets the requirements set forth in this Subsection 027.04. Such training requirements inuing education course under IDAPA 18.06.04, "Continuing Education."	l health months
trade pra	h. actice in	Failure to comply with the filing and certification requirements of Section 027 constitutes a violation of Title 41, Chapter 13, Idaho Code, Trade Practices and Frauds.	n unfair
		The insurer cannot issue a long-term care policy or certificate to an association or contolicy or certificate unless the insurer certifies annually that the association has complied value forth in Section 027.	

02. similar organizat	General Provisions . Every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit Society, Managed Care Organization or other ion marketing long-term care insurance (the "issuer") will:	r)
a. term care insuran	Develop and use suitability standards to determine whether the purchase or replacement of long ce is appropriate for the needs of the applicant;	-)
b.	Train its producers in the use of its suitability standards; and ()
c. the director.	Maintain a copy of its suitability standards and make them available for inspection upon request by	<i>y</i>)
03. by the issuer;	Determination of Standards . To determine whether the applicant meets the standards developed (1)
a.	The producer and issuer develop procedures that take the following into consideration:)
i. purchase of the c	The ability to pay for the proposed coverage and other pertinent financial information related to the overage;	e)
ii. of insurance to m	The applicant's goals or needs with respect to long-term care and the advantages and disadvantages eet these goals or needs; and	s)
iii. values, benefits a	The values, benefits, and costs of the applicant's existing insurance, if any, when compared to the nd costs of the recommended purchase or replacement.	e)
Insurance Person in the format con issuer may reque	The issuer and producer, if involved, make reasonable efforts to obtain the information set out in 3. The efforts include presentation to the applicant, at or prior to application, the "Long-Term Card al Worksheet." The personal worksheet used by the issuer contains, at a minimum, the information tained in the NAIC Model Regulations in Appendix B, in not less than twelve (12) point type. The st the applicant to provide additional information to comply with its suitability standards. A copy of all worksheet is filed with the director.	e n e
i. Appendixes B, C	Copies of NAIC Model Regulations for Long-Term Care Insurance Minimum Standards, and D can be found at the Idaho Department of Insurance website.	s)
	A completed personal worksheet is returned to the issuer prior to the issuer's consideration of the erage, except the personal worksheet need not be returned for sales of employer group long-term employees and their spouses.	
d. obtained through	The sale or dissemination outside the company or agency by the issuer or producer of information the personal worksheet in the NAIC Model Regulations, Appendix B is banned.	1)
04. in determining w	Appropriateness . The issuer uses the suitability standards it has developed pursuant to Section 028 hether issuing long-term care insurance coverage to an applicant is appropriate.	3
05. long-term care in	Use of Standards. Producers use the suitability standards developed by the issuer in marketing surance.	3
disclosure form of form is in the form	Disclosure Form . At the same time as the personal worksheet is provided to the applicant, the entitled "Things You Should Know Before You Buy Long-Term Care Insurance" is provided. The mat contained in the NAIC Model Regulations, Appendix C, in not less than twelve (12) point type.	e :
	Rejection and Alternatives . If the issuer determines that the applicant does not meet its financiards, or if the applicant has declined to provide the information, the issuer may reject the applicatione, the issuer sends the applicant a letter similar to the NAIC Model Regulations, Appendix D	١.

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However, if the applicant has declined to provide financial information, the issuer may use some other method to verify the applicant's intent. Either the applicant's returned letter or a record of the alternative method of verification is made part of the applicant's file.

08. Reporting. The issuer reports annually to the director the total number of applications received from residents of this state, the number of those who declined to provide information on the personal worksheet, the number of applicants who did not meet the suitability standards, and the number of those who chose to confirm after receiving a suitability letter.

029. PROHIBITION AGAINST PREEXISTING CONDITIONS AND PROBATIONARY PERIODS IN REPLACEMENT POLICIES OR CERTIFICATES.

If a long-term care insurance policy or certificate replaces another long-term care policy or certificate, the replacing insurer waives any time periods applicable to preexisting conditions and probationary periods in the new long-term care policy for similar benefits to the extent that similar exclusions have been satisfied under the original policy.

030. AVAILABILITY OF NEW SERVICES OR PROVIDERS.

- **01. Notification to Policyholder**. An insurer notifies the policyholder of the availability of a new long-term care policy that provides coverage for new long-term care services or providers material in nature and not previously available through the insurer to the general public. The notice is provided within twelve (12) months of the date the new policy is made available for sale in this state.
- **O2.** Exceptions to Notification Requirements. Notwithstanding Subsection 030.01, notification is not prescribed for any policy issued prior to the effective date of this Section 030 or to any policyholder who is currently eligible for benefits, within an elimination period or on claim, or who previously has been in claim status, or who would not be eligible to apply for coverage due to issue age limitations under the new policy. The insurer may require that policyholders meet all eligibility requirements, including underwriting and payment of the prescribed premium to add such new services or providers.
 - 03. New Coverage. The insurer makes the new coverage available in one of the following ways:
- **a.** By adding a rider to the existing policy and charging a separate premium for the new rider based on the insured's attained age;
- **b.** By exchanging the existing policy or certificate for one with an issue age based on the present age of the insured and recognizing past insured status by granting premium credits toward the premiums for the new policy or certificate. The premium credits are based on premiums paid or reserves held for the prior policy or certificate.
- c. By exchanging the existing policy or certificate for a new policy or certificate in which consideration for past insured status is recognized by setting the premium for the new policy or certificate at the issue age of the policy or certificate being exchanged. The cost of the new policy or certificate may recognize the difference in reserves between the new policy or certificate and the original policy or certificate; or
- **d.** By an alternative program developed by the insurer that meets the intent of Section 030 if the program is filed with and approved by the Director.
- **04. Proprietary Policy**. An insurer is not prescribed to notify policyholders of a new proprietary policy created and filed for use in a limited distribution channel. For purposes of this Subsection 030.04, "limited distribution channel" means through a discrete entity, such as a financial institution or brokerage, for which specialized products are available that are not available for sale to the general public. Policyholders that purchased such a proprietary policy are notified when a new long-term care policy that provides coverage for new long-term care services or providers material in nature is made available to that limited distribution channel.
 - **05.** Exchanges and Not Replacements. Policies issued pursuant to this Section 030 are considered

		of replacements. These exchanges are not subject to Section 018, and Section 028, and the respection 019.01. through 019.05. of this rule.	porting
offering	entity. H	Employer Sponsored Plan . Where the policy is offered through an employer, labor organide or occupational association, the prescribed notification in Subsection 030.01 is made lowever, if the policy is issued to a group defined in Section 41-4603 (04) (d), Idaho Code ance Act, the notification is made to each certificateholder.	to the
Howeve	er, upon rers. The in	Nothing Prohibits an Insurer From Offering Coverage. Nothing in this Section 030 prohering any policy, rider, certificate or coverage change to any policyholder or certificate-equest any policyholder may apply for currently available coverage that includes the new services may require that policyholders meet eligibility requirements, including underwriti rescribed premium to add such new services or providers.	-holder vices o
policies	08. or riders	Not Applicable to Life Insurance Policies. This Section 030 does not apply to life inscontaining accelerated long-term care benefits.	suranc (
031.	RIGHT	TO REDUCE COVERAGE AND LOWER PREMIUMS.	
		Reduction of Coverage . Every long-term care insurance policy and certificate includes a probleyholder or certificateholder to reduce coverage and lower the policy or certificate premiural lower grays:	
	a.	Reducing the maximum benefit; or	(
	b.	Reducing the daily, weekly or monthly benefit amount.	(
design o	c. or the carr	The insurer may also offer other reduction options that are consistent with the policy or cereier's administrative processes.	tificat (
which c	02. overage r	Implementing a Reduction in Coverage . The provision includes a description of the very be reduced and the process for requesting and implementing a reduction in coverage.	vays ii (
reduced	03.	Determination of Premium for Reduced Coverage . The age to determine the premium e is based on the age used to determine the premiums for the coverage currently in force.	for the
	04. options a paid or pa	Limitations for the Reduction of Coverage . The insurer may limit any reduction in coveravailable for that policy form and to those for which benefits will be available after considerately yable.	
		Notification in Regard to the Possible Lapse of Policy . If a policy or certificate is about to des a written reminder to the policyholder or certificateholder of their right to reduce coveranotice prescribed by Subsection 013.01.c. of this rule.	
Section	06. 031 does	Not Applicable to Life Insurance Policies or Riders Containing Accelerated Benefit not apply to life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits.	s. Thi

07. Compliance Requirements. The requirements of this Section 031 apply to any long-term care policy issued in this state on or after November 1, 2007. Compliance with this Section 031 may be accomplished by policy replacement, exchange or by adding the prescribed provision via amendment or endorsement to the policy.

NONFORFEITURE BENEFIT REQUIREMENT. 032.

01. Life Insurance Policies That Accelerate Benefits. Section 032 does not apply to life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits.

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- **02. Nonforfeiture Benefits.** To comply with the requirement to offer a nonforfeiture benefit pursuant to the provisions of Section 41-4607, Idaho Code, every Insurer, Fraternal Benefit Society, Managed Care Organization, or other similar organization marketing long-term care insurance coverage in this state satisfies the following:
- a. A policy or certificate offered with nonforfeiture benefits will have coverage elements, eligibility, benefit triggers and benefit length that are the same as coverage to be issued without nonforfeiture benefits. The nonforfeiture benefit included in the offer is the benefit described in Subsection 032.04.e. ()
- **b.** The offer is in writing if the nonforfeiture benefit is not described in the Outline of Coverage or other materials given to the prospective policyholder.
- **03. Contingent Benefit.** If the offer prescribed under Section 41-4607, Idaho Code, is rejected, the insurer provides the contingent benefit upon lapse described in Section 032. Even if this offer is accepted for a policy with a fixed or limited premium paying period, the contingent benefit on lapse in Subsection 032.04.b.i. still applies.
- **04. Rejection of Offer.** After rejection of the offer prescribed under Section 41-4607, Idaho Code, as it pertains to nonforfeiture benefits, for individual and group policies without nonforfeiture benefits issued after the effective date of Section 032, the insurer provides a contingent benefit upon lapse. ()
- **a.** In the event a group policyholder elects to make the nonforfeiture benefit an option to the certificate holder, a certificate provides either the nonforfeiture benefit or the contingent benefit upon lapse.
- **b.** A contingent benefit on lapse is triggered every time an insurer increases the premium rates to a level which results in a cumulative increase of the annual premium equal to or exceeding the percentage of the insured's initial annual premium set forth within Subsection 032.04 based on the insured's issue age, and the policy or certificate lapses within one hundred twenty (120) days of the due date of the premium so increased. Unless otherwise prescribed, policyholders are notified at least thirty (30) days prior to the due date of the premium reflecting the rate increase.

)

ŗ	Table: Issue Age - Percent Increase Over Initial Premium			
Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium	Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium	
29 and under	200%	72	36%	
30-34	190%	73	34%	
35-39	170%	74	32%	
40-44	150%	75	30%	
45-49	130%	76	28%	
50-54	110%	77	26%	
55-59	90%	78	24%	
60	70%	79	22%	
61	66%	80	20%	
62	62%	81	19%	
63	58%	82	18%	
64	54%	83	17%	
65	50%	84	16%	
66	48%	85	15%	
67	46%	86	14%	
68	44%	87	13%	
69	42%	88	12%	
70	40%	89	11%	
71	38%	90 and over	10%	

i. A contingent benefit on lapse is also triggered for policies with a fixed or limited premium paying period every time an insurer increases the premium rates to a level that results in a cumulative increase of the annual premium equal to or exceeding the percentage of the insured's initial annual premium set forth below based on the insured's issue age, the policy or certificate lapses within one hundred twenty (120) days of the due date of the premium so increased, and the ratio in Subsection 032.04.d.ii. is forty percent (40%) or more. Unless otherwise prescribed, policyholders are notified at least thirty (30) days prior to the due date of the premium reflecting the rate increase.

Triggers For A Substantial Premium Increase

Issue Age	Percent Increase Over Initial Premium
Under 65	50%
65-80	30%
Over 80	10%

This provision is in addition to the contingent benefit provided by Subsection 032.04.b. and where both are triggered, the benefit provided is at the option of the insured.

- ${f c.}$ On or before the effective date of a substantial premium increase as defined in Subsection 032.04.b., the insurer:
- i. Offers to reduce policy benefits provided by the current coverage without the requirement of additional underwriting so that premium payments are not increased;
- ii. Offers to convert the coverage to a paid-up status with a shortened benefit period in accordance with the terms of Subsection 032.04.e. This option may be elected at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b.; and
- iii. Notifies the policyholder or certificate holder that a default or lapse at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b. is the election of the offer to convert in Subsection 032.04.c.ii. unless the automatic option in Subsection 032.04.d.iii. applies.
- **d.** On or before the effective date of a substantial premium increase as defined in Subsection 032.04.b.i., the insurer:
- i. Offers to reduce policy benefits provided by the current coverage without the requirement of additional underwriting so that premium payments are not increased;
- ii. Offers to convert the coverage to a paid-up status where the amount payable for each benefit is ninety percent (90%) of the amount payable in effect immediately prior to lapse times the ratio of the number of completed months of paid premiums divided by the number of months in the premium paying period. This option may be elected at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b.i.; and
- iii. Notifies the policyholder or certificateholder that a default or lapse at any time during the one hundred twenty (120) day period referenced in Subsection 032.04.b.i. is the election of the offer to convert in Subsection 032.04.d.ii. above if the ratio is forty percent (40%) or more.
- e. Benefits continued as nonforfeiture benefits, including contingent benefits upon lapse, in accordance with Subsection 032.04.b. but not Subsection 032.04.b.i. are described in Subsection 032.04.e. ()
- i. For purposes of this Subsection 032.04.e., attained age rating is defined as a schedule of premiums starting from the issue date which increases age at least one percent (1%) per year prior to age fifty (50), and at least three percent (3%) per year beyond age fifty (50);
- ii. For purposes of Subsection 032.04.e., the nonforfeiture benefit is of a shortened benefit period providing paid-up long-term care insurance coverage after lapse. The same benefits (amounts and frequency in effect at the time of lapse but not increased thereafter) will be payable for a qualifying claim, but the lifetime maximum dollars or days of benefits are determined as specified in Subsection 032.04.e.iii.;
- iii. The standard nonforfeiture credit will be equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the sum of all premiums paid, including the premiums paid prior to any changes in benefits. The insurer may offer additional

credit for that du nursing home be	t period options, as long as the benefits for each duration equal or exceed the standard nonfouration. However, the minimum nonforfeiture credit cannot be less than thirty (30) times the nefit at the time of lapse. In either event, the calculation of the nonforfeiture credit is subject section 032.04.f.;	e dai	ly
iv. certificate issue thereafter.	The nonforfeiture benefit begins not later than the end of the third year following the podate. The contingent benefit upon lapse is effective during the first three (3) years as		
v. nonforfeiture ber	Notwithstanding Subsection 032.04.e.iv. for a policy or certificate with attained age rational tension on the earlier of:	ng, tł (ie)
(1)	The end of the tenth year following the policy or certificate issue date; or	()
(2) attained age ratir	The end of the second year following the date the policy or certificate is no longer suleg.	oject 1	to)
vi. of the policy or c	Nonforfeiture credits may be used for all care and services qualifying for benefits under the certificate, up to the limits specified in the policy or certificate.	e tern (1S)
f. paid-up status wi in premium payi	All benefits paid by the insurer while the policy or certificate is in premium paying status an ll not exceed the maximum benefits which would be payable if the policy or certificate had reng status.		
group and indivi	There is no difference in the minimum nonforfeiture benefits as prescribed under Section dual policies.	032 fo	or)
	For certificates issued on or after the effective date of this Section 032, under a group lor plicy as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, which policy was in force at the time to, the provisions of Section 032 cannot apply.		
i. any long-term ca	The last sentence Subsection 032.03 and Subsection 032.04.b. and Subsection 032.04.d. apre insurance policy defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code one (1) year after adoption		to)
i. benefit on lapse treating the police	Premiums charged for a policy or certificate containing nonforfeiture benefits or a cor are subject to the loss ratio requirements of Section 023 or Section 025, whichever is app y as a whole.		
insurance policie	To determine whether contingent nonforfeiture upon lapse provisions are triggered 4.b. or 032.04.b.i., a replacing insurer that purchased or assumed a block or blocks of long-tees from another insurer calculates the percentage increase based on the initial annual premium then the policy was first purchased from the original insurer.	rm ca	re
	A nonforfeiture benefit for qualified long-term care insurance contracts that are level pred that meets the following requirements:	remiu	m)
i.	The nonforfeiture provision is appropriately captioned;	()
necessary to refl	The nonforfeiture provision provides a benefit available in the event of a default on the paying states that the amount of the benefit may be adjusted subsequent to being initially granted ect changes in claims, persistency and interest as reflected in changes in rates for premium review with the Director for the same contract form; and	only a	as
iii.	The nonforfeiture provision provides at least one (1) of the following:	()
(1)	Reduced paid-up insurance;	()

Assessments. Assessments of activities of daily living and cognitive impairment are performed by licensed or certified professionals, such as physicians, nurses or social workers.

Appeals. Long-term care insurance policies include a clear description of the process for appealing and resolving benefit determinations.

- Effective Date. The requirements set forth in Section 033 are effective within twelve (12) months of the effective date of the rule and apply as follows:
- Except as provided in Subsection 033.07.b. the provisions of Section 033 apply to a long-term care policy issued in this state on or after the effective date of the rule.
- For certificates issued on or after the effective date of Section 033, under a group long-term care insurance policy as defined in Section 41-4603(4)(a), Idaho Code, which was in force at the time this rule became

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effective, the provisions of Section 033 do not apply.

034. ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR BENEFIT TRIGGERS FOR QUALIFIED LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE CONTRACTS.

- **01. Definitions.** For purposes of Section 034 the following definitions apply:
- **a.** Qualified long-term care services means services that meet the requirements of Section 7702B(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows: necessary diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, curative, treatment, mitigation, and rehabilitative services and maintenance or personal care services which are prescribed by a chronically ill individual, and are provided pursuant to a plan of care prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner.
- **b.** Chronically ill individual has the meaning prescribed for this term by Section 7702B(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Under this provision, a chronically ill individual means any individual who has been certified by a licensed health care practitioner as:
- i. Being unable to perform (without substantial assistance from another individual) at least two (2) activities of daily living for a period of at least ninety (90) days due to a loss of functional capacity; or
- ii. Requiring substantial supervision to protect the individual from threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairment.
- c. The term chronically ill individual cannot include an individual meeting these requirements unless within the preceding twelve (12) month period a licensed health care practitioner has certified that the individual meets these requirements.
- **d.** Licensed health care practitioner means a physician, as defined in Section 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act, and a registered professional nurse, licensed social worker, or other individual who meets requirements prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- **e.** Maintenance or personal care services means any care, the primary purpose of which is the provision of needed assistance with any of the disabilities, the existence of which leads to the conclusion that the individual is a chronically ill individual (including the protection from threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive impairment).
- **02.** The Chronically III. A qualified long-term care insurance contract pays for qualified long-term care services received by a chronically ill individual provided pursuant to a plan of care prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner.
- **O3.** Payments and Conditions. A qualified long-term care insurance contract conditions the payment of benefits on a determination of the insured's inability to perform activities of daily living for an expected period of at least ninety (90) days due to a loss of functional capacity; or to severe cognitive impairment.
- **04. Certifications by Professionals.** Certifications regarding activities of daily living and cognitive impairment prescribed pursuant to Subsection 034.03 are performed by licensed or certified professionals, such as physicians, registered professional nurses, licensed social workers, or other individuals who meet requirements prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- **05. Certifications by Carrier.** Certification prescribed pursuant to Subsection 034.03 may be performed by a licensed health care professional at the direction of the carrier as is reasonably necessary with respect to a specific claim, except that when a licensed health care practitioner has certified that an insured is unable to perform activities of daily living for an expected period of at least ninety (90) days due to a loss of functional capacity and the insured is in claim status, the certification cannot be rescinded and additional certifications cannot be performed until after the expiration of the ninety (90) day period.
 - **06.** Appeals. Qualified long-term care contracts include a clear description of the process for appealing

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and reso	olving bei	nefit determinations.	(
	035 of t	DARD FORMAT OUTLINE OF COVERAGE. the rule implements, interprets and makes specific, the provisions of Section 41-4605(7)(a), using a standard format and the content of an outline of coverage.	, Idaho
		Format . The outline of coverage is a freestanding document, using no smaller than ten (10 capitalized or underscored in the standard format outline of coverage may be emphasized by de prominence equivalent to the capitalization or underscoring.	
	02.	Content. The outline of coverage contains no material of an advertising nature.	(
	03. ory, unles	Standard Form . Use of the text and sequence of text of the standard format outline of covers otherwise specifically indicated. Format for the outline of coverage is published on the Department.	
036.	REQUI	REMENT TO DELIVER SHOPPER'S GUIDE.	
		Approved Format . A long-term care insurance shopper's guide in the format developed ation of Insurance Commissioners, or a guide developed or approved by the director, is proveplicants of a long-term care insurance policy or certificate.	by the ided to
presenta	a. ation of a	In the case of producer solicitations, a producer will deliver the shopper's guide prior application or enrollment form.	to the
with an	b. y applicat	In the case of direct response solicitations, the shopper's guide will be presented in conjution or enrollment form.	unction
		Exceptions . Life insurance policies or riders containing accelerated long-term care benefits nish the above-referenced guide, but furnish the policy summary prescribed under Sectiode, Disclosure and Performance Standards for Long-Term Care Insurance.	
violated Care In	l any requ surance N	TIES. ny other penalties provided by the laws of this state any insurer and any producer found to the marketing of such insurance or of IDAPA 18.04.11, "Long Minimum Standards," is subject to an administrative penalty of up to three (3) times the among paid for each policy involved in the violation or up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), which	g-Term ount o

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(RESERVED)

038. -- 999.

18.04.12 – THE SMALL EMPLOYER HEALTH INSURANCE AND AVAILABILITY ACT

000. Title 41		LAUTHORITY. s 2 and 47, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.12, "The Small Employer Health Insurance and Availability Act."	()
through	associat	Scope . The Act and this chapter are intended to promote broader spreading of risk in the tplace and to regulate all health benefit plans sold to small employers, whether sold directions or other groupings of small employers. Carriers that provide health benefit plans to tended to be subject to all of the provisions of the Act and this chapter.	ctly o	or
002	009.	(RESERVED)		
010. As used	DEFIN l in this cl	ITIONS. hapter:	()
U.S.C. following		Associate Member . Any individual who participates in an employee benefit plan (as defined 002(1)) that is a multi-employer plan (as defined in 29 U.S.C. Section 1002(37A)), other that is a multi-employer plan (as defined in 29 U.S.C. Section 1002(37A)).		
		An individual (or the beneficiary of such individual) who is employed by a participating eming unit covered by at least one (1) of the collective bargaining agreements under or pursuyee benefit plan is established or maintained; or		
bargain	ing agree	An individual who is a present or former employee (or a beneficiary of such employee) loyee organization, of an employer who is or was a party to at least one (1) of the col ments under or pursuant to which the employee benefit plan is established or maintained, or t plan (or of a related plan).	lectiv	e
		Expense . The cost incurred for a covered service or supply. A physician or other livers or prescribes the service or supply. Expense is considered incurred on the date the service. Expense does not include any charge:	cense vice o	d or)
	a.	For a service or supply that is not medically necessary; or	()
	b.	That is in excess of reasonable and customary charge for a service or supply.	()
		Geographic Area . A sector of land, as designated by the health carrier, which employers specified rating factor. Geographic areas are limited to no more than six (6) designated areas, ver than a county.		
employ	04. er carrier	Medically Necessary Service or Supply . One that is ordered by a physician and that the or a qualified party determines is:	e sma (11
	a.	Provided for the diagnosis or direct treatment of an injury or sickness;	()
insured	b. persons i	Appropriate and consistent with the symptoms and findings of diagnosis and treatment njury or sickness;	of th	ie)
	c.	Is not considered experimental or investigative;	()
	d.	Provided in accord with generally accepted medical practice;	()
The fac	e. t that the ly are me	The most appropriate supply or level of service which can be provided on a cost-effective insured person's physician prescribes services or supplies does not automatically mean such sdically necessary and covered by the policy.	e basis servic (s. e)
of an er	05. nployer g	New Entrant . An eligible employee, or the dependent of an eligible employee, who become group after the initial period for enrollment in a health benefit plan.	es pa	rt)

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06.	Pre-Existing Condition.	()
	A condition, whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for ce, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received during the six (6) months immedeffective date of coverage;		
b. during the six	A condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or react (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or	eceive (:d)
c.	A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.	()
d. of a diagnosi	Genetic information will not be considered as a condition described in this definition in the as of the condition related to such information.	absenc (:е)
	Risk Characteristic . The health status, claims experience, duration of coverage, or any related to the health status or claims experience of a small employer group or of any member of oup. Such characteristics can include family composition, group size, industry.		
08. employer car group.	Risk Load . The percentage above the applicable base premium rate that is charged by rier to the rates of the small employer group, to reflect the risk characteristics of the small employer.	a sma nploye	ll er)
Prior to Mar needed to fur This interim interim assess	CESSMENTS. Ch 1st of each year the Board determines and files with the Director an estimate of the assess and the losses incurred by the Idaho Small Employer Reinsurance Program in the previous calend assessment is based on the assessment formula set forth in Section 41-4711(12)(c), Idaho Code. In sments paid will be credited to each carrier's account when the amounts needed to fund losses are known.	ar yea nitial c	r. or
012 014.	(RESERVED)		
015. AP	PLICABILITY.		
01.	Applicability. This chapter applies to any health benefit plan provided on a group basis, that	ıt: ()
a.	Meets one (1) or more of the conditions set forth in Section 41-4704, Idaho Code; and	()
b. without regard	Offers coverage to two (2) or more eligible employees of a small employer located in third to whether the policy or certificate was issued in this state.	is state	e,)
whether the	Group Policy or Trust Arrangement. The provisions of the Act and this chapter applied to a small employer or to the eligible employees of a small employer without remealth benefit plan is offered under or provided through a group policy or trust arrangement of a ran association or discretionary group unless such health benefit plan(s) are subject to Title 41, 6 de.	egard t iny siz	to ze
03. health benefi	Group Policy or Trust Arrangement . The provisions of the Act and this chapter applit plan provided to a small employer or to the eligible employees of a small employer without re		

O4. Subsequent Employment of More Than Fifty Eligible Employees. If a small employer is issued a health benefit plan under the terms of the Act, the provisions of the Act and this chapter continue to apply to the health benefit plan in the case that the small employer subsequently employs more than fifty (50) eligible employees. A carrier providing coverage to such an employer, within sixty (60) days of becoming aware that the employer has more than fifty (50) eligible employees but no later than the anniversary date of the employer's health benefit plan,

whether the health benefit plan is offered under or provided through a group policy or trust arrangement of any size

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sponsored by an association or discretionary group.

notifies the employer that the protections provided under the Act and this chapter cease to apply to the employer if

such employer fails to renew its current health benefit plan or elects to enroll in a different health benefit plan. **05.** Employer Subsequently Becomes a Small Employer. If a health benefit plan is issued to an employer that is not a small employer as defined in the Act, but subsequently the employer becomes a small employer (due to the loss or change of work status of one or more employees), the terms of the Act do not apply to the health benefit plan. The carrier providing a health benefit plan to such an employer does not become a small employer carrier under the terms of the Act solely because the carrier continues to provide coverage under the health benefit plan to the employer. Time Period for Notification of Options to Employer. A carrier providing coverage to an employer described in Subsection 015.05, within sixty (60) days of becoming aware that the employer has fifty (50) or fewer eligible employees, notifies the employer of the options and protections available to the employer under the Act, including the employer's option to purchase a small employer health benefit plan from any small employer carrier. **Employees in More Than One State.** If a small employer has employees in more than one (1) state, the provisions of the Act and this chapter apply to a health benefit plan issued to the small employer if: The majority of eligible employees of such small employer are employed in this state; or a. b. If no state contains a majority of the eligible employees of the small employer, the primary business location of the small employer is in this state. Laws of This State or Another State. In determining whether the laws of this state or another state apply to a health benefit plan issued to a small employer described in Subsection 015.07, the provisions of the paragraph is applied as of the date the health benefit plan was issued to the small employer for the period that the health benefit plan remains in effect. Health Benefit Plan Subject to The Act and This Chapter. If a health benefit plan is subject to the Act and this chapter, the provisions of the Act and this chapter applies to all individuals covered under the health benefit plan, whether they reside in this state or in another state. When Is a Small Employer Carrier Not Subject to the Act and This Chapter. A carrier that is not operating as a small employer carrier in this state does not become subject to the provisions of the Act and this chapter solely because a small employer that was issued a health benefit plan in another state by that carrier moves to this state. 016. -- 020. (RESERVED) ESTABLISHMENT OF CLASSES OF BUSINESS. 021. Supporting Documentation for Establishment of Classes of Business. A small employer carrier that establishes more than one class of business pursuant to the provisions of Section 41-4705, Idaho Code, maintains on file for inspection by the Director the following information with respect to each class of business so established: A description of each criterion employed by the carrier (or any of its agents) for determining membership in the class of business; A statement describing the justification for establishing the class as a separate class of business and documentation that the establishment of the class of business is intended to reflect substantial differences in expected claims experience or administrative costs related to the reasons set forth in Section 41-4705, Idaho Code; and

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class and any s	A statement disclosing that, if any, health benefit plans are currently available for purch ignificant limitations related to the purchase of such plans.	nase in (the)
02. criterion for est	Group Size Is Not a Class of Business. A carrier will not directly or indirectly use groutablishing eligibility for a health benefit plan or for a class of business.	p size a (s a
022 027.	(RESERVED)		
028. TRA	NSITION FOR ASSUMPTIONS OF BUSINESS FROM ANOTHER CARRIER.		
01. carrier will not employer in this	Conditions for Transfer or Assumption of Entire Insurance Obligation. A small transfer or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit plan coveri is state unless:		
a. domicile of the	The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of te assuming carrier;	he state	of
b. domicile of the	The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of the ceding carrier; and,	he state	of
c.	The transaction meets the other requirements of this Section.	()
employer healt days prior to th the transaction consistent with thirty (30) days	Time Frame for Filing Plan to Assume or Cede Entire Insurance Obligation. It is state that proposes to assume or cede the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of one or not benefit plans from another carrier makes a filing for approval with the Director at least need at edate of the proposed assumption. The Director may approve the transaction if the Director is in the best interests of the individuals insured under the health benefit plans to be transfer the purposes of the Act and this chapter. The Director will not approve the transaction uns after the date of the filing; except that, if the ceding carrier is in hazardous financial comprove the transaction as soon as the Director deems reasonable.	nore sm sixty (t finds t rred and til at le	nall 60) hat d is east
03.	Filing Requirements. The filing for Subsection 028.02 will:	()
a. which the healt	Describe the class of business (including any eligibility requirements) of the ceding cath benefit plans will be ceded;	rrier fro	om)
to Subsection (Describe whether the assuming carrier will maintain the assumed health benefit plans as sess (pursuant to Subsection 028.08 or will incorporate them into an existing class of business 028.09). If the assumed health benefit plans will be incorporated into an existing class of business of the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of the class of business of the assuming carrier into which the health benefit plans as the class of the class	(pursusiness,	ant the
c. small employer	Describe whether the health benefit plans being assumed are currently available for purs;	ırchase	by)
d. plans to be assi	Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any, on the benefits provided by the hea umed;	lth bene	efit)
e. to be assumed;	Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any on the premiums for the health ber	nefit pla	ans)
f. small employer	Describe any other potential material effects of the assumption on the coverage provious covered by the health benefit plans to be assumed; and	ded to	the)
g.	Include any other information prescribed by the Director.	()
04.	Informational Filings in Other States. A small employer carrier prescribed to make a fi	ling un	der

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Subsection 028.02 will also make an informational filing with the Insurance Supervisory Official of each state in which there are small employer health benefit plans that would be included in the transaction. The informational filing to each state will be made concurrently with the filing made under Subsection 028.02 and will include at least the information specified in Subsection 028.03 for the small employer health benefit plans in that state.

- **05.** Other Considerations in the Transfer and Assumption of the Entire Insurance Obligation. A small employer carrier will not transfer or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit plan covering a small employer in this state unless it complies with the following provisions:
- **a.** The carrier has provided notice to the Director at least sixty (60) days prior to the date of the proposed assumption. The notice contains the information specified in Subsection 028.03 for the health benefit plans covering small employers in this state.
- **b.** If the assumption of a class of business would result in the assuming small employer carrier being out of compliance with the limitations related to premium rates contained in Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code, the assuming carrier makes a filing with the Director pursuant to Section 41-4706(3), Idaho Code, seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code.
- c. An assuming carrier seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code, will not complete the assumption of health benefit plans covering small employers in this state unless the Director grants the suspension requested pursuant to Paragraph 028.05.b.
- d. Unless a different period is approved by the Director, a suspension of the application of Section 41-4706(1)(a), Idaho Code, with respect to an assumed class of business, is for no more than fifteen (15) months and, with respect to each individual small employer, lasts only until the anniversary date of such employer's coverage (except that the period with respect to an individual small employer may be extended beyond its first anniversary date for a period of up to twelve (12) months if the anniversary date occurs within three (3) months of the date of assumption of the class of business).
- **06.** Exceptions to Ceding or Assumption of Business. Except as provided in Subsection 028.02, a small employer carrier will not cede or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk for a small employer health benefit plan unless the transaction includes the ceding to the assuming carrier of the entire class of business within Idaho which includes such health benefit plan.
- **07.** Requirements for Ceding Less Than an Entire Class of Business. A small employer carrier may cede less than an entire class of business to an assuming carrier if:
- a. One (1) or more small employers in the class have exercised their right under contract to reject, either directly or by implication, the ceding of their health benefit plans to another carrier. In that instance, the transaction includes each health benefit plan in the class of business except those health benefit plans for which a small employer has rejected the proposed cession; or
- **b.** After a written request from the transferring carrier, the Director determines that the transfer of less than the entire class of business is in the best interests of the small employers insured in that class of business.
- **08. Separate Class of Business**. Except as provided in Subsection 028.09, a small employer carrier that assumes one (1) or more health benefit plans from another carrier will maintain such health benefit plans as a separate class of business.
- **09.** Provisions for Exceeding the Maximum Number of Classes of Business. A small employer carrier that assumes one or more health benefit plans from another carrier may exceed the limitation contained in Section 41-4705(2), Idaho Code, (relating to the maximum number of classes of business a carrier may establish) due solely to such assumption for a period of up to fifteen (15) months after the date of the assumption, provided that the carrier complies with the following provisions:
 - **a.** Upon assumption of the health benefit plans, such health benefit plans are maintained as a separate

class of business. During the fifteen-month (15) period following the assumption, each of the assumed small employer health benefit plans are transferred by the assuming small employer carrier into a single class of business operated by the assuming small employer carrier. The assuming small employer carrier selects the class of business into which the assumed health benefit plans will be transferred in a manner such that the transfer results in the least possible change to the benefits and rating method of the assumed health benefit plans.

- **b.** The transfers authorized in Paragraph 028.09.a. occurs with respect to each small employer on the anniversary date of the small employer's coverage, except that the period with respect to an individual small employer may be extended beyond its first anniversary date for a period of up to twelve (12) months if the anniversary date occurs within three (3) months of the date of assumption of the class of business.
- **c.** A small employer carrier making a transfer pursuant to Paragraph 028.09.a. may alter the benefits of the assumed health benefit plans to conform to the benefits currently offered by the carrier in the class of business into which the health benefit plans have been transferred.
- **d.** The premium rate for an assumed small employer health benefit plan is not modified by the assuming small employer carrier until the health benefit plan is transferred pursuant to Paragraph 028.09.a. Upon transfer, the assuming small employer carrier calculates a new premium rate for the health benefit plan from the rate manual established for the class of business into which the health benefit plan is transferred. In making such calculation, the risk load applied to the health benefit plan is no higher than the risk load applicable to such health benefit plan prior to the assumption.
- e. During the fifteen-month (15) period provided in this Subsection, the transfer of small employer health benefit plans from the assumed class of business in accordance with this subsection is considered a violation of Section 41-4706(2), Idaho Code.
- 10. Restrictions to Apply Eligibility Requirements by Assuming Carrier. An assuming carrier will not apply eligibility requirements, including minimum participation and contribution requirements, with respect to an assumed health benefit plan (or with respect to any health benefit plan subsequently offered to a small employer covered by such an assumed health benefit plan) that are more stringent than the requirements applicable to such health benefit plan prior to the assumption.
- 11. Request for Extension of the Transition Period. The Director may approve a longer period of transition upon application of a small employer carrier. The application is made within sixty (60) days from assumption of the class of business and clearly states the justification for a longer transition period.
 - **12.** Additional Information. Nothing in this Section or in the Act is intended to:
- **a.** Reduce or diminish any legal or contractual obligation or requirement, including any obligation provided in Section 41-511, Idaho Code, of the ceding or assuming carrier related to the transaction;
- **b.** Authorize a carrier not admitted to transact the business of insurance in this state to offer or insure health benefit plans in this state; or
- **c.** Reduce or diminish the protections related to an assumption reinsurance transaction provided in Section 41-511, Idaho Code, or otherwise provided by law.

029. -- 035. (RESERVED)

036. RESTRICTIONS RELATING TO PREMIUM RATES.

The following provisions are applicable for all small employer health benefit plans.

01. Separate Rate Manual for Each Class of Business. A small employer carrier develops a separate rate manual for each class of business. Base premium rates and new business premium rates charged to small employers by the small employer carrier are computed solely from the applicable rate manual developed pursuant to this Section. To the extent that a portion of the premium rates charged by a small employer carrier is based on the carrier's discretion, the manual specifies the criteria and factors considered by the carrier in exercising such

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discretion.	(()
Section. The Dire	Requirements for Adjustments to Rating Method. A small employer carrier will not modified in the rate manual for a class of business until the change has been approved as provided it ector may approve a change to a rating method if the Director finds that the change is reasonable, and consistent with the purposes of the Act and this chapter.	in this
method for a class	Information for Review of Modification of Rating Method. A carrier may modify the ss of business only with prior approval of the Director. A carrier requesting to change the ss of business makes a filing with the Director at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed diling contains at least the following information:	rating
a.	The reasons the change in rating method is being requested; ()
b.	A complete description of each of the proposed modifications to the rating method;	()
individuals (and a ten percent (10%	A description of how the change in rating method would affect the premium rates currently chars in the class of business, including an estimate from a qualified actuary of the number of group a description of the types of groups or individuals) whose premium rates may change by more due to the proposed change in rating method (not generally including increases in premium small employers in a health benefit plan);	ups or e than
d. credible data and	A certification from a qualified actuary that the new rating method would be based on objective would be actuarially sound and appropriate; and	ve and
e. produce premium	A certification from a qualified actuary that the proposed change in rating method would rates for small employers that would be in violation of Section 41-4706, Idaho Code.	ld not
04.	Change in Rating Method. For the purpose of this Section, a change in rating method means	s:)
	A change in the number of case characteristics used by a small employer carrier to deter health benefit plans in a class of business (a small employer will not use case characteristics all tobacco use, geography or gender without prior approval of the Director);	
b. purpose of applyi	A change in the manner or procedures by which insureds are assigned into categories for a case characteristic to determine premium rates for health benefit plans in a class of busing (
c.	A change in the method of allocating expenses among health benefit plans in a class of business (ess; or
d. change in premiu	A change in a rating factor with respect to any case characteristic if the change would produce for any small employer that exceeds ten percent (10%).	duce a
with respect to m	For the purpose of this Subsection, a change in a rating factor means the cumulative change actor considered over a twelve (12) month period. If a small employer carrier changes rating force than one case characteristic in a twelve (12) month period, the carrier considers the cumuchanges in applying the ten percent (10%) test.	actors
05. developed pursua employer carrier	Rate Manual to Specify Case Characteristics and Rate Factors to Be Applied. The rate ment to Subsection 036.01 specifies the case characteristics and rate factors to be applied by the in establishing premium rates for the class of business.	

06. Uniform Application of Case Characteristics. A small employer carrier uses the same case characteristics as defined in Section 41-4706(1)(h), Idaho Code, in establishing premium rates for each health benefit plan in a class of business and applies them in the same manner in establishing premium rates for each such health

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benefit plan. Case characteristics are applied without regard to the risk characteristics of a small employer. (

- **07.** Base Premium Rates and Any Difference in New Business Rate. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 clearly illustrates the relationship among the base premium rates charged for each health benefit plan in the class of business. If the new business premium rate is different than the base premium rate for a health benefit plan, the rate manual illustrates the difference.
- **08. Reasonable and Objective Rate Differences.** Differences among base premium rates for health benefit plans are based solely on the reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and will not be based in any way on the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the small employer groups that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan. A small employer carrier applies case characteristics and rate factors within a class of business in a manner that assures that premium differences among health benefit plans for identical small employer groups vary only due to reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and are not due to the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the small employer groups that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan.
- **109. Two-Step Process.** The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 provides for premium rates to be developed in a two-step process. In the first step, a base premium rate is developed for the small employer group without regard to any risk characteristics of the group. In the second step, the resulting base premium rate may be adjusted by a risk load, subject to the provisions of Section 41-4706, Idaho Code, to reflect the risk characteristics of the group.
- 10. Exception to Application Fee, Underwriter Fee, or Other Fees. Except as provided in Subsection 036.11, a premium charged to a small employer for a health benefit plan will not include a separate application fee, underwriting fee, or any other separate fee or charge.
- 11. Uniform Application of Fees. A carrier may charge a separate fee with respect to a health benefit plan provided the fee is applied in a uniform manner to every health benefit plan in a class of business. All such fees are premium and are included in determining compliance with the Act and this chapter.
- 12. Uniform Allocation of Administration Expenses. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 describes the method of allocating administrative expenses to the health benefit plans in the class of business for which the manual was developed.
- 13. Rate Manual to be Maintained for a Period of Six Years. Each rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 is maintained by the carrier for a period of six (6) years. Updates and changes to the manual are maintained with the manual.
- 14. Guidelines Issued by Director. The rate manual and rating practices of a small employer carrier will comply with any guidelines issued by the Director.
- **15.** Application of Restrictions Related to Changes in Premium Rates. The restrictions related to changes in premium rates are set forth in Section 41-4706(1)(c), Idaho Code, and are applied as follows: ()
- **a.** A small employer carrier revises its rate manual each rating period to reflect changes in base premium rates and changes in new business premium rates. ()
- **b.** If, for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the new business premium rate is less than or the same as the percentage change in the base premium rate, the change in the new business premium rate is the change in the base premium rate for the purposes of Sections 41-4706(1)(c)(i), Idaho Code.
- c. If, for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the new business premium rate exceeds the percentage change in the base premium rate, the health benefit plan is considered a health benefit plan into which the small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small employers for the purposes of Section 41-4706(1)(c)(i), Idaho Code.

business by more explanation of he	If, for any rating period, the change in the new business premium rate for a health beneficiange in the new business premium rate for any other health benefit plan in the same than twenty percent (20%), the carrier makes a filing with the Director containing a context with the respective changes in new business premium rates were established and the reasonaling is made within thirty (30) days of the beginning of the rating period.	class omple	of ete
e. determine the charating period.	A small employer carrier keeps on file for a period of at least six (6) years the calculations ange in base premium rates and new business premium rates for each health benefit plan to		
16. a small employer	Change in Premium Rate . Except as provided in Subsection 036.17, a change in premium produces a revised premium rate that is no more than the following:	rate f	or)
a. manual as revised	The base premium rate for the small employer, given its present composition, (as shown in d for the rating period), multiplied by;	the ra	ite)
b.	One (1) plus the sum of:	()
i.	The risk load applicable to the small employer during the previous rating period; and	()
ii.	Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year).	()
17. Plans No Longer Enrolling New Business. In the case of a health benefit plan into which a small employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small employers, a change in premium rate for a small employer will produce a revised premium rate that is no more than the base premium rate for the small employer (given its present composition and as shown in the rate manual in effect for the small employer at the beginning of the previous rating period), multiplied by Paragraphs 036.17.a. and 036.17.b.			
a.	One (1) plus the lesser of:	()
i.	The change in the base rate; or	()
ii. which the small e	The percentage change in the new business premium for the most similar health benefit pemployer carrier is enrolling new small employers.	lan in (to)
b.	One (1) plus the sum of:	()
i.	The risk load applicable to the small employer during the previous rating period; and	()
ii.	Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year).	()
	Limitations on Revised Premium Rate . Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections range in premium rate for a small employer will not produce a revised premium rate that itons on rates provided in Section 41-4706(1)(b), Idaho Code.		
	Waiver Request for a Taft-Hartley Trust. A representative of a Taft-Hartley trust (including written request of such a trust) may file a written request with the Director for the water provisions of Section 41-4706(1), Idaho Code, with respect to such trust.		
	Provisions for Which Trust Is Seeking Waiver . A request made under Subsection visions for which the trust is seeking the waiver and describes, with respect to each provision pplication of such provision would:		
a.	Adversely affect the participants and beneficiaries of the trust; and	()
b.	Require modifications to one (1) or more of the collective bargaining agreements under or p	oursua	nt

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to which the trust was or is established or maintained.

21. Waiver Not for an Individual or Associate Member. A waiver granted under this provision will not apply to an individual who participates in the trust because the individual is an associate member of an employee organization or the beneficiary of such an individual.

037. -- 045. (RESERVED)

046. REQUIREMENT TO INSURE ENTIRE GROUPS.

- **01. Offer of Coverage**. A small employer carrier that offers coverage to a small employer will offer to provide coverage to each eligible employee and to each dependent of an eligible employee. Except as provided in Subsection 046.02, the small employer carrier provides the same health benefit plan to each such employee and dependent.
- **O2.** Choice of Health Benefit Plans. A small employer carrier may offer the employees of a small employer the option of choosing among one (1) or more health benefit plans, provided that each eligible employee may choose any of the offered plans. The choice among benefit plans will not be limited, restricted or conditioned based upon the risk characteristics of the eligible employees or their dependents.
- **03.** Participation Requirement. The small employer carrier may impose reasonable minimum participation requirements for issuance of coverage to small employers, subject to prior approval from the Director.
- **O4. Employer Census and Supporting Documentation.** A small employer carrier will require each small employer that applies for coverage, as part of the application process, to prepare or provide an employer census of dependents and eligible employees as defined in Sections 41-4703(11) and 41-4703(13), Idaho Code. The small employer carrier may require the small employer to provide appropriate supporting documentation (such as the W-2 Summary Wage and Tax Form) or a certification of information by a Small Employer as to the current census information.
- **05. Waiver for Documentation of Coverage**. A small employer carrier will secure a waiver with respect to each eligible employee and each dependent of such an eligible employee who declines an offer of coverage under a health benefit plan provided to a small employer. The waiver is signed by the eligible employee (on behalf of such employee or the dependent of such employee) and certifies that the individual who declined coverage was informed of the availability of coverage under the health benefit plan. The waiver form requires that the reason for declining coverage be stated on the form, and includes a statement informing the eligible employee of the special enrollment rights provided within the Section 41-4703(17)(d) and (e), Idaho Code, and includes a written warning of the penalties imposed on late enrollees. Waivers are maintained by the small employer carrier for a period of six (6) years.
- **06. Refusal to Provide Information**. A small employer carrier will not issue coverage to a small employer that refuses to provide the list prescribed under Subsection 046.04 or a waiver prescribed under Subsection 046.05, except if the excluded individual has coverage under a health benefit plan or other health benefit arrangement that provides benefits similar to or exceeding benefits provided under the basic health benefit plan. ()
- **07. Induced Declinations**. A small employer carrier will not issue coverage to a small employer if the carrier, or an agent for such carrier, has reason to believe that the small employer has induced or pressured an eligible employee (or dependent of an eligible employee) to decline coverage due to a health status related factor of the individual.
- **08.** Agent Notification to Small Employer Carrier. An agent will notify a small employer carrier, prior to submitting an application for coverage with the carrier on behalf of a small employer, of any circumstances that would indicate that the small employer has induced or pressured an eligible employee (or dependent of an eligible employee) to decline coverage due to the individual's risk characteristics.
 - **New Entrants.** New entrants to a small employer group are offered an opportunity to enroll in the

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health benefit plan currently held by such group based upon the provisions of Section 41-4708, Idaho Code. A new entrant that does not exercise the opportunity to enroll in the health benefit plan within the period provided by the small employer carrier may be treated as a late enrollee by the carrier, provided that the period provided to enroll in the health benefit plan extends at least thirty (30) days after the date the new entrant is notified of their opportunity to enroll. The period of continuous coverage will not include any waiting period for the effective date of the new coverage applied by the employer to all new enrollees under the Employee Benefit Plan. If a small employer carrier has offered more than one health benefit plan to a small employer group pursuant to Subsection 046.02, the new entrant is offered the same choice of health benefit plans as the other members of the group.

- **10. Waiting Period**. A small employer carrier will not apply a waiting period, elimination period or other similar limitation of coverage (other than an exclusion for pre-existing medical conditions consistent with Section 41-4708(3), Idaho Code).
- 11. Risk Characteristics. New entrants to a group are accepted for coverage by the small employer carrier without any restrictions or limitations on coverage related to the risk characteristics of the employees or their dependents, except that a carrier may exclude or limit coverage for pre-existing medical conditions, consistent with the provisions provided in Section 41-4708(3), Idaho Code.
- 12. Risk Load. A small employer carrier may assess a risk load to the premium rate associated with a new entrant, consistent with the requirements of Section 41-4706, Idaho Code. The risk load is the same risk load charged to the small employer group immediately prior to acceptance of the new entrant into the group.
- 13. Rescission Employer Misstatements. When material application misstatements are found, rescission action by the carrier may be taken at the carrier's option against the coverage of an entire small employer (including employees and dependents) and is limited to circumstances under which the application misstatements have been made by the small employer. When rescission action is taken, per Section 41-4707(1)(b), Idaho Code, premiums are refunded less any claims which had been paid prior to the date the rescission was initiated. At the carrier's option, the carrier may seek to recover any amounts of claims paid in excess of premiums paid. The applicable contract or coverage is considered null and void.

047. -- 054. (RESERVED)

055. APPLICATION TO REENTER STATE.

Restrictions on offering small group health insurance. A carrier that has been banned from writing coverage for small employers in this state pursuant to Section 41-4707(2), Idaho Code, will not resume offering health benefit plans to small employers in this state until the carrier has made a petition to the Director to be reinstated as a small employer carrier and the petition has been approved by the Director. In reviewing a petition, the Director may ask for such information and assurances as the Director finds reasonable and appropriate.

056. -- 059. (RESERVED)

060. OUALIFYING PREVIOUS AND OUALIFYING EXISTING COVERAGES.

- **O1.** Previous Coverage or Existing Coverage. In determining whether a health benefit plan or other health benefit arrangement (whether public or private) is considered qualifying previous coverage or qualifying existing coverage for the purposes of Sections 41-4703(17), 41-4703(23), and 41-4708(3)(c), Idaho Code, a small employer carrier interprets the Act no less favorably to an insured individual than the following:
- **a.** A health benefit plan, certificate, or other health benefit arrangement is considered employer-based if an employer sponsors the plan or arrangement or makes a contribution to the plan or arrangement.
- **O2.** Source of Previous or Existing Coverage. A small employer carrier will ascertain the source of previous or existing coverage of each eligible employee and each dependent of an eligible employee at the time such employee or dependent initially enrolls into the health benefit plan provided by the small employer carrier. The small employer carrier has the responsibility to contact the source of such previous or existing coverage to resolve any questions about the benefits or limitations related to such previous or existing coverage.

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IDAPA 18.04.12 – Small Employer Health Insurance & Availability Act Rules

03. of creditable cove	Certification of Creditable Coverage. Small employer carriers will provide written certifierage to individuals in accordance with this Subsection.	fication (
a. certificate, but or affiliation period	A small employer carrier satisfies the certification requirements if another person provided by another person.	des the ting or
	To the extent coverage under a health benefit plan consists of group coverage, the plan satisfirements if the small employer carrier offering the coverage is prescribed to provide the certerage to individuals pursuant to an agreement between the plan and the carrier.	
c. coverage provide	A small employer carrier is not obligated to provide information regarding health benefted to an individual by another person.	fit plan
another person de	If an individual's coverage under a policy ceases before the individual's coverage under the s, the entity that issued the policy provides sufficient information to the small employer carries esignated by the carrier, to enable the carrier, or other person, to provide a certificate that reflect under the policy, after the individual's coverage under the group health plan ceases.	er, or to
ii. the entity's obliga	The provision of the information pursuant to Subparagraph 060.03.c.i. to the new carrier s ation to provide an automatic certificate.	atisfies
iii. responding to any	The carrier providing the information about creditable coverage cooperates with other carry request for additional information.	riers in
iv. policy provides a	If the individual's coverage under a group health plan ceases, the carrier that issued the n automatic certificate of coverage.	group
d. participants or de	A small employer carrier provides a certification of creditable coverage, without charpendents who are or were covered under the group health benefit plan.	rge, to
e. individual if the runder the plan.	A small employer carrier provides a certificate at the time a request is made on behalf request is made not later than twenty-four (24) months after the date the individual's coverage	f of an ceased
	Each small employer carrier establishes a procedure for individuals to request and a receipt of the request, the small employer carrier provides the certificate by the earliest days in a reasonable and prompt fashion, can provide the certificate.	
f.	The certificate provided includes:	()
i.	The date the certificate was issued;	()
ii.	The name of the group health plan that provided the coverage described in the certificate;	()
	The name of the participant or dependent with respect to whom the certificate applies, an necessary for the plan providing the coverage specified in the certificate to identify the indicated ideal's identification number under the plan;	
iv. certificate;	The name, address, and telephone number of the plan administrator prescribed to prov	ide the
V.	The telephone number to call for further information regarding the certificate;	()
vi. disregarding days	Either a statement that the individual has at least twelve (12) months of creditable coss of creditable coverage before a significant break in coverage; or the date any waiting pe	

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IDAPA 18.04.12 – Small Employer Health Insurance & Availability Act Rules

affiliation period,	if applicable, began and the date creditable coverage began; and	()
vii. continuing as of t	The date creditable coverage ended, unless the certificate indicates that the creditable coverage date of the certificate.	erage (is)
g. address.	Small employer carriers may provide a certificate by first-class mail, at the participant's las	t kno	wn)
h. website.	The model for the certification of coverage may be found on the Department of Insurance	Inter	net)
061 066.	(RESERVED)		
Except as permit health benefit pla endorsements or	ICTIVE RIDERS. ted in Section 41-4708(3), Idaho Code, a small employer carrier will not modify or rest an with respect to any eligible employee or dependent of an eligible employee, through otherwise, for the purpose of restricting or excluding the coverage or benefits provided endent for specific diseases, medical conditions, including but not limited to pregnancy, or d by the plan.	h ride to su	ers, ich
068 074.	(RESERVED)		
075. RULES	RELATED TO FAIR MARKETING.		
01. its health benefit	Small Employer Carrier to Actively Market. A small employer carrier actively markets plans to small employers in this state.	each	of)
benefit plans to si	Marketing Mandated Plans. In marketing the mandated health benefit plans to small emperarrier uses at least the same sources and methods of distribution that it uses to market other mall employers. Any producer authorized by a small employer carrier to market health benefit in the state is also authorized to market the mandated health benefit plans.	er hea	lth
The offer may be	Offer in Writing. A small employer carrier offers all small group health benefit plans to a plies for or makes an inquiry regarding health insurance coverage from the small employer provided directly to the small employer or delivered through a producer. The offer is in writhe following information:	r carri	ier.
a. but not limited to	A general description of the benefits and base rates contained in all actively marketed, in the mandated, health benefit plans; and	ncludi (ng)
b.	Information describing how the small employer may enroll in the plans.	()
information as is through an autho	Timeliness of Price Quote. A small employer carrier provides a price quote to a small egh an authorized producer) within ten (10) working days of receiving a request for a quote a necessary to provide the quote. A small employer carrier notifies a small employer (directly producer) within five (5) working days of receiving a request for a price quote ation needed by the small employer carrier to provide the quote.	and su rectly	ich or
benefit plans in the information	Toll-Free Telephone Service . A small employer carrier establishes and maintains are to provide information to small employers regarding the availability of small employers state. The service provides information to callers on how to apply for coverage from the may include the names and phone numbers of producers located geographically proximater information reasonably designed to assist the caller to locate an authorized producer or	er hea e carri te to	lth ier. the

06. Restrictions as to Contribution to Association. The small group carrier will not require a small employer to join or contribute to any association or group as a condition of being accepted for coverage by the small

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IDAPA 18.04.12 – Small Employer Health Insurance & Availability Act Rules

Department of mourance	Health insurance & Availability Act Nules
employer carrier, except that, if membership in an association of employer into a particular health benefit plan, a small employer requirements of Section 41-4708, Idaho Code.	other group is a requirement for accepting a small carrier may apply such requirement, subject to the
No Requirement to Qualify for Other Insu require, as a condition to the offer of sale of a health benefit purchase or qualify for any other insurance product or service.	rance Product. A small employer carrier will not plan to a small employer, that the small employer ()
08. Plans Subject to Requirements. Carriers of responsible for determining whether the plans are subject to the r	fering group health benefit plans in this state are equirements of the Act and this chapter. ()
09. Annual Filing Requirement . A small employ with the Director related to health benefit plans issued by the smon forms prescribed by the Director:	ver carrier files annually the following information all employer carrier to small employers in this state ()
a. The number of small employers that were c calendar year (separated as to newly issued plans and renewals);	overed under health benefit plans in the previous
b. The number of small employers that were cov the previous calendar year (separated as to newly issued plans an	ered under the each mandated health benefit plan in d renewals).
c. The number of small employer health benefit percode) of the state as of December 31 of the previous calendar year	plans in force in each county (or by five (5) digit zip ()
d. The number of small employer health benefit employers in the previous calendar year;	plans that were voluntarily not renewed by small
e. The number of small employer health benefit reasons other than nonpayment of premium) by the carrier in the	t plans that were terminated or non renewed (for previous calendar year; and
f. The number of health benefit plans that were sixty-three (63) days prior to issue.	issued to residents that were uninsured for at least ()
10. Total Number of Residents. All carriers file the Director, the total number of residents, including spouses an year under all health benefit plans issued in this state. This includences loss or stop loss plans.	
11. Filing Date. The information described in Su March 15, each year.	absections 075.09 and 075.10 is filed no later than
12. Specific Data. For purposes of this section, h certificates of insurance for specific disease, hospital confinement	nealth benefit plan information includes policies or t indemnity and stop loss coverages. ()
076 080. (RESERVED)	
081. LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS.	
01. Allowances . A health benefit plan will not lin treatment, or medical condition, except as follows:	nit or exclude coverage by type of illness, accident,
a. Any service not medically necessary or ap coverage provisions.	propriate unless specifically included within the

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Custodial, convalescent or intermediate level care or rest cures.

Services that are experimental or investigational.

b.

c.

IDAPA 18.04.12 – Small Employer Health Insurance & Availability Act Rules

d.	Services eligible for coverage by Workers' Compensation, Medicare or CHAMPUS.	()
e. insurance or for v	Services for which no charges are made or for which no charges would be made in the absorbic the insured has no legal obligation to pay.	ence of
f. programs as well	Services for weight control, nutrition, and smoking cessation, including self-help and tas prescription drugs, used in conjunction with such programs and services.	raining (
g. mastectomy reco	Cosmetic surgery and services, except for treatment or surgery for congenital anoma nstruction as described in the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act.	ly and
h. organic disease.	Artificial insemination, infertility treatment, and the treatment of sexual dysfunction not related to the sexual dysfunction of the sexual dysfunction and the treatment of sexual dysfunction and the sexual dysfunction are sexual dysfunction.	lated to
i.	Services for reversal of elective, surgically or pharmaceutically induced infertility.	()
j. keratomileusis as Vision tests and g plans.	Vision therapy, tests, glasses, contact lenses and other vision aids. Radial keratotomy, and any surgery involving corneal tissue to alter or correct myopia, hyperopia or stigmatical plasses will be covered for children under the age of twelve (12), except in catastrophic health	c error.
k. or for cutting, re peripheral vascul	For treatment of weak, strained, or flat feet, including orthopedic shoes or other supportive demoval, or treatment of corns, calluses, or nails other than corrective surgery, or for metablar disease.	
	One thousand dollars (\$1,000) per year limit, subject to the policy deductible, coinsura manipulative therapy and related treatment, including heat treatments and ultrasound, structure for other than fractures and dislocations of the extremities.	
m. of nondental dise	Dental care or treatment, except for injury sustained while insured under this policy, or as ease covered by the policy.	a result
n.	Hearing or speech tests without illness being suspect.	()
in cognitive or sp thirty-six (36) mo	Hearing aids, auditory osseointegrated (bone conduction) devices, cochlear implant or fitting of them, except for congenital or acquired hearing loss that without intervention may be each development deficits of a covered dependent child, covering not less than one (1) device on this per ear with loss and not less than forty-five (45) language/speech therapy visits during the after delivery of the covered device.	y result e every
p. room charge exce	Private room accommodation charges in excess of the institution's most common semi- ept when prescribed as medically necessary.	private
q. includes parents	Services performed by a member of the insured's family or of the insured's spouse's family. or grandparents of the insured or spouse and any descendants of such parents or grandparents	
r.	Care incurred before the effective date of the person's coverage.	()
s. or disease, excep	Immunizations and medical exams and tests of any kind not related to treatment of covered tas specifically stated in the policy.	l injury (
t.	Injury or sickness caused by war or armed international conflict.	()
u.	Sex change operations and treatment in connection with transsexualism.	()

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•	V.	Marriage and family and child counseling except as specifically allowed in the policy.	()
•	w.	Acupuncture.	()
2	х.	Private duty nursing except as specifically allowed in the policy.	()
a mutual	y. benefit a	Services received from a medical or dental department maintained by or on behalf of an emassociation, labor union, trust, or similar person or group.	ploye	r,)
	z. ision of l	Services incurred after the date of termination of a covered person's coverage except as allow benefits provision of the policy.	wed b (y)
physical f	aa. fitness e	Expenses for personal hygiene and convenience items such as air conditioners, humidifie quipment.	rs, an (d)
medical in	bb. nformati	Charges for failure to keep a scheduled visit, charges for completion of any form, and chargion.	ges fo	or)
(cc.	Charges for screening examinations except as otherwise provided in the policy.	()
(dd.	Charges for wigs or cranial prostheses, hair analysis, hair loss and baldness.	()
(ee.	Pre-existing conditions, except as provided specifically in the policy.	()
expenses pre-existi		A health benefit plan will not deny, exclude or limit benefits for a covered individual for cd more than twelve (12) months following the effective date of the individual's coverage dition.		
limitation qualifying previous	g previous coverage This pre	A health benefit plan waives any time period applicable to a pre-existing condition exclus with respect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously cover ous coverage that provided benefits with respect to such services, provided that the quare was continuous to a date not more than sixty-three (63) days prior to the effective date of the ovision does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable to all new enrollees un n.	ered b difyin he nev	y g w
or for a coverage	and a pr	A health benefit plan may exclude coverage for late enrollees for the greater of twelve (12) in (12) months pre-existing condition exclusion; provided that if both a period of exclusion re-existing condition exclusion are applicable to a late enrollee, the combined period will not his from the date the individual enrolls for coverage under the health benefit plan.	n fror	n

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(RESERVED)

082. -- 999.

18.04.13 - THE INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSURANCE AVAILABILITY ACT

000. Title 41,		x AUTHORITY. s 2, 52, and 55, Idaho Code.)
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.	
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.13, "The Individual Health Insurance Availability Act.")
	vide heal	Scope . The Act and this chapter are intended to promote broader spreading of risk in the individuals. Cat and chapter are intended to regulate all health benefit plans sold to eligible individuals. Cath benefit plans to eligible individuals are intended to be subject to all of the provisions of the control of the provisions of the p	arriers
chapter	tline of (from the	PORATION BY REFERENCE. Coverage for Individual Major Medical Expense Coverage is incorporated by reference int April 1999 version of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Model Regulat ceident and Sickness Insurance Minimum Standards Act.	
003 0	09.	(RESERVED)	
010. As used	DEFIN l in this ch	ITIONS. napter:)
smaller t	01. than a co	Geographic Area. Geographic areas are limited to six (6) designated areas, with no area unty.	being
		Risk Characteristic . Risk Characteristic means the health status, claims experience, durative similar characteristic related to the health status or claims experience of an individual. In include family composition.	
charged individu		Risk Load . Risk Load means the percentage above the applicable base premium rate the dividual carrier to the rates of the eligible individual, to reflect the risk characteristics of the eligible individual.	
individu	al pursua	Idaho Resident . Idaho resident means a person who is able to provide satisfactory proof of has their place of domicile for a continuous six (6) month period, for purposes of being an elent to Section 41-5203(10), Idaho Code. The six (6) month residency requirements would be widuals based on the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.	igible
011. An insur		Y DEFINITIONS. icy subject to this chapter will not apply definitions more restrictive than the following: ()
		Accident . "Accident," "accidental injury," and "accidental" is to employ "result" language words that establish an accidental means test or use words such as "external, violent, var words of description or characterization.	
		"Injury" or "injuries" means accidental bodily injury sustained by the insured person that the condition for which benefits are provided, independent of disease or bodily infirmity or any accurs while the insurance is in force.	is the other
	b.	It may exclude injuries for which benefits are provided:)
	i.	Under workers' compensation, employers' liability, or similar law; or ()
coordina	ii. ition of b	Under a motor vehicle no-fault plan, unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan provide enefits; or	s for
business	iii. , employ	For injuries occurring while the insured person is engaged in any activity pertaining to a ment or occupation for wage or profit.	trade,
be define	02. ed in rela	Convalescent Nursing Home. Includes "extended care facility," or "skilled nursing facility." ition to its status, facility and available services.	' Is to

Section 000 Page 2894

IDAPA 18.04.13 Individual Health Insurance Availability Act Rules

	a.	Such home or facility is to:	()
	i.	Be operated pursuant to law;	()
Medicar	ii. e benefits	Be approved for payment of Medicare benefits or be qualified to receive approval for paying, if so requested;	ment o	of)
care und	iii. ler the su _l	Be primarily engaged in providing, in addition to room and board accommodations, skilled pervision of a duly licensed physician;	nursin (ıg)
registere	iv. ed nurse;	Provide continuous twenty-four (24) hours per day nursing service by or under the supervisitand	ion of (a)
	v.	Maintain a daily medical record of each patient.	()
	b.	Such home or facility definition may exclude:	()
	i.	A home, facility or part of a home or facility used primarily for rest;	()
	ii.	A home or facility for the aged or for the care of drug addicts or alcoholics; or	()
custodia	iii. l or educ	A home or facility primarily used for the care and treatment of mental or nervous disorders ational care.	s, or fo	or)
home he	03. ealth care	Home Health Care Agency . An agency approved under Medicare, or that is licensed to junder applicable state law.	provid (le)
formal p	04. orogram c	Hospice . A facility licensed, certified or registered in accordance with state law that pro of care that is:	vides (a)
	a.	For terminally ill patients whose life expectancy is less than six (6) months;	()
	b.	Provided on an inpatient or outpatient basis; and	()
	c.	Directed by a physician.	()
	05. ation by to sor by M	Hospital . Is defined in relation to its status, facilities and available services or to refthe Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, Accreditation of Rehabitedicare.		
	a.	The term "hospital" may:	()
	i.	Be an institution licensed to operate as a hospital pursuant to law;	()
medical,	, diagnos	Be primarily and continuously engaged in providing or operating, either on its premise e to the hospital on a prearranged basis and under the supervision of a staff of licensed phytic and major surgical facilities for the medical care and treatment of sick or injured person which a charge is made; and	s or i sician s on a	n s, in
	iii.	Provide twenty-four (24) hour nursing service by or under the supervision of registered nurs	ses.)
	b.	The term "hospital" may exclude, unless the facility otherwise meets the requirements:	()
	i.	Convalescent homes or, convalescent, rest, or nursing facilities;	()

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IDAPA 18.04.13 Individual Health Insurance Availability Act Rules

ii. educational, or re	Facilities affording primarily the care and treatment of mental or nervous disorders, or for ehabilitative care;	r custod (dial)
iii.	Facilities for the aged, drug addicts, or alcoholics; or	()
	A military or veterans' hospital, a soldiers' home or a hospital contracted for or operatment or government agency for the treatment of members or ex-members of the armed forced on an emergency basis where a legal liability for the patient exists for charges me services.	es, exc	ept
06. disease or disord	Mental or Nervous Disorders . Neurosis, psychoneurosis, psychosis, or mental or ler of any kind.	emotio (nal)
07.	Pre-existing Condition.	()
a. diagnosis, care o	A condition or disease that would have caused an ordinarily prudent person to seek medior treatment during the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage	cal advi ; (ice,
b. received during	A condition or disease for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommendated the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or	mended (d or)
c.	A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.	()
	Sickness or Illness . A sickness or disease of an insured person that first manifests itself insurance and while the insurance is in force. It may be further modified to exclude so henefits are provided under a worker's compensation, occupational disease, employers' land.	ickness	or
09. individual is or lemployment or o	Total Disability . An individual not engaged in any employment or occupation for becomes qualified by reason of education, training or experience, and is not in fact engage occupation for wage or profit.		
a. solely upon an ir	It may be defined in relation to the inability of the person to perform duties but will nondividual's inability to:	t be bas	sed)
i. occupation"; or	Perform "any occupation whatsoever," "any occupational duty," or "any and every d	uty of	his)
ii.	Engage in a training or rehabilitation program.	()
	An insurer may require the complete inability of the person to perform all of the subst of his or her regular occupation or words of similar import. An insurer may require care by sured or a member of the insured's immediate family.		
The Board, prioneeded to fund the March 1, 2001 at the claims cost cassessment form the Idaho Individual of Idaho Indi	r to March 1st of each year, determines and files with the Director an estimate of the as the losses incurred by the Idaho Small Employer and Individual Health Reinsurance Propassessment anticipated by Section 41-4711, Idaho Code, will consist of the amounts neede of the individual policies issued on or before June 30, 2000. This interim assessment is basual as et forth in Section 41-4711(12)(c), Idaho Code. Initial or interim assessments paid, or dual High Risk Reinsurance Pool, will be credited to each carrier's account when the amount pay program expenses are known.	gram. Ted to consed on behalf	The ver the f of
013 027.	(RESERVED)		

TRANSITION FOR ASSUMPTIONS OF BUSINESS FROM ANOTHER CARRIER.

Section 012 Page 2896

028.

IDAPA 18.04.13 Individual Health Insurance Availability Act Rules

01. will not transfer in this state unless	Conditions for Transfer or Assumption of Entire Insurance Obligation. An individual car or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit plan covering an indivises:	
a. domicile of the a	The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of the stanssuming carrier;	ite of
b. domicile of the c	The transaction received any necessary approval of the insurance supervisory official of the stateding carrier; and,	ite of
c.	The transaction meets the other requirements of this Section. ()
individual health days prior to the the transaction is consistent with t thirty (30) days a	Time Frame for Filing Plan to Assume or Cede Entire Insurance Obligation. A case state that proposes to assume or cede the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of one or a benefit plans from another carrier makes a filing for approval with the Director at least sixty date of the proposed assumption. The Director may approve the transaction if the Director finds in the best interests of the individuals insured under the health benefit plans to be transferred a the purposes of the Act and this chapter. The Director will not approve the transaction until at after the date of the filing; except that, if the ceding carrier is in hazardous financial condition prove the transaction as soon as the Director deems reasonable.	more (60) s that nd is least
03.	Filing Requirements. The filing for Subsection 028.02 will:)
a. which the health	Describe the health benefit plan (including any eligibility requirements) of the ceding carrier benefit plans will be ceded;	from)
health benefit pla	Describe whether the assuming carrier will maintain the assumed health benefit plans (pursual) or will incorporate them into existing business (pursuant to Subsection 028.09). If the assuments will be incorporated into existing business, the filing will describe the business of the assuments the health benefit plans will be incorporated;	ımed
c. eligible individua	Describe whether the health benefit plans being assumed are currently available for purchasals;	e by
d. plans to be assum	Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any, on the benefits provided by the health be ned;	nefit
e. to be assumed;	Describe the potential effect of the assumption, if any, on the premiums for the health benefit p	olans (
f. eligible individua	Describe any other potential material effects of the assumption on the coverage provided to als covered by the health benefit plans to be assumed; and	o the
g.	Include any other information prescribed by the Director. ()
which there are it each state will be	Informational Filings in Other States. An individual carrier prescribed to make a filing up 2 will also make an informational filing with the Insurance Supervisory Official of each standividual health benefit plans that would be included in the transaction. The informational filing made concurrently with the filing made under Subsection 028.02 and will include at least iffed in Subsection 028.03 for the individual health benefit plans in that state.	te in
	Considerations in the Transfer and Assumption of the Entire Insurance Obligation r will not transfer or assume the entire insurance obligation and/or risk of a health benefit ble individual in this state unless it complies with the following provisions:	

The carrier has provided notice to the Director at least sixty (60) days prior to the date of the

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proposed assumption. The notice contains the information specified in Subsection 028.03 for the health benefit	efit plans
covering eligible individuals in this state.	()

- **b.** If the assumption of a health benefit plan would result in the assuming individual carrier being out of compliance with the limitations related to premium rates contained in Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code, the assuming carrier makes a filing with the Director pursuant to Section 41-5206(2), Idaho Code, seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code.
- **c.** An assuming carrier seeking suspension of the application of Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code, will not complete the assumption of health benefit plans covering eligible individuals in this state unless the Director grants the suspension requested pursuant to Paragraph 028.05.b.
- d. Unless a different period is approved by the Director, a suspension of the application of Section 41-5206(1)(a), Idaho Code, with respect to assumed one (1) or more health benefit plans, is for no more than fifteen (15) months and, with respect to each individual, lasts only until the anniversary date of such individual's coverage (except that the period with respect to an individual may be extended beyond such individual first anniversary date for a period of up to twelve (12) months if the anniversary date occurs within three (3) months of the date of assumption of the health benefit plan).
- **06.** Exceptions to Ceding or Assumption of Business. Except as provided in Subsection 028.02, an individual carrier will not cede or assume the entire insurance obligation or risk for an individual health benefit plan unless the transaction includes the ceding to the assuming carrier of all business within Idaho which includes such health benefit plan.
- **07.** Requirements for Ceding Less Than Entire Business. An Individual carrier may cede less than an entire health benefit plan to an assuming carrier if:
- **a.** One (1) or more eligible individuals in the health benefit plan have exercised their right under contract to reject, either directly or by implication, the ceding of their health benefit plans to another carrier. In that instance, the transaction includes each health benefit plan with the exception of those health benefit plans for which an eligible individual has rejected the proposed cession; or
- **b.** After a written request from the transferring carrier, the Director determines that the transfer of less than all health benefit plans is in the best interests of the eligible individuals insured. ()
- **08. Separate Health Benefit Plans**. Except as provided in Subsection 028.09, an individual carrier that assumes one (1) or more health benefit plans from another carrier may maintain such health benefit plans as a separate health benefit plan.
- **09. Restrictions to Apply Eligibility Requirements by Assuming Carrier.** An assuming carrier will not apply eligibility requirements, with respect to an assumed health benefit plan (or with respect to any health benefit plan subsequently offered to an eligible individual covered by such an assumed health benefit plan) that are more stringent than the requirements applicable to such health benefit plan prior to the assumption.
- 10. Request for Extension of the Transition Period. The Director may approve a longer period of transition upon application of an individual carrier. The application is made within sixty (60) days from assumption of the health benefit plan and clearly states the justification for a longer transition period.
 - 11. Additional Information. Nothing in this Section or in the Act is intended to:
- **a.** Reduce or diminish any legal or contractual obligation or requirement, including any obligation provided in Section 41-511, Idaho Code, of the ceding or assuming carrier related to the transaction; ()
- **b.** Authorize a carrier not admitted to transact the business of insurance in this state to offer or insure health benefit plans in this state; or
 - **c.** Reduce or diminish the protections related to an assumption reinsurance transaction provided in

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Section	41-511, I	daho Code, or provided by law.	()
029	035.	(RESERVED)		
036. The fol		ICTIONS RELATING TO PREMIUM RATES. ovisions are applicable for all individual health benefit plans.	()
solely f	rom the aparged by	Rate Manual. An individual carrier develops a rate manual for all individual business of domewness premium rates charged to eligible individuals by the individual carrier are compplicable rate manual developed pursuant to this Section. To the extent that a portion of the prantindividual carrier is based on the carrier's discretion, the manual specifies the criteria and excarrier in exercising such discretion.	mpute emiur	d n
this Sec	tion. The	Requirements for Adjustments to Rating Method. An individual carrier will not moded in the rate manual for its individual business until the change has been approved as providing Director may approve a change to a rating method if the Director finds that the change is reaspriate, and consistent with the purposes of the Act and this chapter.	rided i	n
method	for its inc	Information for Review of Modification of Rating Method . A carrier may modify the dividual business only with prior approval of the Director. A carrier requesting to change the dividual business makes a filing with the Director at least thirty (30) days prior to the propose filing contains at least the following information:	e ratin	ġ
	a.	The reasons the change in rating method is being requested;	()
	b.	A complete description of each of the proposed modifications to the rating method;	()
individ (10%)	uals (and a due to the	A description of how the change in rating method would affect the premium rates currently of duals in the health benefit plan, including an estimate from a qualified actuary of the numa description of the types of individuals) whose premium rates may change by more than ten proposed change in rating method (not generally including increases in premium rates applied a health benefit plan);	nber o percer	of nt
credible	d. e data and	A certification from a qualified actuary that the new rating method would be based on object would be actuarially sound and appropriate; and	ive an	d)
produce	e. e premium	A certification from a qualified actuary that the proposed change in rating method won rates for eligible individuals that would be in violation of Section 41-5206, Idaho Code.	uld no	ot)
	04.	Change in Rating Method. For the purpose of this Section a change in rating method mean	ns: ()
		A change in the number of case characteristics used by an individual carrier to determine prenefit plans in its individual business (an individual carrier will not use case characteristic and tobacco use, geography or gender without prior approval of the Director);	s othe	
	b.	A change in the method of allocating expenses among health benefit plans; or	()
change	c. in premiu	A change in a rating factor with respect to any case characteristic if the change would proum for any individual that exceeds ten percent (10%).	oduce (a)
respect	to more th	For the purpose of this Subsection, a change in a rating factor means the cumulative change in ctor considered over a twelve (12) month period. If an individual carrier changes rating factor han one case characteristic in a twelve (12) month period, the carrier considers the cumulative in applying the ten percent (10%) test.	ors wit	h

Rate Manual to Specify Case Characteristics and Rate Factors. The rate manual developed

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05.

pursuant to Subsection 036.01 specifies the case characteristics and rate factors to be applied by the individual carrier in establishing premium rates for the health benefit plans.

- **06. Prior Approval of Case Characteristics**. An individual carrier will not use case characteristics other than those specified in Section 41-5206(1)(f), Idaho Code, without the prior approval of the Director. An individual carrier seeking such an approval makes a filing with the Director for a change in rating method under Subsection 036.02.
- 07. Uniform Application of Case Characteristics. An individual carrier uses the same case characteristics in establishing premium rates for each health benefit plan and applies them in the same manner in establishing premium rates for each such health benefit plan. Case characteristics are applied without regard to the risk characteristics of an eligible individual.
- **08.** Base Premium Rates and Any Difference in New Business Rate. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 clearly illustrates the relationship among the base premium rates charged for each health benefit plan. If the new business premium rate is different than the base premium rate for a health benefit plan, the rate manual illustrates the difference.
- **09. Reasonable and Objective Rate Differences.** Differences among base premium rates for health benefit plans are based solely on the reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and cannot be based in any way on the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the eligible individual or groups that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan. An individual carrier applies case characteristics and rate factors within its health benefit plans in a manner that assures that premium differences among health benefit plans for identical individuals vary only due to reasonable and objective differences in the design and benefits of the health benefit plans and are not due to the actual or expected health status or claims experience of the individuals that choose or are expected to choose a particular health benefit plan.
- 10. Two-Step Process. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 provides for premium rates to be developed in a two (2) step process. In the first step, a base premium rate is developed for the eligible individual without regard to any risk characteristics. In the second step, the resulting base premium rate may be adjusted by a risk load, subject to the provisions of Section 41-5206, Idaho Code, to reflect the risk characteristics of the individual.
- 11. Exception to Application Fee, Underwriter Fee or Other Fees. Except as provided in Subsection 036.12, a premium charged to an individual for a health benefit plan will not include a separate application fee, underwriting fee, or any other separate fee or charge.
- 12. Uniform Application of Fees. A carrier may charge a separate fee with respect to a health benefit plan provided the fee is applied in a uniform manner to all health benefit plans. All such fees are premium and are included in determining compliance with the Act and this chapter.
- 13. Uniform Allocation of Administration Expenses. The rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 describes the method of allocating administrative expenses to the health benefit plans for which the manual was developed.
- 14. Rate Manual to be Maintained for a Period of Six Years. Each rate manual developed pursuant to Subsection 036.01 is maintained by the carrier for a period of six (6) years. Updates and changes to the manual are maintained with the manual.
- 15. Guidelines Issued by Director. The rate manual and rating practices of an individual carrier comply with any guidelines issued by the Director.
- **16. Application of Restrictions Related to Changes in Premium Rates.** The restrictions related to changes in premium rates are set forth in Section 41-5206(1)(b), Idaho Code, and are applied as follows: ()
 - a. An individual carrier revises its rate manual each rating period to reflect changes in base premium

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rates and changes	s in new business premium rates.	(
	If, for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the rate is less than or the same as the percentage change in the base premium rate, the change mium rate is the change in the base premium rate for the purposes of Sections 41-5206(1)(b) Idaho Code.	e in the
a health benefit p	If for any health benefit plan with respect to any rating period, the percentage change in the percentage change in the base premium rate, the health benefit plan is constant into which the individual carrier is no longer enrolling new eligible individuals for the put $06(1)(b)(i)$, Idaho Code.	sidered
percent (20%), the changes in new b	If, for any rating period, the change in the new business premium rate for a health benefichange in the new business premium rate for any other health benefit plan by more than the carrier makes a filing with the Director containing a complete explanation of how the responsions premium rates were established and the reason for the difference. The filing is made of the beginning of the rating period.	twenty pective
e. determine the charating period.	An individual carrier keeps on file for a period of at least six (6) years the calculations tange in base premium rates and new business premium rates for each health benefit plan for	
17. an eligible individual	Change in Premium Rate . Except as provided in Subsection 036.18, a change in premium adual produces a revised premium rate that is no more than the following:	rate for
a. rate manual as re	The base premium rate for the eligible individual, given its present composition, (as shown vised for the rating period), multiplied by:	in the
b.	One (1) plus the sum of:	(
i.	The risk load applicable to the eligible individual during the previous rating period; and	(
ii.	Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year).	(
revised premium as shown in the r	Plans No Longer Enrolling New Business. In the case of a health benefit plan into what is no longer enrolling new Individuals, a change in premium rate for an Individual will protrate that is no more than the base premium rate for the Individual (given its present compositivate manual in effect for the Individual at the beginning of the previous rating period), multip 8.a. and 036.18.b.;	oduce a
a.	One (1) plus the lesser of:	(
i.	The change in the base rate; or	(
ii. which the Individ	The percentage change in the new business premium for the most similar health benefit plual carrier is enrolling new Individuals.	an into
b.	One (1) plus the sum of:	(
i.	The risk load applicable to the Individual during the previous rating period; and	(
ii.	Fifteen percent (15%) (prorated for periods of less than one (1) year).	(
	Limitations on Revised Premium Rate . Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections ange in premium rate for an Individual will not produce a revised premium rate that would excee provided in Section 41-5206, Idaho Code.	

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037. -- 045. (RESERVED)

046.	REQUIREMENT TO) INSURE	INDIVIDUALS.
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01. coverage to each	Offer of Coverage . An individual carrier that offers coverage to an individual will offer to a eligible individual and to each eligible dependent of an eligible individual.	provi (de)
that a carrier m	Risk Characteristics . Individuals are accepted for coverage by the individual carrier with mitations on coverage related to the risk characteristics of the Individual or their dependents may exclude or limit coverage for pre-existing medical conditions, consistent with the protion 41-5208(3), Idaho Code.	, exce	pt
	Risk Load . An individual carrier may assess a risk load to the premium rate associated with the requirements of Section 41-5206, Idaho Code. The risk load is the same risk load immediately prior to acceptance of the new entrant into the health benefit plan.		
had been paid pr	Rescission . When material application misstatements are found, rescission action by the the carrier's option. When rescission action is taken, premiums are refunded less any claim rior to the date the rescission was initiated. At the carrier's option, the carrier may seek to recoms paid in excess of premiums paid. The applicable contract or coverage is considered null and	s whi	ch ny
months from the "qualifying prev	Coverage Rescinded for Fraud or Misrepresentation. Any individual whose covered scinded for fraud or misrepresentation will not be an "eligible individual" for a period of twe nee effective date of the termination of the individual coverage and cannot be deemed vious coverage" under Title 41, Chapter 22, 47, 52, or 55, Idaho Code; provided such limitate with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996.	lve (1 to ha	2) ve
06.	Certification of Creditable Coverage.	()
a. accordance with	Individual carriers will provide written certification of creditable coverage to individual this Subsection.	luals (in)
b.	The certification of creditable coverage is provided:	()
i. covered under a	At the time an individual ceases to be covered under the health benefit plan or otherwise be COBRA continuation provision;	ecom (es)
ii. time the individu	In the case of an individual who becomes covered under a COBRA continuation provision and ceases to be covered under that provision; and	n, at t	he)
iii.	Such certification is automatically provided by the individual carrier or at the time a re	quest	is

c. The certificate of creditable coverage contains:

i. Written certification of the period of creditable coverage of the individual under the health benefit plan; and

made on behalf of an individual if the request is made not later than twenty-four (24) months after the date of

cessation of coverage described in Paragraphs 046.06.b.i. and 046.06.b.ii., whichever is later.

ii. The waiting period, if any, and if applicable, affiliation period imposed with respect to the individual for any coverage under the health benefit plan.

047. -- 054. (RESERVED)

055. APPLICATION TO REENTER STATE.

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	01.	Restrictions	on Offering	Individual	Health	Insurance	. An individ	ual carrier	that h	nas bee	'n
		writing coverage									
		ng health benefit i									
be reins	tated a	as an individual c	arrier and the	petition has	been app	proved by the	e Director. In	i reviewing	g a peti	tion, th	ıe
Director	r may	ask for such infor	rmation and a	ssurances as t	the Direc	tor finds rea	asonable and	appropriate	. ·	()

02. Geographic Service Areas. In the case of an individual carrier doing business in an established geographic service area of the state, if the individual carrier elects to non-renew a health benefit plan under Section 41-5207(3), Idaho Code, the individual carrier is banned from offering health benefit plans to individuals in that service area for a period of five (5) years.

056. -- 059. (RESERVED)

060. QUALIFYING PREVIOUS AND QUALIFYING EXISTING COVERAGES.

- **O1.** Previous Coverage or Existing Coverage. In determining whether a health benefit plan or other health benefit arrangement (whether public or private) is considered qualifying previous coverage or qualifying existing coverage for the purposes of Sections 41-5203(20), and 41-5208(3), Idaho Code, an individual carrier interprets the Act no less favorably to an insured individual than the following:
- **a.** An individual carrier ascertains the source of previous or existing coverage of each eligible individual and each dependent of an eligible individual at the time such individual or dependent initially enrolls into the health benefit plan provided by the individual carrier.

061. -- 066. (RESERVED)

067. RESTRICTIVE RIDERS.

Except as permitted in Section 41-5208(3), Idaho Code, an individual carrier will not modify or restrict any health benefit plan with respect to any eligible individual or dependent of an eligible individual, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, for the purpose of restricting or excluding the coverage or benefits provided to such individual or dependent for specific diseases, medical conditions or services otherwise covered by the plan.

068. -- 074. (RESERVED)

075. RULES RELATED TO FAIR MARKETING.

- **01. Individual Carrier to Actively Market**. An individual carrier actively markets each of its health benefit plans to individuals in this state.
- **02. Offer**. An individual carrier offers all health benefit plans to any individual that applies for or makes an inquiry regarding health insurance coverage from the individual carrier. The offer may be provided directly to the individual or delivered through a producer. The offer is in writing and includes at least the following information:
 - a. A general description of the benefits contained in the all actively marketed health benefit plans; and
 - **b.** Information describing how the individual may enroll in the plans. ()
- **O4. Timeliness of Price Quote**. An individual carrier provides a price quote to an individual (directly or through an authorized producer) within fifteen (15) working days of receiving a request for a quote and such information as is necessary to provide the quote. An individual carrier notifies an individual (directly or through an authorized producer) within ten (10) working days of receiving a request for a price quote of any additional information needed by the individual carrier to provide the quote.
 - 05. Restrictions as to Application Process. An individual carrier will not apply more stringent or

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detailed requirement	nts related to t	he application	process for	the mandated	health	benefit p	lans than	are a	applied	for
other health benefit	plans offered	by the carrier.	•			•			()

other health bene	efit plans offered by the carrier.	()
This written den health benefit pla	Denial of Coverage . If an individual carrier denies coverage under a health benefit plane basis of a risk characteristic, the denial is in writing and maintained in the individual carrier's tial states with specificity the risk characteristic(s) of the individual that made it ineligible an it requested (for example, health status). The denial is accompanied by a written explanation my mandated health benefit plans from the individual carrier. The explanation includes at least	office. for the n of the
a.	A general description of the benefits contained in each such plan;	()
b.	A price quote for each such plan; and	()
с.	Information describing how the individual may enroll in such plans.	()
d. provided in Subs	The written information described in this paragraph may be provided within the time prection 075.04 directly to the individual or delivered through an authorized producer.	periods ()
07. premium rate cha	Premium Rate Charged . The price quote prescribed under Paragraph 075.06.b. is for the arged under the rating system for a health benefit plan for which the individual is eligible.	lowest
The service provinclude the nam	Toll-Free Telephone Service . An individual carrier establishes and maintains a toll-free tele information to individuals regarding the availability of individual health benefit plans in thi vides information to callers on how to apply for coverage from the carrier. The informatic es and phone numbers of producers located geographically proximate to the caller or suclonably designed to assist the caller to locate an authorized producer or to apply for coverage.	s state. on may
	No Requirement to Qualify for Other Insurance Product . An individual carrier will not r the offer of sale of a health benefit plan to an individual, that the individual purchase or quance product or service.	
10. responsible for d	Plans Subject to Requirements . Carriers offering individual health benefit plans in this state elements whether the plans are subject to the requirements of the Act and this chapter.	tate are
the Director relaprescribed by the	Annual Filing Requirement . An individual carrier files annually the following information ated to health benefit plans issued by the individual carrier to individuals in this state on a Director:	
a. year (separated a	The number of individuals that were covered under health benefit plans in the previous cast to newly issued plans and renewals);	alendar
b. previous calenda	The number of individuals that were covered under each mandated health benefit plan ar year (separated as to newly issued plans and renewals).	in the
c. of the state as of	The number of individual health benefit plans in force in each county (or by five (5) digit zip December 31 of the previous calendar year;	p code)
d. the previous cale	The number of individual health benefit plans that were voluntarily not renewed by Individendar year;	luals in
e. other than nonpa	The number of individual health benefit plans that were terminated or non renewed (for reyment of premium) by the carrier in the previous calendar year; and	reasons ()
f. sixty-three (63) of	The number of health benefit plans that were issued to residents that were uninsured for at ledays prior to issue.	east the

Page 2904 Section 075

year under all l	Total Number of Residents . All carriers file annually with the Director, on forms prescrete total number of residents, including spouses and dependents, covered during the previous dealth benefit plans issued in this state. This includes residents covered under reinsurance by stop loss plans.	calend	lar
13. March 15, each	Filing Date . The information described in Subsections 075.11 and 075.12 is filed no la year.	iter th	an)
14. certificates of it stop loss covera	Specific Data . For purposes of this section, health benefit plan information includes ponsurance for specific disease, hospital confinement indemnity, reinsurance by way of excess lages.		
076 080.	(RESERVED)		
081. BANN	NED POLICY PROVISIONS.		
01. condition, a polis provided und	Probationary or Waiting Period . Except as provided in Subsection 081.02 for a prelicy cannot contain provisions establishing a probationary or waiting period during which no cler the policy.	existi overa	ng ge)
02. incurred more t	Pre-existing Conditions . A policy will not deny, exclude or limit benefits for covered e han twelve (12) months following the effective date of the coverage due to a pre-existing condition.		
previous covera	A policy waives any time period applicable to a pre-existing condition exclusion or lipect to particular services for the period of time an individual was previously covered by quage to the extent such previous coverage provided benefits with respect to such services, provious coverage was continuous to a date not more than sixty-three (63) days prior to the coverage.	ialifyii ided th	ng nat
b. endorsements, covered by the	A carrier will not modify a policy with respect to an individual or dependent through or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage for specifically named pre-existing conditions of policy.		
03. medical conditi	Exclusions . A policy cannot limit or exclude coverage by type of illness, accident, treat on, except that a policy may include one or more of the following limitations or exclusions:	ment (or)
a.	Pre-existing conditions, except for congenital anomalies of a covered dependent child;	()
b.	Mental or nervous disorders, alcoholism and drug addiction;	()
c.	Pregnancy, except for complications of pregnancy;	()
d.	Illness, treatment or medical condition arising out of:	()
i. service in the a	War or act of war (whether declared or undeclared); participation in a felony, riot or insurred forces or units auxiliary to it;	rectior (ns;
ii.	Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide or intentionally self-inflicted injury; and	()
iii.	Professional aviation for wage or profit;	()
reconstructive	Cosmetic surgery, except that "cosmetic surgery" cannot include reconstructive surgery was lental to or follows surgery resulting from trauma, infection or other diseases of the involving surgery because of congenital disease or anomaly of a covered dependent child; or invested to a cosmetic procedure;	ed pa	rt;

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f. symptomatic cor	Foot care in connection with corns, calluses, flat feet, fallen arches, weak feet, chronic foot strupplaints of the feet;	rain (or)
	Care in connection with the detection and correction by manual or mechanical means of struction, or subluxation in the human body for purposes of removing nerve interference and the enterference is the result of or related to distortion, misalignment or subluxation of, or in the ver	effec	ts
liability or occup coordination of b	Benefits in excess of Medicare eligible expense, if enrolled in Medicare or other government Medicaid), or benefits provided under a state or federal worker's compensation law, emphational disease law, or motor vehicle no-fault law unless the motor vehicle no-fault plan provide penefits; services performed by a member of the covered person's immediate family; and service is normally made in the absence of insurance;	loye: des fo	rs
i.	Dental care or treatment;	()
j.	Eye glasses and the examination for the prescription or fitting of them;	()
k.	Rest cures, custodial care, transportation, and routine physical examinations;	()
l.	Territorial limitations;	()
in cognitive or sp thirty-six (36) me	Hearing aids, auditory osseointegrated (bone conduction) devices, cochlear implants or fitting of them, except for congenital or acquired hearing loss that without intervention may peech development deficits of a covered dependent child, covering not less than one (1) device onths per ear with loss and not less than forty-five (45) language/speech therapy visits during the third after delivery of the covered device;	resu ever	ılt ry
the policy; over	Missed or cancelled appointments; completion of claim forms or records copying; failure to fore the facility's established discharge hour; educational and training services except as provide the counter medical supplies, consumable or disposable supplies, including but not limited to andages, gauze, alcohol swabs or dressings;	ded b	bу
o. acting within the	Treatment, services or supplies not prescribed by or upon the direction of a licensed pro-	ovide (er,)
p. provided by an e	Services rendered prior to the effective date of coverage or after termination of coverage, exertension of benefits provision; and	, -	as)
q. salpingoplasty.	The reversal of an elective sterilization procedure, including but not limited to vasovasosto	my (or)
An insurance po	RAL MINIMUM STANDARDS. licy subject to this chapter cannot be offered, delivered or issued for delivery, continued or ress it meets the following minimum standards.	newe	ed)
	Outline of Coverage . An insurer will deliver an outline of coverage to an applicant or environment of the model outline of coverage established by the National Association is sincers ("NAIC"), incorporated herein in Section 002.	irolle ion (ee of)
policy will accor point type, imm	If an outline of coverage was delivered at the time of application or enrollment and the power which would require revision of the outline, a substitute outline of coverage properly describing many the policy when it is delivered and contain the following statement in no less than twelvediately above the company name: "NOTICE: Read this outline of coverage carefully. It outline of coverage provided upon (application) (enrollment), and the coverage originally applicated."	ng the e (12 is no	ne 2) ot

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- **b.** In any case where the prescribed outline of coverage is inappropriate for the coverage provided by the policy, an alternate outline of coverage is to be submitted to the Director for prior written approval. ()
- **O2.** Coverage of Dependents. A policy will consider as an eligible dependent a child who is chiefly dependent on the insured for support and maintenance and who is incapable of self-sustaining employment due to intellectual disability or physical disability on the date that the child's coverage would otherwise terminate under the policy due to the attainment of a specified age for children. The policy may require that within thirty-one (31) days of such date the company receives due proof of the incapacity in order for the insured to elect to continue the policy in force with respect to the child, or that a separate converted policy be issued at the option of the insured or policyholder.
- **03. Limitation on Termination of Coverage of Dependent.** A policy cannot provide for termination of coverage of a covered dependent solely because of the occurrence of an event specified for termination of coverage of the insured, other than nonpayment of premium. In addition, the policy will provide that in the event of the insured's death, the spouse or dependent of the insured, if covered under the policy, will become the insured.
- **04. Continuous Loss Extension**. Termination of the policy will be without prejudice to a continuous loss that commenced while the policy was in force. Such extension of benefits beyond the period during which the policy was in force may be conditioned upon the continuous total disability of the insured, limited to the duration of the policy benefit period, if any, or payment of the maximum benefits.
- **05. Pregnancy Benefit Extension**. In the event the insurer cancels or refuses to renew, policies providing pregnancy benefits will provide for an extension of benefits as to pregnancy commencing while the policy is in force and for which benefits would have been payable had the policy remained in force.
- **06. Expenses of Live Donor.** A policy providing coverage for the recipient in a transplant operation also provides reimbursement of any medical expenses of a live donor to the extent that benefits remain and are available under the recipient's policy or certificate, after benefits for the recipient's own expenses have been paid.
- **07. Fractures or Dislocations.** A policy providing coverage for fractures or dislocations will not provide benefits only for "full or complete" fractures or dislocations.
- **08.** Coinsurance. Except for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan, a coinsurance percentage will not exceed fifty percent (50%) of covered charges. A coinsurance percentage for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan will not exceed sixty percent (60%) of covered charges.

083. -- 100. (RESERVED)

101. DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.

- **Requisite Provisions.** Each policy will include a renewal, continuation or nonrenewal provision. The language or specification of the provision will be consistent with the type of contract to be issued. The provision will be appropriately captioned, will appear on the first page of the policy, and will clearly state the duration, where limited, of renewability and the duration of the term of coverage for which the policy is issued and for which it may be renewed.
- **O2.** Added Riders or Endorsements. Riders or endorsements added to a policy after date of issue or at reinstatement or renewal that reduce or eliminate benefits or coverage in the policy require signed acceptance by the policyholder. After date of policy issue, any rider or endorsement that increases benefits or coverage with a concomitant increase in premium during the policy term will be agreed to in writing and signed by the policyholder, except if the increased benefits or coverage is prescribed by law.
 - **O3.** Separate Additional Premium. Where a separate additional premium is charged for benefits

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provided in	connection	with rid	lers or endo	orsements,	the p	remi	um charg	e is se	et for	th in the po	olicy.		(
												 ~		

- **04.** Requisite Definition of Terms. A policy that provides for the payment of benefits based on standards described as "usual and customary," "reasonable and customary," or words of similar import will include a definition of the terms and an explanation of the terms in its accompanying outline of coverage.
- **05. Pre-existing Conditions Limitations**. If a policy contains any limitations with respect to pre-existing conditions, the limitations will appear as a separate paragraph of the policy and be labeled as "Pre-existing Condition Limitations."
- **06. Requisite Notice**. All policies will have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy stating in substance that the policyholder has the right to return the policy within ten (10) days of its delivery and have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy, the policyholder holder is not satisfied for any reason.

102. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.04.14 - COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

000. Title 41		L AUTHORITY. ers 2, 21, 22 and 34, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	E AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.14, "Coordination of Benefits."	()
which preduce rules, of	plans pay duplicati lo not pa is rule; a	Scope . This chapter applies to all plans, as defined. It allows plans to include a coording provision unless banned by federal law; establish a uniform order of benefit determination claims; provide authority for the orderly transfer of necessary information and funds between it is on the provide provide a reduction of the benefits to be paid by plans that, pursuant y their benefits first; reduce claims payment delays; and require that COB provisions be conditioned a provide greater efficiency in the processing of claims when a person is covered under more delays.	on und en plant to the onsiste	der ns; ese ent
Model (Apper	ile incorp Coordina idix B), p	RPORATION BY REFERENCE. Dorates by reference the full text of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners ation of Benefits Contract Provisions (Appendix A) and the NAIC Consumer Explanatory published as part of the NAIC 2013 Coordination of Benefits model regulation and available and of Insurance website.	Book	let
003	009.	(RESERVED)		
010. As use otherw	d in this	NITIONS. chapter, these words and terms have the following meanings, unless the context clearly in	indica	tes
plan is intends Code o care ex Revenu from c	advised to contri f 1986, the pense income Code of harging a	Allowable Expense. Any health care expense including coinsurance or copayments, and by applicable deductible that is covered in full or in part by any of the plans covering the per by a covered person that all plans covering the person are high-deductible health plans and the libute to a health savings account established in accordance with Section 223 of the Internal in the primary high-deductible health plan's deductible is not an allowable expense, except for an extract that will not be subject to the deductible as described in Section 223 (c) (2) (C) of the lost 1986. An expense that a provider by law or in accordance with contractual agreement is a covered person is not an allowable expense. An expense or a portion of an expense the lost the plans is not an allowable expense.	rson. I e pers Reven y hea Intern s bann	If a son nue ilth nal ned
	a.	The following are examples of expenses or services that are not an allowable expense:	()
necessa	ary in ten	If a covered person is confined in a private hospital room, the difference between the cost of the hospital and the private room (unless the patient's stay in the private hospital room is means of generally accepted medical practice, or one of the plans provides coverage for private allowable expense.	nedica	lly
amoun		If a person is covered by two (2) or more plans that compute their benefit payments on the mary fees, or relative value schedule reimbursement or other similar reimbursement methodol by the provider in excess of the highest reimbursement amount for a specified benefit isse.	ogy, a	ny
negotia	iii. ited fees,	If a person is covered by two (2) or more plans that provide benefits or services on the any amount in excess of the highest of the negotiated fees is not an allowable expense.	basis (of)
custom	iv.	If a person is covered by one plan that calculates its benefits or services on the basis of u or relative value schedule reimbursement or other similar reimbursement methodology and		

b. The definition of the "allowable expense" may exclude certain types of coverage or benefits such

plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the primary plan's payment arrangement is the allowable expense for all plans. However, if the provider has contracted with the secondary plan to provide the benefit or service for a specific negotiated fee or payment amount that is different than the primary plan's payment arrangement and if the provider's contract permits, that negotiated fee or payment is the allowable expense used by

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the secondary plan to determine its benefits.

as dental care, vision care, prescription drug or hearing aids. A plan that limits the application of COB to certain coverages or benefits may limit the definition of Allowable Expenses in its contract to expenses that are similar to the

expenses that it	provides. When COB is restricted to specific coverages or benefits in a contract the deense" includes similar expenses to which COB applies.		
c. be considered as	When a plan provides benefits in the form of service, the reasonable cash value of each san allowable expense and a benefit paid.	service v (will)
d. benefits are redu	The amount of the reduction may be excluded from allowable expense when a covered under a primary plan:	ed perso (n's)
i. opinions or prece	Because the covered person does not comply with the plan provisions concerning secon ertification of admissions or services: or	nd surgi (ical)
ii. provider.	Because the covered person has a lower benefit because the covered person did not use	a prefer	red)
02. the individual is	Birthday . Refers only to month and day in a calendar year and does not include the year born.	ar in wh (ich)
form of:	Claim. A request that benefits of a plan be provided or paid. The benefits claimed may	y be in	the)
a.	Services (including supplies);	()
b.	Payment for all or a portion of the expenses incurred;	()
c.	A combination of Paragraphs 010.03.a. and 010.03.b. of this chapter; or	()
d.	An indemnification.	()
	Closed Panel Plan. A plan that provides health benefits to covered persons primarily in a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the plan, and that ices provided by other providers, except in cases of emergency or referral by a panel mem	at exclu	
05. under a right of o	Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 or "COBRA". Coverage continuation pursuant to federal law.	e provid	ded)
06. claims, and perr exceed total allo	Coordination of Benefits (COB). A provision establishing an order in which plans mitting secondary plans to reduce their benefits so that the combined benefits of all plans wable expenses.		
07. the parent with visitation.	Custodial Parent . The parent awarded custody by a court decree. In the absence of a cowhom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year without regard to any		
coverage. Group even if the policy	Group-Type Contract . A contract that is not available to the general public and is obsecuse of membership in or a connection with a particular organization or group, included type contract does not include an individually underwritten and issued guaranteed renews is purchased through payroll deduction at a premium savings to the insured since the insurant maintain or renew the policy independently of continued employment with the employer.	ing blan able pol ured wo	ket icy
09. Revenue Code of 2003.	High-Deductible Health Plan . Has the meaning given the term under Section 223 of to 1986, as amended by the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization		

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		rement-type benefits even if they are designed or administered to give the insured the right benefits at the time of claim.		
benefits benefits contrac	s are cons s, its cont t. Whethe	Plan. A form of coverage with which coordination is allowed. Separate parts of a plan for more provided through alternative contracts that are intended to be part of a coordinated packed one plan and there is no COB among the separate parts of the plan. If a plan coordinate states the types of coverage that will be considered in applying the COB provision or the contract uses the term "plan," or some other term such as "program," the contractual deer than this definition. The definition of "plan" in the incorporated Appendix A is an example	kage rdinat of the finition	of es at
	a.	Plan includes:	()
	i.	Group and nongroup insurance contracts and subscriber contracts;	()
	ii.	Uninsured group or group-type coverage arrangements;	()
	iii.	Group and nongroup coverage through closed panel plans;	()
	iv.	Group-type contracts;	()
	v.	The medical care components of long-term care contracts, such as skilled nursing care;	()
	vi. That panental pro	Medicare or other governmental benefits, except as provided in Subparagraph 010.11.b.ix. rt of the definition of plan may be limited to the hospital, medical and surgical benefits ogram.		
		The medical benefits coverage in automobile "no fault" and traditional automobile "fau an is prescribed to coordinate benefits provided that it pays benefits as a primary plan. If fits, it will do so in compliance with the provisions of this chapter.		
of denta	viii. al or visio	Group and nongroup insurance contracts and subscriber contracts that pay or reimburse for a care.	the co	st)
	b.	Plan does not include:	()
	i.	Hospital indemnity coverage or other fixed indemnity coverage;	()
athletic	ii. injuries,	School accident-type coverages, such as contracts that cover students for accidents only, in either on a twenty-four (24) hour basis or on a "to and from school" basis;	cludii (ng)
	iii.	Specified disease or specified accident coverage;	()
	iv.	Accident only coverage;	()
		Benefits provided in long-term care insurance policies for non-medical service; for exult daycare, homemaker services, assistance with activities of daily living, respite care, and courts that pay a fixed daily benefit without regard to expenses incurred or the receipt of services.	ustodi	
Suppler	vi. nental Di	Limited benefit health coverage as defined in IDAPA 18.04.08, "Individual Disability and sability Insurance Minimum Standards Rule."	l Grou (up)
	vii.	Medicare supplement policies;	()
	viii.	A state plan under Medicaid; or	()

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ix. insurance plan o	A governmental plan which, by law, provides benefits that are in excess of those of any or other nongovernmental plan.	priva	ite)
12.	Policyholder. The primary insured named in a non-group insurance policy.	()
13. without taking t	Primary Plan . A plan whose benefits for a person's health care coverage needs to be detended existence of any other plan into consideration. A plan is a primary plan if;	ermin (ed)
a. by this rule; or	The plan either has no order of benefit determination rules, or its rules differ from those po	ermitt (ed)
b. under those rule	All plans that cover the person use the order of benefit determination prescribed by this rest the plan determines its benefits first.	ule, a	nd)
14.	Secondary Plan. A plan that is not a primary plan.	()
011 020.	(RESERVED)		
021. USE C	OF MODEL COB CONTRACT PROVISION.		
	Coordination of Benefits. The incorporated by reference Appendix A contains a mode in contracts. The use of this model COB provision is subject to the provisions of Subsections and the provisions of Section 022.		
coordination of	Coordination of Benefits Attachment. The incorporated by reference Appendix B is aption of the COB process that explains to the covered person how health plans will imbenefits. It is not intended to replace or change the provisions that are set forth in the control plain the process by which two (2) or more plans will pay for or provide benefits.	pleme	ent
specific words a to reflect differen	Application of Requirements . The COB provision contained in the incorporated by red the plain language explanation in the incorporated by reference Appendix B do not have to and format as shown. Changes may be made to fit the language and style of the rest of the concernes among plans that provide services, that pay benefits for expenses incurred and that incorporated are permitted.	use to	he or
04. benefits on the	Limits on COB Provisions. A COB provision will not be used that permits a plan to basis that:	redu (ice
a.	Another plan exists and the covered person did not enroll in that plan;	()
b. Medicare; or	A person is or could have been covered under another plan, except with respect to Pa	art B	of)
c. option that coul	A person has elected an option under another plan providing a lower level of benefits than d have been elected.	anoth	ner)
05. "always excess"	"Always Excess" or "Always Secondary." No plan may contain a provision that its bend or "always secondary" except in accordance with this rule.	efits a	ire)
covered person closed panel pl However, COB have been cove	Closed Panel Provider. Under the terms of a closed panel plan, benefits are not payable does not use the services of a closed panel provider. In most instances, COB does not occur is enrolled in two (2) or more closed panel plans and obtains services from a provider in on any occur during the plan year when the covered person receives emergency services that ered by both plans; the secondary plan will use the provisions of Section 023 of this chemount it should pay for the benefit.	ccur if ie of t liabili it wou	f a he ty. ıld

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Plan Requirements. No plan may use a COB provision, or any other provision that allows it to reduce its benefits with respect to any other coverage its insured may have that does not meet the definition of plan under Subsection 010.11 of this rule. RULES FOR COORDINATION OF BENEFITS. 022. Order of Benefit Payments. When a person is covered by two (2) or more plans, the rules for determining the order of benefit payments are as follows: The primary plan pays or provides its benefits as if the secondary plan or plans did not exist. a.) If the primary plan is a closed panel plan and the secondary plan is not a closed panel plan, the secondary plan pays or provides benefits as if it were the primary plan when a covered person uses a non-panel provider, except for emergency services or authorized referrals that are paid or provided by the primary plan. When multiple contracts providing coordinated coverage are treated as a single plan under this rule, Section 022 of this chapter applies only to the plan as a whole, and coordination among the component contracts is governed by the terms of the contracts. If more than one (1) carrier pays or provides benefits under the plan, the carrier designated as primary within the plan is responsible for the plan's compliance with this rule. If a person is covered by more than one (1) secondary plan, the order of benefit determination requirements of this rule decide the order in which secondary plan benefits are determined in relation to each other. Each secondary plan takes into consideration the benefits of the primary plan or plans and the benefits of any other plan, which, under the requirements of this rule, has its benefits determined before those of that secondary plan. Consistent Order of Benefit Provisions. Except as provided in Paragraph 022.02.a. of this chapter, a plan that does not contain order of benefit determination provisions that are consistent with this rule is always the primary plan unless the provisions of both plans, regardless of the provisions of Subsection 022.02 of this chapter, state that the complying plan is primary. Coverage that is obtained by virtue of membership in a group and designed to supplement a part of a basic package of benefits may provide that the supplementary coverage is excess to any other parts of the plan provided by the contract holder. Examples of these types of situations are major medical coverages that are superimposed over base plan hospital and surgical benefits, and insurance type coverages that are written in connection with a closed panel plan to provide out-of-network benefits. A plan may take into consideration the benefits paid or provided by another plan only when, under the requirements of this rule, it is secondary to that other plan. Order of Benefit Determination. Each plan determines its order of benefits using the first of the 03. following rules that applies. The plan that covers the person other than as a dependent, for example, as an employee, member, subscriber, policyholder or retiree, is the primary plan and the plan that covers the person as a dependent is the secondary plan. However, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of the provisions of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and implementing rules, Medicare is:) Secondary to the plan covering the person as a dependent; and i.

Primary to the plan covering the person as other than a dependent (e.g. a retired employee), then the

order of benefits is reversed so that the plan covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber, policyholder or

retiree, is the secondary plan and the other plan covering the person as a dependent is the primary plan.

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order of	b. f benefits	Unless there is a court decree stating otherwise, plans covering a dependent child deter as follows:	rmine t	he	
ever be	i. en marrie	For a dependent child whose parents are married or are living together, whether or not ted:	they ha	ve)	
	(1)	The plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the calendar year is primary plan; or	()	
plan.	(2)	If both parents have the same birthday, the plan that has covered the parent longest is the	e prima (iry)	
not they	ii. have eve	For a dependent child whose parents are divorced or separated or are not living together, were been married:	hether	or)	
If the parent's	arent with s spouse of	If a court decree states that one of the parents is responsible for the dependent child's he the care coverage and the plan of that parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that plan is he responsibility has no health care coverage for the dependent child's health care expenses does, that parent's spouse's plan is the primary plan. This does not apply with respect to any nefits are paid or provided before the entity has actual knowledge of the court decree provisions.	s prima s, but th plan ye	ry. 1at	
expense benefits		If a court decree states that both parents are responsible for the dependent child's he th care coverage, the provisions of Subparagraph 022.03.b.i. of this chapter determine the			
respons Subpara	(3) ibility fo agraph 02	If a court decree states that the parents have joint custody without specifying that one (1) por the health care expenses or health care coverage of the dependent child, the provided provided in the control of the state of the dependent child, the provided in the control of the state of the			
care cov	(4) verage, th	If there is no court decree allocating responsibility for the child's health care expenses ne order of benefits for the child are as follows:	or heal	lth)	
	(a)	The plan covering the custodial parent;	()	
	(b)	The plan covering the custodial parent's spouse;	()	
	(c)	The plan covering the noncustodial parent; and then	()	
	(d)	The plan covering the noncustodial parent's spouse.	()	
		For a dependent child covered under more than one plan of individuals who are not the perioder of benefits is determined, as applicable under Subparagraph 022.03.b.i. or 022.03.b. se individuals were parents of the child.			
(6) For a dependent child who has coverage under either or both parents' plans and also has their own coverage as a dependent under a spouse's plan, the provisions of Paragraph 022.02.e. apply. In the event the dependent child's coverage under the spouse's plan began on the same date as the dependent child's coverage under either or both parents' plans, the order of benefits is determined by applying the birthday rule in Subparagraph 022.02.b.i. to the dependent child's parent(s) and the dependent's spouse.					
c. The plan that covers a person as an active employee; that is, an employee who is neither laid-off nor retired or as a dependent of an active employee is the primary plan. The plan covering that same person as a retired or laid-off employee or as a dependent of a retired or laid-off employee is the secondary plan. If the other plan does not have this rule and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. Coverage provided an individual as a retired worker and as a dependent of that individual's spouse as an active worker will be determined under Paragraph 022.03.a. of this chapter.					

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d. If a person whose coverage is provided pursuant to COBRA or under a right of continuation pursuant to federal or state law is covered under another plan, the plan covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree or covering the person as a dependent of an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the primary plan and the plan covering that same person pursuant to COBRA or under a right of continuation pursuant to state or other federal law is the secondary plan. If the other plan does not have this rule and if, as a result, the plans do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This provision does not apply if the rule in Paragraph 022.03.a. of this chapter can determine the order of benefits.
e. If the preceding rules do not determine the order of benefits, the plan that covered the person for the longer period of time is the primary plan and the plan that covered the person for a shorter period of time is the secondary plan.
i. To determine the length of time a person has been covered under a plan, two (2) successive plans are treated as one (1) if the covered person was eligible under the second plan within twenty-four (24) hours after the coverage under the first plan ended.
ii. The start of a new plan does not include:
(1) A change in the amount or scope of a plan's benefits; ()
(2) A change in the entity that pays, provides or administers the plan's benefits; or ()
(3) A change from one type of plan to another such as from a single employer plan to a multiple employer plan.
iii. The person's length of time covered under a plan is measured from the person's first date of coverage under that plan. If that date is not readily available for a group plan, the date the person first became a member of the group is used as the date from which to determine the length of time the person's coverage under the present plan has been in force.
f. If none of the preceding rules determines the order of benefits, the allowable expenses are shared equally between the plans.
O23. PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED BY SECONDARY PLAN. In determining the amount to be paid by the secondary plan on a claim, should the plan wish to coordinate benefits, the secondary plan calculates the benefits it would have paid on the claim in the absence of other health care coverage and apply that calculated amount to any allowable expense under its plan that is unpaid by the primary plan. The secondary plan may reduce its payment by the amount so that, when combined with the amount paid by the primary plan, the total benefits paid or provided by all plans for the claim do not exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the

024. NOTICE TO COVERED PERSONS.

A plan, in its explanation of benefits provided to covered persons, includes the following language: "If you are covered by more than one (1) health benefit plan, you should file all your claims with each plan."

total allowable expense for that claim. In addition, the secondary plan credits to its plan deductible any amounts it

would have credited to its deductible in the absence of other benefit care coverage.

025. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- **01. Benefits in the Form of Services**. A secondary plan that provides benefits in the form of services may recover the reasonable cash value of the services from the primary plan, to the extent that benefits for the services are covered by the primary plan and have not already been paid or provided by the primary plan. Nothing in this provision requires a plan to reimburse a covered person in cash for the value of services provided by a plan which provides benefits in the form of services.
- **02.** Complying Plan Versus Noncomplying Plan. A plan with order of benefit determination rules that comply with this rule (complying plan) may coordinate its benefits with a plan that is "excess" or "always

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IDAPA 18.04.14 Coordination of Benefits

secondary" or that uses order of benefit determination rules that are inconsistent with those contained	lin	this	rule
(noncomplying plan) on the following basis:		()

- a. If the complying plan is the primary plan, it pays or provides its benefits first; ()
- **b.** If the complying plan is the secondary plan, it pays or provides its benefits first, but the amount of the benefits payable is determined as if the complying plan were the secondary plan. In such a situation, the payment is the limit of the complying plan's liability; and
- **c.** If the noncomplying plan does not provide the information needed by the complying plan to determine its benefits within a reasonable time after it is requested to do so, the complying plan assumes that the benefits of the noncomplying plan are identical to its own and pays its benefits accordingly. If, within two (2) years of payment, the complying plan receives information as the actual benefits of the noncomplying plan, it adjusts payments accordingly.
- i. If the noncomplying plan reduces its benefits so that the covered person receives less in benefits than the covered person would have received had the complying plan paid or provided its benefits as the secondary plan and the noncomplying plan paid or provided its benefits as the primary plan, and governing state law allows the right of subrogation set forth below, then the complying plan advances to the covered person or on behalf of the covered person an amount equal to the difference.
- ii. In no event does the complying plan advance more than the complying plan would have paid had it been the primary plan less any amount it previously paid for the same expense or services. In consideration of the advance, the complying plan is subrogated to all rights of the covered person against the noncomplying plan. The advance by the complying plan is to be without prejudice to any claim it may have against the noncomplying plan in the absence of such subrogation.
- **OB Versus Subrogation**. COB differs from subrogation. Provisions for one may be included in health care benefits contracts without compelling the inclusion or exclusion of the other.
- **04. Timely Payment of Benefits**. If the plans cannot agree on the order of benefits within thirty (30) calendar days after the plans have received all of the information needed to pay the claim, the plans immediately pay the claim in equal shares and determine their relative liabilities following payment, except that no plan is obligated to pay more than it would have paid had it been primary.

026. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.04.15 - RULES GOVERNING SHORT-TERM HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE

000. Title 41.		AUTHORITY. s 2, 21, 42, and 52, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.04.15, "Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage."	()
		Purpose and Scope . Implement Title 41, Chapters 21, 42, and 52, Idaho Code, regarding ration insurance by defining rules for enhanced short-term plans and nonrenewable shong minimum standards for benefits, rating rules, enrollment, renewability, and disclosure proving the province of	rt-teri	m
coverag	03. e that pro	Applicability. This rule applies to all enhanced short-term plans and nonrenewable showide medical expense coverage.	rt-teri (n)
002 (009.	(RESERVED)		
010. In additi		ITIONS. applicable definitions in Chapters 21, 42, and 52, Idaho Code, the following definitions appl	y: ()
		Benchmark Medical Plan . The health benefit plan identified by the U.S. Department of ices to be applicable in establishing minimum benefit coverages by Qualified Health Plans any supplements for pediatric dental or vision.		
	02.	Exchange . Has the meaning set forth in Section 41-6103, Idaho Code.	()
		Nonrenewable Short-term Coverage . Short-term, limited-duration insurance that duration of six (6) months or less in total, and is not an Enhanced Short-term Plan under Sect Code, and this rule.	is no ion 41 (ot -
	04.	Preexisting Condition.	()
treatmei	a. nt during	A condition for which an ordinarily prudent person would seek medical advice, diagnosis, the six (6) months immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;	care (or)
during t	b. he six (6)	A condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or remonths immediately preceding the effective date of coverage; or	eceive (d)
	c.	A pregnancy existing on the effective date of coverage.	()
	05.	Qualified Health Plan or QHP. A health plan certified as such by the Exchange.	()
		Reissuance or Replace . The practice of issuing a short-term, limited-duration insurance one individual having short-term, limited-duration insurance coverage within sixty-three (6) fective date.	polic 3) day (y /s)
		Short-term, Limited-duration Insurance . Health insurance coverage pursuant to a contract expiration date less than twelve (12) months after the original effective date of the contract of the contract of extensions, has a total duration of no longer than thirty-six (36) months.	act the ct and	at 1,)
011.	GENEF	RAL RULES FOR ENHANCED SHORT-TERM PLANS.		
		Application of Requirements . Any short-term, limited-duration insurance that, induce or extensions, has a total duration of longer than six (6) months is subject to the requirement anced short-term plans.		
	02.	Guaranteed Issue. Enhanced short-term plans are only to be offered on a guaranteed issue leads to be offered on a guaranteed of the le	/)
	03.	Portability. Enhanced short-term plan coverage is qualifying previous coverage under Tr	itle 4	١,

Section 000 Page 2917

18.04.15 – Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage

		to Code. Preexisting condition exclusions are to be waived for the period of time an individual ded by an enhanced short-term plan or other qualifying previous coverage.	al was
individ	04. ual QHPs	Requirement to Offer Exchange Plans. To offer an enhanced short-term plan, a carrier is to through the Exchange in the same service area.	o offer
012. Nonren		RAL RULES FOR NONRENEWABLE SHORT-TERM COVERAGE. hort-term coverage is subject to the provisions of IDAPA 18.04.13, Sections 081, 082, and 101	·. ()
013	019.	(RESERVED)	
020.	ENROI	LLMENT.	
enrolln	01. nent.	Enhanced Short-term Plans. There are two exclusive options for enhanced short-term	n plan
followi	a. ng provis	Year-round Enrollment. If a carrier allows year-round enrollment in enhanced short-term plaines apply:	ns, the
to Sect	i. ion 41-520	A preexisting condition exclusion period, as defined at Subsection 010.04, may be applied, s 08, Idaho Code.	subject ()
	ii.	The policy is to be offered on a plan year basis, not a calendar year basis.	()
annual	b. open enro	Annual Open Enrollment Period. If a carrier restricts enrollment in enhanced short-term plans ollment period, the following apply:	s to an
	i.	No preexisting condition exclusion period may be applied.	()
		The beginning and ending dates of the open enrollment period are identical to those for enro the Director allows an extension of the open enrollment period for enhanced short-term plan in the public interest.	
	iii.	Special enrollment periods are to be allowed to the same extent as QHP enrollment.	()
year-ro	02. und basis	Nonrenewable Short-term Coverage. Nonrenewable short-term coverage is to be offered.	d on a
021.	RENEV	WAL AND REISSUANCE.	
	01.	Enhanced Short-term Plans Renewals.	()
Code.	a.	A policy is to be renewable at the option of the enrollee, consistent with Section 41-5207,	Idaho ()
individ	b. uals may	No new application or questions concerning the health or medical condition of the cobe requested to effectuate the renewal.	overed ()
	c.	A policy is not to be renewable beyond thirty-six (36) consecutive months.	()
policy	has been	Upon exhaustion of a policy's renewability due to duration or age, the policyholder is eligil fully renewable coverage, including all of the current carrier's QHPs, when an enhanced shor in effect for at least eleven (11) months. Timely notification of eligibility is to be provided as the notification of any offer of reissuance.	rt-term

Enhanced Short-term Plans Reissuances. Upon exhausting renewability due to duration or age,

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02.

18.04.15 – Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage

the follo	wing pro	visions apply to reissuance:	()
individu	a. als may b	No new application or questions concerning the health or medical condition of the operequested for reissuance.	overe (:d)
	b.	The reissuance premium rate is a change in premium rate subject to IDAPA 18.04.13.036.17	7. ()
to reissu	03. e or repla	Nonrenewable Coverage . Carriers are not to renew nonrenewable short-term coverage and ace nonrenewable short-term coverage issued by the same or another carrier.	are no	ot)
022.	RATIN	G REQUIREMENTS.		
benefit p	01. blans, the	Enhanced Short-term Plans . In addition to the requirements applicable to individual following rating requirements apply:	healt	:h)
	a.	Premium rates do not vary by gender.	()
	b.	Geographic rating areas are identical to those used for Exchange-offered QHPs.	()
criteria a	c. are limite	Medical underwriting criteria may be used to ascertain the risk characteristics of an applicand to those in the Universal Health Statement Addendum and available claims data.	t, if th	ie)
individu	d. al health	Enhanced short-term plans comprise a single risk pool with the carrier's other actively m benefit plans subject to Title 41, Chapter 52, Idaho Code.	arkete (:d)
uniform	e. ly during	The rating period is on a calendar year basis, whereby the rates filed apply to all er a given calendar year and premium rate changes occur at the start of a new calendar year.	ırollee (es)
	02.	Nonrenewable Short-term Coverage. The following rating requirements apply:	()
but may	a. vary by	The rates cannot utilize case characteristics other than age, individual tobacco use, and geo the duration of coverage requested.	graph ())
individu	b. al.	Case characteristics are applied uniformly, without regard to the risk characteristics of an	eligibl (le)
	c.	The premium rate is not affected by an applicant's risk characteristics or health status.	()
	d.	The premium rate remains the same for the duration of the policy.	()
023 0	29.	(RESERVED)		
030.	MINIM	IUM STANDARDS FOR BENEFITS.		
	01.	Minimum Covered Benefits.	()
the semi	a. private re	Daily hospital room and board expenses subject only to limitations based on average daily com rate in the area where the insured resides;	cost c	of)
	b.	Miscellaneous hospital services;	()
	c.	Surgical services;	()
	d.	Anesthesia services;	()
	e	In-hospital medical services: and	()

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		Out-of-hospital care, consisting of physicians' services rendered on an ambulatory basis rovided elsewhere in the policy for diagnosis and treatment of sickness or injury, diagnostices, radiation therapy, and hemodialysis ordered by a physician.	whe c x-ra (re ıy,)
		Minimum Additional Benefits . A separate premium corresponding to additional benefits to be filed and actuarially justified. A policy is to provide not fewer than three (3) of the foliation.		
	a.	In-hospital private duty registered nurse services;	()
	b.	Convalescent nursing home care;	()
	c.	Diagnosis and treatment by a radiologist or physiotherapist;	()
	d.	Rental of special medical equipment, as defined by the insurer in the policy;	()
	e.	Artificial limbs or eyes, casts, splints, trusses or braces;	()
	f.	Treatment for functional nervous disorders, and mental and emotional disorders; or	()
	g.	Out-of-hospital prescription drugs and medications.	()
	03. provided	Enhanced Short-term Plans Covered Benefits. The following covered benefits and limit deconsistent with the Benchmark Medical Plan, including:	itatio	ns)
	a.	Ambulatory (outpatient) patient services;	()
	b.	Emergency services;	()
	c.	Hospitalization;	()
	d.	Maternity and newborn care;	()
	e.	Mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health treatment;	()
	f.	Prescription drugs;	()
	g.	Rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices;	()
	h.	Laboratory services; and	()
	i.	Preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management.	()
formular	04. y drug lis	Prescription Drug Formulary . If a prescription drug coverage formulary is applied, the appst is to:	olicab (le)
	a.	Include at least one drug in every United States Pharmacopeia (USP) category and class;	()
		Cover a range of drugs across a broad distribution of therapeutic categories and class ug treatment regimens that treat all covered disease states, and does not discourage enrollmollees; and		
indicativ		Provide appropriate access to drugs included in broadly accepted treatment guidelin-current general best practices.	es ar	nd)

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18.04.15 – Rules Governing Short-Term Health Insurance Coverage

05.	Cost Sharing.		
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- **a.** Except for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan, a coinsurance percentage is not to exceed fifty percent (50%) of covered charges. A coinsurance percentage for out-of-network benefits offered as part of a managed care plan is not to exceed sixty percent (60%) of covered charges.
- **b.** The maximum out-of-pocket is to be stated in the policy and in aggregate is not to exceed four percent (4%) of the aggregate annual limit under the policy for each covered person. All deductibles, copayments, coinsurance and any other cost-sharing are applicable to the maximum out-of-pocket. Within the aggregate maximum, the policy may include separate out-of-pocket limits applicable to particular services.
 - c. The annual limit is no less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for each covered person.
- **d.** Enhanced short-term plans are to provide coverage for and not impose any cost sharing requirements for preventive and wellness services consistent with QHP requirements.
- **06. Applicability of Mental Health Parity**. Enhanced short-term plans are to meet the requirements of Section 2726 of the Public Health Service Act (Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act) in the same manner and extent as QHPs.
- **07. Benefit Requirements.** The minimum benefits imposed by Subsections 030.01, 030.02, and 030.03 may be subject to all applicable deductibles, coinsurance and general policy exceptions and limitations. Except as disallowed by Subsections 030.03, 030.05, and 030.06, a policy may also have special or internal limitations for nursing facilities, transplants, experimental treatments, services covered under Subsection 030.02, and other special or internal limitations authorized by the Director. Except as authorized by this Subsection through the application of special or internal limitations, a policy will cover, after any deductibles or coinsurance provisions are met, the usual, customary and reasonable charges, as determined consistently by the carrier and as subject to prior written approval by the Director or another rate agreed to between the insurer and provider, for covered services up to the annual limit.

031. -- 039. (RESERVED)

040. DISCLOSURE PROVISIONS.

Polices subject to this chapter will include in the application for coverage, any application materials, and the insurance contract, the following language in at least 14-point type:

"This coverage is not required to comply with certain federal market requirements for health insurance, principally those contained in the Affordable Care Act. Be sure to check your policy carefully to make sure you are aware of any exclusions or limitations regarding coverage of preexisting conditions or health benefits (such as hospitalization, emergency services, maternity care, preventive care, prescription drugs, and mental health and substance use disorder services). Your policy might also have lifetime and/or annual dollar limits on health benefits. If this coverage expires or you lose eligibility for this coverage, you might have to wait until an open enrollment period to get other health insurance coverage."

041. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.05.01 - RULES FOR TITLE INSURANCE REGULATION

000. Title 41, Code.		AUTHORITY. 41-211, Idaho Code, to aid in the effectuation of Title 41, Chapter 27 and Section 41-1314	I, Idaho		
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.			
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.05.01, "Rules for Title Insurance Regulation."	()		
	02.	Purpose. This rule applies to all title insurers and title insurance agents and:	()		
Section 4	a. 41-2702,	Defines and clarifies the meaning of "a complete set of tract indexes or abstract records" as Idaho Code.	used in		
to perfor	b. m certair	Provides procedural rules as to the way title insurers, title insurance agents and escrow office actions, charge rates for various services, and provide insurability on certain matters.	cers are		
	c.	Clarifies consumer protection on title insurance products.	()		
	d.	Preserves the financial stability of title insurers and title insurance agents.	()		
Director		Defines certain fair trade practice standards for title insurance, the violation of which will coegal inducements by Sections 41-2708(3) and 41-1314, Idaho Code. This rule does not lity to determine that other title insurance trade practices constitute violations of Title 41, Chano Code.	mit the		
002 0	09.	(RESERVED)			
		TIONS. In Title 41, Chapters 1, 13, and 27, Idaho Code, which are used in this rule will have the in those chapters.	ne same		
named in	01. nsured on	Applicant. A party to a real estate transaction who may be the buyer, seller and/or a prop a title commitment, policy, guaranty or other title insurance product.	osed or		
(2.5%) o	02. or more of	Financial Interest . Any interest that entitles the holder in any manner to two and one-half f the profits or net worth of the title entity in which the interest is held.	percent ()		
Director	03. of Insura	Policy . Any contract or form of title insurance which prior to its issuance has been filed vance.	with the		
where a reports v	policy of which do	Preliminary Report . A binder of insurance, a commitment to insure, a preliminary report orts including quiet title action, foreclosure actions of contracts of sale, deeds of trust or most title insurance will be issued on the successful completion thereof. Excluded are miscel not insure title, such as judgment reports, lot book reports or property search reports where section 012.01.	rtgages laneous		
occupati	05. on or pro	Producer of Title Business . Includes any person engaged in this state in the trade, by fession of:	usiness,		
	a.	Buying or selling interest in real property; or	()		
	b.	Making loans secured by interest in real property; and	()		
		May include but not be limited to real estate agents, real estate brokers, mortgage brokers, ations, builders, attorneys, developers, sub-dividers, auctioneers engaged in the sale of real pare employees, agents, representatives, or solicitors of any of the foregoing; and			
(51%) or	d. r more by	Will include any legal entity whose ownership is, directly or indirectly, comprised fifty-one entities or individuals described in Paragraph 010.05.c of this rule.	percent ()		
	06.	Title Examination. A search and examination of the title and a determination of insurabilit	y of the		

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title in accordance with sound title underwriting practices. Such examination of the public records will be made only for the purpose of determining insurability of the described property and not be a report on the condition of the record.

- **07. Issuance of a Policy**. The preparation, execution and delivery of a title insurance policy which is deemed to be only a contract of insurance up to the face amount of such policy and will in no way create a tort liability as to the condition of the record insured from. The same will include any necessary investigation just prior to actual issuance of a policy to determine if there has been proper execution, acknowledgment and delivery of any conveyances, mortgage papers, and other title instruments which may be necessary for the issuance of a policy. It will also include determination of the status of taxes based on the latest available information and a final search of the title and that all necessary papers have been filed for record. Issuance of the policy will not include services which are essentially escrow or closing services, such as receiving and disbursing money, prorating insurance and taxes, etc., for which an escrow fee will be charged. The issuer of the policy may specify requirements necessary for the issuance of the title insurance, but it is the responsibility of the applicant to meet such requirements and the title insurance agent will not act for the applicant to satisfy the same. It is not the responsibility of the policy issuer to cure defects of title or remove liens or encumbrances. Title insurers and title insurance agents issuing title insurance policies will not do any acts which constitute the practice of law and the premium will not include the cost of legal services to be performed for the benefit of anyone other than the company. A title insurance agent who is also a licensed lawyer rendering any legal services in the transaction insured will render a separate legal billing and the escrow fees will not include such legal services.
- **08. Self-Promotional**. A promotional function conducted by a single entity or a promotional item intended for distribution by a single entity. All benefits from the promotional function or item will accrue to the entity promoting itself.
- **09. Items of Value**. Anything that has a monetary value and includes, but is not limited to, tangible objects, services, use of facilities, monetary advances, extension of lines of credit, creation of compensating balances, and all other forms of consideration.
- **10. Trade Association**. An association of persons, a majority of whom are producers of title business, or persons whose primary activity involves real property.
- 12. Title Entity. Includes both title insurance agents and title insurers and their employees, agents, or representatives.

13. Definitions Pertaining To Collected Funds:

- a. Business Day means a calendar day other than Saturday or Sunday, and also excluding most major holidays. If January 1, July 4, November 11, or December 25 fall on a Sunday, the next Monday is also excluded from the definition of a business day.
- **b.** Collected Funds means (i) cash (currency); (ii) wired funds when unconditionally received by the escrow agent; (iii) when identified as such, (1) cashier's check; (2) certified check; or (3) teller's check (official check) when any of the above are unconditionally received by the escrow agent; (iv) U.S. Treasury checks, postal money orders, federal reserve bank checks, federal home loan bank checks, State of Idaho and local government checks, local or Idaho on-us checks, or local third party checks on the next business day after deposit; (v) local personal or corporate checks on the second business day after deposit; and (vi) non-local State and government checks, non-local on-us checks, non-local personal or corporate checks or non-local third party checks on the fifth business day after deposit. For purposes of this section a deposit is considered made on (1) the same day the item is delivered in person to an employee of a federally insured financial institution, or (2) the first business day following an after business hours deposit of an item to a federally insured financial institution.
- **c.** Cashier's Check, Certified Check and Teller's Check (Official Check) as identified above in Subsection 010.13.b. means checks issued by a federally insured financial institution.
- **d.** Local Checks: Checks drawn against a federally insured financial institution located in the same check processing region as the title agent's depositary federally insured financial institution.

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e. On-us checks: Checks drawn against the same federally insured financial institution or branch as the title agent's own depositary federally insured financial institution.
f. Collection or Long-Term Escrow means an escrow established for the purpose of receiving two (2) or more periodic payments over a total period of time after establishment in excess of thirty (30) days.
g. Escrow includes any agreement (express, implied in fact or at law) pursuant to which funds or documents are delivered to an escrow agent for holding until the happening of a contingency or until the performance of a condition, and then delivered by the escrow agent to another or recorded by the escrow agent.
h. Escrow Agent includes any person or entity described in Section 41-2704, Idaho Code, (and the rules promulgated thereunder), which accepts funds or documents for the purpose described in Subsection 010.13.g.
i. Incidental Expenses: Direct expenses that are the obligation of one or more of the parties to an escrow transaction but are not the purchaser's principal obligation. Incidental expenses would include, but not be limited to, advances to cover unexpected recording fees and additional interest caused by delays in closings or miscalculations.
O11. TRACT INDEXES OR ABSTRACT RECORDS. For clarification and guidance, the following is considered to be the correct definition or meaning of "a complete set of tract indexes or abstract records" as used in Section 41-2702, Idaho Code: A set of indexes from which the record ownership and condition of title to all land within a particular county can be traced and ascertained. Tract indexes and abstract records will be maintained and posted to current date and will include adequate maps that will enable a person working the title plant to locate a tract of land that is the subject of the title examination. The basic component parts of such a set of indexes are:
01. Basic Component Parts. An index or indexes, to be complete from the inception of title from the United States of America, in which the reference is to geographic subdivisions of land, classified according to legal description, (as distinguished from an index or indexes in which the reference is to the name of the title holder, commonly called a grantor-grantee index) wherein notations of or references to:
a. All filed or recorded instruments legally affecting title to particularly described parcels of real property and which impart constructive notice under the recording laws; and
b. All judicial proceedings in the particular county legally affecting title to particularly described parcels of real property are posted, filed, entered or otherwise included in that part of the indexing system which designates the particular parcel of real property; provided, no reference need be made in such index to any judicial proceeding which is referred to or noted in the name index defined in Subsection 011.02 of these rules.
c. No requirement is made for taxes and assessments, water or otherwise, or for water and mineral rights, land use regulations, and zoning ordinances to be made a part of the plant records.
Name Index or Indexes. A name index or indexes wherein notations of or references to all instruments, proceedings and other matters of record in the particular county which legally affects or may legally affect title to all real property (as distinguished from particularly described parcels of real property) of the person, partnership, corporation or other entity named and affected, including guardianships, absentee, bankruptcies, receiverships, divorces and mental illness matters, if available, are posted, filed, entered or otherwise included in that

Index Maintenance. The indexes prescribed in Subsection 011.01 may be maintained in bound

Subdivision or Refinement. The extent to which the prescribed indexes are subdivided or refined

books, looseleaf books, jackets or folders, on card files, or in any other form or system, whether manual, mechanical,

is dependent upon all relevant circumstances. The population of the particular county, the extent to which land within

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electronic or otherwise; or in any combination of such forms or systems.

part of the indexing system which designates the same.

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the particular county has been subdivided and passed into separate ownerships, and all other factors which are reasonably related to the purpose of the statutory requirements are entitled to consideration in such determination.

05. Discarding or Destroying. Any requirement established in this rule to the contrary notwithstanding, it is permissible to discard and destroy prior index books, jackets, folders, cards, photoprints or files pertaining to recorded instruments affecting title to particularly described parcels of real property once the titles to such particularly described parcels have been searched, examined and a policy of owner's title insurance issued thereon. The discarding and destruction of prescribed index components is applicable only when a permanent copy of the search notes, examiner's opinion and issued policy is retained in lieu of the discarded and destroyed index components.

012. PROCEDURAL RULES.

- **01. Miscellaneous Reports**. Where an insurer or its agent issues judgment reports, lot book reports or property search reports, each such report will specifically contain the following statement: "This report is based on a search of our tract indexes of the county records. This is not a title or ownership report and no examination of the title to the property described has been made. For this reason, no liability beyond the amount paid for this report is assumed hereunder, and the company is not responsible beyond the amount paid for any errors and omissions contained herein."
- **O2.** Special Exceptions. An insurer may insert such special exception(s) as may develop from an examination of the title. A special exception will specifically describe the item excepted to and will not be general in terms. The printed provisions of a filed policy form, including exclusions from coverage, exceptions not insured against and stipulations and conditions will not be deemed special exceptions.
- 03. Liens and Encumbrances, Standards of Insurability and Insuring Around. The determination of insurability as to liens and encumbrances under Sections 41-2708(1) and the risk disallowed under 41-2708(2), Idaho Code, intentionally omitting an outstanding enforceable recorded lien or encumbrance, are interpreted by the insurance director to mean:
- a. "Intentionally" omitting an outstanding enforceable recorded lien or encumbrance is the issuance of the policy with the intent to conceal information from any person by suppressing or withholding title information, the consequence of which could result in a monetary loss either to the title insurance company or to the insured under the policy or binder.
- **b.** "Outstanding enforceable recorded lien or encumbrance" and/or "determination of insurability" as to possible liens and encumbrances will not be construed as preventing an insurer from issuing a policy without taking exception to a specific recorded, inchoate, or death tax item when sound underwriting standards and practices allow insurance against the item. Defects of title are not regulated by this provision. Specifically, a policy may be issued without taking exception to the following items on the conditions set out:
- i. Where a lien securing an obligation, though not released of record, to the satisfaction of the insurer has been discharged and the insurer or its agent has documentary evidence in its file that the obligation has been paid in full.
- ii. Where funds are in escrow to pay said item and a recordable release in form for filing is available for recording in the ordinary course of business.
 - iii. Where liens, in the opinion of counsel, are barred by the statute of limitations. ()
- iv. Where inchoate liens may arise from improvements to the described property and may have priority over a mortgage being insured and a sufficient indemnity defined has been delivered to and accepted by the insurer, or sufficient funds, including short term treasury bills and notes, have been deposited with the insurer or its agent to assure ultimate payment and release of such liens; provided, an exception as to such inchoate liens will be shown on the policy with a provision insuring against enforcement. Sufficient indemnity as used herein will mean a direct obligation to pay such liens in an amount judged adequate by the insurer executed by a financial institution

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regulated by the state or federal government or executed by a responsible person as hereinafter defined. This subsection will also apply to recorded liens being contested if the indemnity is one hundred and fifty percent (150%) of the claim and is by such financial institution or in said funds.

- v. Where the insurer has previously issued a policy without taking exception to the specific item and is called upon to issue an additional policy where it is already obligated under such prior policy and where the new policy will not increase its liability or exposure; provided, an exception as to such item will be shown on the policy with a provision insuring against the enforcement thereof.
- vi. When the mortgage policy issued insures validity and priority of a lien, the insurer need not itemize liens which are subordinate to the lien insured, whether by express subordination or operation of law, unless such subordinated matters are shown to comply with a policy provision, or unless requested by the insured to do so; provided, when issuing a preliminary report, commitment or a binder for a mortgagee's policy all subordinate liens will be shown but a statement may be made that they are subordinate.
- vii. With reference to federal estate taxes and state inheritance taxes which have not been paid, where the insurer has examined a balance sheet of the estate and determined more than adequate funds are on hand to pay such taxes, and the insurer has taken an indemnity from a responsible person protecting itself against such unpaid taxes, or where sufficient moneys or other securities to pay such taxes have been placed in escrow pending the payment thereof or pending receipt of waiver of lien from the taxing authority.
- viii. "Responsible person" is one (1), or more than one (1) if they are jointly and severally liable, each of whose current verified balance sheet upon examination is determined by the insurer to be sufficient for the purpose of the indemnity given. Verified copies of all statements will be retained by the insurer or its agent.
- **04. Mechanics' Liens, Disallowed Risk**. Under the provisions of Section 41-2708, Idaho Code, the Insurance Director has determined under standards of insurability, disallowed risks and rebates, that under all forms of mortgage policies the risk insured will not include unrecorded liens and encumbrances, including contractors', subcontractors' professional services, materialmen's and mechanics' liens, unless:
- a. The mortgage will have been placed of record prior to commencement of any improvement on the premises and the insurer is satisfied that the mortgage and related documents with reference to such priority; or
- **b.** Unless the provisions of Subsections 012.03.b.ii., 012.03.b.iii. or 012.03.b.iv., and 012.03.b.viii. as applicable have been complied with; or
- **c.** Unless the insurer has satisfied itself and documented its file that construction has been completed and the time for filing liens has expired.
- **05. Usury, Truth in Lending Disclosures.** Protection against usury, or disclosures prescribed in consumer credit protection acts, truth in lending acts, or similar acts imposing duties on lenders, do not constitute a part of the issuance of title insurance policies. Title insurers and their agents will not prepare or pass judgment on documents as to usury nor on disclosure documents and notice of right of rescission documents demanded by any such acts or make any computations as essential therein, in the issuance of title insurance policies; provided, an endorsement to a mortgage policy insuring that the loan is one by definition of the Truth in Lending Act exempt from rescission is permissible. Nothing herein will prevent such title insurers or their agents from performing closing or escrow services involving such matters when a proper fee is obtained therefor.
- **06. Filing, Approval, Unique Contract or Rate**. Whenever a title insurer is requested to insure a unique kind or class of risk for which a premium rate or form of policy or endorsement has not been filed, neither of which lends itself to an advance filing and determination of said rate or form, pursuant to Section 41-2706(4), such title insurer may make a written application to the Director of Insurance for approval of said special rate or form without complying with the filing notice and thirty (30) day waiting provisions of Section 41-2707 upon complying with the following requirements:
 - a. The insurer has not agreed to the special rates, nor agreed to issue the special policy or

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endorsement, prior to making an application to the Director of Insurance.

- b. The insurer will make a written application to the Director of Insurance, requesting approval of the applicable special rate or special insurance policy or endorsement, wherein the insurer will set forth why the particular rate or policy or endorsement is unique as to the risk or form, that such item has or has not ever arisen in the past five (5) years to the knowledge of said insurer, and the circumstances if it has previously arisen in said period, and the circumstances which now arise which necessitate said rate, policy or endorsement and an analysis comparing said unique rate, policy or endorsement to the nearest comparable filed rate, policy or endorsement and justifying the difference on the basis of Sections 41-2706(1) and (2), Idaho Code. Such application will have attached to it the proposed policy or endorsement form. The Director of Insurance will have ten (10) working days after the date of receipt of such application to disapprove the same, and the filing will be deemed effective if the same is not disapproved within such time. The burden is upon the insurer to make inquiry after the expiration after said ten (10) days to determine whether a disapproval has been made, whether or not mailed notice of such disapproval has not yet been received by said insurer.
- c. These provisions are only applicable to rates, policies and endorsements, which by reason of the rarity of the event, or the peculiarity of the circumstances, do not lend themselves to a general advance determination and filing of said item. Applications under this rule and the applicable statute will not be approved if it appears either that said application does not meet the standards of the statute or is such a deviation from the usual policy form or rate most nearly applicable thereto as to be an unsound underwriting practice or an inadequate premium.

013. PREMIUM RATES AND THEIR APPLICATION.

- **O1. Schedule of Premium Rates**. Each title insurer will file its schedule of premium rates (including both the taxable risk portion and the service portion) for title insurance charged the public for all policies, which premium rates commence with the lowest rate and advance by one thousand dollars (\$1,000) increments. The rate schedule will include owner's, standard mortgagee and extended coverage mortgagee policies, and may include other rates. In addition, any charges made for special endorsements will be listed and the type of policy to which applicable. Filed rates will provide that where a preliminary report is issued, the order for the policy may be canceled prior to closing. The applicant may be requested to pay a cancellation fee. The premium rates for policies will only include title examination and issuance of title insurance which will be deemed to include any preliminary report, commitment to insure, binder or similar report (herein collectively called preliminary report) and the policy subsequently issued thereon. If more than one (1) chain of title is involved, an additional charge will be made for each additional chain. An additional chain is one involving property in a different block or section or under a different ownership within the last five (5) years.
- **02. Issuing Binders, Commitments or Preliminary Reports.** No title insurer or title insurance agent will issue a title insurance binder, commitment or preliminary report without an order.
- **Ox.** Amount of Owner's Policy. An owner's policy will be issued for not less than (a) the amount of the current sales price of the land and any existing improvements appurtenant thereto, or (b) if no sale is being made, the amount equal to the value of the land and any existing improvements at the time of the issuance of the policy. If improvements are contemplated, the amount may include the cost of such improvements immediately contemplated to be erected thereon with a following pending improvement clause set forth in Schedule B of said policy and the full premium collected, which clause reduces the policy amount to the extent the improvements are not completed. The amount of policies covering leasehold estates for a term of fifty years or more will be for the full value of the land and existing improvements, and for less than fifty years will be for an amount at the option of the insured based on either the total amount of the rentals payable for the primary term but not less than five (5) years, or the full value of the land and existing improvements together with any improvements immediately contemplated to be erected thereon. The amount of policies insuring contract purchasers will be for the full value of the principal payments. Insurance of lesser estates will be written for the amount of the value of the estate at the time the policy is issued.
- **O4.** Amount of Mortgagee Policies. A mortgagee's policy will be for not less than the full principal debt of the loan insured and at insured's request may include up to twenty percent (20%) in excess of the principal debt to cover interest, foreclosure costs, etc. Where the land covered represents only part of the security for the loan, the policy will be written for the amount of the unencumbered value of the land or the amount of the loan, whichever is the lesser.

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mortgage policy covrate. Premium for th	imultaneous Issuance of Owner's and Mortgagee's Policy. When an owner's policy and a vering identical land are simultaneously issued, the owner's policy will bear the regular owner's mortgagee policy simultaneously issued may be for an amount less than the full mortgagee rate surance not in excess of the owner's policy.
be charged and the original transaction. rate which will be a	ouble Sale and Reissue. No order will be held open to cover a double sale and the premium will policy issued on each sale, unless the conveyance on resale is recorded at the same time as the A title insurer may file an owner's reissue rate of not less than fifty percent (50%) of the basic applicable to any policy ordered within two (2) years of the effective date of a prior owner's or aming applicant as the insured provided that the following conditions are met:
	the prior policy or a copy thereof is presented to the issuing company and will be retained in the file, or in the absence thereof, reasonable proof of issuance is provided the issuing company.
b. Th	he reissue premium will be based on the schedule of fees in effect at the time of reissue. ()
c. In brackets.	creased liability is to be computed in accordance with the basic schedule of fees in the applicable
owner's policy to b mortgages, the prei successful completi	mount on Litigation and Foreclosure Reports. Where a preliminary report is made for an ever issued after a quiet title action or after a foreclosure of contracts of sale, deeds of trust or mium charge will be that on an owner's policy and the policy will be issued following the ion of the litigation or the foreclosure. A cancellation fee may be charged if the action is such preliminary report will bear on its face as the limit of liability of the insurer, the value upon charge is based.
014. DISCLOS	URE BY PRODUCER OF TITLE BUSINESS.
guarantee, title insur- services, to an appl- business, where the referred unless the p	isclosure of Financial Interest. No title entity may accept any order to issue a title commitment, rance policy for, or provide services including, but not limited to, escrow closing and foreclosure icant if it knows or has reason to believe that the applicant was referred by a producer of title producer of title business has a financial interest in the title entity to which the business is producer of title business has disclosed to the applicant the financial interest of the producer of disclosure will be made in writing and contain the items prescribed in Subsection 014.02 of this
sale and/or purchase title business and p insurance commitme	isclosure Provided to Applicant. The disclosure will be provided to the applicant at the time the contract is entered into. A signed copy of the disclosure will be maintained by the producer of provided to the title entity prior to, or simultaneously with, the placing or the order for a title ent or guarantee or escrow closing services. The title entity will maintain a copy of said disclosure and of five (5) years. The disclosure will contain the following:
	heading, in bold face, all caps, type font 14 or higher that states: "NOTICE OF FINANCIAL LE ENTITY BY PRODUCER OF TITLE BUSINESS."
purposes. (Provide r name). This financia free to choose any o property is located.	statement in type 12 font or higher: "We call this interest to your attention for disclosure name of Producer of Title Business) has a financial interest in this title entity (provide title entity al interest may result in a conflict of interest in our representation of you. Accordingly, you are ther title entity which is licensed by the Idaho Department of Insurance in the county in which the A list of title insurers and title agents licensed in the county in which the property is located may ing the Idaho Department of Insurance."

c. A statement that the Applicant has read the aforementioned disclosure and chooses to have their transaction served by the Title Entity referred by the Producer of Title Business. The disclosure will contain the signature of all applicants along with the date the signature(s) was accomplished.

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015. FINANCIAL INTEREST NOTICE.

- **01. Financial Interest Notice to Director.** A title entity will notify the Director of the Department the names and addresses of all producers of title business that have a financial interest in the title entity, including the financial interest held by the producer of title business and the date the financial interest was acquired. ()
- **02. Notice Filing.** The title entity will provide the financial interest notice to the Director of the Department prior to the granting of a title agent license and upon request for renewal of a title agent license.

016. – 020. (RESERVED)

021. TITLE INSURANCE AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES ACTING AS ESCROW AGENTS.

01. Written Instructions. An escrow agent will not accept funds or papers into escrow without dated written instructions signed by the parties or their authorized representatives adequate to administer the escrow account and without receiving, at the time provided with the escrow instructions, sufficient funds and documents to carry out terms of the escrow instructions. Funds and documents deposited will be used only in accordance with such written instructions. If additional instructions are needed, the agent will obtain the consent of both parties, their representatives to the escrow or an order of a court of competent jurisdiction at the expense of the escrow parties.

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Notice of Conflict of Interest. An escrow agent will act without partiality to any of the parties to the escrow. An escrow agent cannot close a transaction where he has, directly or indirectly, a monetary interest in the subject property either as buyer or seller. If an escrow agent has a business interest in the escrow transaction other than as escrow agent, the relationship or interest will be disclosed in the written escrow instructions. After noting such interest, an additional statement will appear as follows: "We call this interest to your attention for disclosure purposes. This interest will not, in our opinion, prevent us from being a fair and impartial escrow agent in this transaction, but you are, nevertheless, free to request the transaction be closed by some other escrow agent."

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- **03.** Closing Statement. On completion of an escrow transaction, the agent will deliver to each principal a written closing statement signed by the agent of each principal's account. The same will show all receipts and disbursements. Any charge made by and disbursements to the escrow agent will be clearly noted. A copy will be retained.
- **04. Control of Funds.** An escrow agent will maintain one or more trust accounts in a federally insured financial institution into which all escrow funds received will be deposited and from which there will be drawn escrow payments. No other funds will be commingled with such trust account. Escrow fees will not be drawn until the escrow is completely ready to close in accordance with the escrow instructions and will be withdrawn not later than the day on which the final disbursements are made for the escrow closing.
- edger with a separate numbered sheet for each escrow agreement and (b) an escrow liability control account. Disbursements will be posted from checks or other vouchers and each item, not the total of items, will be entered. Escrow liability control account will balance with the escrow ledger at all times and will equal the balance of funds in the trust accounts for escrows at the bank. Checks cannot be drawn against an escrow account without sufficient credit balance for the particular escrow existing at the time. Funds will not be transferred between escrow agents except by writing checks and receipts which are charged and credited respectively to accounts with the reason noted and the authority therefor. All services will be performed and the escrow account ready to close before any service or escrow fees may be charged and drawn from an escrow account (unless an escrow is a long term collection, and fees are payable monthly or annually). The escrow funds will be placed in the trust accounts for escrows and no other funds commingled therewith. All entries in any escrow account will be posted the date of the entry without regard of the date of posting, but all entries will be posted daily.
 - **06.** Escrow Records. Each escrow agent will maintain in each escrow transaction:

Section 015 Page 2929

- **a.** Evidence of all funds received including copies of all instruments, which will include prenumbered cash receipts, copies of cashier's checks, wire transfer confirmations or evidence of unconditional payment of checks, as applicable;

 ()
- **b.** Complete evidence of all funds disbursed which will include check stubs or check copies, and wire instructions for all disbursements as applicable; and
- c. A final ledger sheet for each escrow transaction listing all items received and disbursed. All records will be available for audit, inspection and examination by the Director upon demand, and all records will be preserved for not less than six (6) years from the closing date of the escrow.
- **800. Bond.** Before a license will be issued to a title insurance agent, such agent will comply with the requirements for a bond pursuant to Section 41-2711. Such bond may be in the form that continues from year to year until canceled. In lieu of a bond, cash or securities as herein defined may be deposited with the Director of Insurance. The Director of Insurance approves the following securities which are eligible for deposit in place of the bond: Cash in the form of a cashier's check, any public obligation as defined in Sections 41-707 and 41-708, Idaho Code, and the assignment of any savings deposits or certificates of deposit as defined in Section 41-720, Idaho Code. In each case, such deposit will be accompanied by a statement that such deposit is made to meet the compliance of Section 41-2710, Idaho Code, and may be liquidated to meet the obligations of said section. Said cash or security in lieu of the bond will be deposited with the director pursuant to Section 41-804, Idaho Code, except that the cash will be deposited with the state treasurer for the account of the bond of said depositing agent.
- **08.** Cancellation of Bond. A title insurance agent's bond may provide for cancellation thereof upon notice of not less than thirty days to the Insurance Director and to the licensed agent. Upon such notice being received, the licensed title insurance agent will provide a new bond in place thereof before the cancellation of the current bond, and in the event of failure to do so, the license of the title insurance agent will be deemed suspended on the date of the expiration of such bond, and until a replacement bond has been issued and delivered to the Director of Insurance.

09. Disbursement of Funds or Documents From Escrow -- Requirement for Collected Funds.

- a. Notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, no disbursement of funds or delivery of documents from an escrow for recording or otherwise may be made unless the escrow contains a credit balance consisting of collected funds, other than funds of the escrow agent or its affiliates, sufficient to discharge all monetary conditions of the escrow. The requirement of collected funds does not apply to collection or long term escrows.
- **b.** Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 021, an escrow agent may advance its own funds in an aggregate amount not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1000) to pay incidental expenses incurred with respect to the escrow.

022. ESCROW FEES.

Title insurers and title insurance agents will not charge less than the fees filed with the Department of Insurance for a specified escrow service, as such service is defined in the title insurer's or title insurance agent's filed schedule of fees. Each title insurer and title insurance agent will file its schedule of escrow fees charged for all escrow and closing services rendered on a yearly basis due March 15 reflecting experience from the previous calendar year. Fees should include a title entity's basic rate, minimum rate and negotiable rate with respect to different types of closings and should not reflect credits of any kind with regard to different classifications of customers. The fee will be based upon the full sales price in the event of a sale, or the amount of the loan in the event of a mortgage and will not be less than the title entity's cost for providing that service. Fees for escrow and closing services will not include preparation of instruments. Property in different ownerships always, and noncontiguous properties generally, are rated separately. Additional fees will be charged where the minimum fee is inadequate because of the unusual complications of the transactions. Fees may also be filed throughout the year as often as necessary as determined by the title entity. Fee filings in these instances will be filed at least thirty (30) days prior to implementation of the fees.

023. -- 030. (RESERVED)

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031. REBATES AND ILLEGAL INDUCEMENTS.

chapter. If a pool of the chapter of the chapter. If a pool of the chapter of the	Items of Value . A title entity will not provide items of value to a producer of tit nember of the general public except as permitted in Sections 031.02, 031.03, 031.04 and 02 roviding of things of value does not clearly fit into the rules in Sections 031.02, 031.03, t is not allowed. Exhibit 1, located on our website at https://doi.idaho.gov/, is a partial, of acts and practices that are considered illegal inducements disallowed by Title 41, Idaho of the constant of the c	31.05 of t 031.04, a but not	this and
	Permitted Consumer Information . To facilitate the listing and sale of Idaho proprenation may be provided without charge to licensed real estate agents and brokers or to a certy for which the request is made, but is limited to the following information:		
	Listing Package is a single copy of a listing package, property profile, or similarly named will consist of information relating to the ownership and status of title to real property ecopy of only the following seven (7) items:		
i.	The last deed appearing of record;	()
ii.	Deeds of trust or mortgages which appear to be in full force and effect;	()
iii.	A plat map reproduction and/or a locater map;	()
iv.	A copy of applicable restrictive covenants;	()
v.	Tax information;	()
vi.	Property characteristics such as number of rooms, square footage and year built; and	()
vii.	Photographs, including aerial, of the property.	()
construed as of Photographs a consideration through normal property characteristic may be a which of the disclaimer as	A listing package may include no more than the seven (7) above described items of information demographics, or additions, addenda, or attachments who conclusions reached by the title entity regarding matters of marketable ownership or entropy be provided, but only if the title entity does not pay a separate fee or provide to a person for that product or service. The title entity may provide any photographs that all subscriptions or licensing fees associated with obtaining access to county records for tax acteristics, or plat maps, as long as there is no additional charge to the title entity for the or delivery of the photographs. A generic cover letter with the printed standard letterhead attached to the listing package. The cover letter may include a brief statement identifying by seven (7) permitted items of information are attached thereto. The cover letter may also to conclusions of marketable ownership or encumbrances. The content of the cover letter ictly limited to the foregoing and will specifically not include any advertising or marketage.	cumbrance any ot are acqui informati producti d of the t y name of so contai	ther ces. ther ired ion, title nly, in a
entity regarding	Market value information, demographics, additions, addenda, photographs (other than 31.02.b) or other attachments, which attachments may be construed as conclusions reaching matters of marketable ownership or encumbrances, may be provided, but only upon insurate with the actual cost of the work performed and the material furnished.	d by the t	title
d. documents wit	A title entity may provide to licensed attorneys and licensed appraisers only the	e follow	ing)
i.	A plat map reproduction;	()
ii.	A copy of applicable restrictive covenants;	()

Section 031 Page 2931

iii	The last deed appearing of record; and	()	
iv.	A cover letter as described in Paragraph 031.02.b.	()	
03	. Advertising With Trade Associations.	()	
official pub publication	No advertisement may be placed in a publication that is published or distributed by, or or of title business. Advertising in a trade association publication is only permitted if the public dication, published or distributed by, or on behalf of the trade association with at least regular. The publications should be nonexclusive (any title entity will have an equal opportunity to a cion and at a standard rate). The title entity's ad will be purely self-promotional.	ation is ılar annı	an ual	
a trade ass affiliated m the associa affiliated m donation va year. In add pays a fee of	b. A title entity is permitted to donate time to serve on a trade association committee and may also serve as an officer or director for the trade association. A title entity may also donate, contribute or otherwise sponsor a trade association event if the event is a recognized association event that generally benefits all members and affiliated members in an equal manner. The donation cannot benefit selected producer of title business members of the association unless through random process. Solicitation for the donation should be made of all members and affiliated members in an equal manner. Donations are per agent license or insurer and are limited to a cumulative donation value of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or equivalent things of value collectively to all trade associations per year. In addition, a title entity is allowed to participate in or attend trade association events as long as the title entity pays a fee commensurate with fees paid by other participants in the events. These events include, but are not limited to, conventions, award banquets, symposiums, breakfasts, lunches, dinners, open houses, sporting activities and all			
04	. Self-Promotional Advertising.	()	
promotiona not include face or that	A title entity may distribute self-promotional items having an acquisition value of less the (\$25) to producers of title business, consumers, and members of the general public. It items are limited to novelty gifts, advertising novelties, and generic business forms and specifood, beverages, gift certificates, gift cards, or other items that have a specific monetary value may be exchanged for any other item having a specific monetary value. Self-promotional item name, logo or any reference to a producer of title business, trade association or donee.	These se rifically ue on th	elf- do eir	
b.	Self-promotional functions are limited to the following two (2) types of functions:	()	
twenty doll expenditure to, costs pa participate title entity	A title entity is permitted to conduct educational programs. The education programs insurance and escrow and other topics related thereto. A title entity is permitted to expend no ars (\$20) per person at an educational program. For purposes of determining the maximum and costs associated with the delivery of the educational program is considered, including but in its description of the entity for travel, refreshments, instructor or speaking fees and facility rental. A title in or make presentations at educational programs which are conducted or presented by other entits is not permitted to expend any money to sponsor or cosponsor these programs, unless the entity for travel and the entity for travel.	more the permitted permitt	nan ted ted nay The	
remodeling producers of open house house. A tit	A title entity is permitted to have two (2) open houses per year. An open house is a self-properties the title entity's owned or occupied facility (i.e. a Christmas party or any party, an open of its facility, an open house for a new building to become the title entity's facility). It is nonexed title business are invited). A title entity will not expend more than fifteen dollars (\$15) per title entity cannot combine permitted expenditures for two (2) open houses to be used for or le entity also cannot accumulate left over or unused expenditures from one (1) open house and the form a second open house.	house clusive (r guest pre (1) op	for (all per oen	

Permitted Business Entertainment. A title entity will not expend more than one hundred dollars

(\$100) per person per day for all meals and/or events. Meals and events will include, but not be limited to, breakfast, brunch, lunch, dinner, cocktails, sporting events, sporting activities, trips and music and art events. These meals or events may occur on or off the title entity's premises. In addition, a title entity may entertain no more than four (4)

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persons who are employed by or agents of any single producer of title business in a single day. Spouses and/or guests of the producers of title business or employees or agents are included in the count for purposes of determining the four (4) person maximum. In addition, a person cannot be entertained by a title entity more than three (3) days during

with any travel, tr event tic	meals of ansportate kets. Ent	period of time. For purposes of determining the maximum permitted expenditure, all costs ass revents will be considered. This will include, but not be limited to, costs paid by the title ention, hotel, equipment or facility rental, meals, cocktails, refreshments, registration or entry further trainment permitted under this rule cannot be conditional upon or compensation for forwardiness to the title entity.	tity for ees and
of its em	06. ployees	Locale of the Title Insurer or Title Insurance Agent Employees. A title entity will not havorking in a work space location owned or leased by a producer of title business unless:	ave any
	a.	The space is secured by a bona fide written lease or rental agreement.	()
	b.	The space is separate from and can be secured against access by other occupants of the pren	nises.
the mark	c. tet area o	The rental paid for the workspace is consistent with prevailing rental payments for similar s f the location of the work space.	pace in
trade or	d. barter).	The rental is not dependent on volume of business and is paid only in cash (rental cannot be	paid by
	e.	The space is open to the conduct of business with any producer of title business or consume	r. ()
	f.	There is no sharing of employees.	()
business	g. without	There is no common usage of space or equipment between the title entity and the producer a proportionate share of cost, rent, or expense paid by each party.	of title
Idaho Co	07. ode, for v	Penalty . This Section emphasizes and restates the general penalties authorized pursuant to Triolations of the anti-rebate and anti-illegal inducement laws.	Title 41,
		Section 41-2708(3), Idaho Code, provides that each person and entity giving or receiving a nt, or a reduction in rate is liable for three (3) times the amount of such rebate, illegal inducent addition to this penalty, a title entity may also be subject to an administrative penalty as of	nent, or
		Section 41-327, Idaho Code, provides that the Director may impose an administrative penal pusand dollars (\$5,000) and/or suspend or revoke an insurer's certificate of authority if the English thereon, that the insurer has either violated or failed to comply with the Insurance Code.	alty not Director
		Section 41-1016, Idaho Code, provides that the Director may impose an administrative pensousand dollars (\$1,000) and/or suspend or revoke an agent's license if the Director finds, that the agent has either violated or failed to comply with the Insurance Code.	
	entities a	MINATION. are instructed to distribute a copy of this rule to every employee that may be engaged in ac dge of its contents, and to instruct all employees in its scope and operation.	ctivities
033 9	99	(RESERVED)	

(RESERVED)

18.06.01 - RULES PERTAINING TO BAIL AGENTS

000. Title 41		AUTHORITY. s 41-211 and 41-1037 through 41-1045, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.06.01, "Rules Pertaining to Bail Agents."	()
		Scope . The provisions of this rule apply to all bail agents, as defined by Section 41-1038, is supplementary to other rules and laws regulating insurance producers, and all other rules provisions of Title 41, Idaho Code, applicable to insurance producers apply to bail agents.	of th	
002 (011.	(RESERVED).		
012.	NOTIF	ICATION REQUIREMENTS.		
immedi	01. ately noti	Notice of Changes . A bail agent licensed pursuant to Section 41-1039, Idaho Code fy the Department in writing of any the following:	e, wi	ll)
business	a. s e-mail a	Change of bail agent's name, current business address, or current business phone num address, if any;	nber o	r)
appoint	b. ment;	Change of name or address of any surety insurance company for which the bail agent has an	ı activ (e)
compan	c. y;	Cancellation by a surety insurance company of a bail agent's authority to write bonds f	or tha	ıt)
	d.	Any new affiliation with a bail bond agency;	()
	e.	Cancellation of a bail agent's affiliation with a bail agency;	()
written previous	notice to sly provi	Notice of Legal Proceedings. A bail agent will provide immediate written notice the filing of any criminal charges against the bail agent. A bail agent will also provide immediate the Department of any material change in circumstances that would require a different answered by the bail agent on the background information section of the Uniform Applicationse Producer License/Registration.	nediat er tha	e
013.	CRIMI	NAL HISTORY CHECKS.		
check in check.	01.	Criminal History Check Requisite . All licensed bail agents will obtain a criminal history ration with the renewal of a bail agent's license and will bear all costs associated with the rational description.		
immedia plea of	02. ate suspendo cont	Grounds for Immediate Suspension . For the purpose of determining whether grounds not a bail agent's license exist under Section 41-1039(4), Idaho Code, a withheld judgme endere is considered the same as a conviction or guilty plea.	ids fo ent or (r a)
value or	gent may face amo	AING OF BONDS. The submit only one (1) power of attorney with each bail bond submitted to any Idaho court. The pount of the power is equal to or greater than the amount of the bail or bond set by the court in the land and power are being submitted.		
	gent will	ICATION TO SURETY OF FORFEITURE. notify the surety insurance company of any forfeiture, as defined in Section 19-2905, Idaho ays of receiving the notice from the court.	Code	•,)
016.	(RESE	RVED)		
017	DAII A	CENT FINANCING OF RAIL ROND PREMIUMS		

Written Agreement. No credit may be extended by any bail agent or surety insurance company for

Section 000 Page 2934

01.

IDAPA 18.06.01 Rules Pertaining to Bail Agents

Department of	Tributance Rules Fertaining to Date	Rules I citalling to Ball Agent	
the payment of a extension of cred	any bail bond premium without entering into a written agreement. The written agreement it to finance premium need to contain at a minimum the following:	ent for the	
a.	The name, signatures, and dates of signatures of all parties to the credit agreement;	(
b.	The amount of premium financed;	(
c.	The per annum rate of interest; and	(
d.	The scheduled premium payment dates.	(
agreement. Early with Section 41-amounts unpaid a 03. not be excessive the bail bond train	Early Surrender for Failure to Pay. If failure to pay premiums due under a credit and the early surrender of the defendant, that fact needs to be clearly set forth in the write surrender for failure to make premium or interest payments when due is to be handled in a 1044, Idaho Code, and neither the bail agent nor the surety is entitled to seek recover as of the date of surrender. Collateral for Credit Agreement. If the credit agreement is to be collateralized, the coll in relation to the amount of premium financed, will be separate and apart from any collateraction, will be described in the credit agreement or in an attachment to the agreement, a dance with Section 41-1043, Idaho Code.	tten credi accordance ery of any (lateral wil eral used in	
It is a violation of for payment has has not appeared order of forfeitur	ENT OF FORFEITURE. If Section 41-1329(6), Idaho Code, for a bail surety to fail to pay a claim for forfeiture after become reasonably clear. Liability for payment upon forfeiture is reasonably clear when a correct has not been brought before the court within one hundred eighty 180 days after the error a motion to set aside the forfeiture, in whole or in part, has not been filed with the correct days after the expiration of the one hundred eighty (180) day period following the order of daho Bail Act.	defendan ntry of the ourt withir	
040 000	(DEGERALER)		

019. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.06.02 - PRODUCERS HANDLING OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS

000. Title 41		AUTHORITY. 2 and 10, Sections 41-211, 41-1024, and 41-1025, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.	
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.06.02, "Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds."	()
capacity	02.	Scope . This rule will affect "producers," including bail agents who handle funds held in a fid	duciary
002 (009.	(RESERVED)	
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.	
transact other el	01. ion in the ectronic f	Cash Collateral. All funds received as collateral by a producer in connection with a bare form of cash, check, money order, other negotiable instrument, debit or credit card payments transfer, given as security to obtain a bail bond, as referenced in Section 41-1043, Idaho	nent, or
Section	02. 016.	Fiduciary Fund Account. A financial account established to hold fiduciary funds as prov	rided in
received	03. d by a pro	Fiduciary Funds . All premiums, return premiums, premium taxes, funds as collateral, and ducer. Fiduciary funds include:	nd fees
		All funds paid to a producer for selling, soliciting or negotiating policies of insurance excized by statute as earned by the producer upon receipt which are payable to the producer and ny, pursuant to Section 41-1030, Idaho Code.	cept for not the
to be pa	b. id to an ii	All funds received by a producer from or on behalf of a client or premium finance company insurance company, its agents, or to the producer's employer.	that are
policyh	c. older or c	All funds provided to a producer by an insurance company or its agents that are to be palaimant pursuant to a contract of insurance.	aid to a
insurer.	d.	All checks or other negotiable instruments collected by the producer and made payable	to the
	e.	Cash collateral.	()
form of	a credit o	Receive . To collect or take actual or constructive possession of fiduciary funds. Receiving, in to, taking possession of money, checks, or other negotiable instruments. If fiduciary funds are offset on an account or other liability for the benefit of the consumer, without the producer and of the funds, then constructive receipt is presumed to have occurred on the due date to the interval of the funds.	e in the actually
011 ()13.	(RESERVED)	
014.	FIDUC	IARY FUND ACCOUNT.	
instrum within t days of	he time p	Payable to an Insurer . Fiduciary funds that are in the form of a check or another negs made payable to an insurer as described in Subsection 010.03 are to be remitted to the eriod set forth in the insurer's terms and conditions, or if not specified, then within twenty-o	insurer
policyho	older or c	Payable to a Policyholder . Fiduciary funds that are in the form of a check or another neg payable to a policyholder or claimant as described in Subsection 010.02.c. are to be remitted laimant within fourteen (14) days of receipt or as specified by the terms of the policy of insplicable law.	d to the

All Other Fiduciary Funds. All other fiduciary funds received by the producer, except as

Section 000 Page 2936

03.

IDAPA 18.06.02 Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds

	ed under ng schedu	Subsections 014.01 and 014.02 are to be deposited into a fiduciary fund account according the:	to the
funds ir busines		If in the form of cash, within seven (7) days of receipt, except that, when a producer holds fid n of cash that exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000), such funds will be deposited within the	
		If in the form of checks, money orders, other negotiable instruments, debit or credit card pay ic funds transfer, received or collected by the producer, within seven (7) days of receipt, excey remit such funds to the following:	ments pt tha (
	i.	Another licensed producer or licensed business entity, subject to Subsection 014.03.b.; or	()
subject	ii. to Subsec	A person designated by the insurer who has the obligation to remit the fiduciary funds to the action 014.03.b.	nsure (
payee, a payer a the amo	and the and detailed rount rece	Document the Receipt of Fiduciary Funds . A producer who receives fiduciary fundate receipt of those funds in sufficient detail to determine, at a minimum, the date received, the name mount received. If the producer receives cash, including cash collateral, the producer will give receipt at the time of payment. The receipt needs to indicate that cash was received, the date received, the payer's name, the payee's name, the purpose of payment, and any other informations are receipted for a period of at least five (5) years.	of the ive the ceived
015. A produ		SIT OF OTHER FUNDS IN ACCOUNT. deposit other additional funds for the sole purpose of:	(
	01.	Reserves for Return Premiums. Establishing reserves for payment of return premiums.	()
	02.	Funds to Pay Bank Charges. Advancing funds sufficient to pay bank charges.	(
premiur deposit'		Contingencies. For any contingencies that may arise in the business of receiving and transform premium funds or cash collateral (any such deposit is hereinafter referred to as "vol	
016.	TYPES	OF ACCOUNTS PERMITTED.	
funds or		Accounts in Federally Insured Financial Institutions. A producer will maintain the fidecking accounts, demand accounts, savings accounts or other accounts in a federally insured fire	
in addit		Exceed the Federally Insured Limits . If such funds held exceed the federally insured limit absection 016.01, those funds that exceed the federally insured limits may be deposited in	
Treasur	a. y certifica	An investment account that invests monies in United States government bonds, United ates or in federally guaranteed obligations;	States (
S&P.	b.	Money market mutual funds registered with the SEC which are rated AAA by Moody's or A	AA by
complia	ince with	Separate Fiduciary Funds Account . Nothing in this rule obligates a producer to maintaunds in his, her, or its, own separate fiduciary funds account. Each producer is responsible the provisions of this rule even if fiduciary funds are maintained in a fiduciary funds another affiliated producer.	ole for

017. ACCOUNT DESIGNATION.

IDAPA 18.06.02 Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds

	Designation of a Fiduciary Fund . A fiduciary fund account is so designated on the records of the on. The account has a separate account number, a separate check register and its own checks.
02. drawn on a fiduci checks as being fr	Trust Fund Account . The phrase, "Trust Fund Account" is displayed on the face of each check ary fund account or other similar designation as permitted by the financial institution to identify the rom a fiduciary fund account.
A fiduciary fund	EST EARNINGS. account may be interest-bearing or an investment account in accordance with Section 016. The ntain records establishing the existence and amount of interest accrued.
	SSIBLE DISTRIBUTION OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS. n a fiduciary fund account are to only be made for the following purposes, and in the manner stated:
01. of insurance;	Remit Premiums . To remit premiums to an insurer or an insurer's designee pursuant to a contract
02. premiums;	Return Premiums . To return premiums to an insured or other person or entity entitled to the
03. collected to the ap	Remit Surplus Lines Taxes and Stamping Fees. To remit surplus lines taxes and stamping fees propriate state;
extent that the fur	Reimburse Voluntary Deposits . To reimburse voluntary deposits made by the producer to the rids in the fiduciary account exceed the amount necessary to meet all fiduciary obligations, only if t can be matched and identified with the previous voluntary deposit.
that fiduciary fur	Transfer or Withdraw Accrued Interest . To transfer or withdraw accrued interest to the extent ad account funds exceed the amount necessary to meet all fiduciary obligations, only if the n be matched and identified with the previous interest deposit by the financial institution.
those earned fees	Transfer or Withdraw Actual Commissions . To transfer or withdraw actual commissions and recognized as earned by the producer, upon receipt, which are payable to the producer, only if the fees can be matched and identified with funds previously deposited in the fiduciary account.
	Pay Charges Imposed. To pay charges imposed by the financial institution that directly relate to maintenance of the fiduciary funds account.
08. account.	Transfer Funds . To transfer funds from one (1) fiduciary fund account to another fiduciary fund ()
with the producer	Return Cash Collateral . To return cash collateral to the person who deposited the cash collateral within fourteen (14) days of the date notice is received that the obligation, the satisfaction of which e cash collateral, has been discharged.
party fails to satisfinstead executed l	Convert Cash Collateral . To convert cash collateral where the defendant or other responsible sfy the obligation of the bail bond and the bail or obligation was not exonerated by the court but by the court, provided such conversion is compliant with the contract between the producer and the cited the cash collateral.
020 021.	(RESERVED)

Section 018 Page 2938

TIMELY DISBURSEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS.

022.

IDAPA 18.06.02 Producers Handling of Fiduciary Funds

In addition to the	requirements of Section 014, after receiving fiduciary funds, a producer:	(
01. period set forth in	Remits Premiums . Remits premiums directly to an insurer or an insurer's designee within to the insurer's terms and conditions, or if not specified, within fourteen (14) days of receipt;	the time
02. retained by the pr	Returns Money Received . Returns to the payer the money received as a premium deposit violucer or returned to the producer by the insurer to the payer by the earlier of:	which is
a.	Fourteen (14) days from the date the premium is received by the producer from the insurer,	or (
b. denied if the prod	Fourteen (14) days from the date the insurer notifies the insurance applicant that coverage had the premium deposit.	nas beer
being applied to an outstanding ar	Refund Received from the Insurer . Issues a refund received from the insurer within fourtering money to the insured or other party entitled thereto by notifying the insured that the rean outstanding amount owed or to be owed by the insured. If the producer is applying the remount owed by the insured, the producer obtains the insured's permission and provide the interior of the amount owed to which the refund is being applied.	efund is efund to
04. 022.01 or 022.03 resolve it.	Dispute of Entitlement of Funds . If there is a dispute as to entitlement of funds under Substantial approducer notifies the parties of the dispute, seeks to resolve it, and documents the steps to	
	Funds Held for More Than Ninety Days. If fiduciary funds within the scope of Substance held for more than ninety (90) days, the producer investigates to determine the entitle nd pays those fiduciary funds when due to the appropriate person in accordance with this second	ment to
	Return Cash Collateral . Returns cash collateral to the person who deposited the cash corr within fourteen (14) days of the date notice is received that the obligation, the satisfaction of the cash collateral, is discharged.	
023 999.	(RESERVED)	

Section 022 Page 2939

18.06.03 – RULES GOVERNING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR INSURANCE PRODUCERS WHEN CHARGING FEES

000. Title 41,		AUTHORITY. 2, Section 41-211, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
Chargin		Title. IDAPA 18.06.03, "Rules Governing Disclosure Requirements for Insurance Producers	s Whe	n)
to consu	02.	Scope . This chapter applies to all resident and non-resident insurance producers who charg uthorized by Section 41-1030, Idaho Code.	ge a fo	е)
002 0	10.	(RESERVED)		
011.	DISCLO	DSURE REQUIREMENTS.		
consume		Before Charging a Fee . Before charging a fee to a consumer, a retail producer will furnish to disclosure statement containing at least the following information:	/	ch)
	a.	A description of the nature of the work to be performed by the insurance producer.	()
be negot	b. tiated.	The fee schedule and any other expenses that the insurance producer charges, and whether fe	es ma	ıy)
chapter 1	02. to each co	Prior Information Disclosure . A retail producer will disclose information prescribed unconsumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to whom a fee will be charged prior to engaging in any act for or on behalf of the consumer to the construction of the construct	ler th sume (is r.)
provideo		Fee for Intended Services. A retail producer may charge a fee for those services intended are not contingent upon a future event occurring outside of the terms of the insurance contra	ct.))
statutori		Non-Chargeable Fee. A retail producer will not charge a fee for services in connection ted insurance coverage.	n wi	th)
012 9	99.	(RESERVED)		

Section 000 Page 2940

18.06.05 - MANAGING GENERAL AGENTS

000. Managir		AUTHORITY. al Agent Act (MGA Act), Title 41, Chapters 15 and 2, Idaho Code.	()
001.		AND SCOPE.	~	
IDAPA	18.06.05,	"Managing General Agents." This chapter implements and administers provisions of the MO	jA Ac (ct.
002 (009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
Section	01. 41-1502,	Applicability of Statutory Definitions . The definitions contained in the MGA Act as set Idaho Code, apply.	forth (in)
011.	NOTIC	E PROVISIONS.		
		Notice by MGA . Upon licensure and, thereafter, on or before July 1 of each year, any persorporation acting in the state of Idaho in the capacity of an MGA as defined in Section 41-1 yides notice to the Director of the Department which includes:	n, firi 502(3 (m, 3),)
	a.	A certified copy of the surety bond prescribed by Subsection 013.01.	()
	b.	Proof of insurance coverage as prescribed by Subsection 013.02.	()
	c.	The appropriate nonrefundable designation fee prescribed by IDAPA 18.01.02.	()
		A list of all names and addresses of insurers doing business in the State of Idaho or Idaho doich the MGA has a contract and a verified statement on a form provided by the Department in the provisions prescribed by Section 41-1504, Idaho Code.		
include:	02.	Notice by Insurer. In addition to those items specified in 41-1505(5), notice by the insu	rer w	ill (
	a.	The name and address of the MGA;	()
	b.	Proof that the MGA has met the bonding and insurance requirements of Section 013;	()
processi	c. ing opera	Procedures and timetable for conducting an onsite review of the underwriting and tion of the MGA as prescribed by Section 41-1505(3), Idaho Code; and	clair (ns)
	d.	The name of an officer of the insurer responsible for the contract.	()
012.	(RESEI	RVED)		
013.	SECUR	RITY PAYMENTS.		
the prec	eding year	Bond . All MGAs acquire a surety bond for the protection of the insurer and insureds. The boof fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or ten percent (10%) of the amount of total funds handled ar, whichever is greater. The bond amount will be adjusted accordingly on or before July 1 annot be written by the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer employing the MGA.	l with	nin
set at tw written greater.	wo hundr premiums The polic	Errors and Omissions Policy. All MGAs acquire and maintain an errors and omissions in for claims arising out of the MGA's negligent acts, errors or omission. The policy coverage red fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) or twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross amount of seceived by an insurer for the previous calendar year that are attributable to the MGA, which can be coverage limit will be adjusted accordingly on or before July 1 of each year. Unless appropriate will not be written by the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer employing the MGA.	limit f dire hever	is ect is

014. INDEPENDENT AUDIT OR EXAMINATION.

01. Annual Independent Audit of MGA. An independent audit by a certified public accountant is

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IDAPA 18.06.05 Managing General Agents

		lly for MGAs currently under contract, and is to be contracted for by the insurer. The indepet the following:	ende	nt
addit W	a.	Report of independent certified public accountant;	()
	b.	Balance sheet;	()
	c.	Statement of income;	()
	d.	Statement of cash flow;	()
	e.	Statement of income and retained earnings;	()
	f.	Notes on financial statements - these notes are those prescribed by General Accepted	(ounti	•
Principa		Notes on financial statements - these notes are those prescribed by General Accepted	(ig)
content	g. of the ma	A copy of a management letter or a narrative statement setting forth what would have be an agement letter had such letter been completed.	een tl	1e)
		Examination of MGA . The Department retains authority to examine an MGA notwithstandale MGA's contractual authority. Pursuant to the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Coexamination is to be reimbursed to the Department by the insurer employing the MGA.		
015.	TERM	INATION OF CONTRACT.		
insurer associat	01. for which ion or co	Notice to the Department . Notice of the termination of an agreement between an MGA at the MGA was conducting business in the state of Idaho will include the name of the person reporation acting as an MGA under the terms of the contract and the basis for the termination.	n, firi	
		Delivery of Records to Insurer upon Termination of Contract . If the contract betw GA is terminated for any reason, the MGA will, upon request by the insurer, deliver all record nety (90) days of the request.		
016 9	999.	(RESERVED)		

Section 015 Page 2942

18.06.06 - SURPLUS LINE RULES

000. Title 41		AUTHORITY. 12, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.06.06, "Surplus Line Rules."	()
	02.	Scope . Provide procedures for the placement of surplus line insurance.	()
002. – 0	09.	(RESERVED)		
010. In addit		ITIONS. definitions set forth in Section 41-1213, Idaho Code, the following definitions also apply:	()
which th	01. he Directo	Open Lines for Export . "Open Lines for Export" is defined as the class or classes of lor has declared eligible for export in accordance with Section 41-1216, Idaho Code.	busine (ss)
as the clines ins	02. lass or clasurers in a	Lines Other Than Open Lines for Export. "Lines Other Than Open Lines for Export" is assess of business not on the list of open lines for export which are to be offered to eligible accordance with Title 41, Chapter 12, Idaho Code.		
writing	in Idaho itted to at	Diligent Search . A Broker has exercised their obligations under Section 41-1214(2), Idah the referring insurance producer submits a risk to at least one (1) authorized company engine type of coverage sought, or if there are no companies engaged in writing such coverage, least one (1) company that, in the Broker's or producer's professional judgment, is the most	gaged the ris	in sk
under S	04. ection 41	Delegated Contractor . Any contractor to whom activities have been delegated by the 1-1232, Idaho Code.	Direct	or)
and the licensed to the licensed after the	ho license renewal l as a Bro cense ren e renewal	ALLICENSE. e of a resident or non-resident Broker is to be renewed every two (2) years. The original lic fee are prescribed in IDAPA 18.01.02. A broker will not solicit surplus line business before ker. A broker will notify the Licensing Division of the Department if not renewing the licent ewal date. The Director may allow the continuation of a non-renewed license if, within one date, the licensee submits a renewal request and a continuation fee twice the amount prescription (3), Idaho Code.	re beir ise pri (1) ye	ng or ar
	roker wil	AL REPORT. Il file an annual report with the Director by March 1st of each year, of Surplus Line Is the previous calendar year on an approved form.	busine (ss)
013.	PAYMI	ENT OF STATE TAX.		
		Tax Due March 1 . On or before March 1st of each year, each licensed Broker will pay parent on business written during the preceding calendar year, which tax will be collected to not to the stamping fee.	remiu from tl	m ne)
summar	02. Ty of reco	Tax Summary . By February 1st of each year the delegated contractor will provide to each I rds showing the state tax due the Department for the preceding year and this amount will be		

tax was collected on each individual policy and that full amount will be paid to the Department.

the Department by the Broker. A flat percentage of the gross premium written during the year is not acceptable since

01. Application. A stamping fee is charged on all premiums and policy fees written on Idaho business at a rate established by the delegated contractor and approved by the Department. This rate may be adjusted to obtain the objectives of the delegated contractor. The stamping fee cannot be refunded except in the case of extenuating

Section 000 Page 2943

PAYMENT OF STAMPING FEES.

circumstances approved by the delegated contractor.

014.

18.06.06 Surplus Line Rules

02.	Summary. Wi	thin ten (10) days	s following the	month during	which the su	ırplus line insu	ırance was
handled throug	h the delegated co	ontractor, the dele	gated contract	or will submit	an invoice sur	mmarizing the	premium,
Idaho tax, and	Stamping Fee for	each submission	processed to ea	ach Broker.			()

03. Payable on Receipt. The Stamping Fee is payable upon receipt of billing. It is delinquent if not paid within thirty (30) days after the last day of the month in which the business was reported.

015. COLLECTION OF TAXES.

- **01. Idaho Premium Taxes**. Idaho Premium Tax will be collected from the insured. Policy fees, service fees, and other like fees are considered part of the premium and subject to premium tax. State premium taxes will be refunded to the taxpayer upon cancellation of the policy or return of premium for any reason.
- **02. Purchasing Groups**. Purchasing groups that obtain insurance from an unauthorized or authorized surplus lines insurer will use an Idaho-licensed Broker. The Broker is responsible to collect and submit all taxes and fees as prescribed by this chapter.

016. REPORTING TAXES AND STAMPING FEES.

Brokers are to report premium taxes and stamping fees in increments of not less than one year. A Broker who collects quarterly or monthly payments of premiums from the insured will provide reports of the premium tax and stamping fee in the initial submission or renewal for a full year.

017. PLACEMENT AND COMMISSIONS.

- **01. Basic Requirement**. All surplus line business is to be placed through a licensed Broker. Each producer of surplus line business will hold an Idaho resident or non-resident producer license.
- **02. Idaho Producer**. When a producer requests placement by a licensed Broker, the commission received and paid will be based on the mutual written agreement of the parties.

018. SUBMISSION TIME PERIODS.

All affidavits, submissions, certificates, endorsements and other documents for insurance written for Open Lines for Export and Other Than Open Lines for Export are to be received by the delegated contractor within thirty (30) days of receipt by the broker of the certificate, endorsement or other policy document. If the complete submission cannot be made within this time period, the information with submission form and affidavit, if applicable, will be forwarded. The Broker is responsible for meeting this requirement.

019. OPEN LINES FOR EXPORT.

Pursuant to Section 41-1216, the Director will publish a list of approved classes of insurance coverage or risks. If a risk does not appear on this list, then the Broker will file the normal submission forms and documents and execute the broker's affidavit.

020. BROKER RECORDS.

A full and true record of each surplus line coverage procured by each Broker is to be maintained by the Broker. Reports of all documents processed by the delegated contractor will be provided on a monthly basis to the Broker. These reports, in addition to the broker's copy of policies and endorsements, are to be kept for a period of five (5) years and are subject to examination by the Director.

021. APPROVED LIST OF INSURERS.

Pursuant to Section 41-1217, Idaho Code, the Director compiles or approves a list of unauthorized insurers, whether foreign or alien, eligible to write surplus line business in Idaho. Brokers may only place surplus line business with companies on the current list. The delegated contractor will inform Brokers of additions and changes to the list.

022. -- 999. (RESERVED)

Section 015 Page 2944

18.07.01 – RULES PERTAINING TO ACQUISITIONS OF CONTROL, INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEMS AND MUTUAL INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANIES

		A AUTHORITY. s 2 and 38, Sections 41-211 and 41-3817, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE .	AND SCOPE.		
	01. and Mut	Title . IDAPA 18.07.01, "Rules Pertaining to Acquisitions of Control, Insurance Holding Could Insurance Holding Companies."	ompa (ny)
Acquisiti including	those p	Scope . These rules set forth procedural requirements necessary to administer the control and Insurance Holding Company Systems Regulatory Act, Title 41, Chapter 38, Idah rovisions related to mutual insurance holding companies under Section 41-3824, Idaho Code of insurance holding company system.	o Coo	de,
002 00)9.	(RESERVED)		
		ITIONS. definitions set forth in Chapter 38, Title 41, Idaho Code, the following definitions apply:	()
(01.	Affiliated Person.	()
	a. nore of t	Any person directly or indirectly owning, controlling, or holding with power to vote, five the outstanding voting securities of such other person; or	perce	ent)
	b. v owned,	Any person, five percent (5%) or more of whose outstanding voting securities are direct controlled, or held with power to vote, by such other person; or	ectly (or)
other pers	c. son; or	Any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with	th, su (ich)
	d.	Any officer, director, partner, copartner, or employee of such other person.	()
	02. at is inco	Domestic Mutual Insurance Company . A mutual insurer as defined in Section 41-302 apporated under Idaho law.	2, Ida	ho)
secretary,		Executive Officer . Chief executive officer, chief operating officer, chief financial officer, tr ller, and any other individual performing functions corresponding to those performed sunder whatever title.		
(04.	Interested Person. Interested person of another person means:	()
:	a.	An affiliated person of such person or company; or	()
company	b. ; or	A member of the immediate family of any natural person who is an affiliated person	of su	ich
	c. d fiscal <u>y</u>	Any person, partner or employee of any person who at any time since the beginning of the years of such company has acted as acted as legal counsel for such company; or	last tv (wo)
of having		Any natural person whom the Director by order has determined to be an interested person by any time since the beginning of the last two completed fiscal years of such company, a resional relationship with such company or with the principal executive officer of such company.	mater	
	05. or part o	Intermediate Holding Company . A holding company subsidiary of a mutual insurance of a holding company system controlled by a mutual insurance holding company.	holdi (ng)
	ıal insura	Limited Application . An application by a domestic mutual insurance company for reorgan ance holding company which will hold, at all times, one hundred percent (100%) of the stocaries.	nizati ck of (its

Section 001 Page 2945

IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control, Insurance Holding Company Systems/Mutual Insurance Holding Companies

				_
spouse,	07. brother o	Member of the Immediate Family. Any parent, spouse of a parent, child, spouse of a parent, and includes step and adoptive relationships.	chil	d,)
41-3824	08. 4, Idaho C	Mutual Insurance Holding Company or MHC. A holding company formed pursuant to S Code, and this chapter.	ectio	n)
mutual	09. insurance	Plan of Reorganization . A plan to reorganize a domestic mutual insurance company by form holding company.	ning (a)
to a mu	10. tual insur	Standard Application . An application by a domestic mutual insurance company for reorganiance holding company which may sell interests in its subsidiaries to third parties.	zatio (n)
	12.	Stock. Any security evidencing an equity interest in the issuing entity.	()
securiti	13. es conver	Stock Offering. Any proposed sale, exchange, transfer or other change of ownership of stock tible into or exchangeable or exercisable for stock. "Stock offering" does not mean:	k or (of)
which h	a. nas no ord	An offering of preferred stock which is not convertible or exchangeable into common stock inary voting rights; or	ck ar	ıd)
	b.	A transfer of stock between any of the following:	()
	i.	A mutual insurance holding company; or	()
	ii.	An insurance company subsidiary of a mutual insurance holding company; or	()
	iii.	An intermediate holding company subsidiary of a mutual insurance holding company; or (()
insuran	iv. ce holding	An insurance company subsidiary of an intermediate holding company subsidiary to a ng company.	nutu (al)
	14.	Ultimate Controlling Person. That person who is not controlled by any other person.	()
011.	FORM	S GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.		
fillable omitted	blank for if the an	Forms Intended to Be Guides. Forms A, B, C, D, E, and F included on the Department's we preparation of statements prescribed by Title 41, Chapter 38, Idaho Code, and not intended in the numbers and captions of all items. The text of the items in a swers indicate clearly their scope and coverage. All instructions are to be omitted. If any it is answer is in the negative, an appropriate statement should be made unless otherwise provides (ded a nay b tem	as oe
to be sig	gned in th r of attori	Filings . Each statement, including exhibits and all other papers and documents are to be filed tronically with one (1) hard copy filed by personal delivery or mail. At least one (1) of the cope manner noted on the form. Unsigned copies will be conformed. If a signature is affixed pursually or similar authority, a copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be filed with the copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be copy of the power of attorney or other authority should be copy of the power of attorney or other authori	pies ıant	is to
photoco or other	pies. The paper or	Format. Statements should be prepared electronically, easily readable and suitable for reviewebits in credit categories and credits in debit categories should be clearly distinguishable. English language is to be used and monetary values stated in United States currency. If any educument filed with the statement is in a foreign language, a translation into the English language monetary value shown in a foreign currency be converted into United States currency.	ole o exhib	on oit
Idaho C	04. Code, in ac e NAIC (1	Hearing. If an applicant requests a hearing on a consolidated basis under Section 41-38 ddition to filing the Form A with the Director, the applicant will electronically file a copy of Formational Association of Insurance Commissioners).		

Section 011 Page 2946

012. FORMS -- INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE, SUMMARIES AND OMISSIONS.

- **01. Incorporation by Reference**. Information prescribed by any item of a Form needed by law or this rule may be incorporated by reference in answer or partial answer to any other item. Information contained in any financial statement, annual report, proxy statement, statement filed with a governmental authority, or other document may be incorporated by reference in answer or partial answer to any item if the document or paper is filed as an exhibit to the statement. Excerpts of documents may be filed as exhibits. Documents filed with the Director within the three (3) years prior to the statement need not be attached as exhibits. References to information contained in exhibits or in documents already on file need to clearly identify the material and specifically indicate that the material is incorporated by reference. Matter cannot be incorporated by reference when incorporation would make the statement incomplete, unclear or confusing.
- **O2.** Summaries or Outlines. A brief statement need be made as to the pertinent provisions of a document when an item requires a summary or outline of a document. The summary or outline may incorporate by reference parts of any exhibit or document filed with the Director within the three (3) prior years and qualified by this reference. If two (2) or more documents need to be filed as exhibits are substantially identical in all material respects except as to parties, the dates of execution, or other details, one (1) of the documents should be filed with a schedule identifying the omitted documents and indicating any material details in which the omitted documents differ from the filed documents.

013. FORMS -- INFORMATION UNKNOWN OR UNAVAILABLE AND EXTENSION OF TIME TO FURNISH.

If any necessary information, document or report cannot be furnished at the time it needs to be filed, a person needs to: identify the information, document or report in question; state why the filing at the time prescribed is impractical; and request an extension of time for filing to a specified date. The request for extension is deemed granted unless the Director issues an order denying the request within twenty-eight (28) days of receipt.

014. FORMS -- ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND EXHIBITS.

In addition to the information expressly prescribed to be included on necessary Forms, the Director may request additional information necessary for clarification. The filer may file exhibits in addition to those expressly necessary by the statement, clearly indicating clearly the referred subject matter. Changes to content in necessary Forms include the following phrase on the top of the cover page "Change No. [insert number] to" and date of the change.

015. SUBSIDIARIES OF DOMESTIC INSURERS.

The authority to invest in subsidiaries under Section 41-3803, Idaho Code, is in addition to authority to invest in subsidiaries contained in any other provision of Title 41, Idaho Code.

016. ACQUISITION OF CONTROL -- STATEMENT FILING.

A person obligated to file a statement pursuant to Section 41-3804, Idaho Code, needs to furnish the prescribed information on Form A, found on the Department's website. The person will also furnish the prescribed information on Form E, also found on the Department's website.

017. AMENDMENTS TO FORM A.

The applicant needs to promptly advise the Director of any changes in the Form A information arising after the date when the information was furnished, but prior to the Director's disposition of the application.

018. ACQUISITION OF SECTION 41-3804(1)(D) INSURERS.

- **01. Name of the Domestic Insurer**. If the person being acquired is deemed to be a "domestic insurer" under Section 41-3804(1)(d), Idaho Code, the name of the domestic insurer on the cover page is stated as: "ABC Insurance Company, a subsidiary of XYZ Holding Company."
- **02. References to Insurer**. Where a Section 41-3804(1)(d) insurer is acquired, references to "the insurer" contained in Form A refers to both the domestic subsidiary insurer and the acquired person.

019. PRE-ACQUISITION NOTIFICATION.

Section 012 Page 2947

IDAPA 18.07.01 – Acquisitions of Control, Insurance Holding Company Systems/Mutual Insurance Holding Companies

Depai unem	Company Systems/mutual insurance mouning companie.
notification for 3808, Idaho (Pre-Acquisition Notification . If a domestic insurer, including any controlling person, is proposing acquisition pursuant to Section 41-3808(1)(a), Idaho Code, they need to file a Form E pre-acquisition pursuant to Section 41 Code, they need to file a Form E pre-acquisition notification form, unless the filing is exempted unde 108(2), Idaho Code.
02. impact of the	Expert Opinion . The director may request the filing of an expert opinion regarding the competitive proposed acquisition.
An insurer ob	NUAL REGISTRATION OF INSURERS STATEMENT FILING. ligated to file a statement pursuant to Section 41-3809, Idaho Code, will furnish prescribed information on the Department's website.
An insurer o	MARY OF REGISTRATION STATEMENT FILING. bligated to file an annual registration statement pursuant to section 41-3809, Idaho Code, is also urnish information prescribed on Form C, found on the Department's website.
022. AMI	ENDMENTS TO FORM B.
01. end of any mo	Amendment to Form B . Amendments to Form B will be filed within fifteen (15) days after thouth in which there is a material change to the information provided in the annual registration statement (
	Form B Format . Amendments are filed in the Form B format with only amended items reported nent will include at the top of the cover page "Amendment No. [insert number] to Form B for [insert dicate the date of the change, not the date of the original filings.
023. ALT	ERNATIVE AND CONSOLIDATED REGISTRATIONS.
regarding any authorized ins	Filing on Behalf of Affiliated Insurers. Any authorized insurer may file a registration statement any affiliated insurer or insurers obligated to register. A registration statement may include information insurer in the holding system, even if the insurer is not authorized to do business in this state. As surer may, in lieu of Form B, file a copy of the registration statement or similar report prescribed to be tee of domicile, provided:

- a. The statement or report contains substantially similar information prescribed on Form B; and
- **b.** The filing insurer is the principal insurance company in the insurance holding company system.
- **O2. Statement That Filing Insurer Is the Principal Insurer.** An insurer filing a registration statement or report in lieu of Form B on behalf of an affiliated insurer, will provide a statement of facts substantiating the filing insurer's claim that it is the principal insurer in the insurance holding system.

 ()
- **03.** Unauthorized Insurer. With the Director's prior approval, an unauthorized insurer may follow any procedures under Subsection 023.01 of this rule.
- **04. Consolidated Registration Statements.** An insurer may follow the provisions of Section 41-3809(8), or 41-3809(9), Idaho Code, without the Director's prior approval. The Director reserves the right to obligate individual filings if such are necessary for clarity, ease of administration or the public good.

024. DISCLAIMERS AND TERMINATION OF REGISTRATION.

01. Information Requisite. A disclaimer of affiliation or a request for termination of registration, on the basis that a person does not, or will not, upon the taking of some proposed action, control another person

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(hereina	fter refer	red to as the "subject") will contain the following information:	()
	a.	The number of authorized, issued and outstanding voting securities of the subject;	()
		With respect to the person whose control is denied and all affiliates of such person, the numbers of the subject's voting securities which are held of record or known to be beneficially of shares concerning which there is a right to acquire, directly or indirectly;	ber and owned (<u>1</u> ,
control i	c. is denied	All material relationships and bases for affiliation between the subject and the person and all affiliates of such person:	whose	e)
	d.	A statement explaining why such person should not be considered to control the subject.	()
Director	02.	Request Deemed Granted . A request for termination of registration is deemed granted unlithe filer otherwise within thirty (30) days after the request is received.	less the	e)
025.	TRANS	ACTIONS SUBJECT TO PRIOR NOTICE - NOTICE FILING.		
3810, Id	01. laho Code	Form D . An insurer prescribed to give notice of a proposed transaction pursuant to section, will furnish the needed information in Subsection 025.02 on Form D.	ion 41 (<u>-</u>
as applic	02. cable:	Agreements. Agreements for cost sharing services and management services are at a minimum	um and	1
	a.	Identify the person providing services and the nature of such services;	()
	b.	Set forth the methods to allocate costs;	()
the Acco	c. ounting P	Prescribe timely settlement, at least on a quarterly basis, and compliance with the requirementatices and Procedures Manual;	ents ii	1
agreeme	d. ent;	Bar advancement of funds by the insurer to the affiliate except to pay for services specified	d in the	e)
and that	e. the insur	State that the insurer will maintain oversight for functions provided to the insurer by the are will monitor services annually for quality assurance;	iffiliato (e)
under or	f. related to	Define books and records of the insurer to include all books and records developed or main othe agreement;	ntaineo (1
subject t	g. to control	Specify that all books and records of the insurer are and remain the property of the insurer of the insurer;	and are	e)
for the b	h. enefit of	State that all funds and invested assets of the insurer are the exclusive property of the insurer the insurer and are subject to the control of the insurer;	er, held (1
	i.	Include standards for termination of the agreement with and without cause;	()
miscond	j. luct on th	Include provisions for indemnification of the insurer in the event of gross negligence or e part of the affiliate providing the services;	willfu (1
33, Idah	k. o Code:	Specify that, if the insurer is placed in receivership or seized by the Director under Title 41, C	Chapte (r)
	i	All of the rights of the insurer under the agreement extend to the Director; and	(`

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to the Di	ii. irector ir	All books and records will immediately be made available to the Director, and will be turne mmediately upon the Director's request;	d ove	r)
receivers	l. ship purs	Specify that the affiliate has no automatic right to terminate the agreement if the insurer is plasuant to Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code; and	aced i	n)
		Specify that the affiliate will continue to maintain any systems, programs, or other infrastra seizure by the Director under Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, and will make them available ong as the affiliate continues to receive timely payment for services rendered.		
	mate cor	RPRISE RISK REPORT. Introlling person of an insurer needs to file an enterprise risk report pursuant to Section 41-380 furnish the prescribed information on Form F, found on the Department's website.)9(12) (),)
027.	EXTRA	AORDINARY DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS.		
extraord	01. inary dis	Request for Approval. Requests for approval of extraordinary dividends or any stribution to shareholders will include the following:	othe	r)
	a.	The amount of the proposed dividend;	()
	b.	The date established for payment of the dividend;	()
thereof,	c. its cost,	A statement whether the dividend is in cash or other property and, if in property, a desc its fair market value, and an explanation of the valuation basis;	riptio	n)
include t	d. the follo	The calculations determining that the proposed dividend is extraordinary. The work paper nowing information:	eeds t	o)
consecut	tive mon	The amounts, dates, and form of payment of all dividends or distributions (including a excluding distributions of the insurer's own securities) paid within the period of twelvenths ending on the date fixed for payment of the proposed dividend for which approval is soughthe day after the same day of the same month in the last preceding year;	e (12	2)
precedin	ii. ıg;	Surplus as regards policyholders (total capital and surplus) as of the 31st day of December	er nex	ct)
the 31st	iii. day of E	If the insurer is a life insurer, the net gain from operations for the twelve (12) month period operations rest preceding; and	endin	g)
month p	iv. eriod en	If the insurer is not a life insurer, the net income less net realized capital gains for the twelve ding the 31st day of December next preceding.	ve (12	?)
filed wit		A balance sheet and statement of income for the period intervening from the last annual statirector and the end of the month preceding the month in which the request for dividend appropriate the statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the period intervening from the period intervening from the period intervening from the last annual statement of the period intervening from the per	oval i	is)
of surply		A statement of the effect of the proposed dividend on the insurer's surplus and the reasonablation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and the adequacy of surplus relative to the insurer's outstanding liabilities.	olenes surer' (s s)
		Other Dividends. Subject to Section 41-3812, Idaho Code, each registered insurer reports ridends and other distributions to shareholders within fifteen (15) business days following the same information prescribed by Subsections 027.01.d.		
028. Factors		UACY OF SURPLUS. on 41-3811, Idaho Code, are not an exhaustive list and no single factor is controlling. The D	irecto	r

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will consider the net effect of all factors and other factors bearing on the insurer's financial condition. Comparing other insurers' surplus, the Director will consider the extent to which each factor varies among companies. The Director's determination of the quality and liquidity of investments in subsidiaries will include a consideration of the individual subsidiary and may discount or disallow its valuation to the extent individual investments warrant.

		rmination of the quality and liquidity of investments in subsidiaries will include a considerate idiary and may discount or disallow its valuation to the extent individual investments warrange.		he
iii Gi v i	addi baob	idially and may discount of disasters he valuation to the extent marviation in resultance warran	()
029	- 050.	(RESERVED)		
051.	MUT	UAL HOLDING COMPANY APPLICATION - CONTENT - PROCESS.		
stand: initial	01. ard applicated a	Designation of Application as Limited or Standard . An application a limited application. Filing a limited application does not preclude the later filing of an application for approach as provided in this chapter.		
includ	02. des:	Information to Be Contained in Application. The application is filed in duplicate	and w	/ill
	a.	Designation as limited or standard;	()
	b.	A Plan of Reorganization ("Plan");	()
bylaw	c. /s, with at	A plan for policyholder approval in accordance with the applicant's articles of incorpor least twenty (20) days notice to the policyholders of any such plan;	ration a (nd)
rights	d.	A copy of the MHC's proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws specifying all me	embersh (nip
direct	e.	The names, addresses and occupations of all corporate officers and members of the MHC	s board (of)
upon	f. reorganiza	Information sufficient to demonstrate that the applicant's financial condition will not be dation;	iminish (ed
or int	g. ermediate	A copy of the proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws for any insurance company sholding company subsidiary;	subsidia (ıry
	h.	A Form A filing;	()
	i.	An application index; and	()
	j.	Any other information requested by the Director.	()
052.	NOTI	CE OF HEARING.		
	01.	Scheduling. A hearing will be held after receipt and review by the Director of the applica	ition.)
comp	02. lete, comp	Evidence to Be Presented at Hearing . The applicant will provide evidence that the applies with Idaho law, and the requirements for reorganization have been fulfilled.	lication (is
at lea	03. st twenty	Notice of Hearing . The Department will provide notice of the hearing to known interest (20) days prior to the hearing.	ed part	ies
053.	PLAN	OF REORGANIZATION.		

01. Plan of Reorganization. The plan of reorganization or "Plan" needs to preserve property and protect policyholders' interest, be fair and equitable to policyholders, and not diminish the applicant's financial

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condition.			()
02	2.	Limited Application. A limited application plan of reorganization needs to include:	()
	ry stoc	Establishing an MHC with at least one (1) stock insurance company subsidiary or exk holding company with a stock insurance company subsidiary, the share of which emutual insurance holding company;	one (is he (1) ld)
b	•	Protection of existing policyholders' interests;	()
c.		Providing existing and future policyholder membership in the MHC;	()
d		The number of policyholder members of the board of directors of the MHC;	()
	rance co	Demonstrating that, if there are proceedings under Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, involumnary subsidiary of the MHC, the assets of the MHC will be available to satisfy the polic stock insurance company;		
determined policyhold	d by th	How any accumulation or prospective accumulation of earnings by the MHC in excess e board of directors to be necessary will invoke to the exclusive benefit of the MHC's in the exclusive benefit of the exclusive benefit of the MHC's in the exclusive benefit of t		
g.	•	The nature and content of the annual report and financial statement sent to each member; are	nd ()
h.	•	Other matters the applicant deems appropriate.	()
03	3.	Standard Application. A standard application Plan includes:	()
	ermedia	Establishing an MHC with at least one (1) stock insurance company subsidiary or one (1) at stock holding company with a stock insurance company subsidiary, the shares of which a wholly- owned intermediate holding company;		
b	•	Protection of existing policyholders' interests;	()
c.	•	Providing existing and future policyholder membership in the MHC;	()
d		The number of policyholder members of the board of directors of the MHC mutual;	()
e. stock insur obligations	rance co	Demonstrating that, if there are proceedings under Title 41, Chapter 33, Idaho Code, involumpany subsidiary of the MHC, the assets of the MHC will be available to satisfy the polic stock insurance company;		
f. determined policyhold	d by the	How any accumulation or prospective accumulation of earnings by the MHC excess MHC's board of directors to be necessary will inure to the exclusive benefit of the MHC's 1		
g.	•	The nature and content of the annual report and financial statement sent to each member; are	nd ()
h	•	The plan for a stock offering in accordance with this rule; and	()
i.		Other matters the applicant deems appropriate.	()
054. D	UTIES	S OF THE DIRECTOR.		

Jurisdiction. The Director will retain jurisdiction over the MHC and any intermediate holding

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01.

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company	subsidia	aries with stock insurance company subsidiaries.	()
or deny a	02. n applic	Approval or Denial of Application . The Director will, by order, approve, conditionally apartion.	pprov (e,)
Prescribe	irty (30)	Modifications. The Director may prescribe modifications of the proposed plan of reorganications are accepted by filing amendments to the proposed plan of reorganization with the D days after the Director's order is issued. Failure to file the prescribed amendments will read.)irecto	or
		Expiration. An approval or conditional approval of a Plan expires if the reorganization one hundred eighty (180) days unless such time period is extended by the Director upon a sl		
applicant' reorganiz entirety,	ation. T in accor	Revocation of approval. The Director may revoke approval or conditional approval of reorganization in the event the Director finds the applicant has failed to comply with the Director may compel completion of a plan of reorganization unless the plan is abandone rdance with the applicant's provisions for governance. The Director retains jurisdiction of plan of reorganization has been completed.	plan o	of ts
	d. a notice	Notice of completion. Upon completion of all elements of a plan of reorganization, the ap of completion to the Director.	plica (nt)
055.	REGUI	LATION - COMPLIANCE.		
application	01. on.	Wavier of Compliance. No regulatory standards are waived during the pendency of	a Pla	ın)
The acqu		Merger or Acquisition . MHC mergers and acquisitions are subject to approval by the D of more than fifty percent (50%) of a stock insurance company by an MHC is subject to the fit the insurer's policyholders' membership interests in the MHC.		
including	03. g:	Annual Financial Statement. An MHC Each will annually file a financial statement by	June (1
:	a.	An income statement;	()
Ī	b.	A balance sheet;	()
•	c.	A cash flow statement;	()
•	d.	The status of any closed block formed as a result of the Plan;	()
•	e.	An asset investment plan; and	()
-	f. r the ass	A statement disclosing any intention to pledge, borrow against, alienate, hypothecate, or in a sets of the MHC.	ny wa (ıy)
	04. ng practi	Subsidiary Investment Obligations . At least fifty percent (50%) of the generally accides (GAAP) basis net worth of an MHC will be invested in insurance company subsidiaries.	ccepte	:d)
policyhol		Distributions to Policyholders . Payment of policy credits, dividends or other distribut mbers of a MHC needs to be fair and equitable, and are subject to the Director's approval a rocess under Chapter 38, Title 41, Idaho Code.		

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056.	REORGANIZATION	OF	MUTUAL	IN	SURE	$\mathbf{c}\mathbf{R}$	WIT	H	MUTUAL	INSURANCE	HOLI	DIN	G
COMPA	ANY.												
_				. 1						3 ff f 0 1 C		. 4	

Domestic mutual insurance companies may merge their policyholders' interests into an MHC by filing with the Director a joint application with the MHC that complies with the provisions of this chapter. This provision also

applies	to foreig	application with the MHC that complies with the provisions of this chapter. This provision mutual insurance companies or a foreign health service corporation, which, if a dld be organized under Title 41, Chapter 28, Idaho Code.		
057. Two (2)		ERS OF MUTUAL INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANIES. MHCs may merge by filing with the Director a plan of merger in compliance with this chapt	er.)
058.	STOCK	COFFERINGS.		
		Prior Approval . A stock offering by a MHC or any direct or indirect insurance commediate holding company subsidiary of a MHC is subject to the prior approval of the location and hearing process described in this section.		
	02.	Application for Stock Offering Contents.	()
	a.	A description of the stock intended to be offered by the applicant and all shareholder rights;	()
intended	b. l date or 1	The total number of shares authorized to be issued, the estimated number requested to offer, range of dates for the offer;	and the	he)
offering	c. price wil	A justification for a uniform planned offering price or a justification of the method by wll be determined;	hich tl	he)
control for any significant directors	five perce uch entit s or equiv Copies o	The name or names of any underwriter, syndicate member or placement agent involved es of each entity, person, or group of persons to whom the stock offering is to be made went (5%) of the total outstanding class of shares, and the manner in which the offer is to be to yor person is a corporation or business organization, the name of each member of its by valent management will be provided with the name of each member of the board of director of Securities and Exchange Commission filings disclosing intended acquisitions of the stock	who wendere coard rs of the	ill d. of he
stock of	e. fering;	A description of stock subscription rights afforded to members of the MHC in conjunction	with tl	he)
	f.	A detailed description of all expenses to be incurred in the stock offering;	()
	g.	How funds raised by the stock offering will be used; and	()
	h.	Any other information requested by the Director.	()
	03.	Prescribed Provisions . The stock offering plan needs to include the following provisions:	()
restricte	a.	Officers, directors, and insiders of the MHC and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and affiliarchesing or owning shares of the stock offering, or issuance of stock ontions to or for the be		

restricted from purchasing or owning shares of the stock offering, or issuance of stock options to or for the benefit of such officers, directors and insiders, for at least six (6) months following the first public offering date and regularly trading of the stock. Officers, directors and insiders are not barred from exercising subscription rights accorded to members of the MHC, except that, pursuant to those rights, the officers, directors, and insiders of the MHC and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and affiliates cannot purchase or own, in the aggregate, more than five percent (5%) of the stock offering for at least six (6) months following the first date of the public offering and regular trading of the stock;

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the MH cause;	b. C or of a	A majority of the members of the board of directors of the MHC cannot be an interested per n affiliated person of the MHC. The Director may waive this requirement upon a showing of		
		The MHC will to adopt articles of incorporation barring any waiver of dividends from pt under conditions specified in the articles and after approval of the waiver by the board of dividends;	n stoc irecto (rs)
compan	d. y subsidi y will inc	After the initial stock offering by a direct or indirect insurance company or intermediate insurance of a MHC, the boards of directors of each such insurance company or intermediate blude at least three (3) directors who are not interested persons of the MHC; and	surano holdir (e ig)
		The board of directors of the corporation offering stock need to establish, a pricing considered of directors who are interested persons. The committee's responsibility is to evaluate of any stock offering.		
a majori	ity of the	More Than One Class of Stock. A direct or indirect n insurance company or interruged company subsidiary of an MHC may issue more than one (1) class of stock. However, at alwoting stock is will be held by the MHC or its subsidiary and, no class of common stock may perform or other rights than the class held by the MHC or its subsidiary.	ll tim	es
expense	05.	Experts. The Director may hire experts to assist in the review of the application, at the app	olicant (t's)
		Public Hearing . A public hearing may be held regarding any stock offering application. As an initial offering of stock is expressly subject to a public hearing. The applicant will public of the hearing to MHC members at least twenty (20) days prior to the hearing.		
	07.	Approval. The stock offering plan may be approved if:	()
industry	a. practices	The method for establishing the stock offering price is consistent with generally accepted mass for establishing stock offering prices in similar transactions; and	arket (or)
	b.	The offering will not unfairly impact the interests of MHC members.	()
Exchang	08. ge Comm	Concurrent Filing with SEC . The filing of a registration statement with the Securiti ission prior to or concurrently with notice to the MHC members is not banned.	ies ar	nd)
	09.	Subsequent Offerings of Publicly Traded Stock.	()
Exchange dealers a or direct offering	ge, or and automated t or indire	Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 013 of this chapter, stock offerings other than arrough which stock offered is regularly traded on the New York Stock Exchange, the American other exchange approved by the Director, or designated on the national association of seed quotations - national market system (NASDAQ), is subject to the following procedure: If an ext insurance company or intermediate insurance company subsidiary thereof intends to make do by the provisions of this section, the entity will provide notice to the Director, not less that of the offering regarding:	n Stoo curition MH a stoo	ek es [C ek
	i.	The total number of shares intended to be offered;	()
	ii.	The intended date of sale;	()
	iii.	Evidence the stock is regularly traded on one of the public exchanges noted above; and	()
	iv.	A record of the trading pace and trading volume of the stock during the prior fifty-two (52)	weeks	s. `

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062 999. (RESERVED)	
O2. Filing of SEC Forms . An MHC and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and affiliates, will file with the Director copies of Form 3, Form 4 and Schedule 13D, or any equivalent filings, made under the Securities at Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, within fifteen (15) days of receipt thereof.	
01. Acquisition of Ownership Interest . Any director or officer of an MHC or its direct or indirect subsidiaries or affiliates, who directly or indirectly acquires the beneficial ownership of any security issued by a member of the MHC system will, within fifteen (15) days following the transaction, file a statement of the transaction a format prescribed by the Director.	ny
061. REPORTING OF STOCK OWNERSHIP AND TRANSACTIONS.	
060. REGULATION OF HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM. All material transactions between subsidiaries and affiliates of the MHC need to be approved by a majority of the directors of the MHC as fair and reasonable, on terms and conditions not less favorable than those available from unaffiliated third parties.	
03. Avoidance of Provisions of Chapter. Transferring legal or beneficial ownership of stock another person not in compliance with of this chapter. (to)
O2. Payment of Commissions. Payment of commissions, "special fees" or any other special payment or extraordinary compensation to officers, directors, interested persons and affiliates, for arranging, promoting, aiding assisting in reorganization or for arranging promoting, aiding assisting or participating in the structuring applacement of a stock offering.	ng
01. Borrowing Funds . Borrowing funds from the MHC, or its subsidiaries and affiliates, to finance to purchase of any portion of a stock offering.	he)
059. BANNED MHC - PRACTICES.	
11. Representation of Director's Approval. A prospectus, information, sales material or sal presentation by the applicant, or a representative, agent or affiliate of the applicant, will not contain a representation that the Director's approval constitutes an endorsement of the price, price range, or any other information relating the stock.	on
10. Expiration of Approval. Approval of a stock offering under Subsection 059.06, 059.07, or 059.06 expires ninety (90) days following the date of the approval, except as provided by the Director's order.	08)
Upon an objection, the procedures Subsection 059.02 of this chapter will be followed to determine approval.)
b. The Director may object to the offering within thirty (30) days following receipt of the notice	ce.

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18.07.02 – RESERVE LIABILITIES AND MINIMUM VALUATIONS FOR ANNUITIES AND PURE ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS

000. Title 41	_	L'AUTHORITY. s 2 and 6, Sections 41-211 and 41-612, Idaho Code. ()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.	
Endowr	01. ment Con	Title . IDAPA 18.07.02, "Reserve Liabilities and Minimum Valuations for Annuities and tracts."	Pure)
	02.	Scope . To determine minimum standard valuation for annuity and pure endowment contracts. ()
002 (009.	(RESERVED)	
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.	
Individu	01. ıal Annui	1983 Table 'a'. The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee ty Valuation in 1981 and in June 1982 by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners	
		1983 GAM Table . The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Committee opted as a recognized mortality table for annuities in December 1983 by the National Association issioners.	
Valuatio 1995.	03. on Table 1	1994 GAR Table. The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuaries Group Ant Task Force and shown on pages 866-867 of Volume 47 of the Transactions of Society of Actua	nuity aries)
containi of Actua	04. ng loaded aries Com	2012 Individual Annuity Mortality Period Life (2012 IAM Period) Table . The Period to discontainty rates for calendar year 2012. This table contains rates, q_x^{2012} , developed by the Sommittee on Life Insurance Research.	able eiety
develop from a o 014.	05. ed by the combinati	2012 Individual Annuity Reserving (2012 IAR) Table . The generational mortality to Society of Actuaries Committee on Life Insurance Research and containing rates, q_x^{2012+n} derion of the 2012 IAM Period table and Projection Scale G2, using the methodology stated in Section 1.1.1	ived
Commit	06. tee on Li	Annuity 2000 Mortality Table. The mortality table developed by the Society of Actuate fe Insurance Research.	aries
for a giv	07. ven age fi mortality	Generational Mortality Table . A mortality table containing a set of mortality rates that decrease one year to the next based on a combination of a period table and a projection scale contains improvement.	ease ning
	08.	Period Table . A a table of mortality rates applicable to a given calendar year (the Period).)
		Projection Scale G2 (Scale G2) . A table of annual rates, G2 _x , of mortality improvement by agmortality rates beyond calendar year 2012. This table was developed by the Society of Actuate Insurance Research.	
011.	INDIVI	IDUAL ANNUITY OR PURE ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS.	

Individual Annuity Mortality Table. Except as provided in Subsections 011.02 and 011.03, of

Minimum Standard for Valuation. Except as provided in Subsection 011.03 of this rule, either

this rule, the 1983 Table 'a' is recognized and approved as an individual annuity mortality table for valuation and, at the company's option, may be used for purposes of determining the minimum standard of valuation for any individual

the 1983 Table 'a' or the Annuity 2000 Mortality Table is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation

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annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after July 1, 1982.

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for any	individua	al annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after January 1, 1987.	()
		The Annuity 2000 Mortality Table. Except as provided in Subsection 011.04 of this ruortality Table is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any individual sent contract issued on or after March 29, 2012.		
		The 2012 IAR Mortality Table. Except as provided in Subsection 011.05 of this rule, the able is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any individual annuity ract issued on or after January 1, 2015.		
		The 1983 Table 'a.' The 1983 Table 'a' without projection is to be used for determined of valuation for an individual annuity or pure endowment contract issued on or after Mann the contract is based on life contingencies and issued to fund periodic benefits arising from	rch 2	
from to	a. rt actions:	Settlements of various forms of claims pertaining to court settlements or out of court settle	emer (nts)
	b.	Settlements involving similar actions such as workers' compensation claims; or	()
of conti	c. nuing dis	Settlements of long-term disability claims where a temporary or life annuity has been used ability payments.	in li (eu)
012.	GROUI	PANNUITY OR PURE ENDOWMENT CONTRACTS.		
mortalit of valua	y tables f	Group Annuity Mortality Tables. Except as provided in Subsections 012.02 and 012.03 AM Table, the 1983 Table 'a' and the 1994 GAR Table are recognized and approved as group a for valuation and, at the option of the company, any one (1) of these tables may be used for put any annuity or pure endowment purchased on or after July 1, 1982, under a group annuity fract.	annui arpos	ity ses
1983 Ga or pure	02. AM Table endowme	Minimum Standard of Valuation . Except as provided in Subsection 012.03 of this rule, either or the 1994 GAR Table is used for determining the minimum standard of valuation for any sent purchased on or after January 1, 1987, under a group annuity or pure endowment contract	annui	
		1994 GAR Table . The 1994 GAR Table will be used for determining the minimum standard annuity or pure endowment purchased on or after the effective date of Subsection 012.03 pure endowment contract.		
013. In using	FORM the 1994	ULA. 4 GAR table, the mortality rate for a person age x in year (1994 + n) is calculated as follows:		
C	q _x ¹⁹⁹⁴⁺ⁿ =	$= q_x^{1994} (1-AAx)^n$		
Where t	the q _x 1994	and AA _x s are specific in the 1994 GAR table.	()
014.	APPLI	CATION OF THE 2012 IAR MORTALITY TABLE.		
age x in	01. year (20	Mortality Rate Formula . In using the 2012 IAR Mortality Table, the mortality rate for a $12 + n$) is calculated as follows:	pers	on)
	a.	$q_x^{2012+n} = q_x^{2012} (1 - G2_x)^n$	()
0.741 de	b. eaths per	The resulting q_x^{2012+n} is to be rounded to three (3) decimal places per one thousand (1,000 one thousand (1,000). The rounding is to occur according to the formula above, starting at the		

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IDAPA 18.07.02 – Reserve Liabilities and Minimum Valuations for Annuities & Pure Endowment Contracts

015 999.	(RESERVED)		
0.734 * 0.99 = 0.	A method leading to incorrect rounding would be to calculate q_x^{2014} as q_x^{2013} * (1 - 727. It is incorrect to use the already rounded q_x^{2013} to calculate q_x^{2014} .	0.010),	or)
b.	q_x^{2014} =0.741 * (1 - 0.010) ^ 2 = 0.7262541, which is rounded to 0.726.	()
a.	q_x^{2013} =0.741 * (1 - 0.010) ^ 1 = 0.73359, which is rounded to 0.734.	()
02.	Mortality Rate Formula Example . For a male age 30, q_x^{2012} =0.741:	()
period table rate.		()

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18.07.03 - VALUATION OF LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES INCLUDING THE USE OF SELECT MORTALITY FACTORS

000. Title 41.		L AUTHORITY. s 2 and 6, Sections 41-211 and 41-612, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
Factors.	, ,01.	Title. IDAPA 18.07.03, "Valuation of Life Insurance Policies Including the Use of Select M	Iortali (ty)
	02.	Purpose. To provide:	()
	a.	Tables of select mortality factors and rules for their use;	()
benefits	b. ; and	Rules concerning a minimum standard for the valuation of plans with nonlevel prem	iums (or)
	c.	Rules concerning a minimum standard for the valuation of plans with secondary guarantees	3.)
commis	03. sioners' r	Method . The method for calculating basic reserves defined in this chapter will constitute reserve valuation method for policies to which this chapter is applicable.	tute tl	he)
values, i	04. issued on	Applicability . This chapter applies to all life insurance policies, with or without nonformafter March 30, 2001, subject to the following exceptions and conditions.	orfeitu (re)
	a.	Exceptions:	()
original premiun	life insu n rates o	This chapter does not apply to any individual life insurance policy issued on or after Mary is issued in accordance with and as a result of the exercise of a reentry provision container rance policy of the same or greater face amount, issued before March 30, 2001, that guarant f the new policy. This chapter also does not apply to subsequent policies issued as a result a provision, or a derivation of the provision, in the new policy.	ed in tl itees tl	he he
	ii.	This chapter does not apply to a universal life policy that meets all the following requirement	nts:)
	(1)	Secondary guarantee period, if any, is five (5) years or less;	()
		Specified premium for the secondary guarantee period is not less than the net level secondary guarantee period based on the CSO valuation tables as defined in Subsection 010 luation interest rate; and	reserv).06 at (ve 1d)
specifie	(3) d premiu	The initial surrender charge is not less than one hundred percent (100%) of the first year and m for the secondary guarantee period.	nualize	ed)
amount	iii. or durati	This chapter does not apply to a variable life insurance policy that provides for life insura on of which varies according to the investment experience of any separate account or account	nce, that its.	ne)
insurance accounts		This chapter does not apply to a variable universal life insurance policy that provides nount or duration of which varies according to the investment experience of any separate according to the investment experience of according to the according to the according to the investment experience of according to the		
	v. r implied of one (1)	This chapter does not apply to a group life insurance certificate unless the certificate provide schedule of maximum gross premiums needed in order to continue coverage in force for a payear.	les for period (a in)
	b.	Conditions:	()

i. Calculation of the minimum valuation standard for policies with guaranteed nonlevel gross premiums or guaranteed nonlevel benefits (other than universal life policies), or both, is in accordance with the

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provisio	ns of Sec	etion 012.	()
		Calculation of the minimum valuation standard for flexible premium and fixed premium ulicies, that contain provisions resulting in the ability of a policyholder to keep a policy in forantee period will be in accordance with the provisions of Section 013.		
Insurance	les of se ce Policie	RPORATION BY REFERENCE. elect mortality factors are incorporated by reference into IDAPA 18.07.03, "Valuation es Including the Introduction and Use of the New Select Mortality Factors" that are the tive percentage of Subsections 011.01.b., 011.02.b., and 011.02.c. are applied.	of Lit pases t	fe to)
	01.	Types of Tables. The six (6) tables of select mortality factors incorporated by reference inc	lude:)
	a.	Male aggregate;	()
	b.	Male nonsmoker;	()
	c.	Male smoker;	()
	d.	Female aggregate;	()
	e.	Female nonsmoker; and	()
	f.	Female smoker.	()
	02.	Age Basis. These tables apply to both age last birthday and age nearest birthday mortality to	ables.)
the calcu	ulated sel	Computation for Sex-Blended Mortality Tables. For sex-blended mortality tables, of factors in the same proportion as the underlying mortality. For example, for the 1980 CSO-lect mortality factors are eighty percent (80%) of the appropriate male table as referenced in percent (20%) of the appropriate female table, as referenced in Section 004.	3 Tabl	e,
003 0	009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
	01.	Basic Reserves. Reserves calculated in accordance with Section 41-612(5), Idaho Code.	()
end of determin other va effective minimum segment segment	the prior ned below lluation red date of mortal will be thength is	Contract Segmentation Method. Method of dividing the period from issue to match of successive segments, with the length of each segment being defined as the period of segment (from policy inception, for the first segment) to the end of the latest policy w. All calculations are made using the 1980 CSO valuation tables, as defined in this chapter, nortality table adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) at this chapter or promulgated by rule by the Director for this purpose), and, if elected, the city standard for deficiency reserves set forth in Subsection 011.02. The length of a particular set equal to the minimum of the value t for which G_t is greater than R_t (if G_t never exceed a deemed to be the number of years from the beginning of the segment to the mandatory exp), where G_t and R_t are defined as follows:	rom the year a (or an after the options contracts R, the	ne as ny ne al ct

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- Formulas -

	GP_{x+k+t}		Tormuna		
$G_t =$	$\overline{GP_{x+k+t-1}}$				
	where:				
	$_{\mathbf{X}} =$	original issue	age;		
	k =	the number o	f years from the date of issue to the beginning of the segment;		
	t =	1, 2,; <i>t</i> is re	eset to 1 at the beginning of each segment;		
GP _{x+k}	+ _{t-1} =	the segment,	ross premium per thousand of face amount for year <i>t</i> of ignoring policy fees only if level for the premium of the policy.		
	Rt =	$q_{x+k+t} = \frac{q_{x+k+t-1}}{q_{x+k+t-1}},$	However, Rt may be increased or decreased by one percent (1%) in any policy year, at the company's option, but Rt cannot be less than one (1);		
	where:	1 1			
		x, k and t are	as defined above, and		
		$q_{x+k+t-1}=$	valuation mortality rate for deficiency reserves in policy year k+t but using the mortality of Paragraph 011.02.b. if Paragraph 011.02.c. is elected for deficiency reserves.		
			reater than 0 and GPx+k+t-1 is equal to 0, Gt is presumed to be +k+t-1 are both equal to 0, Gt is presumed to be 0.		
				()
03.	Deficienc	y Reserves. Ex	cess, if greater than zero (0), of	()
a.	Minimum	reserves calcu	lated in accordance with Section 41-612(10), Idaho Code, over	()
b.	Basic rese	erves.		()
04. determined at is	Guarante	eed Gross Pren	niums . Premiums under a policy of life insurance that are guarar	nteed a	and
05. (Computation o valuation of life	f Minimum	Standard by C	nterest Rates . Interest rates defined in Section 41-612(4b), Idaalendar Year of Issue) used in determining the minimum standar		
06. Table) without Valuation Law, versions approv	ten (10) ye and variatio	ear selection fails on sof the 1980	bles . Commissioners' 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table (19actors, incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the NAIC CSO Table approved by the NAIC, such as the smoker and not	Standa	ard

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	Scheduled Gross Premium . Smallest illustrated gross premium at issue for other than ur plicies. For universal life insurance policies, scheduled gross premium means the smallest speed in Paragraph 013.01.c., if any, or else the minimum premium described in Paragraph 013.01.	pecific	al ed)
08.	Segmented Reserves.	()
expiration of a guaranteed gros	Reserves calculated using segments produced by the contract segmentation method, equal fall future guaranteed benefits less the present value of all future net premiums to the man policy, where the net premiums within each segment are a uniform percentage of the resist premiums within the segment. The uniform percentage for each segment is such that, a segment, the present value of the net premiums within the segment equals:	ndato:	ry ve
i.	The present value of the death benefits within the segment, plus	()
ii. end of the segme	The present value of any unusual guaranteed cash value (see Subsection 012.04) occurring ent, less	g at tl (1e)
iii.	Any unusual guaranteed cash value occurring at the start of the segment, plus	()
iv.	For the first segment only, the excess of the Item one (1) over Item two (2), as follows:	()
one (1) per year falls due. Howev year premium w	A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the benefits pregment after the first policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an any payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary within the first segment on which a prover, the net level annual premium will not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineter whole life plan of insurance of the same renewal year equivalent level amount at an age one (age at issue of the policy.	nuity or remiusen (19	of m 9)
(2)	A net one (1) year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first policy year.	()
b. chapter.	The length of each segment is determined by the "contract segmentation method," as defined	d in th	is)
c. valuation interes policy.	The interest rates used in the present value calculations for any policy cannot exceed the mast rate, determined with a guarantee duration equal to the sum of the lengths of all segments		
d. will include futu	For both basic reserves and deficiency reserves computed by the segmented method, present are benefits and net premiums in the current segment and in all subsequent segments.	t valu	es)
09. year term insura	Tabular Cost of Insurance . The net single premium at the beginning of a policy year for nee in the amount of the guaranteed death benefit in that policy year.	one (1)
10. Standard Valuati	Ten Year Select Factors . The select factors adopted with the 1980 amendments to the ion Law.	NAI (C)
11.	Unitary Reserves.	()
a. premiums, wher	The present value of all future guaranteed benefits less the present value of all future modifie:	fied n (et)
i. policy; and	Guaranteed benefits and modified net premiums are considered to the mandatory expiration	n of th (ne)
ii. where the unifor	Modified net premiums are a uniform percentage of the respective guaranteed gross pre		

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all death benefits	s and pure endowments, plus the excess of Item one (1) over Item two (2), as follows:)
payable on the filevel annual pres	A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of the benefits protent policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one (1) per irst and each subsequent anniversary of the policy on which a premium falls due. However, the mium will not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen (19) year premium whole of the same renewal year equivalent level amount at an age one (1) year higher than the age at	year ne net le life
(2)	A net one (1) year term premium for the benefits provided for in the first policy year. ()
	The interest rates used in the present value calculations for any policy will not exceetion interest rate, determined with a guarantee duration equal to the length from issue tation of the policy.	
12. which separately funds, or other su	Universal Life Insurance Policy. Any individual life insurance policy under the provision identified interest credits (other than in connection with dividend accumulations, premium desapplementary accounts) and mortality or expense charges are made to the policy.	
011. GENEI DEFICIENCY	RAL CALCULATION REQUIREMENTS FOR BASIC RESERVES AND PREM RESERVES.	IIUM
with select morta	Basic Reserves . At the company's election for any one (1) or more specified plans of inimum mortality standard for basic reserves may be calculated using the 1980 CSO valuation to ality factors (or any other valuation mortality table adopted by the NAIC after the effective depromulgated by rule by the Director for this purpose). If select mortality factors are elected, they	tables ate of
a. Standard Valuation	The ten (10) year select mortality factors incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the Non Law;	NAIC)
b.	The select mortality factors in the tables as referenced in Section 004; or ()
c. by rule for the pu	Any other table of select mortality factors adopted by the NAIC after March 30, 2001, promul propose of calculating basic reserves.	gated)
reserve for the po are less than the insurance, the qu upon the 1980 C	Deficiency Reserves. Deficiency reserves, if any, are calculated for each policy as the except (0), of the quantity A over the basic reserve. The quantity A is obtained by recalculating the policy using guaranteed gross premiums instead of net premiums when the guaranteed gross premiums and the corresponding net premiums. At the company's election for any one or more specified planantity A and the corresponding net premiums used in the determination of quantity A may be also also as with select mortality factors (or any other valuation mortality table adopted and 30, 2001, and promulgated by rule). If select mortality factors are elected, they may be on (1)	basic niums ons of based ed by
a. Standard Valuation	The ten (10) year select mortality factors incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the 1 on Law;	NAIC)
b.	The select mortality factors in the tables as referenced in Section 004; ()
c. referenced in Sec	For durations in the first segment, X percent of the select mortality factors in the tabletion 004, subject to the following:	les as
i. factor expected t	X may vary by policy year, policy form, underwriting classification, issue age, or any other po affect mortality experience;	oolicy)
ii.	X is such that, when using the valuation interest rate used for basic reserves, Item one (1) is gr	reater

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than or equal to Item two (2);
(1) The actuarial present value of future death benefits, calculated using the mortality rates resulting from the application of X;
(2) The actuarial present value of future death benefits calculated using anticipated mortality experience without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date;
iii. X is such that the mortality rates resulting from the application of X are at least as great as the anticipated mortality experience, without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date, in each of the first five (5) years after the valuation date;
iv. The appointed actuary will increase X at any valuation date where it is necessary to continue to meet all the requirements of Paragraph 011.02.c.;
v. The appointed actuary may decrease X at any valuation date as long as X continues to meet all the requirements of Paragraph 011.02.c.; and
vi. The appointed actuary will specifically take into account the adverse effect on expected mortality and lapsation of any anticipated or actual increase in gross premiums.
vii. If X is less than one hundred percent (100%) at any duration for any policy, the following requirements are to be met:
(1) The appointed actuary will annually prepare an actuarial opinion and memorandum for the company in conformance with the requirements of the Actuarial and Memorandum Rule, IDAPA 18.07.10, Section 022, "Statement of Actuarial Opinion Based on an Asset Adequacy Analysis";
(2) The appointed actuary will disclose, in the Regulatory Asset Adequacy Issues Summary, the impact of the insufficiency of assets to support the payment of benefits and expenses and the establishment of statutory reserves during one (1) or more interim periods; and
(3) The appointed actuary will annually opine for all policies subject to this chapter as to whether the mortality rates resulting from the application of X meet the requirements of Paragraph 011.02.c. This opinion will be supported by an actuarial report, subject to appropriate Actuarial Standards of Practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board of the American Academy of Actuaries. The X factors will reflect anticipated future mortality, without recognition of mortality improvement beyond the valuation date, taking into account relevant emerging experience.
d. Any other table of select mortality factors adopted by the NAIC after March 30, 2001, and promulgated by rule for the purpose of calculating deficiency reserves.
03. Applicability . Subsection 011.03 applies to both basic reserves and deficiency reserves. Any set of select mortality factors may be used only for the first segment. However, if the first segment is less than ten (10) years, the appropriate ten (10) year select mortality factors incorporated into the 1980 amendments to the NAIC Standard Valuation Law may be used thereafter through the tenth policy year from the date of issue.
04. Gross Premiums . In determining basic reserves or deficiency reserves, guaranteed gross premiums without policy fees may be used where the calculation involves the guaranteed gross premium but only if the policy fee is a level dollar amount after the first policy year. In determining deficiency reserves, policy fees may be included in guaranteed gross premiums, even if not included in the actual calculation of basic reserves.
O5. Changes in Guarantees. Reserves for policies that have changes to guaranteed gross premiums, guaranteed benefits, guaranteed charges, or guaranteed credits that are unilaterally made by the insurer after issue and that are effective for more than one (1) year after the date of the change will be the greatest of the following:

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		ion of Life Insurance Policies se of Select Mortality Factors
a.	Reserves calculated ignoring the guarantee;	()
b.	Reserves assuming the guarantee was made at issue; and	()
c.	Reserves assuming that the policy was issued on the date of the g	guarantee. (
chapter. This blocks of bus requirements	Reserve Adequacy. The Director may require that the compreserves for specified blocks, including but not limited to policies issued documentation may include a demonstration of the extent to which againss is relied upon in the formation of the appointed actuary opinion is of the Actuarial and Memorandum Rule, IDAPA 18.07.10, Section of the Asset Adequacy Analysis."	ed prior to the effective date of this gregation with other non-specified pursuant to and consistent with the
GUARANTI	LCULATION OF MINIMUM VALUATION STANDARI EED NONLEVEL GROSS PREMIUMS OR GUARANTEED NO VERSAL LIFE POLICIES).	
mortality tab	Basic Reserves . Basic reserves are be calculated as the greater eves. Both the segmented reserves and the unitary reserves for any pole and selection factors. At the option of the insurer, in calculation of the adjustments described below may be made:	olicy will use the same valuation
a. endowment a the present va	Treat the unitary reserve, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the and subtract the unitary reserve, if greater than zero (0), applicable at the alue of guaranteed life insurance and endowment benefits for each segments.	e beginning of each segment from
b. segment as a the beginning segment.	Treat the guaranteed cash surrender value, if greater than zero pure endowment; and subtract the guaranteed cash surrender value, if g of each segment from the present value of guaranteed life insurance	greater than zero (0), applicable a
02.	Deficiency Reserves.	(
a.	The deficiency reserve at any duration will be calculated:	()
i.	On a unitary basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined	by Subsection 012.01 is unitary;
ii. segmented; or	On a segmented basis if the corresponding basic reserve determined by the corresponding by the	ermined by Subsection 012.01 is
iii. equal to both	On the segmented basis if the corresponding basic reserve det a the segmented reserve and the unitary reserve.	ermined by Subsection 012.01 is

03. Minimum Value. Basic reserves will not be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the balance

less than the corresponding modified net premium calculated by the method used in determining the basic reserves, but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality (specified in Subsection 011.02 and rate of interest).

for the current and all remaining periods, of the quantity A over the basic reserve, where A is obtained as indicated in

Subsection 012.02 applies to any policy for which the guaranteed gross premium at any duration is

Deficiency reserves, if any, are be calculated for each policy as the excess if greater than zero (0),

For deficiency reserves determined on a segmented basis, the quantity A is determined using

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segment lengths equal to those determined for segmented basic reserves.

b.

Subsection 011.02.

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of the policy year, if mean reserves are used. Basic reserves will not be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the balance of the current modal period or to the paid-to-date, if later, but not beyond the next policy anniversary, if mid-terminal reserves are used. The tabular cost of insurance will use the same valuation mortality table and interest rates

as that used for the ten (10) year case may total rethat would expire the cash surrende	the calculation of the segmented reserves. However, if select mortality factors are used, the reserves (including basic reserves, deficiency reserves and any reserves held for supplementate upon contract termination) be less than the amount that the policyowner would receive (ser value of the supplemental benefits, if any, referred to above), exclusive of any deduction to ination of the policy.	ey will aw. In I benef includi	be no fits ing
04.	Unusual Pattern of Guaranteed Cash Surrender Values.	()
the first unusual providing term in	For any policy with an unusual pattern of guaranteed cash surrender values, the reserves first unusual guaranteed cash surrender value will not be less than the reserves calculated by guaranteed cash surrender value as a pure endowment and treating the policy as an n yet insurance plus a pure endowment equal to the unusual cash surrender value, where n is the nate of issue to the date the unusual cash surrender value is scheduled.	y treati	ing icy
endowment equa	The reserves actually held subsequent to any unusual guaranteed cash surrender value we serves calculated by treating the policy as an n year policy providing term insurance plant to the next unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, and treating any unusual guaranteed the end of the prior segment as a net single premium, where:	us a pi	ure
i. the valuation dat	n is the number of years from the date of the last unusual guaranteed cash surrender value to the earlier of:	e prior	r to
(1) valuation date; o	The date of the next unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, if any, that is scheduled or	after (the)
(2)	The mandatory expiration date of the policy; and	()
ii. ratio and the resp	The net premium for a given year during the n year period is equal to the product of the nepective gross premium; and	t to gr	oss)
iii.	The net to gross ratio is equal to Item One (1) divided by Item Two (2) as follows:	()
	The present value, at the beginning of the n year period, of death benefits payable during the present value, at the beginning of the n year period, of the next unusual guaranteed cash thus the amount of the last unusual guaranteed cash surrender value, if any, scheduled at the biod.	surren	der
$\begin{array}{c} (2) \\ \text{during the } n \text{ year} \end{array}$	The present value, at the beginning of the n year period, of the scheduled gross premiums repriod.	s paya	ble)
	For purposes of Subsection 012.04, a policy is considered to have an unusual pattern of gravalues if any future guaranteed cash surrender value exceeds the prior year's guaranteed by more than the sum of:		
i.	One hundred ten percent (110%) of the scheduled gross premium for that year;	()
ii. guaranteed cash calculating polic	One hundred ten percent (110%) of one (1) year's accrued interest on the sum of the pri- surrender value and the scheduled gross premium using the nonforfeiture interest rate by guaranteed cash surrender values; and		

05. Optional Exemption for Yearly Renewable Term (YRT) Reinsurance. At the option of the

)

Five percent (5%) of the first policy year surrender charge, if any.

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iii.

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company, the	following approach for reserves on YRT reinsurance may be used:	()
a. that future yea	Calculate the valuation net premium for each future policy year as the tabular cost of ins	surance :	for)
b. defined in Sub	Basic reserves will never be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the appropriate esection 012.03;	period,	as)
c.	Deficiency reserves.	()
i. over the respe	For each policy year, calculate the excess, if greater than zero (0), of the valuation nective maximum guaranteed gross premium.	t premit (ım)
ii. the excesses d	Deficiency reserves will never be less than the sum of the present values, at the date of valuermined in accordance with Subparagraph 012.05.c.i.;	luation, (of)
	For purposes of Subsection 012.05, the calculations use the maximum valuation intered mortality tables with or without ten (10) year select mortality factors, or any other table ad late of this chapter by the NAIC and promulgated by rule by the Director for this purpose;		
e. only the morta	A reinsurance agreement will be considered YRT reinsurance for purposes of Subsectionality risk is reinsured; and	n 012.05 (if)
f. reserve credit	If the assuming company chooses this optional exemption, the ceding company's r will be limited to the amount of reserve held by the assuming company for the affected police		ice
06. At the comparbe used:	Optional Exemption for Attained-Age-Based Yearly Renewable Term Life Insurance by soption, the following approach for reserves for attained-age-based YRT life insurance positions.	ee Polici olicies m (es. ay
a. that future yea	Calculate the valuation net premium for each future policy year as the tabular cost of instr.	surance :	for)
b. defined in Sub	Basic reserves will never be less than the tabular cost of insurance for the appropriate esection 012.03.	period,	as)
c.	Deficiency reserves:	()
i. over the respe	For each policy year, calculate the excess, if greater than zero (0), of the valuation nective maximum guaranteed gross premium.	t premit	ım)
ii. the excesses d	Deficiency reserves will never be less than the sum of the present values, at the date of valuermined in accordance with Subparagraph 012.06.c.i.	luation, (of)
	For purposes of Subsection 012.06, the calculations use the maximum valuation interest valuation tables with or without ten (10) year select mortality factors, or any other table ad 01, by the NAIC and promulgated by rule for this purpose.		
e. 012.06 if:	A policy is considered an attained-age-based YRT life insurance policy for purposes of	Subsecti (on)
	The premium rates (on both the initial current premium scale and the guaranteed e) are based upon the attained age of the insured such that the rate for any given policy f the insured is independent of the year the policy was issued; and	maximu at a giv	ım en)

The premium rates (on both the initial current premium scale and the guaranteed maximum

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ii.

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premium scale) insurance and at	are the same as the premium rates for policies covering all insureds of the same sex, risk class, p tained age.	lan of
f. approach of Sub	For policies that become attained-age-based YRT policies after an initial period of coverage section 012.06 may be used after the initial period if:	e, the
i.	The initial period is constant for all insureds of the same sex, risk class and plan of insurance;	or)
ii. plan of insuranc	The initial period runs to a common attained age for all insureds of the same sex, risk class e; and	s, and
iii.	After the initial period of coverage, the policy meets the conditions of Paragraph 012.06.e.; are (nd)
g. based YRT life i	If this election is made, this approach will be applied in determining reserves for all attained insurance policies issued on or after the effective date of this chapter.	l-age-
Policies . Unitary conditions are m	Exemption from Unitary Reserves for Certain n-Year Renewable Term Life Insury basic reserves and unitary deficiency reserves need not be calculated for a policy if the follower:	
the expiry age, j earlier <i>n</i> -year pe	The policy consists of a series of n -year periods, including the first period and all renewal period for each period, except that for the final renewal period, n may be truncated or extended to provided that this final renewal period is less than ten (10) years and less than twice the size of eriods, and for each period, the premium rates on both the initial current premium scale and imum premium scale are level;	reach of the
b. premiums based	The guaranteed gross premiums in all n -year periods are not less than the corresponding upon the 1980 CSO Table with or without the ten (10) year select mortality factors; and (g net
с.	There are no cash surrender values in any policy year.)
	Exemption From Unitary Reserves for Certain Juvenile Policies . Unitary basic reserves reserves need not be calculated for a policy if the following conditions are met, based upon termium scale at issue:	
a.	At issue, the insured is age twenty-four (24) or younger; ()
b. five (25), the gro	Until the insured reaches the end of the juvenile period, which will occur at or before age two oss premiums and death benefits are level, and there are no cash surrender values; and	enty-
c. paying period, a	After the end of the juvenile period, gross premiums are level for the remainder of the premium death benefits are level for the remainder of the life of the policy.	mium)
FIXED PREM RESULTING	ULATION OF MINIMUM VALUATION STANDARD FOR FLEXIBLE PREMIUM HUM UNIVERSAL LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES THAT CONTAIN PROVISION THE ABILITY OF A POLICY OWNER TO KEEP A POLICY IN FORCE OVIGUARANTEE PERIOD.	ONS
01.	General. ()
a.	Policies with a secondary guarantee include: ()
i. subject only to t	A policy with a guarantee that the policy will remain in force at the original schedule of ber he payment of specified premiums; (nefits,

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ii. A policy in which the minimum premium at any duration is less than the corresponding one (1) year valuation premium, calculated using the maximum valuation interest rate and the 1980 CSO valuation tables with or without ten (10) year select mortality factors, or any other table adopted after March 30, 2001, by the NAIC and promulgated by rule for this purpose; or
iii. A policy with any combination of Subparagraphs 013.01.a.i. and 013.01.a.ii. ()
b. A secondary guarantee period is the period for which the policy is guaranteed to remain in force subject only to a secondary guarantee. When a policy contains more than one secondary guarantee, the minimum reserve will be the greatest of the respective minimum reserves at that valuation date of each unexpired secondary guarantee, ignoring all other secondary guarantees. Secondary guarantees that are unilaterally changed by the insurer after issue will be considered to have been made at issue. Reserves described in Subsections 013.02 and 013.03 below will be recalculated from issue to reflect these changes.
c. Specified premiums mean the premiums specified in the policy, the payment of which guarantees that the policy will remain in force at the original schedule of benefits, but which otherwise would be insufficient to keep the policy in force in the absence of the guarantee if maximum mortality and expense charges and minimum interest credits were made and any applicable surrender charges were assessed.
d. For purposes of Section 013, the minimum premium for any policy year is the premium that, when paid into a policy with a zero (0) account value at the beginning of the policy year, produces a zero (0) account value at the end of the policy year. The minimum premium calculation will use the policy cost factors (including mortality charges, loads and expense charges) and the interest crediting rate, which are all guaranteed at issue.
e. The one (1) year valuation premium means the net one (1) year premium based upon the original schedule of benefits for a given policy year. The one (1) year valuation premiums for all policy years are calculated at issue. The select mortality factors defined in Paragraphs 011.02.b., 011.02.c., and 011.02.d. cannot be used to calculate the one (1) year valuation premiums.
f. The one (1) year valuation premium should reflect the frequency of fund processing, as well as the distribution of deaths assumption employed in the calculation of the monthly mortality charges to the fund.
O2. Basic Reserves for the Secondary Guarantees. Basic reserves for the secondary guarantees will be the segmented reserves for the secondary guarantee period. In calculating the segments and the segmented reserves, the gross premiums will be set equal to the specified premiums, if any, or otherwise to the minimum premiums, that keep the policy in force and the segments will be determined according to the contract segmentation method as defined in Subsection 010.02.
03. Deficiency Reserves for the Secondary Guarantees. Deficiency reserves, if any, for the secondary guarantees will be calculated for the secondary guarantee period in the same manner as described in Subsection 012.02 with gross premiums set equal to the specified premiums, if any, or otherwise to the minimum premiums that keep the policy in force.
of: Minimum Reserves. The minimum reserves during the secondary guarantee period are the greater ()
a. The basic reserves for the secondary guarantee plus the deficiency reserve, if any, for the secondary guarantees; or
b. The minimum reserves prescribed by other rules or rules governing universal life plans. ()
014 999. (RESERVED)

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18.07.04 - ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING

000. Title 41,		L'AUTHORITY. es 2 and 6, Idaho Code.	())
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.07.04, "Annual Financial Reporting."	())
of insur Noted ir premium thousand year are necessar pursuan exempt. requiren herein,	ers by in an Audins written d (1,000) be exempt to continue to continue to foreign nent for fare exempt.	Scope. To improve the Department's surveillance of the financial condition of insurannual audit of the financial statements reporting the financial position and the results of open dependent certified public accountants; (2) Communication of Internal Control Related it; and (3) Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Insurers having in this state of less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in any calendar year and less the policyholders or certificate holders of direct written policies nationwide at the end of such control from this rule for such year (unless the Director makes a specific finding that complied in the policyholders of reinsurance of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) or more, or both, will or alien insurers filing the audited financial report in another state, pursuant to that other filing of audited financial reports found by the Director to be substantially similar to the requirement from Section 011 through Section 020 of this rule if conditions of Subsection 001.0 rule apply:	erations Matters Ig direct han one calendar iance is emiums I not be r state's rements	sters
in accor	rdance w	A copy of the Audited financial report, Communication of Internal Control Related Matters the Accountant's Letter of Qualifications that are filed with the other state are filed with the I with the filing dates in Sections 011, 018, and 019 respectively (Canadian insurers may ports as filed with the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions, Canada).	Director	r
with the	b. Director	A copy of any Notification of Adverse Financial Condition Report filed with the other state pursuant to Section 017.	is filed	1
		Foreign or alien insurers need to file Management's Report of Internal Control over Figure 1. The state are exempt from filing the Report in this state provided the other state has substrequirements and the Report is filed with the Director of the other state within the time specified.	tantially	
		This rule does not prohibit, preclude or in any way limit the Director from ordering, conductions of insurers pursuant to the provisions of Title 41, Idaho Code, and the rules, practice Department.		
Conditio	e incorpo on Exam	RPORATION BY REFERENCE. brates by reference the full text of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Frances Handbook and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners Annual State Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, pursuant to Sections 41-223 and 47-335, Idaho	atement	t
003 0	009.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
is contro	01. olled by, o	Affiliate . Is a person that directly, or indirectly through one (1) or more intermediaries, confor is under common control with, the person specified.	trols, or	r)
insurers controls solely for exercising	, and aud a group or or the pur ng this el	Audit Committee . A committee (or equivalent body) established by the board of director process of overseeing the accounting and financial reporting processes of an insurer or gits of financial statements of the insurer or group of insurers. The Audit committee of any en of insurers may be deemed to be the Audit committee for one (1) or more of these controlled poses of this rule at the election of the controlling person. Refer to Subsection 021.05 of this rection. If an Audit committee is not designated by the insurer, the insurer's entire board of dudit committee.	roup of tity that insurers rule, for	f t s
	03.	Audited Financial Report. Includes those items specified in Section 012 of this rule.	())

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Securities Exchange Act of 1934); and

Regulation S-K).

_ 	•	
	Indemnification . An agreement of indemnity or a release from liability where the intent or of in any manner the potential liability of the person or firm for failure to adhere to applicable aud andards, whether or not resulting in part from knowing or other misrepresentations made by the atives.	liting or
	Group of Insurers . Those licensed insurers included in the reporting requirements of T daho Code, or a set of insurers as identified by management, for the purpose of assess f Internal control over financial reporting.	
	Internal Control over Financial Reporting . A process effected by an entity's board of dind other personnel providing reasonable assurance of the reliability of the financial statements, excified in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule, and includes those policies and providing the provided in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule, and includes those policies and providing the provided in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule, and includes those policies and providing the process of	such as
a. transactions and	Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly ref d dispositions of assets;	lect the
	Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparatements, such as those items specified in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule, a penditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors	and that
	Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acqueon of assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements, such as those items sports 12.02 through 012.07 of this rule.	
07. promulgated th	Section 404 . Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the SEC's rules and regulereunder.	ılations
08. by the SEC and 3A.	Section 404 Report . Management's report on "internal control over financial reporting" as d the related attestation report of the independent certified public accountant as described in	
with, the follow	SOX Compliant Entity . An entity that needs to be compliant with, or voluntarily is coving provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002:	mpliant ()
a. 1934);	The preapproval requirements of Section 201 (Section 10A(i) of the Securities Exchange	Act of

011. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO FILING AND EXTENSIONS FOR FILING OF ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORTS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE APPOINTMENT.

The Audit committee independence requirements of Section 301 (Section 10A(m)(3) of the

The Internal control over financial reporting requirements of Section 404 (Item 308 of SEC

- **01. Annual Audit Filing Date**. All insurers will have an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant and file an audited financial report with the Director on or before June 1 for the year ended December 31 immediately preceding. The Director may require an insurer to file an audited financial report earlier than June 1 with ninety (90) days advance notice.
- **02.** Request for Extension. Extensions of the June 1 filing date may be granted by the Director for thirty (30) day periods upon a showing by the insurer and its independent certified public accountant of the reasons for the request and a determination by the Director of good cause for an extension. The request for extension needs to be submitted in writing at least ten (10) days prior to the due date in sufficient detail to permit the Director to make an

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nature of these differences.

informed decision with respect to the extension. If an extension is granted, an extension of thirty (30) days is also granted to the filing of Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

03. Designation of Audit Committee. Every insurer needs to file an annual audited financial report pursuant to this chapter will designate an Audit committee, as defined in Section 010. The Audit committee of an entity controlling an insurer may be deemed to be the insurer's Audit committee for purposes of this rule at the controlling person's election.

012. CONTENTS OF ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT.

capital	and surpleed, by the	Contents of Report. The annual audited financial report will report the financial position and of the most recent calendar year and the results of its operations, cash flows and chaus for the year then ended in conformity with statutory accounting practices prescribed, or of a Department of Insurance of the state of domicile. The annual Audited financial report will	inges herwis	in se
	a.	Report of independent certified public accountant;	()
	b.	Balance sheet reporting admitted assets, liabilities, capital and surplus;	()
	c.	Statement of operations;	()
	d.	Statement of cash flow;	()
	e.	Statement of changes in capital and surplus;	()
reconci	liation of	Notes to financial statements, which will those prescribed by the appropriate NAIC actions and NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual. The notes will includifferences, if any, between the audited statutory financial statements and the annual s	clude ent file	a ed

g. The financial statements included in the audited financial report will be prepared in a form and using language and groupings substantially the same as the relevant sections of the annual statement of the insurer filed with the Director. The financial statement will be comparative, presenting the amounts as of December 31 of the current year and the amounts as of the immediately preceding December 31. (In the first year in which an insurer needs to file an audited financial report, the comparative data may be omitted.)

013. DESIGNATION OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

- **01. Registration with the Director**. Each insurer prescribed by this rule to file an annual audited financial report needs, within sixty (60) days after becoming subject to the requirement, to register with the Director in writing the name and address of the independent certified public accountant or accounting firm retained to conduct the annual audit. Insurers not retaining an independent certified public accountant on the effective date of this rule will register the name and address of their retained independent certified public accountant not less than six (6) months before the date when the first audited financial report is to be filed.
- **02. Letter of Awareness.** The insurer will obtain a letter from the accountant, and file a copy with the Director stating that the accountant is aware of the provisions of the Insurance Code and the Department's rules of the state of domicile that relate to accounting and financial matters and affirming that they will express his opinion on the financial statements in terms of their conformity to the statutory accounting practices prescribed or otherwise permitted by that Department, specifying appropriate exceptions.
- **03. Dismissal or Resignation.** If an accountant who was the accountant for the immediately preceding filed audited financial report is dismissed or resigns, the insurer will within five (5) business days notify the Department. The insurer will also furnish the Director with a separate letter within ten (10) business days after the above notification stating whether in the twenty-four (24) months preceding such event there were any disagreements

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with the former accountant on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure; which disagreements, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the former accountant, would have caused the accountant to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with the opinion. The disagreements need to be reported in response to this rule include those resolved to the former accountant's satisfaction and not resolved to the former accountant's satisfaction. Disagreements contemplated by this section occur at the decision-making level, such as between personnel of the insurer responsible for presentation of financial statements and personnel of the accounting firm responsible for rendering the report. The insurer will also in writing request the former accountant to furnish a letter addressed to the insurer stating whether the accountant agrees with the statements contained in the insurer's letter and, if not, stating the reasons for which the accountant does not agree; and the insurer will furnish such responsive letter from the former accountant to the Director with its own.

014. OUALIFICATIONS OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

01. In Good Standing. The Director will not recognize any person or firm as a qualified in	dependent
certified public accountant that is not in good standing with the AICPA in all states in which the accountant	ountant is
licensed to practice, or, for a Canadian or British company, that is not a chartered accountant; or has either	directly or
indirectly entered into an agreement of indemnity or release from liability ("indemnification") with resp	pect to the
insurer's audit.	()

- **02.** Conformance with Ethical and Professional Standards. Except as otherwise provided in this rule, the Director will recognize an independent certified public accountant as qualified if the accountant conforms to the standards contained in the Code of Professional Ethics of the AICPA and Rules and Regulations and Code of Ethics and Rules of Professional Conduct of the Idaho Board of Public Accountancy, or similar code.
- **03. Resolution of Disputes and Delinquency Proceedings.** A qualified independent certified public accountant may enter into an agreement with an insurer to have audit-related disputes resolved by mediation or arbitration. In the event of a delinquency proceeding commenced against the insurer under Title 41, Chapter 33, the mediation or arbitration provisions operates at the option of the statutory successor.
- **O4.** Capacity to Render Report for Consecutive Years. The lead (or coordinating) audit partner (primarily responsible for the audit) cannot act in the capacity for more than five (5) consecutive years. The person will be disqualified from acting in that or a similar capacity for the same company or its insurance subsidiaries or affiliates for a period of five (5) consecutive years. An insurer may make application to the Director for relief from the above requirement due to unusual circumstances. Application should be made at least thirty (30) days before the end of the calendar year. The Director may consider the following factors in determining if the relief should be granted:
- **a.** Number of partners, expertise of the partners or the number of insurance clients in the currently registered firm;
 - b. Premium volume; or ()
 - **c.** Number of jurisdictions in which the insurer transacts business. ()
- **05.** Relief from Limitation on Consecutive Appointment of Lead Partner. The insurer will file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Subsection 014.04 of this rule, with the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer will file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC.
- **06. Grounds for Not Recognizing as Qualified**. The Director will neither recognize as a qualified independent certified public accountant, nor accept any annual Audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by, any natural person who:
- **a.** Has been convicted of fraud, bribery, a violation of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, 18 U.S.C. Sections 1961 to 1968, or any dishonest conduct or practices under federal or state law;

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b. submitted under	Has been found to have violated the insurance laws of this state with respect to any previous this rule; or	repor (ts)
c. previous reports	Has demonstrated a pattern or practice of failing to detect or disclose material informatiled under the provisions of this rule.	ation (in)
is qualified and, expressing his of	Hearings . The Director of insurance may, as provided in Chapter 52, Title 67 and Chapter nd IDAPA 04.11.01, hold a hearing to determine whether an independent certified public acc considering the evidence presented, may rule that the accountant is not qualified for purpoint on the financial statements in the annual Audited financial report made pursuant to the accountant with another whose relationship with the insurer is qualified his rule.	ounta oses his ru	nt of le
	Banned Services . The Director will not recognize as a qualified independent certified ccept an annual audited financial report, prepared in whole or in part by an accountant who putemporaneously with the audit, the following non-audit services:		
a. insurer;	Bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements	of th	ne)
b.	Financial information systems design and implementation;	()
c.	Appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinions, or contribution-in-kind reports.	()
in the determina services provided accountant's actu	Actuarially-oriented advisory services involving the determination of amounts recorded nts. The accountant may assist an insurer in understanding the methods, assumptions and inpution of amounts recorded in the financial statement only if it is reasonable to conclude the dwill not be subject to audit procedures during an audit of the insurer's financial statement may also issue an actuarial opinion or certification ("opinion") on an insurer's reserve ions have been met:	uts use that tl ents. A	ed he An
i. made any manag	Neither the accountant nor the accountant's actuary has performed any management functionent decisions;	tions (or)
ii. which manageme	The insurer has competent personnel (or engages a third party actuary) to estimate the resent takes responsibility; and	rves f	or)
iii. has determined tl	The accountant's actuary tests the reasonableness of the reserves after the insurer's mana the amount of the reserves;	geme	nt)
e.	Internal audit outsourcing services;	()
f.	Management functions or human resources;	()
g.	Broker or dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking services;	()
h.	Legal services or expert services unrelated to the audit; or	()
i.	Any other services that the Director determines, by rule, are impermissible.	()
	Principles of Independence . In general, the principles of independence with respect to squalified independent certified public accountant are largely predicated on three (3) basic princh would impair the accountant's independence. The principles are that the accountant:		
a.	Cannot function in the role of management;	()

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b.	Cannot audit his own work; and	()
c.	Cannot serve in an advocacy role for the insurer.	()
014.08 of this rul should be exemp	Exemption from Banned Services . Insurers having direct written and assumed premiums d million dollars (\$100,000,000) in any calendar year may request an exemption from Suble. The insurer will file with the Director a written statement discussing the reasons why the of the troop these provisions. If the Director finds, upon review of this statement, that complian ould constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon the insurer, an exemption may be a	sectionsure insure ice wit	on er th
of this rule, or th	Permitted Non-Audit Services. A qualified independent certified public accountant who page in other non-audit services, including tax services, that are not described in Subsection at do not conflict with Subsection 014.09 of this rule, only if the activity is approved in advettee, in accordance with Subsection 014.12 of this rule.	014.0	8(
the Audit commi	Preapproval Requisite by Audit Committee. All auditing services and non-audit susurer by the qualified independent certified public accountant of the insurer will be preapprotect. The preapproval requirement is waived with respect to non-audit services if the insufficient or a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a SOX Compliant Entity; or	oved b	y
	The aggregate amount of all such non-audit services provided to the insurer constitutes not (5%) of the total amount of fees paid by the insurer to its qualified independent certified g the fiscal year in which the non-audit services are provided;		
b. services; and	The services were not recognized by the insurer at the time of the engagement to be no	on-aud (it)
	The services are promptly brought to the attention of the Audit committee and approved price audit by the Audit committee or by one (1) or more members of the Audit committee who board of directors to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated by the	are th	ne
of this rule. The	Delegation by Audit Committee . The Audit committee may delegate to one (1) opers of the Audit committee the authority to grant the preapprovals prescribed by Subsection decisions of any member to whom this authority is delegated will be presented to the full h of its scheduled meetings.	014.1	2
chief financial of employed by the (1) year period p	Prior Employment Banned . The Director will not recognize an independent certified alified for a particular insurer if a member of the board, president, chief executive officer, confficer, chief accounting officer, or any person serving in an equivalent position for that insurindependent certified public accountant and participated in the audit of that insurer during receding the date that the most current statutory opinion is due. Subsection 014.14 of this rutners and senior managers involved in the audit.	ntrolle rer, wa the or	er, as ne
a. the basis of unus	An insurer may make application to the Director for relief from Subsection 014.14 of this ual circumstances.	rule, c	n)
b. of this rule, with electronic filing v	The insurer will file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Subsection the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state with the NAIC, the insurer will file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NA	accepa IC.	4 ts
An insurer may financial stateme	DLIDATED OR COMBINED AUDITS. make written application to the Director for approval to file audited consolidated or conts in lieu of separate annual audited financial statements if the insurer is part of a group of in tilizes a pooling or one hundred percent (100%) reinsurance agreement that affects the solver	suranc	ce

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integrity of the insurer's reserves and such insurer cedes all of its direct and assumed business to the pool. In such cases, a columnar consolidating or combining worksheet will be filed with the report, as follows:

- **01. Worksheet**. Amounts shown on the consolidated or combined Audited financial report will be shown on the worksheet;
 - **O2.** Separate Amounts. Amounts for each insurer subject to this section will be stated separately;
- **03. Noninsurance Operations**. Noninsurance operations may be shown on the worksheet on a combined or individual basis;
- **04.** Explanations of Consolidating and Eliminating Entries. Explanations of consolidating and eliminating entries will be included; and
- **05. Reconciliation.** A reconciliation will be included of any differences between the amounts shown in the individual insurer columns of the worksheet and comparable amounts shown on the annual statement of the insurers.

016. SCOPE OF AUDIT AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

Financial statements furnished pursuant to Section 012 hereof will be examined by the independent certified public accountant. The audit of the insurer's financial statements will be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The independent certified public accountant should obtain an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan the audit. To the extent prescribed by the standards of his profession, for those insurers prescribed to file a Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Reporting pursuant to Section 023, the independent certified public accountant should consider (as that term is defined in generally accepted auditing standards) the most recently available report in planning and performing the audit of the statutory financial statements. Consideration will be given to the other procedures illustrated in the Financial Condition Examiner's Handbook promulgated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners as the independent certified public accountant deems necessary.

017. NOTIFICATION OF ADVERSE FINANCIAL CONDITION.

The insurer needed to furnish the annual Audited financial report will require the independent certified public accountant to report, in writing, within five (5) business days to the board of directors or its Audit committee any determination by the independent certified public accountant that the insurer has materially misstated its financial condition as reported to the Director as of the balance sheet date currently under audit or that the insurer does not meet the minimum capital and surplus requirements of Title 41, Idaho Code, as of that date. An insurer that has received a report pursuant to this paragraph will forward a copy of the report to the Director within five (5) business days of receipt of the report and will provide the independent certified public accountant making the report with evidence of the report being furnished to the Director. If the independent certified public accountant fails to receive such evidence within the mandatory five (5) business day period, the independent certified public accountant will furnish to the Director a copy of its report within the next five (5) business days. No independent certified public accountant will be liable in any manner to any person for any statement made in connection with Section 017 if the statement is made in good faith in compliance with Section 017. If the accountant, subsequent to the date of the Audited financial report filed pursuant to this rule, becomes aware of facts which might have affected his report, the Director notes the obligation of the accountant to take action as prescribed by the standards of his profession.

018. COMMUNICATION OF INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED MATTERS NOTED IN AN AUDIT.

In addition to the annual audited financial report, each insurer will furnish the Director with a written communication as to any unremediated material weaknesses in its Internal control over financial reporting noted during the audit. Such communication will be prepared by the accountant within sixty (60) days after the filing of the annual audited financial report, and will contain a description of any unremediated material weakness (as the term material weakness is defined by the standards of his profession) as of December 31 immediately preceding (so as to coincide with the audited financial report discussed in Subsection 011.01, of this rule) in the insurer's Internal control over financial reporting noted by the accountant during the course of their audit of the financial statements. If no unremediated material weaknesses were noted, the communication should so state. The insurer needs to provide a description of

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remedial actions taken or proposed to correct unremediated material weaknesses, if the actions are not described in the accountant's communication.

019. ACCOUNTANT'S LETTER OF OUALIFICATION.

The accountant will furnish the insurer in connection with, and for inclusion in, the filing of the annual audited financial report, a letter stating:

- **01. Independence.** That the accountant is independent with respect to the insurer and conforms to the standards of his profession as contained in the Code of Professional Ethics and pronouncements of the AICPA and the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Idaho Board of Public Accountancy, or similar code;
- **O2. Background and Experience.** The background and experience in general, and the experience in audits of insurers of the staff assigned to the engagement and whether each is an independent certified public accountant. Nothing within this rule will be construed as prohibiting the accountant from utilizing such staff as he deems appropriate where use is consistent with the standards prescribed by generally accepted auditing standards;
- 03. Compliance with Rule. That the accountant understands the annual audited financial report and his opinion thereon will be filed in compliance with this rule and that the Director will be relying on this information in the monitoring and regulation of the financial position of insurers;
- **04.** Consent to Requirements of Section 020. That the accountant consents to the requirements of Section 020 of this rule and that the accountant consents and agrees to make available for review by the Director, or the Director's designee or appointed agent, the workpapers, as defined in Section 020;
- **05. Properly Licensed.** A representation that the accountant is properly licensed by an appropriate state licensing authority and is a member in good standing in the AICPA; and
- **06.** Compliance with Section 014. A representation that the accountant is in compliance with the requirements of Section 014 of this rule.

020. DEFINITION, AVAILABILITY AND MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS WORKPAPERS.

Workpapers are the records kept by the independent certified public accountant of the procedures followed, the tests performed, the information obtained, and the conclusions reached pertinent to the accountant's audit of the financial statements of an insurer. Workpapers, accordingly, may include audit planning documentation, work programs, analyses, memoranda, letters of confirmation and representation, abstracts of company documents and schedules or commentaries prepared or obtained by the independent certified public accountant in the course of his audit of the financial statements of an insurer and which support the accountant's opinion. Every insurer needs to file an Audited financial report pursuant to this rule, will require the accountant to make available for review by the insurance department examiners, all workpapers prepared in the conduct of the accountant's audit and any communications related to the audit between the accountant and the insurer, at the office of the insurer, at the insurance department or at any other reasonable place designated by the Director. The insurer will require that the accountant retain the audit workpapers and communications until the insurance department has filed a report on examination covering the period of the audit but no longer than seven (7) years from the date of the audit report. In the conduct of the aforementioned periodic review by the insurance department examiners, it will be agreed that photocopies of pertinent audit workpapers may be made and retained by the department. Such reviews by the department examiners will be considered investigations and all working papers and communications obtained during the course of such investigations will be afforded the same confidentiality as other examination workpapers generated by the department.

021. REQUIREMENTS FOR AUDIT COMMITTEES.

This section will not apply to foreign or alien insurers licensed in this state or an insurer that is a SOX Compliant Entity or a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of a SOX Compliant Entity.

01. Responsibility. The Audit committee will be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of any accountant (including resolution of disagreements between

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management and the accountant regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing the audited financial report or related work pursuant to this chapter. Each accountant will report directly to the Audit committee.

- **02. Corporate Membership**. Each member of the Audit committee will need to be a member of the board of directors of the insurer or a member of the board of directors of an entity elected pursuant to Subsection 021.05 and Section 010 of this rule.
- **03. Independence**. In order to be considered independent for purposes of Section 021, a member of the Audit committee will not, other than in his capacity as a member of the Audit committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee, accept any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the entity or be an affiliated person of the entity or any subsidiary thereof. However, if law requires board participation by otherwise non-independent members, that law will prevail and such members may participate in the Audit committee and be designated as independent for Audit committee purposes, unless they are an officer or employee of the insurer or one (1) of its affiliates.
- **04. Continuation of Service.** If a member of the Audit committee ceases to be independent for reasons outside the member's reasonable control, that person, with notice by the responsible entity to the Director, may remain an Audit committee member of the responsible entity until the earlier of the next annual meeting of the responsible entity or one (1) year from the occurrence of the event that caused the member to be no longer independent.
- **05. Controlling Person**. To exercise the election of the controlling person to designate the Audit committee for purposes of this rule, the ultimate controlling person will provide written notice to the directors of insurance of the affected insurers. Notification will be made timely prior to the issuance of the statutory audit report and include a description of the basis for the election. The election can be changed through notice to the Director by the insurer, which needs to include a description of the basis for the change. The election will remain in effect for perpetuity, until rescinded.
- **96.** Accountant's Reports to Audit Committee. The Audit committee will require the accountant that performs for an insurer any audit prescribed by this rule to timely report to the Audit committee in accordance with the standards of his profession. If an insurer is a member of an insurance holding company system, the reports prescribed by Subsection 021.06 of this rule, may be provided to the Audit committee on an aggregate basis for insurers in the holding company system, provided that any substantial differences among insurers in the system are identified to the Audit committee. The accountant's reports need to include:
 - a. All significant accounting policies and material permitted practices; ()
- **b.** All material alternative treatments of financial information within statutory accounting principles that have been discussed with management officials of the insurer, ramifications of the use of the alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the accountant; and
- **c.** Other material written communications between the accountant and the management of the insurer, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences.
- **07.** Requisite Proportion of Independent Audit Committee Members. The proportion of independent Audit committee members will meet or exceed the following criteria:

Prior Calendar Year Direct Written and Assumed Premiums					
\$0 - \$300,000,000	Over \$300,000,000 - \$500,000,000	Over \$500,000,000			
No minimum requirements. See also Note A and B.	Majority (50% or more) of members will be independent. See also Note A and B.	Supermajority of members (75% or more) will be independent. See also Note A.			

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Prior Calendar Year Direct Written and Assumed Premiums

Note A: The Director has authority afforded by state law to require the entity's board to enact improvements to the independence of the Audit committee membership if the insurer is in a RBC action level event, meets one or more of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition, or otherwise exhibits qualities of a troubled insurer.

Note B: All insurers with less than \$500,000,000 in prior year direct written and assumed premiums are encouraged to structure their Audit committees with at least a supermajority of independent Audit committee members.

Note C: Prior calendar year direct written and assumed premiums will be the combined total of direct premiums and assumed premiums from non-affiliates for the reporting entities.

08. Hardship Waiver. An insurer with direct written and assumed premium, excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) may make application to the Director for a waiver from the Section 021 requirements based upon hardship. The insurer will file, with its annual statement filing, the approval for relief from Section 021 with the states that it is licensed in or doing business in and the NAIC. If the nondomestic state accepts electronic filing with the NAIC, the insurer will file the approval in an electronic format acceptable to the NAIC.

022. CONDUCT OF INSURER IN CONNECTION WITH THE PREPARATION OF REQUISITE REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS.

- **01. False or Misleading Statements.** No director or officer of an insurer may, directly or indirectly make or cause to be made a materially false or misleading statement to an accountant in connection with any audit, review or communication prescribed under this chapter.
- **Omissions**. No director or officer of an insurer may, directly or indirectly omit to state, or cause another person to omit to state, any material fact necessary in order to make statements made, in light of the circumstances under which the statements were made, not misleading to an accountant in connection with any audit, review or communication prescribed under this chapter.
- **Osercion**. No officer or director of an insurer, or any other person acting under the direction thereof, may directly or indirectly take any action to coerce, manipulate, mislead or fraudulently influence any accountant engaged in the performance of an audit pursuant to this chapter if that person knew or should have known that the action, if successful, could result in rendering the insurer's financial statements materially misleading. For purposes of Subsection 022.03 of this rule, actions that, "if successful, could result in rendering the insurer's financial statements materially misleading" include, but are not limited to, actions taken at any time with respect to the professional engagement period to coerce, manipulate, mislead or fraudulently influence an accountant:
- **a.** To issue or reissue a report on an insurer's financial statements that is not warranted in the circumstances (due to material violations of statutory accounting principles prescribed by the Director, generally accepted auditing standards, or other professional or regulatory standards);
- **b.** Not to perform audit, review or other procedures prescribed by generally accepted auditing standards or other professional standards;
 - c. Not to withdraw an issued report; or ()
 - **d.** Not to communicate matters to an insurer's Audit committee.

023. MANAGEMENT'S REPORT OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING.

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		<u>, </u>
Insurance Corp prepare a report defined in Secti Related Matter	Premium Threshold . Every insurer needs to file an audited financial report pursuant annual direct written and assumed premiums, excluding premiums reinsured with the Federation and Federal Flood Program, of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000) or not of the insurer's or group of insurers' internal control over financial reporting, as these to on 010. The report will be filed with the Director along with the Communication of Internal S Noted in an Audit described under Section 018. Management's Report of Internal Contring will be as of December 31 immediately preceding.	eral Crop nore will erms are l Control
the insurer is in hazardous finar	RBC Level or Other Event . Notwithstanding the premium threshold in Subsection 023.0 or may require an insurer to file Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Repair any RBC level event, or meets any one (1) or more of the standards of an insurer deemed acial condition as defined in IDAPA 18.07.05, "Director's Authority for Companies Deemed ancial Condition."	porting if to be in
of insurers have financial statem scope of the S material proces statements (tho Report. If there of the insurer's	Section 404. An insurer or a group of insurers may file its or its parent's Section 404 Reportisfaction of this Section 023 requirement provided that those internal controls of the insurering a material impact on the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited tents (those items included in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule) were included ection 404 Report. The addendum will be a positive statement by management that there ses with respect to the preparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory see items included in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule) excluded from the Section included in Subsections 012.02 through 012.07 of this rule) excluded from the Section group of insurers' audited statutory financial statements and those internal controls of the Section 404 Report, the insurer or group of insurers may either file:	or group statutory ed in the e are no financial ction 404 eparation
a.	A Section 023 report; or	()
b. impact on the p the Section 404	The Section 404 Report and a Section 023 report for those internal controls that have a reparation of the insurer's or group of insurers' audited statutory financial statements not co Report, providing the insurer or group of insurers is:	
i.	Directly subject to Section 404;	()
ii.	Part of a holding company system whose parent is directly subject to Section 404;	()
iii.	Not directly subject to Section 404 but is a SOX Compliant Entity; or	()
iv. SOX Complian	A member of a holding company system whose parent is not directly subject to Section 40 t Entity.	4 but is a
04. include:	Requisite Elements. Management's Report of Internal Control over Financial Repor	ting will
a. control over fin	A statement that management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate ancial reporting;	Internal
over financial re	A statement that management has established Internal control over financial reporting best of management's knowledge and belief, after diligent inquiry, as to whether its Internal eporting is effective to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial states a statutory accounting principles;	il control
c.	A statement that briefly describes the approach or processes by which management evaluates Internal control over financial reporting; and	ated the

A statement that briefly describes the scope of work that is included and whether any internal

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d. A stat controls were excluded;

e.	Disclosure of any unre	emediated material	weaknesses in t	he Internal contro	l over financial	reporting
	agement as of Decemb					
the Internal contr	ol over financial repor	rting is effective to	provide reason	able assurance re	garding the reli	ability of
financial statemen	nts in accordance with	h statutory account	ting principles	if there is one (1)) or more unre	emediated
	ses in its Internal contr			`	,	()

- **f.** A statement regarding the inherent limitations of internal control systems; and
- g. Signatures of the chief executive officer and the chief financial officer (or equivalent position/title).
- **O5. Documentation by Management.** Management will document and make available upon financial condition examination the basis upon which its assertions, prescribed in Subsection 023.04 of this rule, are made. Management may base its assertions, in part, upon its review, monitoring and testing of internal controls undertaken in the normal course of its activities. Management may have discretion as to the nature of the internal control framework used, and the nature and extent of documentation, in order to make its assertion in a cost effective manner and, as such, may include assembly of or reference to existing documentation. Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, prescribed by Subsection 023.01 of this rule, and any documentation provided in support thereof during the course of a financial condition examination, will be kept confidential by the Idaho Department of Insurance.

024. EXEMPTIONS AND EFFECTIVE DATES.

- **O1.** Exemptions Not Otherwise Provided. Upon written application of any insurer, the Director may grant an exemption from compliance with any and all provisions of this rule if the Director finds, upon review of the application, that compliance with this rule would constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon the insurer. An exemption may be granted at any time and from time to time for a specified period or periods. Within ten (10) days from a denial of an insurer's written request for an exemption from this chapter, the insurer may request in writing a hearing on its application for an exemption. The hearing will be held in accordance with the IDAPA 04.11.01, "Idaho Rules of Administrative Procedure of the Attorney General," pertaining to administrative hearing procedures.
- **O2.** Alternate Effective Date for Section 021 [Requirements for Audit Committees]. An insurer or group of insurers that is not prescribed to have independent Audit committee members or only a majority of independent Audit committee members (as opposed to a supermajority) because the total written and assumed premium is below the threshold and subsequently becomes subject to one (1) of the independence requirements due to changes in premium will have one (1) year following the year the threshold is exceeded to comply with the independence requirements. Likewise, an insurer that becomes subject to one (1) of the independence requirements as a result of a business combination will have one (1) calendar year following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with the independence requirements.
- **Reporting**]. An insurer or group of insurers that is not prescribed to file a report because the total written premium is below the threshold and subsequently becomes subject to the reporting requirements will have two (2) years following the year the threshold is exceeded to file a report. Likewise, an insurer acquired in a business combination will have two (2) calendar years following the date of acquisition or combination to comply with the reporting requirements.

025. CANADIAN AND BRITISH COMPANIES.

- **01. Annual Audited Financial Report.** In the case of Canadian and British insurers, the annual audited financial report is defined as the annual statement of total business on the form filed by such companies with their supervision authority duly audited by an independent chartered accountant.
- **02. Letter Requisite in Section 013.** For such insurers, the letter prescribed in Section 013 states that the accountant is aware of the requirements relating to the annual Audited statement filed with the Director pursuant to section 011 and affirms that the opinion expressed is in conformity with such requirements. ()

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01.

)

026. INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION REQUIREMENTS.

a.	The insurer ha	s annual direct	written and un	affiliated as	sumed premium,	including	international
direct and a	ssumed premium bu	t excluding prei	miums reinsure	ed with the I	Federal Crop Inst	urance Cor	oration and
Federal Floo	od Program, less thar	ı five hundred m	illion dollars (S	\$500,000,000	0); and		()

Exemption. An insurer is exempt from the requirements of this section if:

- **b.** If the insurer is a member of a group of insurers, the group has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium including international direct and assumed premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000).
- **92. Function**. The insurer or group of insurers need to establish an internal audit function providing independent, objective and reasonable assurance to the audit committee and insurer management regarding the insurer's governance, risk management and internal controls. This assurance will be provided by performing general and specific audits, reviews and tests and by employing other techniques deemed necessary to protect assets, evaluate control effectiveness and efficiency, and evaluate compliance with policies and regulations. ()
- **03. Independence**. In order to ensure that internal auditors remain objective, the internal audit function needs to be organizationally independent. Specifically, the internal audit function will not defer ultimate judgment on audit matters to others, and will appoint an individual to head the internal audit function who will have direct and unrestricted access to the board of directors. Organizational independence does not preclude dual-reporting relationships.
- **04. Reporting.** The head of the internal audit function will report to the audit committee regularly, but no less than annually, on the periodic audit plan, factors that may adversely impact the internal audit function's independence or effectiveness, material findings from completed audits and the appropriateness of corrective actions implemented by management as a result of audit findings.
- **05.** Additional Requirements. If an insurer is a member of an insurance holding company system or included in a group of insurers, the insurer may satisfy the internal audit function requirements set forth in this section at the ultimate controlling parent level, an intermediate holding company level or the individual legal entity level.

027. MINIMUM RESERVE STANDARDS.

In addition to the requirements in this rule, unless otherwise prescribed or permitted, the minimum reserve standards for individual and group health insurance contracts set forth in the NAIC Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual apply to all individual and group health (disability) insurance coverages including single premium credit disability insurance. All other credit insurance is not subject to this section.

028. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.07.05 - DIRECTOR'S AUTHORITY FOR COMPANIES DEEMED TO BE IN HAZARDOUS FINANCIAL CONDITION

000. Title 41,		AUTHORITY. s 2, 3, and 33, Sections 41-211, 41-327 and 41-3309, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE .	AND SCOPE.	
Conditio	01. on."	Title . IDAPA 18.07.05, "Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to be in Hazardous Fi	nancial
or certif	icates of	Scope . This rule establishes standards that the Director may use for identifying insurers four as to render the continuance of their business hazardous to the public or to holders of their pinsurance. This rule cannot be interpreted to limit the powers granted the Director by any his state, nor supersedes any laws or parts of laws of this state.	oolicies
Financia	e incorpo Il Conditi	PORATION BY REFERENCE. brates by reference the full text of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (ion Examiners Handbook and the NAIC Annual Statement Instructions and Accounting Pr Manual, pursuant to Sections 41-223 and 41-335, Idaho Code.	
003 0	10.	(RESERVED)	
determin	ne wheth	ARDS. andards, either singly or in combination of two (2) or more, may be considered by the Director the continued operation of any insurer transacting insurance business in this state mardous to its policyholders or creditors or to the general public. The Director may consider:	ector to ight be
examina	01. tion repo	Examination Reports . Adverse findings reported in financial condition and market orts, audit reports, and actuarial opinions, reports or summaries.	conduct
and its o		NAIC Insurance Regulatory Information System. The NAIC Regulatory Information acial analysis solvency tools and reports.	System (
and rela	ted exper and rela	Adequate Cash Provision. Whether the insurer has made adequate provision, accord actuarial standards of practice, for the anticipated cash flows needed by the contractual oblineses of the insurer, when considered in light of the assets held by the insurer with respect ted actuarial items including, but not limited to, the investment earnings on such assets, a ticipated to be received and retained under such policies and contracts.	gations to such
reinsurar insurer's	04. nce progr s cash flo	Reinsurance Program . The ability of an assuming reinsurer to perform and whether the in ram provides sufficient protection for the company's remaining surplus after taking into accow and the classes of business written as well as the financial condition of the assuming reinsurance.	unt the
admitted	l assets, a	Operating Loss (50% of Surplus). Whether the insurer's operating loss in the last twelfany shorter period of time, including but not limited to net capital gain or loss, change in a cash dividends paid to shareholders, is greater than fifty percent (50%) of the insurer's renspolicyholders in excess of the minimum mandatory.	in non-
		Operating Loss (20% of Surplus). Whether the insurer's operating loss in the last twelvany shorter period of time, excluding net capital gains, is greater than twenty percent (20%) and surplus as regards policyholders in excess of the minimum mandatory.	ve (12)) of the ()
		Insolvency of Affiliate, Subsidiary or Reinsurer . Whether a reinsurer, obligor, or any r's insurance holding company system is insolvent, threatened with insolvency, or delinquentary or other obligations, and which in the opinion of the Director may affect the solvency	uent in
collectiv	08. rely invol	Contingent Liabilities. Contingent liabilities, pledges or guaranties which either individuve a total amount which in the opinion of the Director may affect the solvency of the insurer.	

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IDAPA 18.07.05 – Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to Be in Hazardous Financial Condition

09. transmitting to, o	Controlling Person. Whether any "controlling person" of an insurer is delinquent or payment of, net premiums to such insurer.	in the	he)
10.	Receivables. The age and collectibility of receivables.	()
	Competence of Management . Whether the management of an insurer, including of other person who directly or indirectly controls the operation of such insurer, fails to posse competence, fitness and reputation deemed necessary to serve the insurer in such position.		
12. inquiries relative inquiry.	Failure to Respond to Inquiries. Whether management of an insurer has failed to respect to the condition of the insurer or has furnished false and misleading information concerns		
13. holding company	Failure to Meet Filing Requirements. Whether the insurer has failed to meet financy filing requirements in the absence of a reason satisfactory to the Director.	ial aı (nd)
institutions or to	False or Misleading Financial Statements. Whether management of an insurer either have adding sworn financial statement, or has released false or misleading financial statement to be the general public, or has made a false or misleading entry, or has omitted an entry of necks of the insurer.	lendii	ng
15. adequate financia	Extensive Growth . Whether the insurer has grown so rapidly and to such an extent that all and administrative capacity to meet its obligations in a timely manner.	it lac	ks)
16. flow and/or liqui	Cash Flow . Whether the company has experienced or will experience in the foreseeable futudity problems.	ire ca	sh)
	Reserves Compliance with Minimum Standards . Whether management has established reply with minimum standards established by state insurance laws, regulations, statutory accuractuarial principles and standards of practice.		
18. reserving that res	Material Under-Reserving. Whether management persistently engages in material sults in adverse development.	unde (er-)
19. persons for which diversity to assur	Transactions Among Affiliates . Whether transactions among affiliates, subsidiaries or conch the insurer receives assets, capital gains or both do not provide sufficient value, liquide the insurer's ability to meet its outstanding obligations as they mature.		
20. policyholders or	Any Other Finding . Any other finding determined by the Director to be hazardous to the ir creditors or to the general public.	nsurer (r's)
012. DIREC	CTOR'S AUTHORITY.		
01. insurer's financia	Determination of Financial Condition . For the purposes of making a determination al condition under this rule, the Director may:	of a	an)
a. insolvent, impair	Disregard any credit or amount receivable resulting from transactions with a reinsurer ward or otherwise subject to a delinquency proceeding;	hich	is)
	Make appropriate adjustments, including disallowance, to asset values attributable to investigns with parents, subsidiaries, or affiliates, consistent with the NAIC Accounting Policical, state laws, and regulations;		
C.	Refuse to recognize the stated value of accounts receivable if the ability to collect receivable in view of the age of the account or the financial condition of the debtor:	ables	is

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.07.05 – Director's Authority for Companies Deemed to Be in Hazardous Financial Condition

	increase the insurer's hability in an amount equal to any contingent hability, pleage, or grached if there is a substantial risk that the insurer will be called upon to meet the object that the next twelve (12) month period.		
	Issuance of Order . If the Director determines that the continued operation of the insurer ess in this state may be hazardous to the policyholders or creditors or to the general public, on a determination, issue an order requiring the insurer to:		
a.	Reduce the total amount of present and potential liability for policy benefits by reinsurance	»; ()
b.	Reduce, suspend or limit the volume of business being accepted or renewed;	()
c.	Reduce general insurance and commission expenses by specified methods;	()
d.	Increase the insurer's capital and surplus;	()
e. policyholders;	Suspend or limit the declaration and payment of dividend by an insurer to its stockholders	or to	its)
f.	File reports in a form acceptable to the Director concerning the market value of an insurer's	s asset	s;)
g. extent the Direct	Limit or withdraw from certain investments or discontinue certain investment practice or deems necessary;	s to the	he)
h.	Document the adequacy of premium rates in relation to the risks insured;	()
i. NAIC or in such	File, in addition to regular annual statements, interim financial reports on the form adopte format as promulgated by the Director;	d by t	he)
j. acceptable to the	Correct corporate governance practice deficiencies and adopt and utilize governance projector;	oractic (es)
k.	Provide a business plan to the Director in order to continue to transact business in the state;	; or ()
l. necessary to imp	Adjust rates for any non-life insurance product written by the insurer that the Director corove the financial condition of the insurer.	onside (ers)
03. that order pursua	Hearing . Any insurer subject to an order under Subsection 012.02 may request a hearing to to Title 41, Chapter 2, Idaho Code.	revie (w)
013 999.	(RESERVED)		

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18.07.06 - RULES GOVERNING LIFE AND HEALTH REINSURANCE AGREEMENTS

000. Title 41.		AUTHORITY. s 2, 3, and 5, Sections 41-211, 41-335, 41-510, 41-511, 41-512 and 41-514, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE,	PURPOSE AND SCOPE.	
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.07.06, "Rules Governing Life and Health Reinsurance Agreements."	()
and cast	alty insu	Purpose . To set forth standards for Reinsurance Agreements involving life insurance, annuit mess insurance (disability) in order that the financial statements of the life and health and prers writing health business and utilizing such agreements properly reflect the financial condisuming insurer.	operty
yield leg	a. gitimate re	The Department recognizes that licensed insurers routinely enter into reinsurance agreement elief to the ceding insurer from strain to surplus.	its that
on a ten substand reinsura mortalit	nporary bee or effe nce trans y or extra	However, it is improper for a licensed insurer, in the capacity of ceding insurer, to enterments for the principal purpose of producing significant surplus aid for the ceding insurer, typosais, while not transferring all of the significant risks inherent in the business being reinsurect, the expected potential liability to the ceding insurer remains basically unchanged laction, notwithstanding certain risk elements in the reinsurance agreement, such as catast aordinary survival. The terms of such agreements referred to herein and described in Section 41-1306, 41-515, 41-308(3), 41-327 and 41-3309:	pically red. In by the trophic
state. Tl	nis rule a	Applicability . This rule applies to all domestic life and accident and health insurers and to al accident and health insurers that are not subject to a substantially similar rule in their domi lso similarly applies to licensed property and casualty insurers with respect to their accide this rule does not apply to assumption reinsurance or yearly renewable term reinsurance.	iciliary
002 (10.	(RESERVED)	
011.	ACCOU	UNTING REQUIREMENTS.	
		Standards for Credit on Financial Statement . No insurer subject to this rule will, for reins a liability or establish any asset in any financial statement filed with the Department if, by the agreement, in substance or effect, any of the following conditions exist:	
portion assumpt commis	of the braining of the brains equalities of the braining of th	Renewal expense allowances provided or to be provided to the ceding insurer by the reinsteriod, are not sufficient to cover anticipated allocable renewal expenses of the ceding insurer usiness reinsured, unless a liability is established for the present value of the shortfall al to the applicable statutory reserve basis on the business reinsured). Those expenses in taxes and direct expenses including, but not limited to, billing, valuation, claim extend by the company at the time the business is reinsured;	on the (using nclude
reinsura modifie	nce agreed	The ceding insurer can be deprived of surplus or assets at the reinsurer's option or automatic of some event, such as the insolvency of the ceding insurer, except that termination ement by the reinsurer for nonpayment of reinsurance premiums or other amounts due, so ance reserve adjustments, interest and adjustments on funds withheld, and tax reimbursement to be such a deprivation of surplus or assets;	of the uch as
agreeme agreeme reimbur terminat agreeme	ent nor parent upon sement to tion occuent. An ex	The ceding insurer needs to reimburse the reinsurer for negative experience under the reinsurer that neither offsetting experience refunds against current and prior years' losses under a syment by the ceding insurer of an amount equal to the current and prior years' losses under voluntary termination of in force reinsurance by the ceding insurer will be considered to the reinsurer for negative experience. Voluntary termination does not include situations are because of unreasonable provisions which allow the reinsurer to reduce its risk under the reinsurer to increase reinsurance premiums or rise excessive levels forcing the ceding company to prematurely terminate the reinsurance treats.	ler the der the such a where ler the sk and

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to pay reinsuran	The reinsurance agreement involves the possible payment by the ceding insurer to the an from income realized from the insured policies. For example, it is improper for a cedi ce premiums, or other fees or charges to a reinsurer which are greater than the directeding company;	ng compa	ıny
	The treaty does not transfer all of the significant risk inherent in the business being reddentified for a representative sampling of products or type of business, the risks which are For products not specifically included, the risks determined to be significant will be con-	e considei	red
i.	Risk categories:	()
(1)	Morbidity.	()
(2)	Mortality.	()
ii. surplus strain exp	Lapse. This is the risk that a policy will voluntarily terminate prior to the recoupment operienced at issue of the policy.	of a statuto (ory)
	Credit Quality (C1). This is the risk that invested assets supporting the reinsured be. The main hazards are that assets will default or that there will be a decrease in earnivalue declines due to changes in interest rate.		
	Reinvestment (C3). This is the risk that interest rates will fall and funds reinvesties received upon asset maturity or call) will therefore earn less than expected. If asset of durations, the mismatch will increase.		

v. Disintermediation (C3). This is the risk that interest rates rise and policy loans and surrenders increase or maturing contracts do not renew at anticipated rates of renewal. If asset durations are greater than the liability durations, the mismatch will increase. Policyholders will move their funds into new products offering higher rates. The company may have to sell assets at a loss to provide for these withdrawals.

Risk Category

Key: + - Significant 0 - Insignificant

	i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	V.	vi.
Health Insurance - other than LTC/LTD*	+	0	+	0	0	0
Health Insurance - LTC/LTD*	+	0	+	+	+	0
Immediate Annuities	0	+	0	+	+	0
Single Premium Deferred Annuities	0	0	+	+	+	+
Flexible Premium Deferred Annuities	0	0	+	+	+	+
Guaranteed Interest Contracts	0	0	0	+	+	+
Other Annuity Deposit Business	0	0	+	+	+	+
Single Premium Whole Life	0	+	+	+	+	+
Traditional Non-Par Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Traditional Non-Par Term	0	+	+	0	0	0
Traditional Par Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Traditional Par Term	0	+	+	0	0	0

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g.

	i.	ii.	iii.	iv.	V.	vi.
Adjustable Premium Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Indeterminate Premium Permanent	0	+	+	+	+	+
Universal Life Flexible Premium	0	+	+	+	+	+
Universal Life Fixed Premium	0	+	+	+	+	+
Universal Life Fixed Premium dump-in premiums allowed	0	+	+	+	+	+

^{*}LTC = Long Term Care Insurance

Significant Risk. ()

- i. The credit quality, reinvestment, or disintermediation risk is significant for the business reinsured and the ceding company does not (other than for the classes of business excepted in IDAPA 18.07.06.011.01.g.ii.) either transfer the underlying assets to the reinsurer or legally segregate such assets in a trust or escrow account or otherwise establish a mechanism satisfactory to the Director which legally segregates, by contract or contract provision, the underlying assets.
- ii. Notwithstanding the requirements of IDAPA 18.07.06.011.01.g.i., the assets supporting the reserves for the following classes of business and any classes of business which do not have a significant credit quality, reinvestment or disintermediation risk may be held by the ceding company without segregation of such assets:
 - Health Insurance LTC/LTD
 - Traditional Non-Par Permanent
 - Traditional Par Permanent
 - Adjustable Premium Permanent
 - Indeterminate Premium Permanent
 - Universal Life Fixed Premium (no dump-in premiums allowed)

The associated formula for determining the reserve interest rate adjustment needs to use a formula that reflects the ceding company's investment earnings and incorporates all realized and unrealized gains and losses reflected in the statutory statement. The following is an acceptable formula:

Rate =
$$\frac{2(I+CG)}{X+Y-I-CG}$$

Where: "I" is the net investment income as reported in Annual Statement

"CG" is capital gains less capital losses as reported in Annual Statement

"X" is the current year cash and invested assets plus investment income due and accrued less borrowed money as reported in Annual Statement

h. Settlements are made less frequently than quarterly or payments due from the reinsurer are not made in cash within ninety (90) days of the settlement date.

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^{*}LTD = Long Term Disability Insurance

i. business being re	The ceding insurer needs to make representations or warranties not reasonably related to sinsured.	the)
j. business being re	The ceding insurer needs to make representations or warranties about future performance of insured.	the)
k. aid for the ceding the business rein basically unchang	The reinsurance agreement is entered into for the principal purpose of producing significant surge insurer, typically on a temporary basis, while not transferring all of the significant risks inherer usured and, in substance or effect, the expected potential liability to the ceding insurer remarked.	it in
	Director's Approval . An insurer subject to this Rule may, with the prior approval of the Direct ce credit or establish such asset as the Director may deem consistent with the Insurance Code actuarial interpretations or standards adopted by the Department.	
03.	Filing of Reinsurance Agreements. ()
filed by the cedir include data deta statement actuari standards of prac- actuary should r	Agreements entered into after the effective date of this Rule which involve the reinsurance prior to the effective date of the agreements, along with any subsequent amendments thereto, will not company with the Director within thirty (30) days from its date of execution. Each filing a siling the financial impact of the transaction. The ceding insurer's actuary who signs the financial opinion with respect to valuation of reserves will consider his Rule and any applicable actual citics when determining the proper credit in financial statements filed with this Department. The maintain adequate documentation and be prepared upon request to describe the actuarial we clusion in the financial statements and to demonstrate that such work conforms to this Rule.	l be will cial rial The
(aggregate write- and recognition of	Any increase in surplus net of federal income tax resulting from arrangements described 3.a. will be identified separately on the insurer's statutory financial statement as a surplus in for gains and losses in surplus in the Capital and Surplus Account line of the Annual Statem of the surplus increase as income will be reflected on a net of tax basis in the "Reinsurance ced I statement as earnings emerge from the business reinsured.	tem ent)
four percent (34% million - six poin line in the Capital	For example: On the last day of calendar year N, company XYZ pays a twenty (\$20) million in expense allowance to company ABC for reinsuring an existing block of business. Assuming a thi (6) tax rate, the net increase in surplus at inception is thirteen point two (\$13.2) million (twenty (\$10 teight (\$6.8) million) which is reported on the "Aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus and Surplus account. Six point eight (\$6.8) million (thirty-four (34%) of twenty (\$20) million me on the "Commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance ceded" line of the Summary (\$10 teight (\$10 t	rty- (20) (lus" (1) is
Company ABC's (\$4) million - one the "Commission sixty five (\$1.65)	At the end of year N+1 the business has earned four (\$4) million. ABC has paid point five (\$1) and risk charges in arrears for the year and has received a one million (\$1) million experience refuse annual statement would report one point six five (\$1.65) million (sixty-six percent (66%) of (\$1) million - point five (\$.5) million) up to a maximum of thirteen point two (\$13.2) million as and expense allowance on reinsurance ceded" line of the Summary of Operations, and -one point million on the "Aggregate write-ins for gains and losses in surplus" line of the Capital and Surplus perience refund would be reported separately as a miscellaneous income item in the Summary	and. four) on oint plus

012. WRITTEN AGREEMENTS.

Operations.

O1. Execution Date. No reinsurance agreement or amendment to any agreement may be used to reduce any liability or to establish any asset in any financial statement filed with the Department, unless the agreement, amendment or a binding letter of intent has been duly executed by both parties no later than the "as of date" of the financial statement.

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IDAHO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE Department of Insurance

IDAPA 18.07.06 Life & Health Reinsurance Agreements

	Letter of Intent. In the case of a letter of intent, a reinsurance agreement or an amendment to a sement needs to be executed within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding ninety (90) days from the of the letter of intent, in order for credit to be granted for the reinsurance ceded.
03.	Requisite Provisions. The reinsurance agreement will contain provisions that provide that:
a. being reinsured agreement; and	The agreement will constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the business thereunder and that there are no understandings between the parties other than as expressed in the
b.	Any change or modification to the agreement will be null and void unless made by amendment to

013. EXISTING AGREEMENTS.

the agreement and signed by both parties.

Insurers subject to this rule will not be allowed to recognize any reserve credits or assets established with respect to reinsurance agreements entered into prior to the effective date of this rule which, under the provisions of this rule would not be entitled to recognition of the reserve credits or assets; provided, however, that the reinsurance agreements will have been in compliance with laws or rules in existence immediately preceding the effective date of this rule.

014. -- 999. (RESERVED)

Section 013 Page 2991

18.07.08 - PROPERTY AND CASUALTY ACTUARIAL OPINION RULE

000. Title 41,		L'AUTHORITY. es 2, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.07.08, "Property and Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule."	()
business	s in this S	Scope . This rule applies to annual statements filed with the Director as of the end of the fllowing the effective date of the rule, and applies to all property and casualty companie state. This rule is intended to provide the Director with additional means to monitor an insured dance with Section 41-610, Idaho Code.	s doir	ıg
002 0	020.	(RESERVED)		
021.	ACTUA	ARIAL OPINION OF RESERVES AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.		
	01.	Statement of Actuarial Opinion, Opinion Summary and Actuarial Report and Work P	apers	i.)
"Statem	ent of Ac	Every property and casualty insurance company doing business in this state, unless of domiciliary commissioner, will annually submit the opinion of an Appointed Actuary ctuarial Opinion." This opinion will be filed in accordance with the appropriate NAIC Proper Statement Instructions.	entitle	ed
Appoint and Cas	ed Actua sualty Ar	Every property and casualty insurance company domiciled in this state that is needs to studied opinion will annually submit an Actuarial Opinion Summary, written by the contry. This Actuarial Opinion Summary will be filed in accordance with the appropriate NAIC Panual Statement Instructions and will be considered to be a document supporting the Actuarian Opinion Opinion Summary will be considered to be a document supporting the Actuarian Opinion Summary.	npany Proper	's ty
upon rec	c. quest.	A company licensed but not domiciled in this state will provide the Actuarial Opinion Su	ımmaı (ry)
and Cas	d. ualty Anı	An Actuarial Report and underlying work papers as prescribed by the appropriate NAIC Fundal Statement Instructions will be prepared to support each Actuarial Opinion.	Proper (ty)
provided Instructi	d by the	If the insurance company fails to provide a supporting Actuarial Report or work papers birector, or, after review, the Director determines the supporting Actuarial Report or work insurance company do not comply with the NAIC Property and Casualty Annual State otherwise unacceptable, the Director may engage a qualified actuary at the expense with opinion and the basis for the opinion, and to prepare the supporting Actuarial Report of the opinion and the basis for the opinion.	pape ateme	rs nt ne
022.	CONFI	DENTIALITY.		
with the	01. appropri	The Statement of Actuarial Opinion. Will be provided with the Annual Statement in account in the NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions and treated as a public document of the NAIC Property and Casualty Annual Statement Instructions and treated as a public document.		ce
	02.	Actuarial Report.	()
any othe Actuaria	er materia al Opinio	Documents, materials or other information in the possession or control of the Department ctuarial Report, work papers or Actuarial Opinion Summary provided in support of the opinial provided by the company to the Director in connection with the Actuarial Report, work particularly will be considered to be exempt from public disclosure under Section 74-107(5) to Public Records Act.	ion, ar apers	nd or
professi	onal disc	This provision cannot be construed to limit the Director's authority to release the document for Counseling and Discipline (ABCD) so long as the material is needed for the puriplinary proceedings and that the ABCD establishes procedures satisfactory to the Director redocuments, nor be construed to limit the Director's authority to use the documents, materials.	pose (gardir	of 1g

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IDAPA 18.07.08 Property & Casualty Actuarial Opinion Rule

other information in furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought as part of the Director's official duti	ies.	
	()

03. Waiver. No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials or information occurs as a result of disclosure to the director in Section 022.

023. -- 999. (RESERVED)

Section 022 Page 2993

18.07.09 – LIFE AND HEALTH ACTUARIAL OPINION AND MEMORANDUM RULE

000. Title 41,		2, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.07.09, "Life and Health Acutarial Opinion and Memorandum Rule."	()
authoriz will be a asset an standard and actu	ed to reir applied in alysis an ls of prac aarial ass	Application of Rule. This rule applies to all life insurance companies and fraternal business in this State and to all life insurance companies and fraternal benefit societies who have life insurance, annuities or accident and health insurance business in this State. This regard a manner that allows the appointed actuary to utilize their professional judgment in perform developing the actuarial opinion and supporting memoranda, consistent with relevant a strice. However, the Director will have the authority to specify specific methods of actuarial a sumptions when, in the Director's judgment, these specifications are necessary for an accidered relative to the adequacy of reserves and related items.	nich a gulatio ning th ctuari analys	re on ne al is
related a	actuarial	Application to All Annual Statements . This rule will be applicable to all annual statement of the Director after the effective date. A statement of opinion on the adequacy of the reservitems based on an asset adequacy analysis in accordance with Section 022 of this chapter support thereof in accordance with Section 023 of this chapter, will be needed each year.	ves ar	ıd
	04.	Purpose . The purpose of this rule is to prescribe:	()
accordai	a.	Guidelines and standards for statements of actuarial opinion which are to be submissection 41-612(12), Idaho Code, and for memoranda in support thereof;	itted :	in)
	b.	Rules applicable to the appointment of an appointed actuary; and	()
	c.	Guidelines as to the meaning of adequacy of reserves.	()
002 0	09.	(RESERVED)		
010.	DEFIN	ITIONS.		
		Actuarial Opinion . The opinion of an Appointed Actuary regarding the adequacy of the rarial items based on an asset adequacy test in accordance with Section 022 of this chapter and Actuarial Standards.		
develop	02. and pron	Actuarial Standards Board. The board established by the American Academy of Actuanulgate standards of actuarial practice.	aries 1	to)
		Asset Adequacy Analysis. An analysis that meets the standards and other requirements referenced of this chapter. It may take many forms, including, but not limited to, cash flow gor applications of risk theory.		
of this ru	04. ale.	Company. A life insurance company, fraternal benefit society or reinsurer subject to the pro-	visioi (ıs)
011 0	20.	(RESERVED)		
021.	GENEF	RAL REQUIREMENTS.		
	01.	Submission of Statement of Actuarial Opinion.	()
"Statem	ent of A	There is to be included on or attached to Page one (1) of the annual statement for each the year in which this rule becomes effective the statement of an appointed actuary, extuarial Opinion," setting forth an opinion relating to reserves and related actuarial items and contracts, in accordance with Section 022 of this chapter.	entitle	ed
submiss	b. ion of the	Upon written request by the company, the Director may grant an extension of the destatement of actuarial opinion.	ate fo	or)

Section 000 Page 2994

IDAPA 18.07.09 – Life and Health Actuarial Opinion & Memorandum Rule

(02.	Qualified Actuary. An individual who:	()
8	a.	Is a member in good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries; and	()
	s in acco	Is qualified to sign statements of actuarial opinion for life and health insurance company ordance with the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries significant or actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries significant or actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries significant or actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries qualification standards for actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries of Actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries of the American Academy of Actuaries		
(c .	Is familiar with the valuation requirements applicable to life and health insurance companies	s; and)
		Has not been found by the Director (or if so found has subsequently been reinstated as a que appropriate notice and hearing to have;	ualified	1
i qualified		Violated any provision of, or any obligation imposed by any law in the course of their dealin or	ngs as a	1)
i	i.	Been found guilty of fraudulent or dishonest practices; or	()
or	ii.	Demonstrated incompetency, lack of cooperation, or untrustworthiness to act as a qualified a	ctuary	;
	dum that	Submitted to the Director during the past five (5) years, pursuant to this rule, an actuarial opit the Director rejected because it did not meet the provisions including standards set by the Actor	nion o ctuaria	r 1
omissions actuarial	s indicate	Resigned or been removed as an actuary within the past five (5) years as a result of ed in any adverse report on examination or as a result of failure to adhere to generally access; and	acts or eptable	r •)
that under		Has not failed to notify the Director of any action taken by any Director of any other state sirtion 021.02.d. of this chapter.	nilar to)
Actuarial executive the case appointed requirement with resp actuary co 021.02 of	Opinion of a corflor retailents set flect to the cases to fitting this characteristic of this characteristic of the cases to fithis characteristic or of the case of	Appointed Actuary. A qualified actuary who is appointed or retained to prepare the Stater a prescribed by this rule; either directly by or by the authority of the board of directors through the company. The company will give the Director timely written notice of the name, title (assulting actuary, the name of the firm) and manner of appointment or retention of each need by the company as an appointed actuary and will state in such notice that the person meter forth in Subsection 021.02 of this chapter. Once notice is furnished, no further notice is presis person, provided that the company will give the Director timely written notice in the evolution beapter. If any person appointed or retained as an appointed actuary replaces a previously appear will so state and give the reasons for replacement.	ough ar (and, ir person eets the scribed rent the section	1 1 2 1 2 1
(04.	Standards for Asset Adequacy Analysis. The asset adequacy analysis prescribed by this ru	le:)
any additi	ional sta	Will conform to the Standards of Practice as promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board ndards under this rule, which standards are to form the basis of the statement of actuarial opi Section 021 of this chapter; and	and or nion ir	1 1
Standards		Will be based on methods of analysis as are deemed appropriate for such purposes by the Ad	ctuaria (1
	05.	Liabilities to Be Covered.	()

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Contract for Life	cts, Aggre e and Hea	Under authority of Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the statement of actuarial opinion will a mess on the statement date regardless of when or where issued, e.g., Aggregate Reserve for Accident and Health Contracts, reserves for Deposit Type Contracts, and alth Contracts as reported in Exhibits of the annual statement, and equivalent items in the sent or statements of the annual statement.	or Life Claims
		If the appointed actuary determines as the result of asset adequacy analysis that a reserve sh to the aggregate reserve held by the company and calculated in accordance with methods set 12), Idaho Code, the company will establish such additional reserve.	
actuaria	c. l not nec al opinion d of valua	Additional reserves established under Subsections 021.05.a. or 021.05.b. of this chapters of the applicable years may be released. Any amounts released needs to be disclosed a for the applicable year. The release of such reserves would not be deemed an adoption of action.	l in the
022.	STATE	MENT OF ACTUARIAL OPINION BASED ON AN ASSET ADEQUACY ANALYSIS.	
will con	01. nsist of;	General Description. The statement of actuarial opinion submitted in accordance with this	section (
chapter	a. ();	A paragraph identifying the appointed actuary and qualifications (see Subsection 022.02.a.	of this
which f	nave been	A scope paragraph identifying the subjects on which an opinion is to be expressed and desappointed actuary's work, including a tabulation delineating the reserves and related actuarian analyzed for asset adequacy and the method of analysis, (see Subsection 022.02.b. of this che reserves and related actuarial items covered by the opinion which have not been so analyzed.	al items hapter)
assets,	including	A reliance paragraph describing those areas, if any, where the appointed actuary has defedeveloping data, procedures or assumptions, (e.g., anticipated cash flows from currently variation in cash flows according to economic scenarios (see Subsection 022.02.c. of this clatement of each such expert in the form prescribed by Subsection 022.05 of this chapter; and	owned hapter),
the sup	d. porting as	An opinion paragraph expressing the appointed actuary's opinion with respect to the adequests to mature the liabilities (see Subsection 022.02.f. of this chapter).	uacy of
	e.	One (1) or more additional paragraphs will be needed in individual company cases as follow	vs; ()
	i.	If the appointed actuary considers it necessary to state a qualification of his opinion;	()
asset al	ii. location ı	If the appointed actuary needs to disclose an inconsistency in the method of analysis or based at the prior opinion date with that used for this opinion;	pasis of
released	iii. d as of thi	If the appointed actuary needs to disclose whether additional reserves of the prior opinion of is opinion date, and the extent of the release; or	date are
	iv.	If the appointed actuary chooses to add a paragraph briefly describing the assumptions which	ch form

Recommended Language. The Department has adopted recommended language which can be

obtained on the Department's website and are to be included in the statement of actuarial opinion in accordance with this section. Language is that which in typical circumstances should be included in a statement of actuarial opinion. The language may be modified as needed to meet the circumstances of a particular case, but the appointed actuary should use language which clearly expresses their professional judgment. However, in any event the opinion will

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the basis for the actuarial opinion.

02.

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retain all pertinent aspects of the language provided.

- **03. Assumptions for New Issues**. The adoption for new issues or new claims or other new liabilities of an actuarial assumption which differs from a corresponding assumption used for prior new issues or new claims or other new liabilities is not a change in actuarial assumptions within the meaning of this Section 022 of this chapter.
- **O4.** Adverse Opinions. If the appointed actuary is unable to form an opinion, then they will refuse to issue a statement of actuarial opinion. If the appointed actuary's opinion is adverse or qualified, then they will issue an adverse or qualified actuarial opinion explicitly stating the reason(s) for such opinion. This statement should follow the scope paragraph and precede the opinion paragraph.
- of others on matters concerning the accuracy or completeness of any data underlying the actuarial opinion, or the appropriateness of any other information used by the appointed actuary in forming the actuarial opinion, the actuarial opinion should so indicate the persons the actuary is relying upon and a precise identification of the items subject to reliance. In addition, the persons on whom the appointed actuary relies will provide a certification that precisely identifies the items on which the person is providing information and a statement as to the accuracy, completeness or reasonableness, as applicable, of the items. This certification will include the signature, title, company, address and telephone number of the person rendering the certification, as well as the date on which it is signed.

023. ALTERNATE OPTION.

- **01. Standard Valuation Law**. The Standard Valuation Law gives the Director broad authority to accept the valuation of a foreign insurer when that valuation meets the requirements applicable to a company domiciled in this state in the aggregate. As an alternative to the requirements of part (c) in Paragraph 022.02.f. of this chapter, the Director may make one (1) or more of the following additional approaches available to the opining actuary:
- a. A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and the formal written standards and conditions of this state for filing an opinion based on the law of the state of domicile." If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written list of standards and conditions will be made available. If a company chooses to use this alternative, the standards and conditions in effect on July 1 of a calendar year will apply to statements for that calendar year, and they will remain in effect until they are revised or revoked. If no list is available, this alternative is not available.
- **b.** A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and I have verified that the company's request to file an opinion based on the law of the state of domicile has been approved and that any conditions prescribed by the Director for approval of that request have been met." If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written statement of such allowance will be issued no later than March 31 of the year it is first effective. It will remain valid until rescinded or modified by the Director. The rescission or modifications will be issued no later than March 31 of the year they are first effective. Subsequent to that statement being issued, if a company chooses to use this alternative, the company will file a request to do so, along with justification for its use, no later than April 30 of the year of the opinion to be filed. The request will be deemed approved on October 1 of that year if the Director has not denied the request by that date.
- **c.** A statement that the reserves "meet the requirements of the insurance laws and regulations of the State of [state of domicile] and I have submitted the prescribed comparison as specified by this state."
- i. If the Director chooses to allow this alternative, a formal written list of products (to be added to the table in Item (ii) below) for which the prescribed comparison will be provided will be published. If a company chooses to use this alternative, the list in effect on July 1 of a calendar year will apply to statements for that calendar year, and it will remain in effect until it is revised or revoked. If no list is available, this alternative is not available.
- ii. If a company desires to use this alternative, the appointed actuary will provide a comparison of the gross nationwide reserves held to the gross nationwide reserves that would be held under NAIC codification

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standards. Gross nationwide reserves are the total reserves calculated for the total company in force business directly sold and assumed, indifferent to the state in which the risk resides, without reduction for reinsurance ceded. The information provided will be at least:

(1) Product Type	(2) Death Benefit or Account Value	(3) Reserves Held	(4) Codification Reserves	(5) Codification Standard

iii. The information listed will include all products identified by either the state of filing or any other states subscribing to this alternative.

iv. If there is no codification standard for the type of product or risk in force or if the codification standard does not directly address the type of product or risk in force, the appointed actuary will provide detailed disclosure of the specific method and assumptions used in determining the reserves held.

v. The comparison provided by the company is to be kept confidential to the same extent and under the same conditions as the actuarial memorandum.

d. Notwithstanding the above, the Director may reject an opinion based on the laws and regulations of the state of domicile and require an opinion based on the laws of this state. If a company is unable to provide the opinion within sixty (60) days of the request or such other period of time determined by the Director after consultation with the company, the Director may contract with an independent actuary at the company's expense to prepare and file the opinion.

024. DESCRIPTION OF ACTUARIAL MEMORANDUM INCLUDING AN ASSET ADEQUACY ANALYSIS AND REGULATORY ASSET ADEQUACY ISSUES SUMMARY.

()
(

a. In accordance with Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the appointed actuary will prepare a memorandum to the company describing the analysis done in support of their opinion regarding the reserves. The memorandum will be made available for examination by the Director upon his request but will be returned to the company after such examination and cannot be considered a record of the insurance department or subject to automatic filing with the Director.

b. In preparing the memorandum, the appointed actuary may rely on, and include as a part of their own memorandum, memoranda prepared and signed by other actuaries who are qualified within the meaning of Subsection 021.02 of this chapter, with respect to the areas covered in such memoranda, and so state in their memoranda.

c. If the Director requests a memorandum and no such memorandum exists or if the Director finds that the analysis described in the memorandum fails to meet the standards of the Actuarial Standards Board or the standards and requirements of this Rule, the Director may designate a qualified actuary to review the opinion and prepare such supporting memorandum as is needed for review. The reasonable and necessary expense of the independent review will be paid by the company but will be directed and controlled by the Director.

d. The reviewing actuary will have the same status as an examiner for purposes of obtaining data from the company and the work papers and documentation of the reviewing actuary will be retained by the Director; provided, however, that any information provided by the company to the reviewing actuary and included in the work papers will be considered as examination workpapers and will be kept confidential to the same extent as is prescribed by Section 41-227, Idaho Code. The reviewing actuary cannot be an employee of a consulting firm involved with the

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Department of	f Insurance Actuarial Opinion & Memorandum	Rule
preparation of an or the preceding	ny prior memorandum or opinion for the insurer pursuant to this rule for any one of the current three (3) years.	nt yea
The regulatory a year for which a issues summary	In accordance with Section 41-612(12), Idaho Code, the appointed actuary will prepadequacy issues summary, the contents of which are specified in Subsection 024.03 of this classet adequacy issues summary will be submitted no later than March 15 of the year following statement of actuarial opinion based on asset adequacy is mandatory. The regulatory asset adequally be maintained as confidential and not subject to public disclosure by the director in accordance of 12(12), Idaho Code, and Section 74-107(5) of the Idaho Public Records Act.	hapter ing the equacy
of another state company domici summary in their	In accordance with Section 41-612(12)(d)(iv), the director will accept the regulatory summary of a foreign or alien company filed by that company with the insurance supervisory of if the director determines that the summary reasonably meets the requirements applicable filed in Idaho. Therefore, foreign or alien insurers needed to file the regulatory asset adequacy in home state are exempt from filing in this state, except upon request of the director, provide substantially similar reporting requirements and the summary is filed with the director of the time specified.	officia le to a issues led the
analysis has bee	Details of the Memorandum Section Documenting Asset Adequacy Analysis (Section ial opinion under Section 022 of this chapter is provided, the memorandum will demonstrate then done in accordance with the standards for asset adequacy referred to in Subsection 021.04 additional standards under this rule. It will specify;	hat the
a.	For reserves;	(
i. and the specific	Product descriptions including market description, underwriting and other aspects of a risk risks the appointed actuary deems significant;	profile (
ii.	Source of liability in force;	(
iii.	Reserve method and basis;	(
iv.	Investment reserves;	(
V.	Reinsurance arrangements; and	(
	Identification of any explicit or implied guarantees made by the general account in support through a separate account or under a separate account policy or contract and the methods us tuary to provide for the guarantees in the asset adequacy analysis.	
b.	Documentation of assumptions to test reserves for the following:	(
i.	Lapse rates (both base and excess);	(
ii.	Interest crediting rate strategy;	(
iii.	Mortality;	(
iv.	Policyholder dividend strategy;	(
v.	Competitor or market interest rate;	(

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Commissions and expenses; and

Annuitization rates;

Morbidity.

vi. vii.

viii.

memora	ix. andum co	The documentation of the assumptions will be such that an actuary reviewing the uld form a conclusion as to the reasonableness of the assumptions.	actuar (rial)
	c.	For assets:	()
assets;	i.	Portfolio descriptions, including a risk profile disclosing the quality, distribution and	types	of)
	ii.	Investment and disinvestment assumptions;	()
	iii.	Source of asset data;	()
	iv.	Asset valuation bases.	()
	d.	Documentation of assumptions made for the following assets:	()
	i.	Default costs;	()
	ii.	Bond call function;	()
	iii.	Mortgage prepayment function;	()
	iv.	Determining market value for assets sold due to disinvestment strategy; and	()
	v.	Determining yield on assets acquired through the investment strategy.	()
memora	vi. andum co	The documentation of the assumptions will be such that an actuary reviewing the uld form a conclusion as to the reasonableness of the assumptions.	actuar	ial)
	e.	For the analysis basis:	()
	i.	Methodology;	()
analyze	ii. ed;	Rationale for inclusion/exclusion of different blocks of business and how pertinent ris	sks we	ere)
level of	iii. `"materia	Rationale for degree of rigor in analyzing different blocks of business (include in the rational lity" that was used in determining how rigorously to analyze different blocks of business);	onale t	the)
		Criteria for determining asset adequacy (include in the criteria the precise basis for determant to cover reserves under "moderately adverse conditions" or other conditions as spell standards of practice);		
in the a	v. sset adeqı	Whether the impact of federal income taxes was considered and the method of treating reigacy analysis.	nsuran (nce)
adequa	f. cy analysi	Summary of material changes in methods, procedures, or assumptions from prior years;	r's as	set)
	g.	Summary of Results;	()
	h.	Conclusion(s).	()
	i.	The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will include:	()
	i.	Descriptions of the scenarios tested (including whether those scenarios are stock	nastic	or

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deterministic) and the sensitivity testing done relative to those scenarios. If negative ending surplus results under certain tests in the aggregate, the actuary should describe those tests and the amount of additional reserve as of the valuation date which, if held, would eliminate the negative aggregate surplus values. Ending surplus values will be determined by either extending the projection period until the in force and associated assets and liabilities at the end of the projection period are immaterial or by adjusting the surplus amount at the end of the projection period by an amount that appropriately estimates the value that can reasonably be expected to arise from the assets and liabilities remaining in force;

- ii. The extent to which the appointed actuary uses assumptions in the asset adequacy analysis that are materially different than the assumptions used in the previous asset adequacy analysis;
- iii. The amount of reserves and the identity of the product lines that had been subjected to asset adequacy analysis in the prior opinion but were not subject to analysis for the current opinion; ()
- iv. Comments on any interim results that may be of significant concern to the appointed actuary. For example, the impact of the insufficiency of assets to support the payment of benefits and expenses and the establishment of statutory reserves during one or more interim periods;
- v. The methods used by the actuary to recognize the impact of reinsurance on the company's cash flows, including both assets and liabilities, under each of the scenarios tested; and
- vi. Whether the actuary has been satisfied that all options whether explicit or embedded, in any asset or liability (including but not limited to those affecting cash flows embedded in fixed income securities) and equity-like features in any investments have been appropriately considered in the asset adequacy analysis.
- j. The regulatory asset adequacy issues summary will contain the name of the company for which the regulatory asset adequacy issues summary is being supplied and will be signed and dated by the appointed actuary rendering the actuarial opinion.
- **04.** Conformity to Standards of Practice. The memorandum will include a statement: "Actuarial methods, considerations and analyses used in the preparation of this memorandum conform to the appropriate Standards of Practice as promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board, which standards form the basis for this memorandum."
- O5. Use of Assets Supporting the Interest Maintenance Reserve and the Asset Valuation Reserve. An appropriate allocation of assets in the amount of the Interest Maintenance Reserve (IMR), whether positive or negative, needs to be used in any asset adequacy analysis. Analysis of risks regarding asset default may include an appropriate allocation of assets supporting the Asset Valuation Reserve (AVR); these AVR assets cannot be applied for any other risks with respect to reserve adequacy. Analysis of these and other risks may include assets supporting other mandatory or voluntary reserves available to the extent not used for risk analysis and reserve support. The amount of the assets used for the AVR needs to be disclosed in the Table of Reserves and Liabilities of the opinion and in the memorandum. The method used for selecting particular assets or allocated portions of assets needs to be disclosed in the memorandum.
- **06. Documentation**. The appointed actuary will retain on file, for at least seven (7) years, sufficient documentation so that it will be possible to determine the procedures followed, the analyses performed, the bases for assumptions and the results obtained.

025. -- 999. (RESERVED)

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18.07.10 - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ANNUAL DISCLOSURE

000. LEGAL AUTHOR Title 41, Chapters 2 and 64,		()
001. TITLE AND SCO	PE.		
01. Title . This	s rule is titled IDAPA 18.07.10, "Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure."	()
	nis rule sets forth procedures for filing and the necessary content of the Cure (CGAD) to carry out the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 64, Idaho Code.	orpora (ite)
The most recent National A	ON BY REFERENCE. Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) Financial Analysis Handbootion) is incorporated by reference into IDAPA 18.07.10.	k (20	16
003. – 009. (RESERV	/ED)		
010. DEFINITIONS.			
directors at regular intervals and without limitation, the (COO), chief procurement o	anagement. Any corporate officer responsible for reporting information to the loor providing this information to shareholders or regulators and will include, for chief executive officer (CEO), chief financial officer (CFO), chief operations officer (CPO), chief legal officer (CLO), chief information officer (CIO), chief tece officer (CRO), chief visionary officer (CVO), or any other chief or "C" level ex	examp s offic hnolog	ole er gy
011. FILING PROCEI	DURES.		
a CGAD by Title 41, Chapt	adline . An insurer, or the insurance group of which the insurer is a member, need ter 64, Idaho Code, no later than June 1 of each calendar year, submit to the disprinction described in Section 012 of this rule.		
executive officer or corporator insurance group has imp	e. The CGAD needs to include a signature of the insurer's or insurance group to secretary attesting to the best of that individual's belief and knowledge that the olemented the corporate governance practices and that a copy of the CGAD has not not not provided in the composition of the composition	insur as be	er
providing the information prelevant information necessary	The insurer or insurance group will have discretion regarding the appropriate for prescribed by this rule and is permitted to customize the CGAD to provide the ary to permit the director to gain an understanding of the corporate governance stand by the insurer or insurance group.	he mo	ost
may choose to provide info intermediate holding compa group has structured its syst CGAD disclosures at the lev earnings, capital, liquidity, supervision of those factors corporate governance duties	g Information. For purposes of completing the CGAD, the insurer or insurance ormation on governance activities that occur at the ultimate controlling parent I my level or the individual legal entity level, depending upon how the insurer or interm of corporate governance. The insurer or insurance group is encouraged to not evel at which the insurer's or insurance group's risk appetite is determined, or at we operations, and reputation of the insurer are overseen collectively and at we have are coordinated and exercised, or the level at which legal liability for failure of so would be placed. If the insurer or insurance group determines the level of refull indicate which of the three criteria was used to determine the level of reportings in level of reporting.	evel, a nsuran nake thich thich thich igeneration	an ce he he he ral
Section 41-6403, Idaho Cod the lead state of the group a adopted by the NAIC. In the	on on Insurance Group Level. Notwithstanding Subsection 011.01, and as out le, if the CGAD is completed at the insurance group level, then it needs to be fit is determined by the procedures outlined in the most recent financial analysis has been instances, a copy of the CGAD needs to also be provided to the chief repart the insurance group has a domestic insurer, upon request.	led wi andboo	th ok

Referencing. An insurer or insurance group may comply with this section by referencing other

existing documents (e.g., Own Risk Solvency Assessment (ORSA) summary report, holding company form B or F

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filings, Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) proxy statements, foreign regulatory reporting requirements, etc.) if the documents provide information that is comparable to the information described in Section 012. The insurer or insurance group will clearly reference the location of the relevant information within the CGAD and attach the referenced document if it is not already filed or available to the regulator.

07. Filing of Amended Versions. Each year following the initial filing of the CGAD, the insurer or insurance group will file an amended version of the previously filed CGAD indicating where changes have been made. If no changes were made in the information or activities reported by the insurer or insurance group, the filing should so state.

012 CONTENTS OF CORPORATE COVERNANCE ANNUAL DISCLOSURE

012.	CONT	ENTS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ANNUAL DISCLUSURE.	
	clusion of	Detail . The insurer or insurance group will be as descriptive as possible in completing the fattachments or example documents that are used in the governance process, since these may enstrate the strengths of their governance framework and practices.	
governa	02. ance fram	CGAD Considerations . The CGAD will describe the insurer's or insurance group's consework and structure including consideration of the following:	orporate
compan	ce group ry, legal	The board and various committees thereof ultimately responsible for overseeing the in and the level(s) at which that oversight occurs (e.g., ultimate control level, intermediate entity, etc.). The insurer or insurance group will describe and discuss the rationale for the ructure; and	holding
	b.	The duties of the board and each of its significant committees and how they are govern	

- b. The duties of the board and each of its significant committees and how they are governed (e.g., bylaws, charters, informal mandates, etc.), as well as how the board's leadership is structured, including a discussion of the roles of chief executive officer (CEO) and chairman of the board within the organization.
- **03. Factors**. The insurer or insurance group will describe the policies and practices of the most senior governing entity and significant committees thereof, including a discussion of the following factors:
- **a.** How the qualifications, expertise and experience of each board member meet the needs of the insurer or insurance group. (
- **b.** How an appropriate amount of independence is maintained on the board and its significant committees.
- ${f c.}$ The number of meetings held by the board and its significant committees over the past year as well as information on director attendance.
- **d.** How the insurer or insurance group identifies, nominates and elects members to the board and its committees. The discussion should include, for example:
 - i. Whether a nomination committee is in place to identify and select individuals for consideration.
 - ii. Whether term limits are placed on directors. ()
 - iii. How the election and re-election processes function. (
 - iv. Whether a board diversity policy is in place and if so, how it functions. ()
- **e.** The processes in place for the board to evaluate its performance and the performance of its committees, as well as any recent measures taken to improve performance (including any board or committee training programs that have been put in place).
 - **04.** Additional Factors. The insurer or insurance group will describe the policies and practices for

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directing senior n	nanagement, including a description of the following factors:	()
a. persons in controles, including:	Any processes or practices (i.e., suitability standards) to determine whether officers and functions have the appropriate background, experience and integrity to fulfill their pro-	
i. description of the	Identification of the specific positions for which suitability standards have been developed standards employed.	ed and a
ii. group's standards	Any changes in an officer's or key person's suitability as outlined by the insurer 's or in and procedures to monitor and evaluate such changes.	nsurance
b. considers, for exa	The insurer's or insurance group's code of business conduct and ethics, the discussion omple:	of which
i.	Compliance with laws, rules, and regulations; and	()
ii.	Proactive reporting of any illegal or unethical behavior.	()
general objective description will	The insurer's or insurance group's processes for performance evaluation, compensat to ensure effective senior management throughout the organization, including a description es of significant compensation programs and what the programs are designed to reward include sufficient detail to allow the director to understand how the organization ensurance or the programs do not encourage and/or reward excessive risk taking. Elements to be discussed may	on of the ard. The ares that
i.	The board's role in overseeing management compensation programs and practices.	()
ii. programs and he compensation pai	The various elements of compensation awarded in the insurer's or insurance group's composite the insurer or insurance group determines and calculates the amount of each element;	
iii.	How compensation programs are related to both company and individual performance over	r time;
iv. incorporated into	Whether compensation programs include risk adjustments and how those adjustments the programs for employees at different levels;	ents are
v. measures upon w	Any clawback provisions built into the programs to recover awards or payments if the perfolich they are based are restated or otherwise adjusted;	ormance
vi. compensation po	Any other factors relevant in understanding how the insurer or insurance group mon licies to determine whether its risk management objectives are met by incentivizing its empl	
d.	The insurer's or insurance group's plans for CEO and senior management succession.	()
05. committees and s insurer's business	Oversight . The insurer or insurance group will describe the processes by which the beenior management ensure an appropriate amount of oversight to the critical risk areas impact activities, including a discussion of:	
a. and senior manag	How oversight and management responsibilities are delegated between the board, its congement;	nmittees
b. senior manageme	How the board is kept informed of the insurer's strategic plans, the associated risks, and stent is taking to monitor and manage those risks;	teps that

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с.	How reporting responsibilities are organized for each critical risk area. The description	n shou	ıld
	or to understand the frequency at which information on each critical risk area is reporte		
	or management and the board. This description may include, for example, the following cri	tical ri	.sk
areas of the insur	er:	()
i. report pursuant to	Risk management processes (An ORSA summary report filer may refer to its ORSA so Title 41, Chapter 63, Idaho Code);	summa (ıry)
	, 1 , , , , , ,		
ii.	Actuarial function;	()
iii.	Investment decision-making processes;	()
iv.	Reinsurance decision-making processes;	()
v.	Business strategy/finance decision-making processes;	()
vi.	Compliance function;	()
vii.	Financial reporting/internal auditing; and	()
viii.	Market conduct decision-making processes.	()
013. – 999.	(RESERVED)		

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18.08.01 - ADOPTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE

000. Title 41,		AUTHORITY. 2, Idaho Code.	()
001.	TITLE	AND SCOPE.		
	01.	Title. IDAPA 18.08.01, "Adoption of the International Fire Code."	()
	n in the s	Scope . Pursuant to the authority provided by Section 41-253, Idaho Code, the State Fire Mational Fire Code as the minimum standard for the protection of life and property from firstate of Idaho. All such editions and appendices will be adopted in accordance with Section 67	ire aı	ıd
002 0	009.	(RESERVED)		
010. CODE. Delete I		TRUCTION AND DESIGN PROVISIONS, SECTION 102.1, INTERNATIONAL 3 of Section 102.1, International Fire Code.	FIR	E)
Delete the be removed	NATION he follow ved from	ATMENT OF FIRE PREVENTION, SECTION 103.2 APPOINTMENT FIRE CODE. Ving language in section 103.2 of the International Fire Code: " and the fire code official shaped office except for cause and after full opportunity to be heard on specific and relevant charges atting authority."	nall n	ot
012. CODE.	GENER	RAL AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITIES, SECTION 104.1, INTERNATIONAL	FIR	E
	followin	g second paragraph to Section 104.1, General, International Fire Code:	()
chief's c	01. lirection,	Fire Chief's Authority . The fire chief is authorized to administer and enforce this code. Un the fire department is authorized to enforce all ordinances of the jurisdiction pertaining to:	der tl	he)
	a.	The prevention of fires;	()
	b.	The suppression or extinguishment of dangerous or hazardous fires;	()
	c.	The storage, use and handling of hazardous materials;	()
fire- ext	d. inguishin	The installation and maintenance of automatic, manual and other private fire alarm system gequipment;	ms aı (nd)
	e.	The maintenance and regulation of fire escapes;	()
other pro	f. operty, in	The maintenance of fire protection and the elimination of fire hazards on land and in building those under construction;	gs, aı (nd)
	g.	The maintenance of means of egress; and	()
hazardo	h. us materi	The investigation of the cause, origin and circumstances of fire and unauthorized releasls, for authority related to control and investigation of emergency scenes, see Section 104.11	ases (of)
013 0	15.	(RESERVED)		
	the requ	T REQUISITE, SECTION 105.1.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE. ired permit" from the last sentence of Section 105.1.1 of the International Fire Code and by the authority having jurisdiction."	add '	"a)
	rst senter	TION PENALTIES, SECTION 110.4, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE. nce of Section 110.4 of the International Fire Code, delete "[SPECIFY OFFENCE], punishab than [AMOUNT] dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding [NUMBER OF DAYS], or bot		

Section 000 Page 3006

O1. Section 501.
a. To section 501.3 after the phrase, Construction documents for proposed, add the word "driveways."

()

b. To section 501.4 after the phrase, When fire apparatus access roads, add the word "driveways."

()

O2. Section 502.

()

a. To section 502, add the following word "DRIVEWAY."

()

Section 018

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b.	To section 502, add the words "FIRE STATION."	()
03.	Section 503.	()
a.	To section 503 add the words, "AND DRIVEWAYS" to the section heading.	()
b. accordance	To section 503.1.1 add the following sentence, "Driveways need to be provided and main with Sections 503.1.1 through 503.1.3."	ntained (in)
c. access road	To section 503.6 delete the sentence, "The installation of security gates across a fire shall be approved by the fire chief."	apparat (us)
Driveways v 13 feet 6 in turnarounds.	Add the following section, "503.7 Driveways. Need be provided when any portion of a first story of a building is located more than 150 feet (45720mm) from a fire apparatus according provide a minimum unobstructed width of 12 feet (3658mm) and a minimum unobstructed niches (4115mm). Driveways in excess of 150 feet (45720mm) in length need to be proved to	ess roa height ided wi	id. of ith
e. dwellings."	Add the following section, "503.7.1 Limits. A driveway cannot serve in excess of five sing	gle fami	ily)
Driveways	Add the following section, "503.7.2 Turnarounds. Driveway turnarounds need to have us of not less than 30 feet (9144mm) and an outside turning radius of not less than 45 feet (13 that connect with an access road or roads at more than one point may be considered as f all changes of direction meet the radius requirements for driveway turnarounds."	3716mn	n).
safe passage	Add the following section, "503.7.3 Turnouts. Where line of sight along a driveway is cade or natural feature, turnouts need to be located as may be needed by the fire code official to per of vehicles. Driveway turnouts will be of an all-weather road surface at least 10 feet (3048mm) long."	rovide f	for
h. entrances to official."	Add the following section, "503.7.4 Bridge Load Limits. Vehicle load limits will be post- bridges on driveways and private roads. Design loads for bridges will be established by the		
road. In all address need along one-w multiple add	Add the following section, "503.7.5 Address markers. All buildings need to have a peress, which will be placed at each driveway entrance and be visible from both directions of travel cases, the address needs to be posted at the beginning of construction and maintained there do be visible and legible from the road on which the road on which the address is located. Address roads will be visible from both the intended direction of travel and the opposite direction are required at a single driveway, they need to be mounted on a single post, and additioned at locations where driveways divide."	along tafter. Tress sign. Whe	he he ns ere
j. unless appro	Add the following section, "503.7.6 Grade. The gradient for driveways cannot exceed 1 oved by the fire code official."	0 perce	ent)
k. have an app operational	Add the following section, "503.7.7 Security Gates. Where security gates are installed, the proved means of emergency operation. The security gates and emergency operation will be mat all times."		
l. support the capabilities.	Add the following section, "503.7.8 Surface. Driveways need to be designed and main imposed loads of local responding fire apparatus and will be surfaced as to provide all weather."		

Section 507. To section 507.2 Type of water supply, delete the existing language and add the

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04.

following, "A water supply will consist of water delivered by fire apparatus, reservoirs, pressure tanks, elevated tanks, water mains or other sources approved by the fire code official capable of providing the needed fire flow. Exception. The water supply prescribed by this code needs to apply to structures served by a municipal fire department or a fire protection district and within ten miles (16093m) of a responding fire station."

023. -- 026. (RESERVED)

027. ALTERNATIVE AUTOMATIC FIRE-EXTINGUISHING SYSTEMS, SECTION 904.1.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Add the following language to the beginning of section 904.1.1 of the International Fire Code, "If prescribed by the authority having jurisdiction,".

028. PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, SECTION 906.2.1. INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Add the following language to the beginning of section 906.2.1 of the International Fire Code, "If prescribed by the authority having jurisdiction,".

029. FIRE ALARM AND DETECTION SYSTEMS, SECTION 907.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Notification Devices. When fire alarm systems not needed by the International Fire Code are installed, the notification devices need to meet the minimum design and installation requirements for systems that are prescribed by this code. Intent: (Non-prescribed fire alarm systems will provide the same level of occupant notification that prescribed systems provide).

030. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING BUILDINGS, SECTION 1101.1, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Add the following language to the end of section 1101.1 of the International Fire Code, "only, if in the opinion of the fire code official, they constitute a distinct hazard to life or property."

031. EXPLOSIVES AND FIREWORKS, CHAPTER 56, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Delete Sections 5601.1.3, 5601.2.2, 5601.2.3, 5601.2.4.1, 5601.2.4.2, and sections 5608.2, 5608.2.1, and 5608.3 of the International Fire Code.

032. -- 045. (RESERVED)

046. UNDERGROUND TANKS OUT OF SERVICE FOR ONE YEAR, SECTION 5704.2.13.1.3 INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

Add to Section 5704.2.13.1.3, International Fire Code, the following paragraph: Upon approval of the Chief underground tanks that comply with the performance standards for new or upgraded underground tanks set forth in Title 40 Section 280.20 or 280.21 of the Code of Federal Regulations may remain out of service indefinitely so long as they remain in compliance with the operation, maintenance and release detection requirements of the federal rule.

047. -- 055. (RESERVED)

056. REFERENCES TO APPENDIX, INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE.

The following appendixes of the International Fire Code are hereby adopted:

- 01. Appendix B, Fire Flow Requirements for Buildings.
- 02. Appendix C, Fire Hydrant Location and Distribution.
- 03. Appendix D, Fire Apparatus Access Roads. ()
- **a.** To section D101.1 Scope, add the following sentence, "Driveways as described in section 503.7 through 503.7.8 are not subject to the requirements of this appendix."
- **b.** To section D102.1, after the phrase, by way of an approved fire apparatus access road, add the following "designed and maintained to support the imposed loads of the responding fire apparatus and will be

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surfaced so as	s to provide all-weather driving capabilities." And delete the remainder of the section.	(
	To section D103.2 Grade. Add the following. "The gradient of the fire apparatus accerted limits established by the fire code official based on the capabilities of the responding fire elete the remainder of the section and the exception.	
04.	Appendix E, Hazard Categories.	(
05.	Appendix F, Hazard Rankings.	(
057 999.	(RESERVED)	

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